The Times.

VOL. 10—NEW SERIES, NO. 118. RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1896. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GEORGIA IS FOR SILVER.

THE REPEAL OF THE TAX ON STATE BANK ISSUES FAVORED.

The Unit Rule Adopted, an Income Tax Advocated and a Tariff for Revenue Only Demanded.

MACON, GA., June 25.—Georgia Democracy adopted the unit rule in convention to-day and sent a solid delegation to Chicago for the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The delegates-at-large to Chicago are: E. P. Howell, of the Atlanta Constitution; ex-Senator Patrick Walsh, of Augusta Chronicle; Hal Lewis and J. Pope Brown.

Out of eleven Congressional districts ten sent solid silver delegations and the eleventh is bound to vote for 16 to 1 bimetallic platform and bimetallic candidate, under the unit rule.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform deplores and denounces lynchings and favors the enactment of such laws as will effectually prevent the same.

The financial plank says:

"We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold, independent of the action of any other government, at the ratio of sixteen parts of silver to one of gold, and that both shall be made legal tender for the payment of all debts and dues, both public and private."

The platform further condemns a financial policy which necessitates the issuance of the bonded debt of the country in time of peace, to maintain a gold reserve, or to pay the current expenses of the government, and also condemns a policy which seems to retire the greenbacks as fast Treasury notes; demands the repeal of all laws which clothe a Secretary of the Treasury with power to issue bonds without specific authority from Congress, and concludes as follows:

"We oppose obligations of the government clearly stated on their face, or the law under which they were issued provides, that they are payable in coin or in dollars, such obligations should be paid in gold or standard silver coin, at the convenience of the government, and not at the option of the holder of the obligation.

"Resolved, eighth, That we favor a tariff for revenue only to pay the debts and expenses of the government, economically administered.

STATE BANKS.

"Resolved, ninth, That we favor the repeal of the unconstitutional tax upon State banks issues.

"Resolved, tenth, That we earnestly advocate the adoption of the constitutional amendment which will authorize the collection of a graduated income tax."

A minority report, signed by two members of the Platform Committee, simply objected to the financial plank above. No choice of presidential candidate was even suggested.

A FREE-SILVER PARTY.

Colorado Starts Off With the Movement and Endorses Teller.

DENVER, June 25.—Five hundred delegates of all parties, from two-thirds of the counties, organized today the first State Convention of the National Silver party, adopted a platform and elected delegates to the National Convention, which meets in St. Louis. The convention was harmonious and enthusiastic.

Upon assembling in the evening the convention adopted a short platform without discussion. The money plank is as follows:

"The paramount issue at this time in the United States is undoubtedly the money question. It is between the gold standard, good bonds and bank currency on the side of the bimetallic standard, no bonds and government currency on the other. On this issue we endorse our party to be in favor of a distinctly American financial system. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard and demand immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver, by the restoration by the government independently of any foreign power of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver in standard money at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality as they existed prior to 1873, the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally to gold for all debts and dues, private and public."

The resolutions endorse Senator Teller and recommend him for the presidency, but failing to secure that, agreed to support any other silver candidate.

The platform closes with the following appeal:

"We, therefore, confidently appeal to the people of the United States to leave in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important, and even momentous they may seem to outsider, if need be all former parties and affiliations, and unite in one supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power and on the consummation of our desires and efforts we invoke the gracious favor of divine providence."

The convention adjourned immediately on the adoption of the platform.

New York Free Silverites.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The silver mass-meeting at Cooper Union to-night filled the large auditorium and all the overflow standing room was occupied.

George P. Kenney, general organizer of the American Silver organization, presided.

After Senator Blaby had made a few remarks in which he said the country needed free silver and was going to get it, Hon. Alexander Delmar was introduced as a recognized authority the world over on the money question.

It took several minutes for the vast crowd in the auditorium to get through cheering, when Senator Tillman was introduced.

Free silver resolutions were adopted by acclamation.

A committee was appointed to attend the Populist convention in St. Louis to urge the adoption of the above demands as means to harmonize all elements of reform, in order to unite all reform forces for the pending campaign.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

A Medical and Surgical Staff to be in Constant Attendance.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 25.—There will be a decidedly new departure at the Democratic National Convention, under the auspices of the Sergeant-at-Arms—a medical and surgical staff in constant attendance during the sessions. Col. Martin's plan is to provide a staff of able doctors and surgeons, ambulance, stretchers, appliances and remedies for instant use, should the emergency arise in the coliseum, or in the crush outside the building. To that end he has commissioned Dr. Herbert H. McCauley, of this city, chief of the staff, and will appoint seven prominent Chicago physicians as assistants.

From among the visitors to the convention from other cities Col. Martin will appoint eight eminent doctors to the staff. A room is to be fitted for the special use of this department.

