THE END IS NOT YET.

RICHMOND COLLEGE STILL IN A STATE OF EXCITEMENT.

A Discussion of Some of the Causes That Led up to the Trouble—Prof. Boatwright Remains Serene.

The disturbance of the waters at Richmond College have not altogether abated. Just what the trouble is no one seems o know, but everybody says things at the college are in a muddle.

Some say the end is not yet, but no one professes to possess direct knowledge of any impending action on the part of the Board of Trustees, from the faculty, or from the students. There seems to be a spirit of unrest and opposition, and a feeling of expectancy that something is going to happen that will have a great effect in straightening out the imbroglio or will cause big changes at the college.

No action as far as known has been taken in regard to the hanging in effigy of President-elect F. W. Boatwright.

A member of the Board of Trustees, in discussing the matter, said there was really nothing, as far as he had been able to learn, indicating directly that the figure was intended as an effigy of that gentleman, as nothing was found attached to it saying that it was intended for him.

The placards, however, which were tacked up all around were of such a character as to leave no mistake on this score in the minds of all. Nothing has been dropped from the lips of the students to indicate that they were cognizant of the effigy having been placed in the grounds; indeed, all of them, when asked, deny any knowledge of the affair. The matter is looked on as being more grave than any of the actions of the students heretofore, and there is talk of a rigid investigation.

ON THE ALERT.

It is said, also, that the faculty are on the alert for any further trouble, and will nip in the bud any concerted action on the part of the students to make any additional demonsration, as is rumored will take place to-night.

The students deny any knowledge of any further schemes on their part, and say they believe it is without foundation, but nevertheless the rumor is in the air around the college.

Some of the professors still affect indifference in the matter, and speak of it as a joke, while others will talk freely on every other matter except the trouble at the institution.

It has been several times mentioned that the objection on the part of the faculty to the new president was not alone on account of his age. What the objection is, however, they have declined to state.

It is said that one of the faculty who is most opposed to Professor Boatwright was heretofore his earnest backer, and assisted him in securing the European university courses which, as much as anything else, fitted him for the new position.

The fact is frequently referred to now that Professor Boatwright on his return from Europe superceeded Professor L. N. Hasseleff as professor of modern languages through the influences which are now most bitterly opposed to his present advancement.

It is understood also that resignations will take place before the meeting of the board in June. A member of the board said he had heard rumors of intended resignations by some of the professors, but thought they would think better of it later on.

Said he: I know of few better places than a professorship at the college. They receive, some of them, as high as $2,500 a year, and have a home furnished them. They work a few hours a day and are undisturbed in their opportunities for literary pursuits or social pleasures. I do not believe these gentlemen will be quick to surrender such good positions when there are so many able men seeking places.

WILL ACCEPT RESIGNATIONS.

Being asked if the board would not be pleased if some of the present faculty voluntarily resigned, he replied that he could not speak for the board in that regard, but he said if they offered their resignations the board would not hesitate to accept them.

Dr. Wythe Davis, who, it is said, was one of the four members of the board who refused to make unanimous the election of Professor Boatwright, said yesterday that he knew nothing of the subsequent trouble at the college, except what he had seen in the newspapers, and he had read the printed reports with much interest.

When asked concerning the controversy between Dr. Ryland and Mr. Conway R. Sands, as to the vote by which Professor Boatwright was elected, he declined to make any statement.

When asked if he knew exactly the circumstances of the vote, he said he was not clear on that point, and smilingly remarked that the banquet which followed the meeting was so pleasant and congenial that it was very hard to recall anything of an unpleasant character that occurred before.

Professor Boatwright has not yet been officially notified of his election, and while the seething waves dash around him he is entirely serene, and smiles as brightly in response to every salutation as if not even a gentle zephyr had ruffled the bosom of the waters about him.

The present disturbance at Richmond College recalls a similar and more serious state of affairs at Harvard University but a short time ago, when a young man was elected to the presidency of that old and honored institution.

The students painted the handsome works of art about the grounds in a brilliant carmine hue and raised cain generally. They even pulled from its pedestal the statue of the founder of the institution, and generally made vandals of themselves.

