

The Times.

THE TIMES COMPANY.

TIMES BUILDING, TENTH AND BANK STREETS, RICHMOND, VA.

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MANCHESTER BUREAU, 1121 ILLU STREET.

PETERSBURG AGENT, MRS. S. G. HUTCHINSON, 7 LOMBARD STREET.

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WE DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF ALL PERSONS SENDING POLITICAL NEWS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS TO THE TIMES TO THE NECESSITY OF SIGNING THEIR NAMES TO SUCH REPORTS, AS IT IS THE POLICY OF THIS PAPER NOT TO PUBLISH ANY ARTICLE THE NAME OF WHOSE AUTHOR IS UNKNOWN. REJECTED CONTRIBUTIONS WILL NOT BE RETURNED UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY STAMPS.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1900.

A DISASTER FOR THE REPUBLICAN MACHINE.

Judge Lochren, a United States Judge for the State of Minnesota, decided a case last week which involved the status of Porto Rico and the relation of the island to this country. He held that our acquisition of the island under the treaty with Spain made it an integral part of the United States to which the Constitution of the United States extended through its own force and vitality, and that Porto Rico and the Porto Ricans were as much a part of the United States as any other part of its territory and population. This is no surprise whatever to The Times, as its readers well know. We have contended from the beginning that this was the true theory of the case, and we have never been able to understand how, in view of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, any one could come to any other conclusion. We have not the slightest doubt that the Supreme Court of the United States will hold exactly the same thing, and then we shall have this vexed question settled in accordance with justice, right and our constitutional law.

It comes out from Washington that the administration is very much disturbed because of this decision of Judge Lochren's, a Republican judge. We cannot understand why it should be. We should rather have supposed that it would feel greatly relieved. It was plainly "held up" by the protected interests and forced to take the position in respect to Porto Rico that it did take. If it is now able to say that these protected interests that they must hold the Judicial Department of the government responsible for their loss of profits; it will square its accounts with them and at the same time enable Mr. McKinley to return to his first position, which was the position dictated by common sense and common justice.

The serious question which will arise from this ruling, if it be maintained by the Supreme Court of the United States, relates, however, so far as the great body of the American people are concerned, not to Porto Rico, but to the Philippine Islands. There was no demand in any quarter in these United States for a discrimination against Porto Rican products, except from a few selfish and protected interests. But Judge Lochren's ruling, if it be affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States, makes an open door between San Francisco and Manila. It makes the Malays and Hottentots of the Philippine Islands citizens of the United States, and entitles them to come by the millions into the United States with the same freedom that any other citizen of the United States can come within their borders, when once out of them. This is a most serious matter to all of us, and it is a condition which is not to be tolerated. We are not, however, to give up our Constitution because we have placed ourselves in a fix that will confront us with such an evil as this. When the alternative is presented of whether we will give up our Constitution or the Philippine Islands go, and that is exactly the position which we ought to have had the good sense to take from the beginning. Our commissioners should have taken the position that as we had overthrown Spanish rule in the Philippine Islands, we would restore peace and order there, keep the islands under our protection until its people were sufficient educated in government to rule themselves, and then let them go on and work out their destiny in their own way. This is the position which was dictated by "the war for humanity's sake," which we professed to the world that we were waging, and it is the position which our own sense of dignity should have dictated to us from the beginning.

Nevertheless, we have an abiding faith in the good sense of the American people, and this matter will come out all right in the end. The Supreme Court will

hold that the Philippine Islands are part of the United States, if we retain them, and thereupon the Congress of the United States, at the dictation of the hard-headed people of the United States, will repudiate them as a part of our nation, it will retain a military force there to preserve order until the Filipinos can rule themselves, and it will then set them up in business for themselves, guaranteeing them against interference from other powers, and in spite of all of our greedy statesmen, the war with Spain will turn out to be a veritable war for humanity's sake, when the prestige and glory of these United States will be enormously enhanced.

THE NEGRO IN VIRGINIA.