Secretary Sherrin, of the National Committee, will be here to-morrow to attend to the press arrangements and consider the pile of correspondence which Colonel Martin has received on the subject. There are 68 seats for the big city papers and it is now believed that they will meet the demand.

THE PALMETTO STATE.

Badges Which the Sponsor and Maids of Honor Will Wear.

The veterans of Camp Sumter, of Charleston, S. C., have secured for the trip to Richmond a Pullman hotel palace car. This car will be side-tracked here, and will be the home of the delegation while in the capital of the Confederacy. This car will be handsomely and appropriately decorated with palmetto and other emblems.

Colonel James G. Holmes, adjutant-general of the South Carolina Division, has designed a number of badges for the delegates. They are made of blue ribbon, adorned with a palmetto tree. There are also badges for the sponsor of South Carolina and her maids of honor. These badges bear a cut in colors of the South Carolina Volunteers' battle-flag. They are alike, except that the word "Sponsor" is on the sponsor's badge, and "Maid of Honor" on the maids', and that the sponsor's badge is finished with gold fringe, and the maids' with silver.

The ladies who will wear these lovely badges are Miss Charleston Palmer Cocke, of Columbia, who has been chosen sponsor of the division, and Miss Mary Elliott Moore, and Miss Grace Davis Moore, also of Columbia, whom she has chosen as her maids of honor. There will be a third maid of honor also, but she has not as yet been chosen.

OFF WITH AID FOR CUBA.

The Commodore Pursued by the Revenue Cutter McLane, but Escaped.

TAMPA, FLA., June 25.—When the steamer Commodore left Port Tampa this afternoon she was followed by the revenue-cutter McLane, the latter having orders to stop the suspected filibuster. When Captain Morton, of the Commodore, saw the McLane in pursuit he crowded on steam and a lively race began, in which the Commodore gained. The McLane sent four solid shots after the ship, and the latter came to. The McLane's commander searched the Commodore, but nothing contraband was found. The Commodore was allowed to go, and the McLane started back in port. Six miles down the bay, however, the Commodore came to and was appropriated by three schooners. Nearly a hundred men and scores of boxes of arms and ammunition were transferred from the schooners to the Commodore.

The McLane's commander saw this transfer by means of his glasses, and again pursued the Commodore. The McLane gained at first and fired on the Commodore repeatedly, but the shots fell short. The powerful engines of the Commodore soon told, however, and she began to forge ahead. When the boats passed St. Petersburg, the Commodore was leading the McLane six miles. As the McLane has no coast pilot she will have to lay to during the night, and this will enable the Commodore to make good her escape.

A VIRGINIA PREACHER'S SINS.

Rev. W. W. Anderson Confesses to Embezzlement. Also an Opium Eater.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 25.—On the charge of embezzling church funds held in trust, Rev. W. W. Anderson, pastor of United Brethren churches at Lookout Valley and Soddy, this county, was arrested to-day, and waiving examination, was placed in jail here. A free quantity of raw opium, to which drug he is addicted, and a razor, were found about his person. The presumption is that he intended to end his life in jail. Anderson had personally received considerable money contributions from churches outside the State for the purpose of erecting church buildings. He confesses to appropriating $200 of this fund.

His wife left him recently. He was so addicted to opium and liquor that she could not live with him. Very few had any knowledge of the double life he lived. He was with recently a Methodist preacher, and came to this State from Virginia highly endorsed by the Methodist bishop resident at Baltimore. The United Brethren church have revoked his clerical certificate and asked his resignation.

LI HUNG CHANG AND BISMARCK.

The Chinese Viceroy Shows the Iron Chancellor How to Say Pleasant Things.

BERLIN, June 25.—Li Hung Chang, the Chinese Viceroy, who is on his way back to China from Moscow, where he was the representative of the Emperor of China at the Czar's coronation, paid a visit to Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe to-day. Count Herbert Bismarck received the Chinese statesman at the castle, and escorted him to the salon, where the ex-Chancellor awaited him. Prince Bismarck, in greeting Li Hung Chang, said: "I feel flattered in having the privilege of welcoming such an eminent statesman. We have both long helped our masters to govern a great country."

Li Hung Chang, in reply to this welcome, said that he was only able to direct the affairs of China, while Prince Bismarck was equal to governing the whole world.

THE B. AND O. WILL DEFAULT

On the Interest of the $3,000,000 Preferred Stock Due July 1st.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—Mr. John K. Cowen, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, announced to-day that the company would default on the semi-annual interest of 3 per cent. on the $3,000,000 preferred stock of that corporation due July 1st. The trustees of Johns Hopkins University own $1,000,000 of these securities, the major portion of the remainder being held by Baltimore financial institutions. They hold that the interests on the stock is a first lien on the stock of the company.

