

THE ALLIES IN PERILOUS STATE

Tien Tsin May be Scene of Next Disaster.

ADVANCE IMPOSSIBLE.

No Word Has Come From Europeans Besieged in Peking.

BOXERS RAVAGING MANCHURIA

Russia Has Notified the Powers of Her Intention of Dispatching a Large Military Force to Quiet the Disturbance There—Port Arthur and Niu Chang Endangered.

LONDON, July 12.—The Chinese situation again bears a most ominous aspect. Eighteen days ago Sir Robert Hart dispatched his last message, declaring that the situation was desperate, and since then no word has come from the Europeans in Peking.

According to the Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent, Li Hung Chang has received an imperial decree ordering his immediate departure for Peking, presumably to break the news of the Peking tragedy to the European Powers, and in his usual role of negotiator, to endeavor to act as mediator and to avert the vengeance of the Powers.

ADVANCE IMPOSSIBLE. To add to the grimness of this suggestion, all advice from Tien Tsin tend to confirm the reports of the perilous condition of the allied forces and belie the optimistic Chinese rumors.

Other Tien Tsin correspondents say that no advance is possible until September 1st, and explanations are being asked by the papers here of the tardiness of Tien Tsin in sending word since it is known that she was ready and willing to send them, and Russia raised no objection to her doing so. It is hinted that a difficulty arose as to the manner in which Japan is to be recouped for her heavy injury.

It appears that the Russian censorship is suppressing all references to this matter, and it transpires that six thousand regular troops have already arrived from Port Arthur and Amur to protect the Manchuria Railway, and that other troops are now on their way to Manchuria.

Many Rumors. All kinds of stories come from Shanghai, which it is impossible to verify. It is stated that the Boxers are making a plot to capture the Peking University and sixty of the members of his family and retainers. A confidential officer of General Yung Lu, disguised as a Boxer, is reported to have been taken to the Peking University and murdered.

Both at Shanghai and Canton apprehensions exist that these evidences of a widespread rebellion indicate the necessity of immediate measures on the part of the Powers.

It is stated that German intends to send 10,000 to 15,000 men well equipped with guns.

ALLIES HARD PRESSED.

Ninth Infantry Lands and Proceeds to Tien Tsin.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The following cablegram has been received at the Navy Department from Admiral Remy:

"The Foo, July 10. "Secretary of Navy, Washington: "Arrived yesterday. Two battalions, Ninth Infantry and one battalion marines, Colonel Meade landed to-day, to proceed to Tien-Tsin. Allied forces at Tien-Tsin engaged in maintaining their defenses. Ordered to take sick and wounded to Yokohama hospitals. Oregon proceeded; soon dock at Kure; towed by chartered steamer and conveyed by Nashville. Just learned from Admiral Seymour at Tien-Tsin. Foreigners there are hard pressed."

REMEY.

ADMIRAL KEMPEY, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE UNITED STATES NAVAL FORCES ON THE ASIATIC STATION, HAVING ARRIVED IN CHINESE WATERS, IS IN COMMAND OVER THE HEAD OF ADMIRAL KEMPEY, WHOM HE RANKS. IT IS BELIEVED THAT HIS CABLEGRAM THIS MORNING RELATING TO THE LANDING OF THE NINTH INFANTRY HAS LOST A DATE LINE, FOR IT IS DOUBTED THAT THE TROOPS WERE LANDED AT TAKU INSTEAD OF AT CHE FOO, AS HIS MESSAGE PRESUMES.

ADMIRAL KEMPEY SCORED ANOTHER CREDIT THROUGH THE FORMAL STATEMENT BY THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT THAT THE BOMBARDMENT OF THE FORTS AT TAKU, WHICH WAS DONE OVER HIS PROTEST, AND WITHOUT HIS PARTICIPATION, PRECIPITATED THE CRISIS AT PEKING.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL LUDINGTON HAS BEEN MAKING INQUIRIES AS TO THE CHARACTER OF WEATHER TO BE EXPECTED IN THAT PORTION OF CHINA IN WHICH HOSTILITIES ARE IN PROGRESS, IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN THE NEEDS OF THE SOLDIERS IN THE MATTER OF CLOTHING.

DAILY BOMBARDMENT.

Fire Caused at German Consulate by Shells of Boxers.

BERLIN, July 11.—The German consul at Tien Tsin cables that the foreign settlements were continually bombarded by the Chinese from July 5th to July 10th. On July 6th, 2,000 Boxers attacked the French settlement and were routed by the Russians. The British and Japanese forces, July 7th, bombarded the Chinese batteries.

