

LABOR DAY IS FITLY OBSERVED

Elaborate Celebration by Richmond Unions.

HAVE A FINE PARADE

This Followed by Stirring Speeches at Baseball Park.

AMUSEMENTS AND A DANCE

The Largest Parade and Demonstration of the Character Ever Given in Virginia—Everybody Has a Good Time—Sketches of the Unions and Their Leaders.

The celebration of Labor-Day here yesterday, under the auspices of the Central Trades and Labor Council was notably successful and easily the most elaborate affair of the kind ever undertaken by organized labor in Virginia.

In all their details and features the carefully laid plans of the committees having in hand the various parts of the celebration were carried out smoothly and promptly.

The day in regard to weather and temperature left nothing to be desired, and was in this respect in pleasing contrast to the rainy day of last year's parade.

The celebration of the day fell easily into four parts: the parade, the speech-making, the athletic sports and the ball at night.

The parade started promptly at 10 o'clock from Ninth and Broad, was under command of Chief-Marshal Dollard, and was made up of the men of twenty local unions. The Central Trades and Labor Council headed the line. Six other local unions affiliated in the formation of the Council for good reasons were unable to take part in the parade.

The speech-making took place at the baseball park on West Broad Street shortly after noon. The speakers of the day were President McCallum, of the Central Trades and Labor Council, the master of ceremonies; Labor Commissioner James B. Doherty, and Mr. Alfred B. Williams, of the Richmond News. The excellent addresses of these gentlemen were received with hearty applause.

The semi-athletic and social features of the afternoon and night were highly enjoyed by young and old as well, and served as a pleasing introduction and transition to the ball of the night at the Auditorium, where several hundred dancers passed an enjoyable evening until past the midnight hour.

The success of the day was notably due to the efficient direction of affairs by Chief-Marshal R. P. Dollard and President Daniel McCallum and their willing, intelligent and untiring aids and assistants. Mr. Dollard is the sergeant-at-arms of the Central Trades and Labor Council and a member of the Cigar-makers' Union, of which he has been president for the past six terms. He has been a delegate to the central body for six years and has done much to advance the cause of his fellow workmen.

Mr. McCallum, the president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, is also the president of the Typographical Union, of which he has been a member for thirty-five years. No man's voice has more weight in the council of organized labor.

PARADE A GREAT SUCCESS.

Trades Council and Twenty Unions, With Full Ranks, Present Fine Appearance.

Twenty local unions, headed by the Central Trades and Labor Council, the representative body or parliament, in which each union has a representation of five delegates, formed the most imposing and impressive parade of the character ever witnessed in Virginia.

It started from Ninth and Broad Streets promptly at 10 o'clock. The various unions had, in advance of the parade, taken up positions on Broad Street. The line of march was down Broad to Governor, to Main, to Sixth, to Broad and to the Ball Park. Chief-Marshal Dollard led the parade and closely closed at least thirty blocks and took more than a half hour in passing any given point. What, with the white uniforms, varied hats, and the caps and badges and canes, and the tin umbrellas of the tin workers, the long line presented a most pleasing and picturesque picture as it marched along between the Gensley packed crowds of mothers or sisters or children.

First in line came a platoon of police, which presented a formidable front and had its hands full when it tackled the Central problem of how to keep the typical American small boy from getting right in front and in the way of everything.

First in line came Chief-Marshal Dollard and his staff, well mounted, among them several of the notable labor leaders of the city who have had an important place in the making of this Labor Day celebration. The chairman of the General Committee, Mr. W. F. Russell, rode a beautiful sorrel horse. He is a member of the Granite Cutters' Union, president of the Building Trades Council, and an important member of the Central Trades and Labor Council.

Among other well known labor men, who were recognized with many salutations and cheers, were the chairman of other important Labor Day Committees, the chairman of the Programme Committee was Mr. M. R. Easer, treasurer of the Central Trades and Labor Council and a member of Typographical Union, No. 93. He is one of the oldest trade unionists in the city. He was one of the first delegates to the Central Trades and Labor Council. Delegates stated that the very kind and obliging chairman of the Programme Committee was Mr. V. J.

DON'T WANT THEIR COURT ABOLISHED

Bristol Lawyers Appear Before Committee.

WOULD WORK INJURY

Judge Rhea, Mr. Price and Others Speak.

TIE VOTE ON SINGLE SYSTEM

Proposition Lost in Committee on Judiciary Corporation Committee Fails of Quorum.

Mr. Withers' Committee Considers Expenses of Public Institutions, Gossip Gathered from the Members.

The Judiciary Committee did not have a quorum last night, but the delegation who came all the way from Bristol to present the claims of that thriving and progressive city for a retention of their Corporation Court, concluded they would prefer to submit their case to the members present. To have postponed the hearing would have detained them in Richmond for two days longer. Members of the committee present were Chairman Hunton, Messrs. Withers, Smith, Meredith, Braxton and Summers.