Called on Secretary Olney.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Secretary Olney returned to Washington last night after his mysterious absence for several days. If he has been conferring with Senor Dupuy De Lome, the Spanish Minister, in Boston, nobody at the State department will admit it.

This morning Mr. Olney received a number of foreign ministers, Thursday being their regular reception day. Sir Julian Pauncefote was one of the callers, and it is understood that he presented a request from his Government that Mr. Olney would use his good offices to bring about a friendly settlement of the trouble over the arrest of Harrison, the British surveyor, by Venezuelan police. Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan Minister, was another caller, and presumably came on the same business that brought Sir Julian.

Secretary Olney said this morning that he was not yet aware of any decision of the British Government to make public the correspondence between her Majesty's ministers and the State Department relating to an agreement of arbitration, synchronous with its publication in the United States.

Ex-Consul Williams Settling Up.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Ramon C. Williams, of Brooklyn, N. Y., formerly Consul-General of the United States at Havana, was at the State Department to-day attending the settlement of his consular accounts. He had a talk with Assistant Secretary Rockhill, and will see Secretary Olney before returning to Brooklyn. Mr. Williams said he would be here for a few days. He begged to be excused from discussing the Cuban situation, and expressed himself as gratified that General Fitzhugh Lee did not write the letter alleged to have been sent by him to a relative.

THEY HISS CLEVELAND.

PLATFORM OF NORTH CAROLINA CONVENTION FOR FREE SILVER.

The Administration Scored for the Issue of Bonds—A Gold Substitute Raises a Storm.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 25.—The Democratic State Convention met here at 12:30 P. M. and was called to order by J. H. Pou, chairman of the State Committee. Ninety-five of the ninety-six counties in the State were represented, and seven hundred delegates were present. Thos. F. Kluttz was made temporary chairman. The convention, at 1:30, took a recess for an hour.

After recess most of the afternoon was devoted to speech-making and there were scores of declarations for free silver.

Chairman Manley was elected permanent chairman.

THE PLATFORM.

It was nearly 6 o'clock when the platform was read. It is as follows:

Whereas, the Democratic party had its birth in Jefferson's great contest against the centralization of the powers of the Federal Government and in behalf of the strict construction of the Federal constitution embodied in the tenth amendment thereto, in which all powers not delegated to it were expressly reserved to the States respectively or to the people; and, whereas, the Republican party has ever been a party of centralization;

Resolved, That we appeal to the people to observe this fundamental difference between the Democratic party and its traditional enemy in respect to the powers of the central government. That constitution recognizes gold and silver as the primary or redemption money of these States and in the words of the Democratic platform "We believe in honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the constitution, and a circulating medium convertible into such money without loss."

We favor, independently of other nations, the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold without discrimination against either at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, and we condemn the system which in time of peace with millions of silver bullion lying idle in the Treasury, has forced the government within two years to issue nearly $22,000,000 in bonds.

We condemn the action of the Secretary of the Treasury in following the Republican precedent of paying the obligations of the government in gold, which were specifically made payable in coin. We hereby instruct our delegates to the National Convention, both as to platform and candidates, to advocate and vote as a unit, unflinchingly at all hazards, for the restoration of silver and otherwise in obedience to the letter and spirit of the principles herein enunciated.

We further instruct our delegates, State and district, to use all their efforts to abrogate the two-thirds rule, if necessary to secure the nomination of a candidate in complete, in hearty, and in known accord with the principles herein enunciated by us.

We warn the people against the threatened combined evils of the gold standard and the McKinley tariff. These twin monsters go hand in hand in their mission of destruction, drawing the very sustenance from the body of the people and concentrating all wealth and power in the hands of the few. We denounce the McKinley tariff and all other forms of a protective tariff legislation and favor a constitutional tariff for revenue only.

We favor the repeal of the unconstitutional tax of ten per cent. on the State banks of issue.

We declare ourselves in favor of a graduated income tax, in order that wealth may bear its due proportion of the burden of supporting the government, and we favor an immediate amendment of the constitution of the United States, authorizing its levy and collection in express terms, leaving nothing for judicial construction.

We are unalterably opposed to any legislation by which monopolies and trusts are created and fostered.

We insist upon the faithful execution of the existing laws against the same, and upon such further legislation as may be necessary for their suppression.

STATE MATTERS.

Following is a summary of that part of the platform relating to State matters:

It points with pride to the economical and stainless Administration; favors the enactment of such an election law as will secure the purity of the ballot; favors the continuance of the educational system established by the party; favors a prompt, just, and impartial administration of the criminal law, and points with pride to the part that the anti-lynching law enacted by a Democratic Legislature and its faithful executives have virtually suppressed lynching; cordially invites all men, regardless of former political associations, to unite with them in a fight to the finish for free silver, lower taxes, higher prices for agricultural products and labor, and declares that peace, prosperity, and happiness depend on the defeat of the Republican ticket.