Towards evening, the Chinese shells penetrated the roof of the German consulate and caused an outbreak of fire, which was extinguished after slight damage had been done.

On July 6th, the Pie Ping sailed for Taku, with the German wounded. River communication between Tien Tsin and Taku has been safe since the Chinese fort midway between the two towns was captured.

The railroad from Tong Ku has been repaired to within ten miles of Tien Tsin. Nearly all the families of foreigners left Tien Tsin for Taku July 4th.

ALLIES DEFEATED.

General Ma Recaptured Chinese Eastern Arsenal.

LONDON, July 11.—The Express this morning publishes a dispatch from Tien Tsin, dated Friday last via Che Foo, saying: "General Ma has defeated the allied troops, and recaptured the Chinese eastern arsenal, after inflicting great loss upon the defenders. The engagement lasted six hours, and was fought with great determination by both sides. The Chinese were eventually able to use the guns of the fort about 100 yards from the city walls, near the Taotai's Yamen. The allied troops suffered heavily from lack of heavy guns, and cavalry."

"The Japanese commander sent an urgent appeal to hurry reinforcements, as the Chinese were in immediate danger of a defeat."

A STRONG FORCE.

Rumored That England Will Send 100,000 Troops to China.

LONDON, July 11.—It was strongly rumored in service and parliamentary clubs to-day that the British Government was preparing to send 100,000 Indian troops to China in the autumn. A Foreign Office official said to a representative of the Associated Press that no such number of men could possibly be spared from India nor was it possible for Great Britain to add to her present responsibilities by sending out such a force.

"Wherever you look," he added, "it may safely be asserted that strong British reinforcements will be on their way to the Far East before the end of September."

THE BOXERS DISPERSE.

Li Hung Chang Receives Word to This Effect from Peking.

PARIS, July 11.—The Chinese Minister here informed M. Delcasse to-day that Li Hung Chang had called him from Canton, under yesterday's date, saying that he had just received a telegram from Peking asserting that the soldiers and the rebels who surrounded the legations had gradually dispersed.

VON KETTELER'S SUCCESSOR.

Dr. Mumm Von Schwarzenstein Has Been Appointed.

BERLIN, July 11.—Dr. Mumm von Schwarzenstein, the Envoy Extraordinary of Germany to the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, has been appointed German minister to China, in succession to the late Baron von Ketteler.

THE CAUSE OF UPRISING.

An Imperial Decree Giving Chinese Account of the Trouble.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—An imperial decree, dated third day of sixth moon, was received by telegraph to-day by Minister Wu, from the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, which was translated into English and published in the official gazette of the Chih Li Province, who received it by special courier on June 26th from the Board of War, who in turn received it from the Privy Council in Peking.

The circumstances which led to the commencement of fighting between Chinese and foreigners were of such a complex, confusing and unfortunate character as to be entirely inexplicable to the public representatives abroad, owing to their distance from the scene of action, have had no means of knowing the true state of things, and accordingly cannot lay the blame of the government before the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the respective Powers to which they are accredited. Now, we take this opportunity of going fully into the matter for the information of our representatives abroad.

"The first place, there arose in the provinces of Chih Li and Shang Tung a kind of religious subjects who had been in the habit of practicing boxing and fencing in their respective villages, and at the same time wearing their hair in the traditional and strange style. The local authorities failed to take due notice of them at the time. Accordingly the influence spread with astonishing rapidity. Within the space of a month it seemed to make its appearance everywhere, and finally even reached the capital itself."

"People looked upon the movement as supernatural and strange and many joined it. Then there were lawless and violent persons who sounded the cry of 'Down with the foreigners!' and in the middle of the fifth moon, these persons began to create disturbances without warning. Churches were burned and converts were killed. The whole city was in a ferment. A strange riot was created which could not be brought under control. At first the foreign powers requested that foreign troops be allowed to enter the capital for the protection of the legations. The Imperial Government having in view the comparative urgency of the matter, granted the request as an extraordinary mark of courtesy beyond the requirements of international intercourse. Over five hundred foreign troops were sent to Peking. This shows the special care China exercised in the maintenance of friendly relations with other countries. The legations at the capital never had much to do with the people. But from the time foreign troops entered the city the guards did not devote themselves exclusively to the protection of their respective legations. They sometimes fired their guns on top of the city walls and some times patrolled the streets everywhere. There were repeated reports of persons being hit by stray bullets. Moreover they stroiled about the city without restraint, and even attempted to enter the Tung Hua gate (the eastern gate of the city)."

