The Razor Slips

apply CREAM OF OLIVES at once. It stops the bleeding, mends the gash, heals it, and helps new skin to form. It takes the ache from any bruise and reduces the swelling. Draws all the heat and sting from a scald and prevents a scar. Allays the anguish of the burn. It removes pimples, blotches, redness and leaves the skin as soft as velvet. Have it in your home and your satchel. It will not fail you. MASON'S CREAM OF OLIVES cures Catarrh, Croup, Pimples, Neuralgia, Eczema, Burns and Piles. "Safe and Sure." 25c.

MASON'S CREAM OLIVES CURES

CATARRH
NEURALGIA
BURNS, PILES
TIRED FEET
ERUPTIONS

An Ointment free from Mercury or Opiates. Twenty-five cents a Box at Druggists or mailed for price by H. T. MASON CHEMICAL CO., 521 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

POPE'S SILVER JUBILEE.

It Will Be Celebrated on March 5th—Other Religious Notes.

The celebration of the silver jubilee of Pope Leo XIII's accession to the papal throne will take place Monday, and Cardinal Gibbons will probably this week issue his circular pertaining to it.

The actual date of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the accession of the Pontiff to the chair of St. Peter was February 20th, but the celebration will take place on March 5th, the date of the coronation.

The Cardinal, in his circular, will recommend to the faithful that they assemble in the various churches and unite in thanksgiving services in honor of the event.

A union meeting of all the Presbyterian congregations of the city was held last night at 8 o'clock at the First Presbyterian Church. The services were in the interest of the young people. Rev. Jere Witherspoon, D. D., made the address.

Bishop Robert A. Gibson will conduct the services of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew at St. Paul's Church from 1 to 1:30 o'clock to-day and to-morrow.

The Rev. J. T. Brown, of King George county, has accepted a call to a church in Middleton, Pa.

The Education Commission appointed by the Baptist General Association will hold a meeting in Richmond on March 4th at 11 A. M. in the Second Baptist Church. The committee has in hand the preparation of some scheme for systematizing and co-ordinating the educational work of the Baptist denomination. It is probable that one of the main things to be considered at this meeting will be the interests of the Southwestern Virginia Institute, at Bristol.

The commission is composed of Drs. T. B. Thames, W. E. Hatcher, W. R. L. Smith, R. H. Pitt and A. B. Woodfin; Revs. B. Cabell Hening and Julian Broaddus, and Messrs. Simon Seward, David E. Johnston, W. R. Barksdale, R. H. Hudgall, W. W. Moffitt, H. F. Crismond, R. T. Camp and Robert Frazer.

Bishop John C. Granbery, who has been on an extended episcopal trip to Mexico, returned to the city this morning accompanied by his son, John C. Granbery. The bishop reports the work in Mexico to be in fine shape.

Next Sunday morning the Right Rev. Robert A. Gibson will preach in the Wedloll-Memorial Chapel, Denny Street, Fulton, after which he will administer the rite of confirmation. The Rev. Edwin B. Snead is the minister in charge of the chapel.

The Rev. John Ridout, rector of Grace Church, Petersburg, will preach Friday night at the special Lenten services in Holy Trinity Church.

The Executive Committee of the Anti-Saloon League will hold a meeting to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. parlor.

WEDDING IN HENRICO.

Marriage Took Place Last Night—Items From the Country.

Miss Ella Foster was married to Mr. Henry G. Wunsch at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Foster, in Henrico county, yesterday evening. Mr. Wunsch is a wealthy butcher of Newberne, N. C., where the couple will make their future home.

Th cteachers of Henrico county will meet in Superintendent Fussell's office Saturday for the purpose of organizing a teachers' association.

The regular meeting of the Henrico county Board of Supervisors will be held next Tuseday.

The condition of Supervisor Frayser was considerably improved yesterday.

Constable T. H. Samuel, who has been confined to his home for several weeks, is able to be out again.

Mr. Early Ill.

Information received here from Greene county is to the effect that Mr. N. B. Early, Sr., who has been sick for over two months, is still in a critical condition and for the last ten days he has grown much weaker, and his friends are fearful that he cannot survive much longer. Mr. N. B. Early, Jr., member of the House, has been constantly with him since the Legislature adjourned in December. He has not been able to attend to his legislative duties since the House reconvened.