We are pained to hear that the article in The Times of Sunday on the subject of negro suffrage has been characterized by an esteemed reader as harsh and bitter. We have re-read the article and we cannot see how that charge can be fairly sustained. We are quite certain that the article was not written in any such spirit. No man who was raised by an old negro mammy could be harsh and bitter to the negro race. No man who saw the devotion of the negro slaves to the white women and children of the South during the war between the States could have any other than a kind feeling toward the black race. God Almighty has implanted in the breast of every white man a prejudice against the man with a black skin, and these two will not affiliate in society any more than will oil mix with water. But that does not prevent the white man from feeling kindly toward the negro and from being willing to help him along.

Another thing that would prevent The Times from being needlessly harsh or offensive to the negro is that the negro race is not in a position to resent such attacks. It requires no courage for a newspaper conducted by a white man to attack the negro, for the white man knows that he will not be called to account.

For these reasons we would not appear to be harsh, as we could not be bitter, in anything we may say on this subject. But we are dealing with a condition. Negro suffrage has been a curse to the South—a curse to the black man as well as to the white man. The time to remove it has come, and the sooner the better. Such a consummation is in the interest of both races, for it is in the interest of peace and pure elections and good government.

In a recent issue of Leslie's Weekly, Senator Tillman reviews the horrors of negro carpet-bag rule in South Carolina, and, in his blunt way, says that white supremacy was obtained by bulldozing and ballot-box stuffing, and finally the whites adopted a constitutional amendment, disfranchising the negro, and the good results are apparent. "South Carolina now leads the South," says he "in education and manufactures. Its credit is such that its 4 1/2 per cent. bonds are selling at 120. Its negro population is as happy and contented and prosperous as that in any other State in the Union."

There is no menace to the negro in the movement that has begun in Virginia to eliminate the ignorant and mischievous black voter from our politics. He will still have the protection of the law. He will be permitted to prosper in his way, to accumulate property and pursue happiness. Moreover, the inducement will be held out to him to qualify himself for the highest duties of citizenship, and as he shows himself qualified he will be permitted to exercise the right of franchise.

We wish to remind our esteemed contemporary, The Richmond Times, that the proper way to construct a platform for the Norfolk platform, and the intention of its framers, is by the language of that instrument in its usual acceptance. Certain contingencies which did not arise have nothing whatever to do with the case. Mr. Munford's culinary indiscretion may have spoiled the broth. On the other hand, there is no assurance that had the number of cooks been one less by the absence of Mr. Munford the broth would have been different. One of the head cooks, Major Daniel, was very firm in his purpose to make it just as it was made, and we think the Convention was decidedly with him.—Petersburg Index-Appal.

Our point is that the sentiment of the Norfolk convention was in favor of retiring effete questions and fighting the battle of 1900 on the living issues of the day. That being the case, we shall be surprised if the delegates from Virginia do not carry with them into the Kansas City Convention the spirit of the Munford substitute.

Referring to an opinion expressed in these columns that the Pennsylvania Railroad could not hurt Newport News if it would, the Herald of that place says that "there is a more satisfactory understanding between that corporation and Newport News, and instead of the great Pennsylvania being a hunt to the city, it is decidedly to Newport News' advantage that the road has gotten a foothold here."

We don't doubt it. It is not the policy of railroads to pull down, but to develop and improve.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The Rev. Dr. Gilbert Reid, an American missionary, who is at the head of a movement, which has secured powerful support in America and Europe, to provide the means of familiarizing the educated and ruling classes in China with the ideas and institutions of civilized life in Western lands, as the best method of reaching the Chinese masses, contributes an article to the May number of the North American Review on "The Powers and the Partition of China." Dr. Reid reviews the relations which are sustained to China by the leading nations, Great Britain, Russia, Germany, France, the United States and Japan, and comes to the conclusion that there is not one of them which desires, or whose interests would not be injured by, the partition of Chinese territory. As to Russia, Dr. Reid says: "The opponents of Russia generally close the door of discussion by the statement, 'Russia has already taken possession of Manchuria.' Facts, however, do not support this charge. Manchuria is still under

Manchu rule, and the people pay taxes to China, not to Russia. There is even less interference in internal affairs than in Manchuria has been hampered by Russia, Russia, quite sensibly, has wanted an ice-free port, and the opportunity to improve the industrial development of her own extensive domain. She now seeks to become something of a commercial nation, and to extend commercial relations with the United States on the one side and with England on the other. She also aspires to predominant influence in Chinese affairs, as other nations do, and the time will come, perhaps, when education and missions, as well as commerce and diplomacy, will form a part of Russian enterprise."