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FUSION FORCES MEET IN LINCOLN

Little Had Been Accomplished at a Late Hour, SOME BITTERNESS.

Populists are Chagrined Over the Defeat of Towne.

HE WILL LIKELY WITHDRAW.

Practically Announced This His Intention in a Speech—Silver Republicans Endorse Candidacy of Bryan and Stevenson—Mr. Bryan Spoke and Was Heartily Greeted.

LINCOLN, NEB., July 11.—The fusion forces of Nebraska, including the Democratic, Populist and Silver-Republican parties, held their State conventions here to-day to nominate a full State and electoral ticket. Some bitterness was evident among the Populists over the defeat of their Vice-Presidential candidate, Charles A. Towne, in the Democratic National Convention, and up to a late hour little had been accomplished either by the conference committees of the three parties, which was to decide upon the apportionment of the offices, or in the way of other business before the convention.

W. J. Bryan and Charles A. Towne made brief addresses at the Populist Convention, the latter remaining over-night in Lincoln in order to do so.

"The Populist State Convention was called to order by State Chairman Edmonson with over 1,200 delegates present. In his address Chairman Edmonson urged that delegates work in unity in the interests of the reform forces. His reference to W. J. Bryan, 'that noble man that free man who represents the interest of common humanity,' was enthusiastically cheered."

Senator Allen was made temporary chairman and made a plea for harmony, saying there was never a time in the history of the country that such a grave crisis confronted it. After the announcement of the committees on platforms, and order of business, the Sixth Congressional district elected the Democratic and Silver-Republican members of the committee on conference with the Democrats and Silver-Republicans. The convention then took a recess until 8 P. M., pending the report of the committee.

THE DEMOCRATS.

Chairman Hall, of the State Central Committee, called the Democratic State convention to order, and introduced as temporary chairman T. J. Doyle, of Lincoln. Chairman Doyle made an address of considerable length. His incidental reference to W. J. Bryan brought out hearty applause. Following the appointment of a committee on credentials, W. D. Gillette, of Lincoln, of the Populist party, addressed the convention. Mr. Bidl, former editor of the Lincoln Daily Star, and the regular venire of juramen was called, and out of that number only six were accepted. The regular venire of juramen was called, and out of that number only six were accepted. The regular venire of juramen was called, and out of that number only six were accepted.

SILVER REPUBLICANS.

The Free Silver Republicans organized by George W. Johnson, of Lincoln, temporary and then permanent chairman, and after appointing a committee on conference, took a recess.

The Democrats, on reassembling, adopted the report of the Credentials Committee, and the temporary organization was made permanent. The Committee on Resolutions then reported the platform. It reaffirms the declaration of the National Convention at Kansas City, and pledges the members of Congress and State officers, and pledges the nominees of the convention to an economical administration of State affairs.

NOTE OF DISCORD.

The first note of discord among the Silver Republicans came when Delegate Ransom offered a set of resolutions approving the withdrawal of Charles A. Towne as a candidate for Vice-President in favor of W. J. Bryan. The resolutions were withdrawn. Mr. Towne, who was present, in a short speech practically announced his intention to withdraw, but added that he would take as active a part and work as hard as any of the members of the ticket as if he were a candidate.

The resolutions endorse the Silver-Republican platform and pledge support to W. J. Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson. None of the committees were ready to report, and the convention listened in speechless silence until 11 o'clock, when the report of the Committee on Rules of Order was read and adopted.

Charles A. Towne was introduced amid tremendous cheering. Mr. Towne addressed the convention for about ten minutes, concluding with an eloquent tribute to Adlai E. Stevenson.

BRYAN SPOKE.

Just as he concluded W. J. Bryan entered the building, and for twenty minutes the convention was with enthusiastic cheering. Mr. Bryan said, in part: "I believe in this campaign we have better reason to appeal to the people of this State than any other previous campaign in which we have been engaged. If you will take the platform adopted by the parties you will find that the Republican platform has more in it to appeal to the people of a great agricultural State like Nebraska. Look that platform through, and you will not find anything in it that reflects the interests or aspirations of this State."

A distinguished Republican of Nebraska said he would have voted for W. J. Bryan if he had been a candidate for Vice-President. He said he would have voted for W. J. Bryan if he had been a candidate for Vice-President. He said he would have voted for W. J. Bryan if he had been a candidate for Vice-President.

DEVOTION TO PRINCIPLE.

"I am confident that the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans of this State will place their devotion to principle above any differences; that before morning they will agree upon a ticket satisfactory to all, and will make the fight this fall; that, with liberality of conscience, we will keep the three parties working together, and I think this State has the best chance of winning the reform forces against the common enemy."