Harvard, however, still survives, and the young man is a very popular president with all the students.

A Letter From Dr. Ryland.

The following open letter to Mr. Sands in reply to his, published in yesterday's Times, was sent to The Times by Dr. Ryland last night:

Richmond, Va., Dec. 20,1894.

Conway R. Sands, Esq.:

My Dear Sir,—On Tuesday last you addressed me, through The Times, and on the following day I replied. To-day you write a second letter, and it is hereby acknowledged.

In reply to your Tuesday's letter I gave the endosement of the president of the board of trustees to the verity and accuracy of my record as secretary of the board, at its meeting December 11th. I did not wish to go into matters which, in my judgment, were not pertinent to that record, and thus prolong a controversy, and so turned your "other facts" off as pleasantly as I knew how. In alluding to the minority as the "Big Four" I meant no unkindness. I was sincere when I spoke of them as "loved and honored."

Misinterpreting my motives and evidently presuming upon my indisposition to discuss the private affairs of the board before the public, you this morning accuse me of disingenuousness and indirection. I am grieved that you have such a spirit, but as you see fit to repeat your statements and characterize me thus, I will now answer you in no uncertain manner.

I wish, however, to say in the outset that all of my efforts have been to allay excitement upon this question. It is my belief that the public discussion of it has been uncalled for and injurious, and I have no feeling of sympathy with, or approval of, your course in dragging before the public your impressions of a meeting that was held with closed doors. Even though your interpretation of its methods were true and just to the fullest extent they should, in my judgment, be kept within those precints.

I wish it also to be understood that the official publication of the facts I gave was warranted by, and in obedience to, the call of a number of trustees, who thought it best to correct the impression which had gone abroad that the action taken by the trustees was not properly guarded and their election of Mr. Boatwright was by a very small majority. Every statement I made is of record, and has been affirmed by the board, except such as pertain to the late meeting. The minutes of this meeting have not yet been verified and accepted by the board because it has not met again, but they have the approval and endorsement of the presiding officer, Dr. Curry. You admit its correctness when you say, "I have never yet questioned the final recordation of the vote."

This much settled, let me inquire what, then, is it that you call upon me to do, and because I fail to do it impugn my character? If I can read language at all it is plainly this, that I, in making an official statement of the trustees' action, should go behind their votes and attempt to trace the history, influences and general processes of their action and spread these before the public. I am sure that every unprejudiced mind will readily see that a secretary has no right to do anything of the sort, and had I done so I would have transcended the rules of office as well as the bounds of propriety. Had I done so I should have justly incurred the loss of the respect and confidence of the board. I cannot think it honorable in you to desire to place me in such a position. I will say further, that it was surprise at your first demand that led me in my reply to do you the kindness to conceal what I was willing to believe you probably wrote hastily and without due consideration. But your second demand takes from me all doubt as to your meaning and purpose. You will let me say, then, that with my views I am not capable of doing what you propose. Further, if it suits you to insinuate that those gentlemen who voted for Mr. Boatwright were cruelly imposed upon and made to give an insincere vote, you must take the responsibility. For myself I believe the twenty-seven who stood up and were counted and recorded as voting in the affirmative were as honest and intelligent, as independent and sincere, as the four who voted no. I repel the insinuation that manhood, independence and sincerity found their home only in the hearts of four out of thirty-one who cast their votes.

But the point I desire to emphasize is, that the secretary could only give his record, and that he had no right to presume to interpret the influences or processes by which the meeting arrived at its conclusion. Except by yourself, I am sure this will be universally admitted.