THE NEGRO IN VIRGINIA.

Rev. Dr. Joseph H. Hertz, who was rabbi of the Wiltwatersend Hebrew congregation of Johannesburg until last December, when he was expelled from the Transvaal by President Kruger, arrived in New York Sunday. "I went to the Transvaal a strong pro-Boer," said he, "and spoke on many a public occasion in favor of the Transvaal Government, but an insight into the Transvaal methods and an acquaintance with the leading officials within the Transvaal and the Free State have given me personal experience while trying to remove the obnoxious religious disabilities under which the Catholics and the Jews suffer, gradually compelled me to see that the Transvaal is not a republic, but rather an oligarchy, misgoverned on strictly madaevian principles."

STEEL DIRECTORS RESIGN.

Their Reason is That Gates Has Not Made His Resignation. A meeting of the Board of Directors of the American Steel and Wire Company Henry W. Seligman and Frederick W. Strauss resigned from the board because Mr. John W. Gates did not at today's meeting resign from the management of the company, as they had been given to understand that he would do.

SECRET CONFERENCE.

Taylor Leaves for Washington at the Close of It. INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 7.—Taylor, ex-Secretary of State, R. E. Miller, ex-county attorney, Mr. John W. Gates, and R. S. Todd, another Kentuckian, held a secret conference at the Maecher-hor Hall, with Attorney General Taylor, his deputy, Morrill Moore, and Sheriff Clark, of Marion county. Every precaution was taken to avoid observation.

BONDED WAREHOUSE ABANDONED.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 8.—\$300,000 worth of bonded warehouse was discovered to be on fire this morning at 4:25 o'clock. Several thousand bales of cotton are stored there.

OBITUARY.

James D. Darden. Major James Darden, a well-known citizen, died at his home, 1216 Sixth Street, Northwest, at 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning, after a few minutes' illness of heart-disease. For a year or more Major Darden had suffered from an ailment of the heart, but the day preceding his death he was apparently in the best of health and spirits. Shortly after 2 o'clock Sunday morning he was found by a member of the family to be suffering from an attack of apoplexy, and although a physician was immediately summoned, he expired before one could reach him.

Major Darden was born at Smithfield, Va., January 29, 1828. The family, one of the best known in the South, removed to Portsmouth, Va., later, and in 1838 made this city their residence. He served with distinction in the Confederate army.—Washington Post.

Mamie May. The death of Mamie May, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur White, occurred early yesterday morning at the residence of her parents, 219 N. Street. The burial will be at Ettricks Station, on the Atlantic Coast Line railroad.

Henry Selizer. FRONT ROYAL, VA., May 7.—Special.—The funeral of Mr. Henry Selizer, aged eighty-four years, one of Warren's oldest and most respected citizens, was held at his home, "Natchez," near Buckton, Va., today at 10 o'clock, and the services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Smith, of the Lutheran Church, and Rev. Mr. Link, of the Presbyterian Church, at the City Street, Va., where the remains were taken for interment.

There was a large number in attendance. Mr. Selizer has lived in that community all of his life, and was highly respected. He leaves a wife and four children and an aged brother, Mr. George Selizer.

James A. Willis. FREDERICKSBURG, VA., May 7.—Special.—Mr. James A. Willis, a prominent citizen of Culpeper county, uncle of Councilman M. G. Willis and Superintendent of Schools E. Willis, of this city, died yesterday at his home near Lignum, Va., of grip, aged seventy-five years. He was the father of V. O. Willis, formerly of this city, now of North Carolina, and of Mrs. Lella Herndon, of Orange, and Mrs. Lizzie Payne, of Culpeper.

Oscar D. Johnson. FREDERICKSBURG, VA., May 7.—Special.—Oscar D. Johnson, one of King George county's prominent citizens, died last night at his home, near Shiloh, after a brief illness, aged sixty-five years. He was a brother-in-law of E. P. Johnson, of Kentucky, and Fletcher Johnson, of the Civil-Service Commission in Washington.

CANTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pills. Small Dose. Small Price.

COUNCIL ELECTS HERMAN STEIN

The Justis Island Property to Be Transferred to Trigg Co.

THE CARNIVAL ARCH TO STAND

Those Who Roll Baby Carriages Must Comply With Ordinance Adopted Last Night—Military Organizations Get Appropriations.

The Common Council met last night and passed an ordinance requiring the transfer of the Justis Island property to the W. R. Trigg Company; elected Mr. Herman Stein as the successor of the late Henry J. Hoeke; passed a resolution in regard to the disabled policemen of the city, together with resolutions to extend water mains and sewers on certain streets of the city, and transacted a lot of routine business.

The resolution asking for the purchase by condemnation or otherwise fifty feet of Meadow Street, for the purpose of leaving a street, was, upon a recorded vote, defeated. An ordinance was presented from the Street Committee repealing certain ordinances granting privileges to railway companies. Mr. Bloomberg explained that the ordinance might have been so worded as to repeal the ordinances, which, under an old law, are revocable only when two Councils have voted to revoke. The purpose of the Street Committee, it was stated, was to put the city in such a position that the Council might have the power to revoke all railway privileges. As the matter has stood, the railways have enjoyed permission to proceed with their work. A vote on the ordinance was then taken, and it was adopted.

MONEY FOR THE BLUES.

The resolution increasing the appropriation for the Richmond Light Infantry Blues by \$500 additional was adopted. The following ordinances were adopted: Granting the extension of the water mains along Seventh Street, between the Richmond and Lehigh Streets, to the Rosengok Brewing Company; granting the use of water to the Rosengok Brewing Company under certain restrictions.

Mr. Mills moved that the ordinance be referred to the Committee on Ordinances. His resolution was adopted. Mr. Mills offered the following resolution, which was adopted: "Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Richmond, that the arch erected by the Richmond Carnival Association at Broad and Tenth Streets is hereby permitted to remain as long as in the opinion of the Committee on Streets it may be advisable."

MR. STEIN IS ELECTED.

Mr. Winston offered a resolution requiring that the city be required to erect barriers along the dock, was read. The Council agreed that the ordinance had been previously offered by Mr. Peters, which was to require the Committee on Streets to inquire into the advisability of erecting barriers and other necessary protections along the dock. The matter was then referred to the Committee on Streets.

A resolution was adopted appropriating the sum of \$250 from the contingent fund to be placed to the credit of military Company A.

Mr. Pollock arose and moved that the body go into the nomination of the successor of their late colleague, Mr. Henry J. Hoeke, and in doing so put in nomination the name of Mr. Herman Stein, a well-known young Democrat of Jackson Ward. Mr. Stein was unanimously nominated and elected.

Arrested in Petersburg.

E. D. Wells was arrested in Petersburg and brought to Richmond by Sergeant A. M. Tomlinson yesterday. Wells is charged with stealing from the Globe Supply Company of this city, goods to the value of about \$50.

The Kuhns Improving.

Mr. Edward Kuhn has returned from Philadelphia, and says that his brother, Mr. William Kuhn, who had been reported to be the life of himself and wife in that city, and Mrs. Kuhn were expected to recover.

Used a Hatchet.

Harry Young and Frog Eye and William Walker (both dead) got into a difficulty yesterday at Cosby's stables, and Young assaulted Walker with a hatchet. Walker escaped injury, but Young was arrested.

STOCKYARDS AND ABATTOIR.

A Norfolk Man Has Four Wives—To Stop Sunday Crying of Newspapers. NORFOLK, VA., May 7.—Special.—An ordinance to erect extensive stock yards and an abattoir on the Belt Line Railway near Fortsummit, to be used jointly by all the railroads centering here.

Large capital is stated to be behind the enterprise, and it is stated on excellent authority that deeds to the site have passed, although these are not yet of record.

O. B. Sneed, wanted at Portsmouth on the charge of bigamy, is now believed to be in Norfolk, where he is reported to be a Norfolk woman, appeared today claiming the departed pedlar as her husband. Number four is believed to live in Western Virginia. Sneed peddled tea and zily bulbs hereabouts.