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NEGRO FEND IN A GUARDED JAIL

Feeling High, But the Law Will Prevail. ATTEMPTED ASSAULT.

The Brute Failed in the Accomplishment of His Crime.

THERE IS GREAT EXCITEMENT.

Judge Kendall Told the Sheriff to Have the Jail Guarded to Prevent Lynching—Court in Session, and It Is Thought the Law Will Be Allowed to Take Its Course.

EASTVILLE, VA., July 11.—Special.

Great excitement prevailed in the lower part of Northampton county this morning, when the news spread that a negro man by the name of Joe Boone, from Southampton county, had attempted a criminal assault upon Mrs. Lulu Buford, wife of Mr. John Buford, a young farmer living near Seaview, this county.

This morning while Mrs. Buford was cleaning her cook-stove the negro brute walked into the room, and putting his hand on her shoulder, while she was in kneeling position, made known his malicious purposes.

She arose and ordered him from the room, when he drew his pistol and told her if she made a noise or over told any one he would kill her, and then left the house and returned to the field, where he was employed picking up potatoes.

THE JAIL GUARDED.

Sheriff Jarvis was at once summoned and placed him in the county jail at Eastville. The negro says he only wanted the lady to count his money.

While the feeling against the negro is high, everything is quiet now. Judge Kendall told the sheriff to have the jail guarded to-night to keep from having a lynching. It is thought the people will let the law take its course, as a speedy trial will be had, court being in session at this time.

THE GAYNOR-GREENE CASE.

Objections of Defense to Admission of Contracts as Evidence Overruled.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Hearing in the proceedings for the removal of B. D. Greene and J. P. E. R. and W. P. Gaynor to the jurisdiction of the Georgia Federal court was resumed to-day before Commissioner W. O. Storer, who was presiding.

W. O. Storer, who was presiding, called upon Captain O. M. Carter, who had been appointed by the various contracts made by General Gilmore and Captain Carter for the government work at Savannah, and Mr. Erwin offered them in evidence. Some of them are dated back to 1861.

Mr. Rose, of counsel for the defense, argued that General Gilmore was not authorized to make contracts in the name of the District Attorney, and that he desired the contracts made by General Gilmore in evidence to show how the prices had increased after Captain Carter had collected of the bids put in by the contractors.

Cross-examined, Storer testified that every one of the contracts introduced was approved by one or more officers superior to Captain Carter. Two or three of them were approved by the Secretary of War. Only five of the twenty-eight were made in the name of any of the Gaynors. Of those five, all were approved by the chief of the Engineers' Department.

Mr. Erwin, who in July took charge of the Southern harbor improvement works, identified drawings of log and brush mauls built by the Gaynors under a contract with General Gilmore, and similar drawings of work done by them under contracts made by Captain Carter.

Mr. Erwin replying to the objections of the defense, said there was a difference of nearly 60 per cent. in the price charged. Counsel for the defense declined to recognize Captain Gillette as an expert.

Commissioner Storer ruled that he was competent to testify to the correctness of the drawings presented. Captain Gillette was still on the stand when court adjourned until to-morrow.

EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION. Booker T. Washington Addressed a Large Crowd. CHARLESTON, S. C., July 11.—The members of the National Educational Association put in a busy day, two associations and the general organization and many meetings of departments taking up their time. Booker T. Washington, the negro educator, drew the largest crowd of the convention at the Auditorium to-night, speaking of the advancement of the colored man along educational lines.

The Nominating Committee will meet at noon to-morrow and decide upon a candidate for president. California is expected to present the name of Prof. Fosbury of Los Angeles, but the sentiment of the delegates is that the honor should go East. Prof. J. M. Green, of Trenton, N. J., has many friends, and although he is not pressing his candidacy, the chair is likely to go to the New Jersey man.

Cincinnati and Detroit are claiming the next convention. The committee will be organized to-morrow by the Board of Directors. St. Louis has put in a bid for the convention in 1902, the year of their Exposition.

The delegates are improving their idle hours by visiting the numerous island resorts and the many historic places around Charleston.

CASE OF NEELEY.

Government Officials Met and Confer Over the Matter.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A conference of government officials was held to-day at the Department of Justice in the case of C. W. F. Neeley, charged with embezzling Cuban postal funds and now in jail in New York, pending the settlement of the question of his surrender to the Cuban authorities for extradition to Havana for trial. There were present Attorney-General Griggs, Secretary Root, United States Attorney Baldwin, of New York,

WHEAT TAKE LITTLE PART IN CAMPAIGN

The President's Time Fully Occupied.