TWO OFFICES ARE RESTORED

Convention Reversed Itself in Committee of the Whole.

REGISTER, PUBLIC PRINTER

These Positions, Formerly Abolished, Are to Remain in the New Constitution. The Day's Proceedings in the Convention.

The taxation report was completed in Committee of the Whole yesterday, the big fight made over section one resulting, as all others had, in a victory for the committee.

The features of the morning session were the fervid and unique prayer by Rev. Dr. Hannon and the inimitable humor of the argument of Mr. Wysor in opposition to section one.

The afternoon session was notable for the reversal of itself by voting to restore the offices of register of the land office and public printer, which had formerly been abolished. It was decided to elect the State Treasurer and Secretary of the Commonwealth by the people, after repeated and strenuous efforts to make the Legislature the electorate.

Efforts to have the Auditor elected by the people failed. The article on Executive Department was completed and referred to the Committee on Final Revision.

THE DAY IN DETAIL.

The convention was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Hannon, of the Methodist Church. He made a most impressive prayer, one of the best yet heard.

Among other noteworthy invocations was one that the Almighty would give members of the convention the courage to give liquor a black eye in their future walk in private life.

In Committee of the Whole, section 1 of the report on taxation was taken up. It reads:

All property, except as hereinafter provided, shall be taxed; all taxes whatsoever, whether State, local or municipal, shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax and shall be levied and collected under general laws.

An amendment offered by Mr. Hamilton was pending to strike out all after the word "uniform," after inserting the words "equal and" after the word "be."

Mr. Wysor made the first speech in support of the amendment. He kept the convention in a roar of laughter by his ridicule, first of the committee, next of the Legislature, then of the convention.

LOG-ROLLING.

He said the Committee on Taxation had been trying to drum up support and had been log-rolling to get its recommendation adopted. He declared that it should have done like his Committee on Corporations, depended entirely upon the merit of its recommendations to carry them through, without any attempt to convince or convert anybody. (Great laughter.) The unlimited taxing power should be left with the Legislature, after requiring that the principle of equality and uniformity which have been observed for fifty years should be their guide. The Legislature was a greater body than the convention, for the convention often took two or three days to discuss taking a recess for two weeks without pay, while the Legislature did not take but five minutes to take a recess for two months with pay. Referring to the bill introduced in the Senate by "The Little Giant," he said he proposed to redistrict the State into congressional districts by main strength and awkwardness, and the only way he saw to head him off would be to get some Delilah to weaken him by cutting off his hair.

TELEPHONE TAX.

Referring to the discrimination in taxation, he instanced the law passed taxing telephones, and said it was an ascending scale beginning at 50 cents and going on up to $1.50. He was making things lively by showing it was intended to catch the Bell Telephone, when Senator Keezell interrupted him and said it was not an ascending but a descending scale; that it went from $1.50 down to 50 cents. (Great laughter). Mr. Wysor said he intended by this to show that Mr. Boaz ought to have to pay an ascending or descending scale on his nippin orchard. He then exhibited a picture of Mr. Boaz and his orchard as printed in the Agricultural Bulletin and showed where he got $21,000 every five years "off them trees," and contended that he was doing a great deal better than the telephone company, he Wysor, was interested in, for in five years he had tried their law suits, helped to pay their bills and never had got a cent in dividends. He sang a "sweet apple-blossom" song, representing Mr. Boaz in the apple orchard, and remarked when his song was over: "Who says the a cow sticks of this hall are not bad." When Mr. Wysor sat down he said he had promised Governor Cameron to entertain the convention until eleven o'clock, when the train came, but, as he noticed Mr. Hamilton, of Petersburg, who was on his side, had arrived, he couldn't hold on any longer.

He earnestly urged the convention to adopt the Hamilton amendment.

FOR AMENDMENT.

Judge Robertson made the next speech in support of the amendment, remarking when he began that he hoped he would not be considered as talking against time.

MR. MOORE'S DEFENSE.

Mr. R. W. Moore, for the committee, ably defended the recommendation of the report and said that all the economic writers from Adam Smith down had shown that the only practical method of equalizing the burdens of taxation was by the system of classification of the subjects of taxation.