But you go further and base your charge of disingeneruousness upon the "fact" that I concealed a vote taken by ayes and noes, and which, if reported, would have exhibited Mr. Boatwright's weakness and the strength of the minority. In reply I have to say that the president, Dr. Curry, and I as secretary are clear that there was no such vote. There was but one vote for the nominee, and th's vote was taken by rising and counting. The rising vote was taken in place of a recorded vote, as proposed by one of the members, and which was objected to as without precedent in the board. The proposition to make the election unanimous was not pressed, but withdrawn on the ground that it might place some member in a false position. I have said there was but one vote for president. The presiding officer says the same thing. If I am wrong the board must say so. I shall not deviate from my conviction in obedience to your unbrotherly insinuation. On this single vote the count showed 27 to 4. Whether the twenty-seven will reverse their action at your instance and confess, after hours of discussion and deliberation, that they did not know what they were doing is beyond my belief. In spite of the claim you obviously make that you and three others of the board have greater wisdom, integrity, sincerity and love for the college than the rest of your brethren, I will presume to say that they are your equals in every respect.

Now as to your "other facts." I can show them to be without foundation. You say: "Had you published all the facts, or had those facts done justice to those members of the board who were desirous of retaining in their places those able, efficient and loved professor, * * * I should have remained silent." This imputation upon the action of the trustees is wholly groundless. I took pains to publish officially the following: "Nothing was done to impair the system of schools—nothing to interfere with the work of any professor." You know full well that not one thing was done or said to bear out your idea.

Again you make charges as follows: That at the annual meeting in June, second day, a motion was made to elect a president, which was defeated. At the close of that day the question was asked publicly whether anything more of importance would come before the board. The answer by the secretary was: "I know of nothing." Under this information many of the members went home. On the third day, when there were only fifteen present, without notifying the trustees or even assembling the city members of the board, the chairman appointed a committee of five, consisting entirely of ministers, to make nominations to be submitted to the semi-annual session—a session where usually only routine business is transacted.

It is difficult to conceive of a statement with a basis of truth better handled for making a wrong impression than this. All of these points were talked over and thoroughly disproved in the recent meeting. But I will again reply in detail:

1. The Trustees have never attempted to elect a president without having a committee to nominate and without giving due notice. When the question was sprung upon the second day of the last annual meeting, without these precautions, it was promptly voted down. This accords with the traditional fairness of the board.

2. When the secretary was inquired of as to business, he could only reply in regard to official routine. He is not always consulted about what new business will come up at the meetings.

3. The meeting the third day was the continuance of the regular sessions of the board. A separate or special call of members, as you intimate should have been had, is never made from day to day. The members who departed after the second day left no excuse, nor did the board know they would not return. More than double a quorum was present, and the board followed a large number of precedents in their action. It was expressly provided that no action should be taken for six months.

4. The secretary was ordered to inform the trustees. The notices sent out were not "personal letters," but an official notification.

5. The semi-annual meeting has frequently been chosen for canvassing and settling such questions. It is the annual meeting that is crowded with "routine work," and "usually" the semi-annual meetings are almost wholly given up to general subjects. Mr. Wilson was elected at a semi-annual meeting. The meeting held on the 11th instant was the largest meeting for a long while, there being five more members present than at the annual meeting in June.

6. The committee was composed of ministers. That is the one redeeming statement made by you that is not "misleading." They were ministers—ministers founded the college and ministers are always going to be its steadfast friends. Rev. A. H. Sands was for years one of our most honored and useful members. It comes with sorrow to me that any such man or any member of this committee should be discounted by the son of a minister. But it is worth noting that this committee of ministers did not nominate a minister for president, but a young layman—a godly, useful member of the church of which you are deacon.

It will be clearly seen from these answers, all of which can be proved from the record, that your whole case falls to the ground. I repeat here what I said in my first article, that for faithful, patient, thorough work, I have never seen the meeting of the 11th instant surpassed. If I chose to give "other facts," such as you gave (which are in the main opinions or impressions), I could say that from "start to finish" the nomination of Mr. Boatwright grew steadily upon the board. His elecion was the result it conviction.

You intimate that in some special sense you represent the alumni of the college. I wish to remind you that there are twenty-two of this honored band on our board, and there is assurance that every one but four is a Boatwright man. By what rule do you work out your representative character?

I think you can no longer say that I have failed to answer your "statements" "seriatim," and in justice to me will acknowledge that you are "enlightened," and that the "misleading statement which unconnected would have created a false impression of the acts of our body" was made by you. Yours truly,

C. H. RYLAND.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

The Case of Warren vs. Warren Dismissed Four Qualifications.