A GOLD-DOLLAR SUBSTITUTE.

There was a great sensation when Paul B. Means offered a substitute for the silver plank, favoring the gold dollar as the standard. Mr. Means said, in the course of his remarks, in support of his substitute: "The sentiment uttered by my ideal man of this world—the President of the United States."

Instantly there arose a storm of shouts and hisses, which rose and fell for fully a minute. Mr. Means said he deplored the fact that any convention would hiss the name of any President, be he Democratic or Republican. There were more hisses, but in less volume, and these came from both the galleries and the floor. Mr. Means' substitute was lost—ayes, 31; noes, 755. And by a rising vote, the platform was, on motion of Mr. Means, unanimously adopted.

FOR CUBA LIBRE.

The following resolution was adopted by a rising vote:

The Democratic party being always in favor of people struggling to secure liberty against despotism, hereby extends its sympathy to the patriots who are now bravely endeavoring to free themselves from the exactions of monarchy, and to establish a sister republic in the Western hemisphere.

Cyrus B. Watson was nominated on the first ballot to-night as candidate for Governor.

VETERANS ORGANIZED.

Delegates to Meeting of Sons of Veterans in Richmond.

WINSTON, N. C., June 25.—Special.—A camp of Sons of Veterans has been organized here, with twenty charter members. Robert C. Norfleet is commander, and J. B. Whitaker secretary.

The following delegates have been appointed to the convention of Sons of Veterans, to be held in Richmond on the night of June 30th: J. B. Whitaker, G. E. Webb, and R. C. Norfleet; alternates, M. W. Norfleet, Sam Ireland, and George S. Norfleet.

Large additions are being built to Messrs. F. and H. Fries' cotton-mill, in Salem and to the Southside Cotton Mill. Both mills are rushed with orders.

Miss Alice Rondthaler, daughter of Bishop Rondthaler, returned yesterday from New York, where she has been taking a course in vocal music.

Forsyth's new $50,000 court-house is beginning to make a showy appearance. The stone and brick work on the first story is nearing completion.

DEFAULTING CASHIER.

His Whereabouts Unknown—The Shortage Forty-Five Hundred.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 25.—Special. Defaulting Cashier Brady, of the Loan and Savings Bank, is still in parts unknown to the people of Charlotte.

There were no further developments in the case up to late this afternoon. The shortage is placed at $4,500.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Hon. John Goode Appointed Receiver of the First National Bank.

BEDFORD CITY, VA., June 25.—Special.—The June term of the County Court convened last Monday. The cases in connection with the Banks were called to-day, but continued until Wednesday of next week. A. H. Burroughs, of Lynchburg, will conduct the prosecution and is to receive $750 from the board of supervisors for his services. Expert accountants have been at work all the week on the books of the defunct Bartlett Bank, searching for evidence. They report the books in better condition than they expected to find them. The indictments found at the last term of the court, being too far-reaching, will be dismissed and new indictments drawn.

On court-day there was a meeting of the Joseph E. Johnston Camp, of Confederate Veterans, to perfect arrangements for attending the reunion. Adjutant Mosby reports 200 names enrolled to attend the ceremonies and there are others who, as the time draws near, will join these veterans in their journey "On to Richmond."

Hon. John Goode has been appointed receiver for the First National Bank at this place, to take effect on the 26th inst. Col. Burgwyn, the national bank examiner, will continue in charge until Mr. Goode qualifies. The receiver will be required to give bond in the sum of $25,000.

Miss Susie Goode, niece of Hon. John Goode, and daughter of the late Edmund Goode, and Frederick Remsen Purple, of Knoxville, Tenn., were married last Wednesday in Washington at St. Margaret's church. Miss Susie Goode is a native of this county and her father, Col. Edmund Goode, who commanded the Fifty-ninth Virginia regiment, was one of the most brilliant soldiers from Bedford and fell in battle, his body being brought here wrapped in a flag, which Mrs. Purple now has in her possession, and was interred in Longwood Cemetery.

Primaries will be held in the several districts in Bedford county on Wednesday, the 15th day of July, for the purpose of electing delegates to the convention to be held in Bedford City, Va., on July 23d.

W. C. st. Robertson, under sentence of five years in the penitentiary for the murder of Ike Roberts, was married in the county jail last Thursday night to Ann Crouch, his mistress before he got in trouble. Rev. R. B. Eggleston performed the ceremony.