The only way in which corporate property could be taxed with equality and uniformity was to permit the Legislature to have a free hand, so that as conditions arose taxes could be levied according to development of the time.

Mr. Hamilton spoke in support of the amendment, and elaborated the points made by him last week in discussing the same amendment. He denied that he was making a fight for corporations.

A vote was taken on the amendment, and it was defeated—yeas, 18; nays, 26. Enough pairs were announced to make a quorum.

NO REDUCTION.

Mr. Gwyn offered an amendment limiting taxation to 25 cents on the $100. It was almost unanimously rejected. Section 1 was concurred in, as recommended by the committee.

Section 2 was adopted with an amendment offered by Mr. Turnbull, providing for the rate of taxation on property taken into a municipal corporation.

The section provides that all assessments of the value of real estate and tangible personal property shall be at their fair market value.

It allows the Legislature after January, 1913, to segregate for the purposes of taxation the several kinds or classes of property so as to specify and determine upon what subject local taxes may be levied.

This completed the report of the Committee on Taxation, and at 12:45 o'clock the committee arose and reported its completion to the convention. The amended report was ordered printed.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

On motion of Chairman Cameron, the convention took up so much of the report of the Committee on Executive Department as had been adopted in Committee of the Whole. He stated that for some inexplicable reason the supplemental report which had been submitted ten days ago had not been printed, and it could not be considered in Committee of the Whole.

Section 12, relating to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, was first considered. Judge Portlock moved to strike out the requirement that he be elected by the people and insert "by the joint vote of the General Assembly."

Chairman Cameron briefly opposed the amendment, saying it was a political office, and the committee had unanimously recommended that the Secretary of the Commonwealth should be elected by the people.

The amendment was rejected—yeas, 20; nays, 37.

WILL TRY TO RECONSIDER.

As soon as the vote was announced Judge Portlock asked that some one who voted in the majority would lodge a motion to reconsider the vote; that it was a very important matter and he wished to make a speech, but had lost his notes.

Mr. Lindsay moved to reconsider the vote, and further consideration of the question was postponed until the afternoon.

Mr. Ayers moved to strike out that portion of the section which required the Secretary of the Commonwealth to perform the duties of the Regester of the Land Office and of Superintendent of Public Printing.

Pending discussion of the motion to strike out, the convention at 2 o'clock took a recess until 4 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

The first matter taken up upon reassembling of the convention was the motion to strike out the provision requiring the Secretary of the Commonwealth to perform the duties of the Register of the Land Office. The motion prevailed—yeas, 31; nays, 14.

This means that the convention will reestablish the office of Register of the Land Office, which had formerly been abolished by a large majority.

A motion to strike out the clause placing the duties of the Public Printer in the hands of the Secretary of the Commonwealth was also carried—yeas, 36; nays, 19.

This also, ineffect, re-establishes the office of Public Printer.

Mr. Withers moved to strike out the entire section relating to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. He said it would seem best to leave the office and the officer entirely within the control of the Legislature and not make it a constitutional office at all.

Chairman Cameron raised the point of order, which was sustained, that a motion to strike out could not be entertained pending the motion to reconsider the vote upon the motion to have the Secretary elected by the General Assembly.

Judge Portlock then made an earnest speech in support of his resolution to amend by providing for the election of Secretary of the Commonwealth by the General Assembly. The points made by him have been frequently reported in debates on this question heretofore had. He made a very able and extended speech, occupying nearly an hour. The amendment was rejected—yeas, 21; nays, 40.

Section twelve was adopted as amended.

Section eleven was amended by striking out the clause relating to membership of Lieutenant Governor of the Board of Public Works, and pay for such services. As amended it was adopted.

STATE TREASURER.

Attorney-General Anderson moved to amend section thirteen by providing that the State Treasurer should be elected by the General Assembly instead of by the people. He made an earnest and extended speech in opposition to electing officers by the people, illustrating many of the very best class of officers, among them postmasters, etc., who were not so elected. He believed in popular government, but he did not think such officers as treasurers, having special expert work to perform, should be elected by the people.