The Supreme Court of Appeals convened yesterday in accordance with the time set at its last adjournment. Judges Lewis, Richardson and Hinton were present. Judge Lacy was detained at his home by reason of sickness and Judge Fauntleroy was absent, being out of the State.

In the case of Warren vs. Warren, on an appeal from a judgment in ejectment rendered by the Circuit Court of James City county, Judge R. L. Henley, of Williamsburg, and J. F. Hubbard, of York county, counsel for the appellee, H. B. Warren, moved the court to dismiss the appeal on the ground that the writ tax of six dollars, as required by section 14, Acts of Assembly 1889-'90, pages 204-5, was not paid within thirty days from the granting of the appeal. Col. L. T. W. Marye, counsel for the appellant, Mary E. Warren, resisted the motion on the ground that the law requiring the payment of said tax is unconstitutional, inasmuch as the title of the act states that it is "an act to provide for the assessment of taxes on persons, property and incomes and on licenses to transact business, and imposing taxes thereon for the support of the Government and public free schools, and to pay the interest on the public debt, and prescribing the mode of obtaining licenses to sell wine, ardent spirits, malt liquors or any mixture thereof, in cases where a court certificate is required." That a writ tax cannot be said to be included in the terms "persons, property, incomes or licenses," as used in the statute, and that, therefore, the act in question does not comply with section 15 of article V. of the Constitution, which states: "No law shall embrace more than one object, which shall be expressed in its title." The court sustained the motion and dismissed the case. A motion to reinstate will be made at the next term of the court.

The following gentlemen qualified to practice in the court: Messrs. John Garland Pollard, W. A. Townes, and Edwin P. Cox, of Richmond, and Mr. Alden March Collins, of Halifax.

The court will convene to-day, when a number of opinions will be rendered.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Interesting Facts About Richmond's Citizens and Other Matters.

Hon. R. L. Henley, of James City, was at the Capitol yesterday.

Mr. Alexander W. Perrow has gone to Lynchburg to spend the holidays.

Mr. John G. Allen has returned to Wytheville after a pleasant visit to his parents.

Mrs. Nannie Sinton, of Lynchburg, is on a brief visit to friends and relatives in this city.

A neat and convenient vest-pocket business directory of Richmond has been issued by D. J. Baker & Co.

Miss Ida Evartt, of Watertown, N. Y., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. H. O. Williams, of south Fifth street, this city.

Miss Alma Louise Morrow left yesterday to spend the Christmas holidays with relatives and friends in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Dallas Flannagan, of New York, will arrive Saturday on a visit to their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Coke, No. 7 west Franklin street.

The Shrine meeting announced for last night was called off, owing to the illness of Past Potentate Ecker. Mr. Ecker is, however, out of danger, and will soon be well.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Carrie Herbert Rice to Mr. Benjamin T. Pollard on Thursday night, the 27th, at 9 o'clock, at Laurel-Street Methodist church.

Major Lewis Ginter, who spent the summer and fall at his beautiful country seat, Westbrook, removed this week to the city. He is in his Franklin-street home for the winter.

Mr. James I. Smith, who was run over recently, was at his office yesterday. He still feels very sore. His doctor is unable to say whether the injury to his knee is serious or not, but thinks not.

Mrs. R. R. FauntLeRoy, of Cumberland, New Kent county, Va., arrived in the city Tuesday morning and returned Wednesday evening. She was the guest of Mrs. W. C. Peyton, at No. 504 1-2 north Twenty-fifth street.

Mr. I. E. Mecorney, of Buffalo, N. Y., was in the city yesterday. He has been in Virginia several weeks looking around with the view of establishing a newspaper at some point in this State, which, if he does, will doubtless be Republican.

Early Wednesday night a lady's black pocket-book, containing a return ticket to Petersburg issued on the 18th instant, was found in the yard of Mr. Thomas Devereux, No. 119 south Fourth street. It was taken to the Second police station, where it is now awaiting identification.

The Disciples' Union of Richmond and Manchester held a meeting at the Seventh-Street Christian church last night to elect officers for the ensuing year, but so few members were present that it was decided to postpone the meeting until Sunday at 3:30 o'clock, at the same place.