A Lynchburger who was visiting in Craig county last week was furnished by a Virginian who had lately returned from North Dakota with a copy of a notice he posted on his house when he left for the Old Dominion. It reads as follows: "Four miles from a neighbor, 18 from a post-office, 5 from a railroad, 114 from a school-house, 11 from a church, 183 from timber, 200 from a Democrat, one-half from water, one-quarter from hell, and the same from a Republican. God bless our home. Gone back to old Virginia, which is God's country."

MARRIAGE IN FREDERICKSBURG.

Miss Mary Josephine Quinn Becomes the Bride of James R. Hicks.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., June 25.—Special.—A beautiful pink wedding occurred at the Baptist church here tonight at 8 o'clock, the pastor, Rev. Dr. T. S. Dunaway, officiating. The edifice was artistically decorated with flowers, evergreens, potted plants, and brilliantly illuminated by soft, mellow lights. The contracting parties were Miss Mary Josephine Quinn, the accomplished daughter of Captain and Mrs. S. J. Quinn, and Mr. James R. Hicks, a popular employe of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, of Richmond. The bride was attired in a handsome gown of gray-blue novelty cloth, trimmed with beaded and spangled passementerie. She carried a bouquet of bride's roses, tied with pink ribbon. Miss Carrie Belle Quinn, sister of the bride, was attired in white silk and mull and carried Marechal Neil roses, was maid of honor, and Mr. A. W. Embry best man. The ushers were Messrs. A. P. Rowe, Jr., W. E. Lang, J. E. Alrich, and F. Hicks.

Professor A. B. Bowering at the organ rendered appropriate music for the occasion.

The happy couple left on the 9 o'clock train for a wedding tour.

THE CITY'S CONDITION.

Rigid Economy Recommended and a Reduction of the Mayor's Salary.

PETERSBURG, VA., June 25.—Special. The special committee from the City Council, appointed to investigate the financial affairs of the city, made their report to the Council to-night. The report shows that the assessed value of real and personal property in Petersburg for the past five years amounted in the aggregate to $30,083,122. During the same period the amount of revenue collected from all sources has amounted in the total to $1,052,301.46.

The only department that has shown a steady increase of revenue is the water department, which has steadily grown in five years, from $12,759.40, in 1892, to $17,351.50, in 1896.

Since May 1, 1872, the city has made four issues of bonds for the purpose of paying off its floating debt. The local issue of these bonds amounted to $362,000. The report, which is a very lengthy one, recommends the most rigid economy in the administration of the city government and the reduction of the salaries of several of the city officers, among whom is that of the Mayor, from $1,500 per annum to $1,200.

THE TOWN OF CREWE.

Marriage of Mr. W. C. Tucker and Miss Ida J. McCune.

CREWE, VA., June 25.—Special.—Miss Ida J. McCune, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McCune, of Nottoway county, was married to Mr. W. C. Tucker, of Lambert's Point, Va., yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of her parents, a few miles from here, Rev. J. H. Newbill, of this place, officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Tucker left on the 5 o'clock train for their home at Lambert's Point.

Cards are out for the marriage of Mrs. Sallie A. Fowlkes and Mr. Luther N. Kelley, both of this place, at the residence of the bride, on Wednesday, July 1st, at 8:30 o'clock P. M.

Mrs. G. V. Robinette and Messrs. Marshall Hillsman, Joseph Norsworthy, T. S. Harlan, and Rev. R. F. Gayle, delegates from this place to the Epworth League Conference, which meets in Lynchburg this week, left for that city to-day.

Miss Nellie Harwood, of Appomattox county, having concluded a brief visit to friends in Crewe, left for her home today.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES.

THE GENERAL LIST SHOWS A CONSIDERABLE DIVERSITY.

A Company Organized to Purchase the Basic City Furnace—Beef Extract Works at Alexandria.

BALTIMORE, MD., June 25.—The Manufacturers' Record, in its weekly summary of southern industrial news, reports that two most important events announced for the week have been the proposed building of two elevators at Galveston to have an aggregate capacity of 600,000 bushels—the increasing grain trade of that port demanding an extension of grain-handling facilities, and the decision of expert cotton manufacturers to build at Gaffney, S. C., a cotton mill to manufacture a very much finer grade of goods than has ever been produced in the South. At Charlotte, N. C., a $12,000 company has been formed to manufacture cordage and webbing; a $50,000 company has been organized at Concord, N. C., to build a cotton mill, and a water power has been purchased in North Carolina for a $300,000 mill; a $50,000 water company has been organized at Pensacola, Fla., and a $30,000 duplicate electric plant contracted for at Columbus, Ga.; a $100,000 glass-decorating company at Augusta has been formed, and Hawkinsville, Ga., has let contracts for water and electric-light plants. Pittsburg people who have purchased 1,000 acres of coal land near Charleston, W. Va., will put in an extensive electric-lighting equipment; a bicycle factory at Hagerstown, Md., now employing about 1,700 hands, will be enlarged; $30,000 will be expended on the extension of the water-works at Hagerstown; the electric railway between Baltimore and Washington has let contract for one power-house for $81,500; an ice company has been organized at Spartanburg, S. C.; a $100,000 electric power and light plant will be built at Jackson, Tenn.; Texas reports a $50,000 ice company at La Grange; a coal plant at Rockdale, a $228,000 sewer contract at San Antonio, and a coal company to operate 2,300 acres of land; arrangements are being made in Philadelphia for the organization of a company to purchase the furnace at Basic City, Va., and operate ore mines in connection with it; a beef extract works is to be established at Alexandria, Va.