Mr. Withers replied in a rousing speech in opposition to the amendment and in behalf of electing all State officers by the people. He said the Attorney-General, who was the head of the law department, was in the hands of the people, and he had heard no complaint about candidates refusing to run because of the expense of a campaign. The State Treasurer was the head of the much more important department—that of the whole fiscal affairs of the State—and the people should have a direct voice in selecting him. The amendment was defeated—yeas, 28; nays, 30—and section thirteen was adopted.

Section fourteen requires the election of an Auditor of Public Accounts by the General Assembly.

THE AUDITOR.

Mr. Barbour moved to amend by requiring that the auditor be elected by the people. Speeches in opposition to the amendment were made by Messrs. Cameron and Hancock.

The amendment was rejected—yeas, 18; nays, 41.

The section was adopted as recommended by the committee. Sections fifteen, relative to salaries of State officers; sixteen, requiring the Legislature to provide for a system of checks and balances for the management of the State and county funds; seventeen, requiring the giving of bonds by all officers charged with the collection or disbursement of funds; eighteen, authorizing the General Assembly to establish and maintain a bureau of labor statistics, were all adopted without amendment or debate.

This concluded the report of the Committee on the Executive Department, and it was referred to the Committee on Final Revision and Adjustment amid loud applause.

Attorney-General Anderson gave notice of a resolution to rescind the action taken in requiring the State Treasurer to be elected by the people.

The convention adjourned at 6 o'clock until 10 o'clock to-day.

Hold-Over Senators.

The Committee on the Legislative Department intended to have a meeting last night to accommodate Congressman Flood, who wishes to press his resolution to rescind the action of the convention in abolishing the hold-over Senate.

It was learned that there was not a quorum of members of the committee in the city, and the session had to be called off.

Chairman Moore said he could not tell when a quorum of the committee could be obtained.

If the report of the Committee on Corporations, as amended in Committee of the Whole, is received from the printer, Chairman Braxton announced yesterday that he should move to take it up to-day for final action by the convention.

DOWN TO DEATH.

A Tragedy of the Nerves.

A poor painter fell 125 feet down to death in one of the gigantic shafts of the Brooklyn Bridge.

He was a superior workman, and his fate is doubly sad from the fact that he had a wife and children. Work with him was not always plentiful, and he was doing his best to provide for his family while he had an opportunity. With a chance to work he overworked, as millions of others are daily doing. In his nervous anxiety to accomplish as much as possible, he forgot himself and the scaffolding which held him in mid-air. His death was quick and tragic.

Dr. GREENE'S NERVURA.

The ever-faithful workman lost his life through nervous excitement. Had he been strong and fully self-controlled he might now be among the living. Millions of people, like this poor painter, are destroying their lives by overwork and worry. Do not neglect the feelings of exhaustion and lassitude. They mean much. Nervousness, insomnia, morbid fears, dyspepsia and irritability indicate derangements of the nerves and blood which require immediate attention. Dr. Greene's Nervura remedy for the nerves and blood is the great life renewer and strengthener, and may be trusted to repair the devastations wrought by the methods and habits of modern life.

If you do not fully understand what ails you, write to Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and secure medical advice, which is given cordially and without charge.

DAY IN THE POLICE COURT.

Alleged Highway Robbers Sent by Justice Crutchfield to the Grand Jury.

Woman in the role of a highway robber is something comparatively rare in Police Court. Yet there was a woman, Cora Snead, accused jointly with Charles James, alias "Chippy Cheese," before Justice Crutchfield yesterday. It was alleged that she and James had knocked down and robbed Peter Vest, an aged negro, securing $4. After the hearing Justice Crutchfield sent them to the grand jury and bound them over in the sum of $500 each for one year.

James Ray, another old timer in the court, got thirty days for stealing a door mat and trying to sell it. Ray is white, and is given to excessive drinking.

"It has been said that the good Lord made everything for a good purpose," declared the court, "but when I look at you, Jim, I am inclined to doubt it. Thirty days."

"Thank you sir," said Ray.

Emma Walker and Hester Fowler (negroes) were sent to jail for thirty days each for stealing shoes.

George Hargrave, drunk, was dismissed.

James Roach, for the same offense, got fifteen days.