The ladies' reception to be given by the Westmoreland Club will take place on the evening of January 24th, and preparations are making to insure its being one of the grandest affairs of the winter season. The reception will be confined to the membership of the club, and each member will have the privilege of bringing one lady.

Mr. W. T. Coghill, a carriage painter who resided at No. 815 north Twenty-sixth street, dropped dead at his home Wednesday night about 9 o'clock. He was in the sixtysixth year of his age, and was apparently well on Wednesday. Mr. Coghill was the father-in-law of Policeman Mel. Folkes, and was esteemed by all who knew him.

An accident befell Mr. Charles E. Wade, a drummer for the firm of Wirt E. Taylor & Co., Wednesday afternoon. While stepping from his buggy on his premises, No. 17 south Beech street, Mr. Wade's foot slipped and one of his legs was broken. He was taken into his house and Dr. George Ben. Johnston was summoned and set the injured member.

CUPID AT WORK.

Several Marriages Solemnized Just Before Christmas.

Mr. Robert Womack, a prosperous farmer and miller of Prince Edward county, and Miss Mattie Hunt, daughter of Mrs. Mollie B. Hunt, of No. 309 east Leigh street, were married yesterday morning at the residence of Captain and Mrs. Eldridge Morris, relatives of the bride, No. 409 north Eighth street. Mr. and Ms. Womack left for the home of the groom after the ceremony.

M'CRAY—GRADY.

Mr. William Mallow McCray and Miss Nellie Marshall Grady, daughter of Mr. W. C. Grady, were married Wednesday evening at 6:15 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 105 west Clay street.

The parlors were beautifully decorated with ferns and exotics, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum.

The bride was attired in tan covert cloth, trimmed with brown bengaline and gold, and carried a bouquet of violets and lilies of the valley.

The groom is a popular travelling salesman for Messrs. C. W. Antrim & Son.

After the ceremony the young couple left for a northern tour.

HAMILTON—WILLIAMS.

On Tuesday night, at the esidence of her sister, Miss Niva Williams, on Church Hill, Miss Eva Williams, of Brunswick county, and Mr. William M. Hamilton were married, Rev. Mr. Laughon, of the Methodist Church, officiating. The affair was a very pretty one, and many friends of the young people were present.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were given a reception at 208 west Canal street, where they will in future reside. Both are very popular. Mr. Hamilton has been long connected with the mail sevice of Richmond, and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Z. J. Hamilton, of Washington, D. C.

BOYD—ENGLAND.

On Wednesday evening, at the residence of her father, No. 1011 F street, southwest, Washington, D. C., Miss Llewella C. England and Mr. George H. Boyd were united in marriage by Rev. Dr. Meador. The wedding was a pretty, though quiet, affair. The bride is the daughter of Mr. A. E. England, formerly of this city.

CHRISTIAN—DUNNAVANT.

Mr. J. T. Christian and Miss Adele D. Dunnavant were married at St. Mark's church last night at 9 o'clock, by the Rev. Dr. Abbitt, pastor of the church. The ushers were F. L. Sheppard, Samuel Tyson, E. Delaney (best man), E. L. Christian, F. Frank and H. Waldrop.

The bride wore a dress of covert cloth and carried pink roses.

The bride lives with her mother on the Brook road.

The groom is a printer at Randolph's box factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian left for a trip to West Virginia.

Mayor Taylor's Instructions.

Mayor Taylor has already received a number of complaints on account of fireworks and Christmas noises. He has instructed the police to give all the liberty to the small boy consistent with the observance of good order, but the grown negro buck and the white tough, with his combination of dynamite cannon crackers, long tin horns and mean whisky, he gives short latitude, and will have them suppressed. Said he, in discussing the matter:

"With little boys it is natural fun, and it is all right. I am in favor of the small boy every time, but with the grown man it is a species of disorder that annoys a large portion of our citizens, and they must be stopped."

Mr. Gilroy and His Pride.