Short addresses were made by Judge W. F. Rhea, Colonel S. V. Fulkerson and John W. Price, member of the House from Bristol. Colonel Fulkerson first read the resolution adopted by the Bristol bar and read statistics showing the immense amount of business done in Bristol and the small expense of the courts in proportion to the number of cases disposed of.

Judge Rhea, who spoke next, formerly presided over the Bristol Court. He showed that the city paid over ten thousand dollars a year in taxes, that the cost of the courts was only thirteen hundred dollars. This included the judge's salary, which was paid entirely by the corporation. He said the fines collected by the clerk amounted to nearly as much as the cost of the courts.

MR. PRICE SPEAKS. Mr. Price gave the tax rate of the city, and said that ninety-nine per cent. of the inhabitants of Bristol desired the court. He stated that the cost of the courts was only thirteen hundred dollars. This included the judge's salary, which was paid entirely by the corporation. He said the fines collected by the clerk amounted to nearly as much as the cost of the courts.

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WEALTHY WOMAN UNDER ARREST

Charged With Forging Railway Certificate

FOR LARGE AMOUNT

Raised Figures from Five to One Thousand.

LIVED IN EXPENSIVE MANNER

Coaching Through England, and Intended Buying Stud Farm—Counsel Intimates That She Was Temporarily Insane—Formerly Skilfully Done.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, September 2.—Maria Josephine Eastwick, of Philadelphia, was arraigned in the Guildhall Police Court today, charged with having forged a railway certificate of the value of £100,000. Sensational evidence was presented.

The public prosecutor said the defendant had been a resident in England for eighteen months, and was believed to be an American of wealth. She had been living with persons, said to be her father and sister, at the Metropole, London, and had been coaching through England and living generally in the most expensive manner. Lately she had removed to Hampstead for the benefit of her health. She obtained an introduction to Mr. Beeton a member of the Stock Exchange, to whom the defendant represented herself to be the owner of securities worth, roughly, £500,000. She said she wanted to buy a thousand shares of United States Steel Corporation as a speculation.

This operation was also of a high class. The defendant said she did not have the defendant then bought five shares of Canadian Pacific and sent her check therefor. She wrote to Mr. Beeton August 15th, from Stamford-Avon, saying she expected a thousand Canadian Pacific shares from New York, and wanted a loan on them, as she was desirous of buying more United States Steel. Mr. Beeton replied that he did not think there would be any difficulty in raising a certificate for five Canadian Pacific shares August 16th.

CERTIFICATE ALTERED. The prosecutor said that by August 26th, the certificate had been altered, the name of the original holder had been erased and the name of Maria Josephine Eastwick had been substituted. The word "five" had been altered to "one thousand," and all other details so that it appeared to be a certificate for a thousand shares of the same value. This was instead of five shares. This was skillfully done. The certificate bore a shilling revenue stamp instead of one for £10, which a certificate for one thousand shares would carry.

The defendant sent the alleged document with a letter to Mr. Beeton, asking him to buy a thousand United States Steel shares in the firm name, also requesting a loan of £1,000, adding she was going in for motor cars rather heavily, and was about to purchase a stud farm.

NO RECEIPT IRREGULARITY. Mr. Beeton, clerk, on receiving the certificate, noticed the stamp irregularity and went to the Canadian Pacific Railway's office, where it was pronounced to be a forgery. Mr. Beeton wired this information to the defendant, asking for an explanation. She replied, "Call me on telephone," and then telephoned, "Have sent no certificate; don't understand."

Mr. Beeton notified the police of London and a detective arrested the defendant at the Palace Hotel, Buxton, Saturday. The defendant was remanded until September 9th. She will be afforded special privileges on account of the poor state of her health, and will be examined by doctors. Her counsel intimated that the prisoner was suffering from temporary insanity. Her father, who had been arrested, could not get into court matters at present, but everything would come out all right.

TURNED OFF THE GAS.

Night Clerk Dunstan Probably Saved the Lives of Three Ladies.

Night Clerk Dunstan, of New Ford's, was the hero of an incident on Saturday night, or rather early Sunday morning. Three ladies from the neighborhood of South Boston reached the city on an excursion train at that time and were shown to one of the best rooms in the hotel. Being unfamiliar with the mode of operating the gas apparatus, in their confusion the gas was blown out and the ladies retired. In a short while thereafter Mr. Dunstan made his rounds and detected the rumes of gas. He made a thorough search and located the room from which the fumes came. He turned off the gas and after some little trouble the ladies were awakened.

Had the escape of the gas been noticed a short while longer there is no telling what might have been the result, and the ladies were most profuse in their thanks to Mr. Dunstan.