Contagious Blood Poison

There is no poison so highly contagious, so deceptive and so destructive. Don't be too sure you are cured because all external signs of the disease have disappeared, and the doctor says you are well. Many persons have been dosed with Mercury and Potash for months or years, and pronounced cured—to realize when too late that the disease was only covered up—driven from the surface to break out again, and to their sorrow and mortification find those nearest and dearest to them have been infected by this loathsome disease, for no other poison is so surely transmitted from parent to child as this. Often a bad case of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer developing in middle life, can be traced to blood poison contracted in early life, for it remains smoldering in the system forever, unless properly treated and driven out in the beginning. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this peculiar virus, the only remedy known that can overcome it and drive it out of the blood, and it does this so thoroughly and effectually that there is never a return of the disease to embarrass or humiliate you afterwards.

Like Begets Like. ***The Sin of the Parent.***

SSS cures Contagious Blood Poison in any and all stages; contains no mineral to break down your constitution; it is purely vegetable and the only blood purifier known that cleanses the blood and at the same time builds up the general health.

Our little book on contagious blood poison is the most complete and instructive ever issued; it not only tells all about this disease, but also how to cure yourself at home. It is free and should be in the hands of everyone seeking a cure. Send for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Council Committee Meet—License for Dogs Must Be Procured.

City Council Committees scheduled for to-day are: Grounds and Buildings, at 10 o'clock A. M.; Health, at 7:30 P. M.; Second Market, at 7:30; Schools, at 7:45; Water, at 8:15.

Superintendent Thompson, of the Fire Alarm Department, has returned from Corning, N. Y., where he went last week to attend a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Association of Municipal Electricians. The annual convention of this association will meet in this city October 7th, 8th and 9th.

The police are now reporting the owners of dogs who have no licenses. The license must be procured from the City Treasurer, or a fine will be imposed in the Police Court.

Mayor Taylor yesterday signed the resolution appropriating $300 for the use of the Fire Losses Committee, which now becomes a law. The committee will proceed at once to prosecute its work of examining the condition of the Fire and Water Department.

Commissioner Hawkins is compiling a statement showing the number of houses erected in the city during the year ending January 31st. The number of dwelling houses were 187; stores, warehouses, factories, hotels, churches, schools, offices, etc., were 67. The total cost was about $1,020,000.

Transfers of Property.

Richmond: B. O. James, special commissioner, to R. E. Firth, 29 feet on south side of Cary Street, 120 8-12 feet east of Washington Street, $1,250.

Isabel O'Rourke to same, 19 6-12 feet on west side of Jefferson Street, between Broad and Marshall Streets, $450.

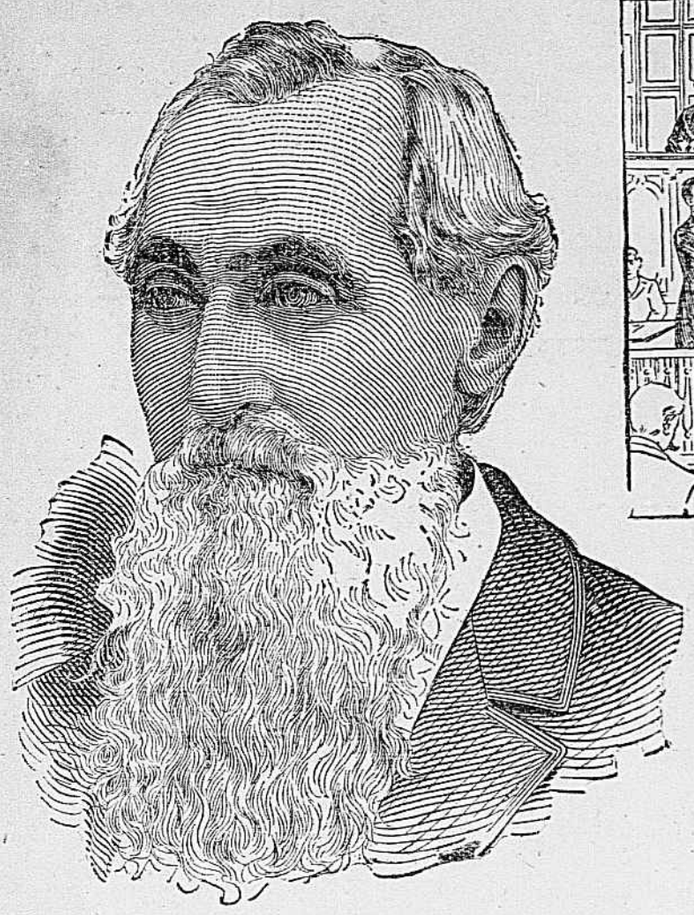
J. Samuel Parrish, special commissioner, to same, 52 1-2 feet on north side of Cary Street, 41 6-12 feet from east side of Lombardy, $675.37.