The report published yesterday afternoon, that Mayor Gilroy, of New York, was in the city grew out of the fact that his son, Mr. J. P. Gilroy, Jr., who was recently married, and is taking a tour of the South, arrived in Richmond yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Gilroy are registered at the Exchange.

On Their Vacation.

The members of the Richmond Club of the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College, who left Blacksburg last night, will arrive in this city this morning at 6:40 A. M., over the Norfolk and Western railroad, to spend the holidays at their respective homes.

The Mosby Reunion.

The reunion of the Mosby men will take place Wednesday, January 16th. The Times stated yesterday, through a typographical error, that the reunion would take place Wednesday, the 19th.

TROUBLE FOR MR. CLARK

CHARGES OF UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AGAINST HIS FIRM.

And the Senate Recalls His Confirmation as District Judge of Tennessee Pending an Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Senate went into executive session to-day after its meeting and recalled the confirmation of Charles D. Clark, nominated to be district judge for the Eastern and Middle districts of Tennessee on the 17th instant, and who was confirmed Tuesday. This prevents the issuance of the commission to the recently confirmed judge, and leaves the case still pending before the Senate. The fact that the Senate should go into executive session almost the moment the session convened indicated that something unusual has occurred, and as soon as the doors were closed Senator Harris made a statement to the Senate.

He said the nomination of Mr. Clark had been endorsed by the Bar of Tennessee, and confirmation promptly followed, so that there might be no delay in filling the vacancy existing on the bench.

CAUSE OF THE RECALL.

Yesterday, however, Mr. Harris said he received an invitation to call upon the Attorney-General, and the official laid before him charges that had been preferred against the firm of which Mr. Clark was a member by a prominent legal firm in New York city. These charges were that the Tennessee firm had been guilty of unprofessional conduct in accepting a fee on both sides of the same case. The Attorney-General thought that charges of this nature, coming from a reputable firm, should be investigated before the commission should be issued to the nominee, and in this opinion both Senators Harris and Bate agreed. It was for the purpose of putting the matter before the Senate that this executive session had been called. Mr. Bate corroborated what Mr. Harris said, and the Senate thought that no harm would come to Mr. Clark, were he not implicated in the charge, by having the whole matter investigated.

MR. HOAR'S OBJECT LESSON.

Mr. Hoar deprecated the undue haste that had been recently displayed in confirming nominations to judicial offices, and said that this case, whether the charges were true or false, should suggest to the Senate the advisability of permitting the public to have proper notice of the appointment of men to office by allowing a reasonable time to elapse before taking action.

The case was referred to the Committee on Judiciary, with instructions to investigate and report, and meanwhile the Attorney-General was informed of the action of the Senate, and instructed to hold up the commission.

Holiday Rates.

The Chesapeake and Ohio railway will sell holiday tickets between Richmond and Norfolk at $3.50 and Richmond and Lynchburg at $3, also, to all stations reached by its line. Tickets on sale December 22d to 25th, inclusive, and December 29th to January 1st, inclusive, with return limit of January 3d.

"Poultry Exhibition."

The public is cordially invited to visit the Poultry and Pigeon show going on at No. 7 east Broad street. Admission, 25 cents; ladies and children, 10 cents. Every person paying admission fee is entitled to vote for the policeman's club, to be given to the most popular policeman. Open day and night.

A New Pastry Cook Book.

Miss L. A. Willis, principal of the Baltimore Cooking School, has compiled a new pastry cook book, which is now being distributed to the patrons of the well-known Horsford's Bread Preparation. The reputation of the author renders the book of special value. Mail one wrapper from a package of Horsford's to Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I., and a copy will be sent free.

Holiday Excursion to New York, via Norfolk and Western Railroad and the Old Dominion Steamship Company, Saturday, December 22, 1894.

The new and elegant steamer "Jamestown" will leave Norfolk on Saturday, December 22d, at 6 P. M., and the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets from Richmond at $11, good on its fast vestibuled train leaving Byrd-street station at 9 A. M., December 22d. Passengers via this route make no change between Richmond and Norfolk, and can spend almost the entire day in the "City by the Sea."

As only a limited number of passengers can be accommodated, call early and secure your ticket and state-room berth.