General Theodore S. Garnett, commanding the Virginia Division, United Confederate Veterans, has appointed Miss Minnie Boyd Miller, of Wytheville, chief sponsor, and Miss Jane Ellis, of Norfolk, chief maid of honor, to represent Virginia at the Confederate Convention at Louisville. A mortgage of the Portsmouth Street Railway to the Colonial Trust Company of Philadelphia is of record. The railway borrowed one hundred thousand dollars, which will be used for betterments. The bonds are at 6 per cent, running thirty years.

The ministers of Norfolk of various denominations met today and decided to ask Mayor Johnston to stop newboys from crying papers on the streets on Sunday. There was talk of action looking toward the passage of Sunday music at the park, the sale of goods other than drugs on Sunday by druggists, and other forms of Sabbath desecration.

Wheeler Won't Run.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., May 7.—A private telegram received today from a close friend of Wheeler in Washington, states that the General announces positively that he will not be a candidate for Congress from his old district.

MUNTON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE. I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble, which cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE. At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

ance, which was adopted after some discussion. Be it ordained by the Council of Richmond, that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to pull or propel two or more baby carriages, cycles or wagons abreast on the sidewalks. Any persons guilty of violating this ordinance shall be fined not less than one nor more than five dollars.

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"Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Richmond, that the arch erected by the Richmond Carnival Association at Broad and Tenth Streets is hereby permitted to remain as long as in the opinion of the Committee on Streets it may be advisable."

Mr. Pollock offered a resolution asking for the appointment of a joint committee of five (three members of the Council and two members of the Board of Aldermen), for the purpose of assisting the Board of Police Commissioners in inquiring into the advisability of permitting disabled members of the police force to be re-employed.

Mr. Bloomberg moved to strike out the five members of the City Council, and Mr. Ebel moved to amend the resolution by inserting the Committee on Police, which is to assist the Board of Police Commissioners in such matter. Both motions were adopted.

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BOMBSHELL IN CAMP.

Teacher of History Said to be a John Brown Sympathizer. The weekly meeting of Lee Camp, Sons of Veterans, was held last night at Lee Camp Hall, Commander John A. Lamb presided. The attendance was large and the night business was disposed of. Mr. Rufus Irby Gray was elected a member of the camp. Applications for membership were received from Messrs. Frank P. Burke and Howard Edwin Hadden, Jr. They were referred to the proper committee, to be acted upon by next meeting. The camp accepted an invitation to the Hebrew Ladies' Memorial Association to unite with them in their memorial services at the Hebrew Cemetery.

Comrades Boshier and Redwood were appointed aides to the chief marshal for the Oakwood Memorial celebration.

Among the interesting proceedings of the evening was the report of a case which, it is regretted, does not come strictly within the jurisdiction of the camp. It was stated to the camp that at one of the largest female schools in the city, it has been the habit of one of the history teachers, who, though of honored Southern parentage, was graduated from a Northern college, to propound to the scholars such questions as the following:

"Did not subsequent history prove that the position of the North in the late war was right?" "Have you anything to say for John Brown?" and, receiving no answer to this question, proceeds to deliver a eulogy on that gentleman.

The information was received by the camp with astonishment, and the matter was referred to its History Committee for such action as it may be able to take. The camp hopes that such influence may not spread evil effects, and that it may be successfully counteracted.

FIREMEN ARE PROMOTED.

They Will Guard Broad Street During Carnival Week—A Fire Escape.

The Board of Fire Commissioners met last night and appointed Mr. L. Stagg Powell to Engine Company No. 1, Mr. L. N. Clarke was appointed to Truck Company No. 1.

E. N. Gary having served his probationary period, was reported by his captain favorably, and was placed on the regular list of substitutes in Truck Company No. 2.

Chief W. G. Fuller reported that the Virginia Home for Incubables was in need of a fire escape, and said that as the men in the past had requested permanent to erect this fire escape for the Home for Incubables by voluntary subscriptions from the Fire Department, to which request the Board granted their consent.

The Board then went into the election of a helper to Engine Company No. 4, and upon the fourth ballot Mr. George H. Merrydew was appointed helper, and Geo. C. Shepperson, call man of Truck Company No. 1, was appointed permanent helper.