The general list of industrial enterprises for the week shows a considerable diversity of new interests.

New England Cotton Mills Closing Down.

BOSTON, MASS., June 25.—It is estimated by gentlemen interested in the short-time movement that 5,000,000 cotton spindles in New England will be idle during July and August. The estimate is based upon an actual stoppage of four weeks.

M. Curry, treasurer of the Fiskdale Mills, in attendance this afternoon at the meeting of the Arkwright Club to consider the question of curtailing New England cotton production, said: "Although no decision has as yet been reached, it is my opinion that the New England cotton mills will to-day decide on a partial shut-down, say from one to two months, to exhaust surplus stocks, the supply being so greatly in excess of the demand."

REFUSE TO LOAN RECORDS.

The National History of the Revolution May Not Include New York Data.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 25.—Some months ago a request for the loan of the Revolutionary muster rolls of New York State to the War Department of the National Government was made through Governor Morton by the State Board of Regents. To-day it leaked out that the regents at their meeting yesterday had refused to loan the rolls. The request was made on the Government by Lieutenant-Colonel Ainsworth, who has charge of collecting Revolutionary data for the National Government, and was referred to the regents because they are custodians of the rolls. The resolutions providing for the loan of the rolls was unanimously voted down by the regents, on the ground that it would establish a bad precedent, and colleges and other States would follow with requests for them. The regents will allow Lieutenant-Colonel Ainsworth access to these muster rolls if he will send a corps of persons to Albany to copy them. Colonel Ainsworth has written that this is impossible, as he has no available appropriation to do the work in this manner. Unless the regents recede from their position the national history of Revolutionary records, which is being compiled in Washington will be printed without the Revolutionary data including the muster rolls of New York State.

The other twelve original States have already loaned their records to the War Department, and the copy is said to be nearly ready to go to the printer.

STRINGENT QUARANTINE ORDERS.

All Vessels Central and South American States to be Detained.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—In accordance with the quarantine laws, Surgeon-General Wyman has issued a new and very stringent order. It provides that during the active quarantine season, continuing until November 1st next, all vessels from ports in the West Indies, on the east coast of Mexico, Central and South America, as far south as and including ports in the Rio Patto, ports in Peru, Ecuador, Columbia, and on the west coast of Central America and Mexico, arriving at the national quarantine stations, shall be detained and treated in accord with the provisions of the quarantine regulations for domestic ports.

The terms of this order are practically in accordance with the prevailing regulations of all Southern State and local quarantines.

The Marine Hospital Service is advised that the yellow-fever is very prevalent in the island of Cuba, but not particularly bad in the city of Havana itself.

V. M. I. COMMENCEMENT.

Rain Interferes—The Cadets Coming Saturday—Court-House Let to Contract.

LEXINGTON, VA., June 25.—Special.—The programme arranged for the fifth and last day of the commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute here to-day had to be cancelled on account of rain.

The corps of cadets leave here on a special on Saturday morning on the Chesapeake and Ohio railway for Richmond, Va., where they take a prominent part in the parade of the great Confederate reunion next week.

To-night the great final ball is in progress in the gymnasium of the Jackson Memorial Hall, and it is a specially brilliant affair.

The board of supervisors of this county to-day let the contract for the erection of the new county court-house building. It was awarded to Tolley & Crawford, a Lexington firm, at $16,600.

R. CARMICHAEL'S APPOINTMENTS

New Wheat From Orange County Sold in Fredericksburg.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., June 25.—Special.—Dr. Randolph B. Carmichael, a native of this place, but now a resident of Washington, D. C., who is here on a visit to his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Spottswood W. Carmichael, convalescing from an operation for appendicitis recently performed in New York, has received a telegram from the medical faculty of the Columbian University, offering him the clinical professorship of dermatology in that institution of learning. Dr. Carmichael has accepted, and will enter upon the duties of the position at the fall opening of the University. Dr. Carmichael has also received an appointment in charge of the dermatological department of the Emergency Hospital in Washington. A remarkable fact connected with these appointments is that they both came unsought and on his birthday.

The children of St. George's Sunday school enjoyed a picnic at "Altoona" yesterday.