R. W. COURTNEY,
District Passenger Agent,
838 east Main street.

Christmas Engraving.

Engraving of all styles on Christmas Presents by O. E. SPOTT,
405 east Broad.

Just the Thing.

A Curly Birch Dresser and Washstand and Brass Bed from
SYDNOR & HUNDLEY,
Leaders in Furniture.

Christmas Holiday Rates.

The Norfolk and Western Railroad will sell reduced rate tickets to Norfolk, Lynchburg and All Local Stations for the Christmas and New Year Holidays. Tickets will be on sale from December 15th to 25th, inclusive, and December 29th to January 1st, inclusive, good to return until January 2, 1895. For tickets and full information, apply at the company's office, 838 east Main street.

R. W. COURTNEY,
District Passenger Agent.

Gildemeester & Kroeger Baby Grand.

furnished by Thomas G. Burton & Co. for Star Entertainment Course Young Men's Christian Association. Come to our Sample Parlors and see the greatest Piano of the age. Professor Goodrich, author of Complete Musical Analysis and System of Harmony, says it is twenty years ahead of the present time.

THOMAS G. BURTON & CO.,
911 east Main street.

See our Magnificent Display of Gold Rings, Ear-rings, Lace Pins, etc.,
D. BUCHANAN,
111 east Broad street.

Nothing!

No investment will bring you more solid comfort than one made of
SYDNOR & HUNDLEY,
Leaders in Furniture.

Holiday round-trip tickets to Washington at reduced rates, via R., F. and P. R. R.

Farmville and Powhatan Railroad.

Holiday excursion trains leave Richmond (Byrd-street station) at 2:35 P. M. on December 22d and 24th. Arrive at Farmville at 7:38 P. M. Leave Farmville at 6:00 A. M. December 22d, 24th and 26th, and arrive at Richmond 11:05 A. M.

Special reduced rates for these trains and all regular trains. For further information apply at office, 703 east Main steet. 'Phone 242.

R. T. WILSON,
General Passenger Agent.

R., F. and P. R. R.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES.

Round-trip tickets between all stations and to Alexandria and Washington at reduced rates. On sale December 22d, to 25th, inclusive, and December 29th to January 1st, inclusive; final limit January 3, 1895.

C. A. TAYLOR,
Traffic Manager.

Christmas Pianos.

For Christmas Pianos, do not fail to come to see us. We will give you more for your money than anybody else. All new goods.

THOMAS G. BURTON & CO.,
911 east Main street.

We will allow 4 per cent. interest on money deposited with us, either short or long time.
THE FINANCE TRADING COMPANY.

Never! Never!! Never!!!
was there such a complete stock of
FURNITURE
in Richmond as
SYDNOR & HUNDLEY
now have.

Fashionable Holiday Goods.

Everything that is New and Stylish in Jewelry.

D. BUCHANAN,
111 east Broad street.

Christmas Holiday Rates.

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell from Richmond round-trip holiday tickets at four cents per mile one way for round-trip. Tickets on sale to the general public December 15th to 25th and December 27th to January 1st, inclusive, with final limit January 3, 1895. For further information apply at Richmond Transfer Company, 901 east Main street; H. D. Owen, Ticket Agent, Union Depot, or C. S. CAMPBELL, Agent.

The Best Route Between Richmond, Norfolk and Lynchburg is via the Norfolk and Western Railroad.

Double Daily Trains with unequalled service and quickest time. "The only all-rail line with vestibuled trains between Richmond and Norfolk. The only route running Pullman Sleepers between Richmond and Lynchburg. For full information apply at company's office, 838 east Main street.

R. W. COURTNEY,
District Passenger Agent.

Crowded, Crowded Crowded.

SYDNOR & HUNDLEY,
Leaders in Furniture,
Bridal Outfits and Specialties,
711 and 713 east Broad street.

Holiday and Wedding Presents.

A large Stock at
D. BUCHANAN'S,
111 east Broad street.

We will invest money for parties having money to lend on real estate or on good collaterals.
THE FINANCE TRADING COMPANY.

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