Mr. J. H. Mendenhall, call man of Engine Company No. 4, and L. B. Bullock was transferred from Engine Company No. 4 to Engine Company No. 7. The above transfers and promotions shall be effective as the date of the meeting of the Board, in the sense of the Board that the Chief detail a squad of firemen to guard Broad Street during the Carnival, and they will be so relieved as to afford every member of the department an opportunity to take their rest of the week and at the same time be on the special duty.

DISMISSED FROM POLICE FORCE.

Thirty Extra Policemen to be Employed During Carnival Week.

The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday afternoon at the office of Chief of Police R. F. Howard. Those present were Mayor R. M. Taylor, Messrs. C. G. Boshier, L. C. Figg, J. F. Jacob, Joseph W. Lamb, D. A. Weisbeum, J. B. Welsh and Edgar L. White.

The Board heard the charges preferred against Policeman W. L. Waddill. The charges were sustained and Mr. Waddill was dismissed from the force. Mr. Waddill was elected to succeed Mr. Waddill, and will enter upon his new duties at the First Police Station at once. Policeman E. C. Tate will be transferred to the Third Police Station.

A communication to Mayor Taylor from the Board of Police Commissioners was read, which asked for extra policemen during Carnival week. The following resolution was then offered and adopted: "Be it resolved, That the Board of Police Commissioners is hereby requested by the Mayor to invest with police power thirty men as requested by the Carnival Committee to act as special officers during Carnival week, provided that the payment for the services of such officers shall be furnished by the Council or the Carnival Committee."

DR. J. C. GREGORY

To be Appointed Internae at the Marine Hospital.

The appointment of two internes to the United States Marine Hospital in Boston are made at this time each year by the medical director in charge, upon the recommendation of Dr. Francis W. Upshur, of this city.

Dr. Upshur has recommended Dr. Julius C. Gregory, Jr., of Tunstall, Va., member of the graduating class of the Medical College of Virginia, and Dr. Thomas F. Staley, of Marion, Va., also of the Medical College of Virginia, for these appointments. Dr. Gregory's appointment takes effect on the 22d of this month. Dr. Staley will report for duty the 6th of next September. Though these appointments in the past have been made to members of the graduating class of the Medical College of Virginia, in this year they will not be confined to any particular institution.

Committee to Meet.

A meeting of the City Democratic Committee will be held at Murphy's Hotel tonight to arrange for a short and sharp local campaign. Special attention will be given to the situation in Jackson Ward.

It is probable that several public meetings will be arranged for in order that prominent speakers may discuss the proposed constitutional convention. Especial attention will be given to the situation in Jackson Ward, and address one of these meetings.

Gas Plant Improvements.

The construction engineer of the United Gas Improvement Company, of Philadelphia, was in the city yesterday, taking the measurements, etc., at the gas works for the improvements recently ordered by the Council.

The work will probably begin within two or three weeks, and it will be completed, according to the contract, by October 1st.

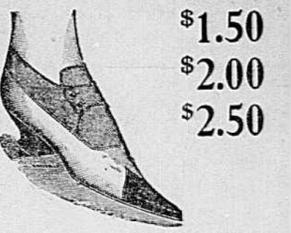
Ambulance Calls.

Jim Robinson colored had his hand maimed between two boxheads at the American Tobacco Company's Warehouse, on Twenty-fifth Street, yesterday. It was treated by Dr. Fisher, of the ambulance.

Epworth League.

The local Executive Committee in charge of the arrangements for the meeting of the Epworth League at this Synod, from June 21st to 24th, met last night in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A.

New Styles IN SLIPPERS.



\$1.50 \$2.00 \$2.50

Southern Button, kid of cloth-top, tip of same, hand-sewed, B. C. D. and E widths, sizes 1 to 8. Children's and Misses' and Ladies' Spring-heel Southern Button. 5 to 8.....\$1.00 8 1/2 to 11.....\$1.25 11 1/2 to 13.....\$1.50 Ladies' Spring-heel Button Oxford.....\$1.50 Infants' Slippers, hand-made.....50c Ladies' Maid to Polish Ladies' and Children's shoes FREE.

Economy



Bring the Prescription Here

Our system of "checking