MRS. ANGLE'S NARROW ESCAPE

Dose of Carbolic Acid Came Near Ending Her Life.

Mrs. Rosa Angle, wife of Mr. Joseph Angle, who is employed at the W. R. Trigg ship-yards, was critically ill from a dose of carbolic acid.

Dr. A. B. Cosby, assisted by Dr. Harrison of the ambulance service, worked upon her three hours, and he thought she was out of danger at 11 P. M.

Mrs. Angle lives with her husband at No. 1824 Livingston Street, in Henrico county. Under what circumstances she swallowed the poison is not known. Mr. Angle was not at home.

Letter-Carriers in Session.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 2.—The twelfth annual convention of National Association of Letter-Carriers assembled here to-day. The Committee on Credentials reported that the attendance was larger than at any previous convention. A street parade was the feature of the day.

MR. STEARNS WINS NUMBER OF PRIZES

Almost Perfect Record in Trap Shooting.

WEST END TAKES CUP

This Club Wins Championship Again, With East End Second.

TOURNAMENT OPENS FAVORABLY

First Day's Events Marked By Large Attendance and Some Very Fine Scores.

Many Visitors Present—To-Day's Programme—To Meet in Lynchburg Next Year.

The opening day of the second annual tournament of the Virginia Trap-Shooters' Association at Blandon Park was all that could have been expected. The weather was good and the field was large—not quite as large, so far as local shooters was concerned, as might have been wished, but still most encouraging—and the number of spectators, many of them ladies, was an indication of increased interest on the part of the layman in trap-shooting.

The following experts went in for exhibition shooting: Fanning, Banks, Winchester, Leroy, Lincoln. Mixed quads next competing: Courtney, Buckner, Collins, Hood and McKeliden.

Some good scores were made in the various events. This was particularly true of the work of Mr. Franklin Stearns, of this city, who hit 144 targets out of 150, president of the association; R. L. Purdie, S. Terry, J. J. Jackson, J. A. Purdie, G. W. Bruffy, Dr. Wilson and W. T. Trevillian.

CLUB CHAMPION SHOOT.

The team work of the West-End Club making the best showing, with the East-End Club second. The following teams entered the match for State championship: Lynchburg-Terry, Scott, Fox, W. J. Dunlap, George.

Oakwood, Lynchburg-Nelson, E. M. Daniel, Moorman, Dennis, Campbell. Portsmouth-Gallagher, Brett, Agliato, Billosly, Byrd.

Ashton-Hutchings, Hart, Trevillian, Cox, Blank.

Wytheville-Stephen, French, Lawson, Otey, Penn.

Staunton-Merriken, Davis, Sellings, Kirafoe, Wayman.

South-End-Stearns, Doyle, Boyd, Hammond, H. K. Ellyson, Jr., 45. Total, 23.

East-End-Gun Club-Hedger, 40; Anderson, 35; Boudar, 41; Southward, 41; C. D. Goff, 38. Total, 204.

Wytheville-Gun Club-Serphus, 41; Fink, 46; Lawson, 28; Otey, 42; R. L. Peirce, 43. Total, 202.

Lakeside Country Club-Johnson, 41; Curtis, Saunders, Doyle, 37; Miasie, 32; Lakeside, 32. Total, 188.

Lynchburg Gun Club-Col. R. S. Terry, 39; C. W. Scott, 41; Fox, 37; W. J. Daniel, 31; Venable, 33. Total, 157.

Northside-Gun Club-Richmond-Jackson, 37; Purdie, 38; Coleman, 33; Lorraine, 41; Warren, 36. Total, 185.

Staunton Gun Club-Merriken, 40; Davis, 31; Sellings, 41; Kirafoe, 43; Wayman, 35. Total, 190.

Portsmouth Gun Club-Gallagher, 42; Butt, 39; Agelasto, 29; Billosly, 31; Byrd, 28. Total, 189.

Ashton Gun Club-G. B. Hutchings, 25; Hart, 25; Trevillian, 41; Cox, 34; Blank, 24. Total, 155.

Oakwood Gun Club of Lynchburg-Nelson, 43; E. M. Daniel, 43; W. L. Moorman, 32; Dennis, 41; Campbell, 15. Total, 174.

Deep Run Gun Club-Vaughan, 29; Anderson, 31; Wood, 33; Buckner, 23; T. M. Tignor, 20. Total, 122.

MR. STEARNS' GOOD WORK.

The shooting began promptly at 10 o'clock in the morning, but a defect in one of the traps late in the day delayed some of the events, and it was almost dark when the traps were shut down for the day. Some of the scores made were remarkable ones, particularly that of Mr. Franklin Stearns, who hit 144 targets out of 150, aside from his work on the West-End team. The Richmond shooters showed up wonderfully well, and the entire Association, in the opinion of such experts as J. S. Fanning and L. D. Thomas, of the Laffin and Hand Powder Company, is in better condition, so far as talent goes, than any in the country.