S. A. and F. W. Stevenson to W. F. Stevenson, 25 feet on west side of Pine Street, between Beverly and Albemarle Streets, $1,500.

A GEORGIA JUDGE

WAS ALARMINGLY AFFLICTED WITH CATARRH OF THE LUNGS.

CURED BY PE-RU-NA.



JUDGE W. G. DURHAM OF GEORGIA.

Catarrh of the Lungs the First Stage of Consumption.

So All Medical Authorities Agree.

Judge Durham, a well-known local Judge of Greensboro, Ga., had an experience with Peruna well worth reciting. A report had become current among the judge's friends that he was threatened with consumption. It was feared for a time that Georgia was to lose one of its most prominent and influential citizens.

It was also reported that the Judge had failed to get any relief from any of the medical aid at his command; that he had made use of the now world-famous remedy, Peruna, and made a prompt recovery. The affair created quite a sensation in medical circles especially, and the many friends of Judge Durham were not only exceedingly gratified at his recovery, but were enthusiastic in their praises of the remedy that had brought him relief.

The public importance of the Judge, together with the prominence of his many friends, as well as the startling and dramatic features of the unexpected cure, caused one of our leading newspapers to make inquiry into the facts.

The following written statement from the Judge himself sets forth the facts:

Greensboro, Ga., March 3, 1900.

"Some time ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs and in my head. I tried many remedies, all of which gave me no relief. I concluded that my case was catarrh of the head and lungs, and seeing Peruna so highly recommended I began using it, experiencing the very best results from the first bottle.

"I continued using Peruna for a short while, and have never felt the least symptoms of catarrh since. Peruna is certainly a good medicine, and deserves the high praise which is given it by the general public."

Judge Durham has been Secretary and Treasurer of the city of Greensboro, Ga., for the past three years and has been a local judge for ten years.

Dread Consumption.

There are three roads which lead from health to consumption. Over one of these roads pass all of that great multitude of people who die every year of consumption. Each route begins with health and happiness and ends with disease and death.

First Road: A slight cold—neglected—settles in the head or throat—chronic catarrh—extends to the lungs—consumption—death.

Second Road: A slight cold—neglected cough—settles in the lungs—cough gradually growing worse—consumption—death.

Third Road: A cold—neglected—settles in the throat—hoarseness—short breath—consumption—death.

Thousands have just started on one of these roads, all of whom could be easily cured by Peruna. Thousands more are half-way to the fatal end of one of these roads who are still curable by a course of treatment by Peruna. Yet other thousands are near the end whose last days could be made bearable and hope of recovery more probable by commencing Peruna without delay.

"Friends Gave me Up."

Mrs. Eliza Heinzle, No. 205 East Fulton Street, Columbus, Ohio, writes: "About a year ago I contracted a violent cold, which settled on my lungs, and for four months I ran down very rapidly, coughing up quantities of bloody mucus, and frequently had hemorrhages from the lungs. I was on the verge of the grave. My husband and my friends had given me up.

"Some one, however, who had tried your Peruna advised me to use it. As a last hope, I bought a bottle and, finding immediate relief from its use, continued taking it. My cough left me and I had no more hemorrhages, and I am now as well as I ever was in my life. I thankfully attribute my present good health, and, in fact, my living at all, to the good effect of Peruna."

MRS ELIZA HEINZLE.

Lung Trouble Cured.

Miss Lou Ware writes from Bryan, Texas, the following letter:

"For several years I have suffered with throat and lung trouble caused from taking cold when confined to my room with measles. Peruna cured my throat, and I believe by using as directed that my voice will be entirely restored (as I had lost it almost completely).

This cure has been perfected by Peruna after repeated trials with many other articles without benefit.