NOTIFICATION TO-DAY

There Will be Large Crowds in Canton to See Ceremonies.

MR. M'KINLEY WILL SPEAK.

This and His Letter of Acceptance Will be Extent of His Participation in the Campaign—Undisturbed by Rumors of the Plot to Assassinate Him—Nothing as to Delegations.

CANTON, O., July 11.—The campaign of 1900 in Canton will not be a duplicate of the campaign of 1896. It is not the present intention of President McKinley to make speeches to delegations who may visit Canton during the summer and fall, even if he should remain here all the time.

The President will be so much occupied with public business that he will have but little time to devote to the campaign. Four years ago he was a private citizen, and as the candidate of his party felt justified in taking the active part in the campaign that he did. Now the President feels that he should give his attention to many questions which are pending and constantly arising.

It is the present intention of the President to confine his participation in the campaign to his speech to-morrow and his letter of acceptance. Various clubs, delegations and deputations have telegraphed here asking when they can be received by the President. The replies sent in response to these messages have said that the length of the President's stay in Canton is indefinite, and that he cannot make appointments for the reception of such delegations. Those who call to pay their respects will be received at times when the President is not engaged as they would be were he in Washington, but the President will not make speeches from the front porch to visiting delegations.

PREPARATIONS COMPLETE.

Preparations have about been completed for the notification of President McKinley of his nomination for the position he now holds. Two large flags, one covering the upper portion and the other draped over the awnings of the President's home, on North Market Street, are all the decorations which will meet the eyes of the visitors. Two large flags, one covering the upper portion and the other draped over the awnings of the President's home, on North Market Street, are all the decorations which will meet the eyes of the visitors.

Canton is getting ready for a large crowd. Many people can reach this city to-morrow to participate in the ceremonies and return home at night, and clubs and other organizations will be organized on the spot. Preparations will be organized on the spot.

In the ceremonies it is probable a number of speeches besides those of Senator McKinley and President McKinley will be made. Senator Hanna, Senator Fairbanks, and Representative Taylor, of this district, are to be called upon for short addresses.

The publication of the alleged plot against President McKinley did not disturb him in the least. He drove out with Judge Day in the morning, and walked about the lawn and porch chatting with visitors during the afternoon, as if fear of assassination was the thing furthest from his thoughts.

TO NOTIFY ROOSEVELT.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The committee appointed to notify Governor Roosevelt of his nomination to the Vice-Presidency held an informal meeting to-night in the city. Only sixteen of the forty-five members of the committee were present, and roll-call was deferred till to-morrow, when the committee will be organized on the train, which will leave at 10:10 Oyster Bay.

TO CARRY BRITISH TROOPS.

MONTEBAL, ILL., July 11.—The request of the Imperial authorities that the Canadian Pacific Railway has made all arrangements to carry whatever troops the British government may send to China direct from Quebec to Shanghai.

Names for Torpedo Boats.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Secretary of the Imperial authorities has named for the six new submarine torpedo boats the following: Grampus, Shark, Pike, Porpoise, Adler and Moccasin.

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Local.

—Barton Heights and Lakeside line at odds over tickets.

—Governor Tyler talks of his western trip.

—Chairman of Council committee chosen.

—Manchester mills to shut down.

—Found starling on the streets.

—Grain and cotton receipts show big increase.

—Want city charter amended.

—Postal receipts show big gain.

—State.

—Harvey H. Wilkinson convicted of murder in second degree, and his punishment fixed at six years in penitentiary.

—A negro fiend in guarded jail at Eastville.

—The Dover Association hears and adopts committee reports.

—Census Bureau has selected officers.

—A couple elope from Suffolk and marry in North Carolina.

—Middle cotton sells for 10 cents in Raleigh.

—General.

—Fusion forces meet in Lincoln, but accomplish very little.

—Towne announces his intention of withdrawing from the campaign.

—President McKinley will take very little part in the campaign.

—Preparations about completed for ceremony incident to notifying him of his nomination.

—Republican Convention held in West Virginia nominated candidate for Governor.

—Foreign.

—Situation in China very ominous.

—The allies in Tien Tsin are badly in need of reinforcements.

—Arthur and Niu Chwang are threatened.

—Russia has notified powers of her intention of sending a large force.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Forecast for Thursday and Friday: Virginia and North and South Carolina—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; fresh southerly winds.

RECOVERED FROM THE BURNED SHIP SAILED.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Twenty-four bodies were recovered from the hold of the