The Democrats of Spotsylvania county will on Monday, July 6th, choose delegates to the congressional convention at Cape Charles.

The first sample of new wheat was brought to this city yesterday by Mr. Wallace Jones, of Orange. It was of the amber variety, and he sold a carload to Messrs. Meyer & Brulle for sixty-five cents per bushel.

President Cleveland Returns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—The light-house tender Violet, with President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle, Dr. O'Reilley, of the army, and Captain Lamberton, of the navy, on board, reached Washington at 9:30 o'clock this morning. Private Secretary Thurber was at the wharf with a coupe and accompanied the President back to the White House. Mr. Thurber had received a message that the Violet would arrive at the hour named, from Indian Head or Alexandria. It seems that Mr. Cleveland and his companions spent most of their holiday fishing in the Chesapeake bay off the mouth of James river, and not far from Fort Monroe. They caught a lot of salt-water fish, principally croakers, bluefish, sea-bass and the variety known as squeteague and breakfish. The President said that everybody had a good time. It rained very hard Monday.

Funeral of Ex-Secretary Bristow.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The funeral of Benjamin H. Bristow, ex-Secretary of the Treasury took place from the Brick Presbyterian church, corner Thirty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, to-day. The pastor of the church, Rev. Henry Vandike, D. D., preached the funeral sermon. The services were very simple. A large delegation was present from the Bar Association. There were many beautiful floral offerings. The pall-bearers were Joseph Laroque, Joseph H. Choate, Judge Patterson, Mr. Munn, John C. Latham, Charles Lanier, Mr. Clayton and H. H. Anderson. The interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery.

A British Patrol Routed.

BULUWAYO, June 25.—Captain Turner, with a British patrol, made an attack yesterday upon a native kraal at the Beatey mine. The Mashonas resisted the attack and poured a heavy fire into the patrol, compelling Captain Turner to abandon his wagons and retreat. He was successful in saving his ammunition. The men comprising the patrol declare that trained white soldiers are assisting the Mashonas.

Henry M. Stanley Dangerously Ill.

LONDON, June 25.—Henry M. Stanley, M. P., the African explorer, is ill in London with inflammation of the stomach. He has been unable to take food for several days, and his condition is serious.

Gold Reserve, $101,946,339.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $101,946,339. The day's withdrawals were $143,000.

MR. RYAN BACK.

He Has Maceo's Photograph and Autograph—The Cuban War.

The war between Cuba and Spain will almost without a doubt be definitely settled within the next month, and the insurgents under the leadership of Maceo, will have won their independence—at least, so thinks Mr. William Ryan, the internal revenue collector, who has just returned from Cuba, and thus he expressed himself to a Times representative last night. Mr. Ryan is famous. The press of New York has written much about him, and will probably have more to say in the future.

While in New York Mr. Ryan was more sought after than would have been the Prince of Wales or the Earl of Dunraven. He returned to the city yesterday morning. He is looking well, and reports a most enjoyable trip.

As regards affairs Cuban, Mr. Ryan said:

"General Lee is exceedingly diplomatic and much liked. One-half of the bloodthirsty work of General Weyler has never been told. He is a typewriter general, conducting the campaign from his office, and never appearing personally in the field.

Despite the light way in which the New York press treated Mr. Ryan's statements, he still adheres to them. He maintains that General Lee did dine with the insurgents; that he saw Maceo in Havana, and that the latter had his picture taken in that city.

In proof of this he showed me a picture of Maceo given him by the Cuban general. It bears this inscription, written in Spanish:

"To Hon. William Ryan:

"In souvenir of friendship.

"A. MACEO.

"Ponar del Rio, Cuba, 16 de Juno de 1896."

Mr. Ryan affirms that he was the bearer of messages from General Lee. He says the Spanish forces number 150,000 men to 60,000 insurgents.

Maceo, he declares, is well educated and as brave as a lion. His wife and child are now in New York.

Mr. Ryan adhered to the statement made by him in New York that General Lee dined with the insurgents. He further stated that all of the preparations for the feast were made with the greatest secrecy.

GEN. SIMON B. BUCHNER HERE.

The Ex-Governor of Kentucky Comes to Attend the Confederate Reunion.

General Simon Bolivar Buckner, ex-Governor of Kentucky, and one of the most distinguished ex-Confederates who will grace the coming reunion, is in the city.

General Buckner is one of the seven surviving lieutenant-generals of the army of the Confederate States. While in Richmond the General and his wife (nee Miss Claiborne, of this city), will be the guests of Mr. Herbert A. Claiborne, Mrs. Buckner's uncle, at No. 909 west Grace street.