DAY OF REST FOR THOSE WHO LABOR

The Celebration General Throughout Country.

PARADES AND PICNICS

Bryan Spoke to Thousands at Kansas City Celebration.

GOOD ORDER PREVAILED MOSTLY

There Was Rioting, However, at Tybee Island, Near Savannah, Ga., and Cracked Heads and Noses Resulted—Thousands Were in Line in Pittsburg.

(By Associated Press.) KANSAS CITY, MO., Sept. 2.—Labor-Day was marked by the largest and most imposing parade of labor unions ever seen here, and by the participation of William J. Bryan in the procession and exercises.

Eight thousand men marched through the streets, grouped in their unions and each union wearing a distinguishing uniform. The parade occupied a carriage at the head of the line and was cheered as he was recognized.

A striking feature of the parade was the Hod-Carriers' Union, negroes, 225 men, led by a negro union. The orator of the afternoon was W. J. Bryan, who was preceded by Mayor Reed. The pavilion at the park was crowded to suffocation. Mr. Bryan took for his text the Bible verse, "Muzzle Not the Ox that Treadeth Out the Corn."

Mr. Bryan said: "Each decade of our history shows greater production of wealth, and the men who produce it have less to show for it. This is a good condition for the laboring man to divide profits with the law. The strike is to-day the only weapon the laborer has, but it is weak and ineffective."

"If the laboring men were half as active on election day as they are in enforcement of their strikes, they would wield a formidable method of the evils which beset them."

"The greatest danger of to-day is private monopoly. Not that any monopoly is worse than others. I have heard that the true solution of the problem is for the laboring man to divide profits with the trusts. That has been given an argument for the trusts. Such a thing would be immoral and impolitical."

It would be like dividing the spoils of the highwayman. It would be permitting a man to rifle your pockets and then offer to divide the proceeds with you. To-day the only people who sympathize with you are the others who toll in other parts of the world. The method of the present great steel strike, where did the first expressions of sympathy come from? From Texas. They have no steel mills there. They are farmers. They are tillers of the soil and laborers like yourselves."

RESIST THE OVERTURES.

"I want to warn you to resist the overtures of the trust. Beware when corporations ask you to join them. The farmers can stand the encroachment of the trusts longer than you can. The farmers live off their farms. When trust prices get so high that the farmers cannot buy, they will eat the products of their own industry. Their wives can even go back to the old-fashioned method of making clothes by weaving, but when the farmer can no longer pay trust prices then there will be no more sale for the products of your toil and you can make no more wages."

HEADS WERE BROKEN.

Celebration Resulted in Rioting and Troops Were Called For.

(By Associated Press.) SAVANNAH, GA., Sept. 2.—Business of all kinds was practically suspended from noon to-day for Labor-Day. There was a parade of organized labor through the streets, in which both races participated. A feature of the parade was the fact that the line was led by the negro Union of Bricklayers.

After the parade the unions took the train for Tybee Island, twenty miles distant, where the principal events of the day were to occur. During the afternoon there was much boisterousness at times, and a number of individual fights.

At night there occurred what promised to become a general and dangerous riot between the strikers and soldiers from Fort Screven. A call was sent to the fort for troops to quell the disturbance, but for some reason there was no response. After the rioting subsided it was found there were many broken heads and noses, but no fatalities.

THOUSANDS IN LINE.

Striking Steelmen Were Greeted With Enthusiasm.

(By Associated Press.) PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 2.—Pittsburg was given over to the "Sturdy Sons of Toll" to-day, who paraded the streets many thousands strong in celebration of Labor Day. The interest, owing to the Amalgamated strike, was never as great as this year, and in the procession here were workmen from almost every trade in this great industrial center.

The parade started about 10 o'clock and was in four divisions. The first division was made up of the Amalgamated strikers, with President Shaffer in command. It was one of the largest divisions and the striking steel workers were greeted with enthusiasm along the route. The parade was estimated to have from 25,000 to 30,000 men were in line.

The parade was interspersed with many bands. The best of feeling prevailed and there was no disorder. With the dismissal of the parade, there was a general dispersal. The first division was made up of the allied trades of Western Pennsylvania was held. Addresses were made by President Shaffer, Simon Burns, of the Window Glass Workers' Association, George J. Churchill and others. The day was spent in dancing and athletic sports.

CELEBRATION GENERAL.

Labor Day Observed by Parades, Picnics and Suspension of Business.

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 2.—Organized workmen in Chicago and vicinity celebrated Labor Day with a parade and picnic. (Continued on Seventh Page.)

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