I believe it to be the best medicine in use for what it is recommended."

Send to the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for a free book, written by Dr. Hartman, on "Winter Catarrh."

A reward of $10,000 has been deposited in the Market Exchange Bank, Columbus, Ohio, as a guarantee that the above testimonials are genuine; that we hold in our possession authentic letters certifying to the same. During many years' advertising we have never used, in part or in whole, a single spurious testimonial. Every one of our testimonials are genuine and in the words of the one whose name is appended.

Wernicke Elastic Bookcases.

"A System of Units"

ARE always complete, but never finished—smallenough for 10 or large enough for 10,000 books. Dust-proof, convenient and attractive. Varieties to suit every requirement. Your money back if you're not satisfied.

The Units.

We are compelled to make room for a car of Desks just received, and will offer special inducements to those who intend to fit up their office. Call and inspect our stock.

EVERETT WADDEY CO.

Office Furniture Department.

Nos. 1, 3 and 5 South 11th St.

SOUTH CAROLINA INTERSTATE AND WEST INDIAN EXPOSITION,

Charleston, S. C., December 1 to June 1, 1902.

This Exposition is the grandest of its kind ever held in the South and those who contemplate going are invited to look into the schedules and accommodations of the Atlantic Coast Line, which is the shortest, quickest and best route to Charleston (as well as Florida points) with through trains and no transfers. Solid vestibule Pullman sleepers with dining car service. For full information apply to any agent of the company, or,

C. S. CAMPBELL,
No. 838 East Main Street,
Richmond, Va.

TICKETS READING VIA SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

for winter tourist points in the South will be honored returning direct to Richmond or via Portsmouth to destination. No other line offers this advantage.

THE ALARM FAILED TO RING

.... AND ....

YOU OVERSLEPT YOURSELF

This would not have been the case if you had one of our Alarm Clocks, not the cheap 75c kind, which possibly you get one out of a hundred to keep time.

The name of our Clock is

J. T. Allen & Co.'s Special.

Price $1.00, and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

If your watch does not keep time bring it to us and we will put it in order and guarantee it to keep time, at prices as low as is consistent with GOOD, HONEST work.

Our repair Department is the largest in the city, and we employ only the Highest Class of Workmen.

All work is under the personal supervision of J. T. Allen.

Watch Inspectors for two railroads C. & O., and S. A. L.

J. T. Allen & Co.,

JEWELERS.

14th and Main Streets.

THROUGH SLEEPER TO PINEHURST, N. C., FROM RICHMOND

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, returning Mondays, Wednesdays and Sundays. Visit "Pinehurst" the Beautiful" and travel via the Seaboard.

TO FLORIDA, CUBA, NASSAU, AIKEN, AUGUSTA, BRUNSWICK AND ALL RESORTS IN THE SOUTH.

The Southern Railway offers superb service. Through trains, dining cars, excursion tickets, polite attention. No trouble to answer questions.

TO CHARLESTON EXPOSITION.

The Southern Railway has a most attractive route to Charleston, S. C., through the Piedmont section, "the cotton-mill belt." Low rate excursion tickets on sale daily. Double daily limited trains, dining car service.

Conover, Kingsbury, Cable, Wellington, Pianos. **Upright, Square & Downright** Conover, Kingsbury, Cable, Wellington, Pianos.

.....That Is.....

Upright and Square Pianos

AT DOWNRIGHT LOW PRICES.

You want to deal right direct with the people who make and sell their own instruments. it is common sense to know that you can purchase the same grade of instruments cheaper from the manufacturer who manufactures and sells direct to the purchaser.

No Middle Profits.

You pay no middle profits here. That our plan of selling instsuments has met the approval of the public, no better evidence is needed than the fact that our sales are certainly greater than the combined sales of all competitors.

$190 Upright Pianos.

You want to see the large size Upright Pianos that we are selling for $190 on weekly terms of $1.50.

Compare This Instrument With $400 Kind

When in need of an excellent Piano, do not fail to examine our

Conovers, Cables, Kingsburys and Wellingtons.

The Cable Company,

Upright Pianos at $190. **213 East Broad Street,** Upright Pianos at $190.

J. G. Corley, Mgr.