To a Times reporter, who called at the residence last night, General Buckner expressed himself as delighted to be again in the Virginia capital. He has a host of friends here, who always make his visits pleasant for him. It has been three years since he was last here. Ex-Governor Buckner has lived quietly at his country home, about seventy-five miles from Louisville, since his retirement from the gubernatorial chair in 1891. He was one of the most popular of the Blue-Grass State's line of Governors.

Like her husband, Mrs. Buckner takes a lively interest in the Cuban struggle for liberty. She converses charmingly and with much intelligence on the subject, but her faith in the ultimate success of the movement is not strong. She is very proud of Richmond, and declares that it is the queen city of the country. General and Mrs. Buckner will remain here until after the reunion season, when they will return to their home.

President Davis' Bail Bond.

Secretary Paynter, of the fire department, has hung up in his office in the City Hall a fac-similie copy of the bail bond of President Jefferson Davis. It is enclosed in a nice frame. Mr. John A. Lynham, the fatherin-law of Mr. Paynter, was clerk of the court at the time and wrote the bond.

The "Little Virginias" defeated the "Richmond Police" in a game of base-ball yesterday by the score of 20 to 13.

THE SAXE ASSAULT CASE.

ASSAULT ON MRS. BRADBURY IN CHARLOTTE A REMARKABLE CASE.

Ryder, the Accused, Sent on to the County Court for Trial, Although He Seemingly Proved an Alibi.

SMITHVILLE, CHARLOTTE CO., VA., June 25.—Special.—As indicated in The Times of the 23d, the Saxe assault case came up before Judge Green, of the County Court, upon application for bail for Ryder, the alleged assailant of Mrs. Nannie Bradbury, heretofore referred to as Miss Meadows. The case was opened at 12 M., and lasted until 2 this morning. Every inch of ground was warmly contested by able counsel. Ex-Congressman William E. Gaines, of Nottoway, and W. C. Carrington, of the local bar, represented Ryder, while the Commonwealth was represented by Hon. Thomas Watkins. The defence introduced a number of witnesses from Danville, whose intelligent testimony establishes beyond doubt Ryder's presence in that city on the afternoon of the 15th of June, the time at which he is charged with having assalled Mrs. Bradbury, at Saxe, in this county, a point fifty-odd miles east of Danville.

MRS. BRADBURY TESTIFIES.

In rebuttal to this testimony, Mrs. Bradbury was placed upon the stand, and for hours was subjected to a most rigid examination—indeed, the cross-examination by Mr. Gaines is said to have been the most able and searching which has been listened to here for years—all of which Mrs. Bradbury withstood with remarkable fortitude and adhered to her previous testimony.

She disclaimed any injury. Testifying that she submitted through fear, Ryder having threatened to kill her if she made outcry. Several witnesses were examined on either side.

At 2 A. M. the Judge said he would allow bail in the sum of $500, stating that he thought the Commonwealth's attorney would be justifiable in returning a nolle prosequi and discharging the prisoner, adding that unless other testimony was produced no conviction could be had in his court. Mr. Watkins decided to allow the case to go to the County Court for trial, and at this hour Ryder had not given bail.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

This is a most remarkable case, and one of great interest here. The opinion is almost unanimous that the wrong man is being dealt with. Of the complainant, Mrs. Bradbury, it can be said that she maintains a peculiar position in this affair. Only last Sunday she signed a letter to the Commonwealth's attorney virtually asking the release of Ryder, and in her testimony yesterday seemed at times ready to withdraw from the case. Naturally she wishes to avoid the trial, and evidently would do so, but for advice of some one not of her family, living near her.

Mrs. Bradbury is unlettered, yet fairly intelligent, and has a pleasant face, is twenty-eight years of age, and left her husband, she says, after two months of married life on account of drunkenness on his part.

Miss Eleanor Lyons, the accomplished daughter of Judge T. B. Lyons, of Park street, was married quietly yesterday at her father's residence, to Mr. Lee C. Bradley, of Birmingham. The ceremony was performed by Dr. G. L. Petrie, of the Presbyterian church. After the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Bradley left for a tour through the Northern cities.

Mr. Frank A. Lindsay, of the Charlottesville Daily Progress, was married yesterday to Miss Pearl King, of Accomac county, Va. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's parents, Rev. Job Turner, of Staunton, officiating.

Judge R. T. W. Duke of the Corporation Court, granted a charter yesterday to the National Manufacturing Company, of this city. The following are the officers: C. G. Sinclair, president; E. B. Glanlny, vice-president; who, with C. L. Carver, M. M. Robertson, W. G. Moran, and G. L. Williams, constitute the Board of Directors. The office of the company is to be in Charlottesville, and the capital stock is placed at $5,000.

The scaffold on which Taylor Harmon, the murder of young Thompson, is to be executed Saturday morning, has been erected, and the rope has been put in place. The structure is built of pine timber, and occupies the site in the jail-yard, which was occup