

THE PUBLIC LEDGER

DAILY—EXCEPT SUNDAY, FOURTH OF JULY, THANKSGIVING AND CHRISTMAS.
A. F. CURRAN, Editor and Publisher.
 Local and Long Distance Telephone **No. 40.** OFFICE—PUBLIC LEDGER BUILDING, MAYSVILLE, KY.
 Entered at the Maysville, Ky., Postoffice as second-class mail matter.
SUBSCRIPTIONS—BY MAIL.
 One Year \$1.50
 Six Months .75
 Three Months .40
 DELIVERED BY CARRIER, 30 Cents
 Per Month
 Payable to Collector at end of 30 days.
ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS CASH IN ADVANCE.

The East Jordan (Mich.) Enterprise says that tariff revision downward has cost the farmers of that section 30 cents per bushel on all potatoes marketed. The singular thing about it is that the consumer has not profited from his reduction in price.

Thelwall thought it very unfair to influence a child's mind by inculcating any opinions before it had come to years of discretion to choose for itself. I showed him my garden, and told him it was my botanical garden. "How so?" said he: "it is covered with weeds." "Oh," I replied, "that is because it has not yet come to its age of discretion and choice. The weeds, you see, have taken the liberty to grow, and I thought it unfair in me to prejudice the soil toward roses and strawberries."—Coleridge.

INVESTIGATING UNEMPLOYMENT.

A Federal Commission to inquire into the causes of unemployment under a Democratic regime! There must be some mistake. Were we not assured that Democratic rule was to usher in unprecedented progress and prosperity; high wages and low prices; and the flowing of milk and honey in such abundance that the people would rise up and call the Administration blessed for having given it an installment of the millennium? But the labors of the commission should be light. If it really seeks to find and not to disguise the cause of unemployment, it need go no farther than the Democratic tariff.—San Francisco Chronicle.

A POOR TIME TO STRIKE.

With manufacturers trying to do their best to adjust their affairs to the new tariff, it is not just the time for mill employes to strike. A good many of those mills, which are now running on part time, might decide to close down, if they felt a few ounces of pressure upon them. They are not making money, but they are continuing to operate, mainly because of the heavy overhead charges, which make idleness a dead loss. Many of them run simply on the chance of an improvement in general conditions. Labor leaders seem to be of the opinion that the textile industry of Massachusetts can stand steady drains of many sorts. They are likely to find if they attempt to tie up the industry to any great extent at the present time, that they have hurt themselves, at a time when they should be careful to favor the firms which furnish positions, in which money may be earned.—Boston Advertiser.

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

These are strenuous days. Wars and rumors of wars surround us. To the immediate South a people is devoting weeks and months to the task of extermination. Blood runs deep and red and hate and fury increase with the slaughter. How the United States has escaped active share in the conflict is history; what may be in store for this land of the free is speculative. It would be much of a pity to sacrifice American lives in attempting scavenger duty in Mexico, but the time may come when this will be necessary for the sake of humanity and in the defense of our national honor. When this critical period does arrive it is our opinion that the first consideration uppermost in the minds of true Americans will be the maintenance of respect for the flag which stands as the emblem of our country. Contemptuous acts toward that flag, whether from ignorant persons representing a nation low in scale of civilization or from those more enlightened who wantonly throw their scorn at our tri-colors, should be met without wavering. Diplomacy requires more tolerance in these days than it did in the earlier days of the American republic, but there is no written or unwritten law which justifies us in supinely waiting when semi-savages or others attempt to soil the national honor. This is one question which does not admit of parleying.—The Tradesman.

"All aboard for Panama"—and damned be he who rocks the boat!

"A saloonless nation in six years," is the slogan of the prohibitionists. Why not in six months, being as talk is cheap.

It is said that the Senate cannot reach a vote on the proposed repeal of the tolls exemption clause of the Panama Canal act for at least ten days or two weeks.

One of the I. W. W. agitators sent up state in New York to supply a request for farm workers demanded \$45 a month and board, together with \$25 advanced salary. The farmer to whom this liberal offer was made is said to be recovering from the shock.

Why can't Coxe abide his time and forward march to the wheat fields a little later on? It will not be necessary to see the President about work during harvest. Then save the money made and prepare for our next President, who will not be a Free-Trader, but a man who will protect American industries.—Boonville (Mo.) Republican.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston Advertiser says "the Interstate Commerce Commission has been so slow in coming to some conclusion with reference to the demand for its assent to the desired increase in freight rates as to be exasperating. Delay after delay has been announced. The decision does not even today seem in sight with any certainty. The Commission seems to have adopted a policy of 'watchful waiting'."

Imports of paper for use in printing newspapers and books aggregated 237,000,000 pounds in the first five months under the new tariff, doubling the total for the corresponding period a year ago. At the present rate of importation, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce estimates the total imports of printing paper in the fiscal year ending June 30 next at approximately 535,000,000 pounds, compared with 120,000,000 in 1912.

The New York World, a Democratic paper, says "The Democrats have just lost a congressional district in New Jersey by an overwhelming majority. They will lose a great many congressional districts next fall if the Democratic leaders in both houses of Congress do not soon have some sense knocked into their heads. For more than a year the Republicans have been praying for the Democrats to make fools of themselves, and the wish has finally been granted."

The Underwood tariff has resulted in a large increase in the number of sheep slaughtered. In the three months ending March 31, 1913, 2,412,477 sheep were slaughtered. In the three months ending March 31, 1914, the number was 2,906,632, an increase of 494,155. In the month of March, 1913, 786,437 sheep were slaughtered; in March, 1914, 975,847, an increase of 249,410 in one month. The free wool policy is driving the sheep to the slaughter house as was the case under the Gorman-Wilson law.

Complete returns showing the enrollment of the various political parties in New York State, as tabulated by the Republican State Committee, show a Republican enrollment in excess of the vote for Taft in 1912, and a Progressive enrollment of less than one-third the vote received by Roosevelt in that year. The Democratic enrollment falls off 22,000 from the vote cast for Wilson, and the Republicans have gained about 70,000. But it is estimated that there are about 420,000 voters in the State who have not enrolled with any party.



CLIMBING OUT OF A HOLE.

James—"For the love of Mike! Who's that ugly woman over there?"
 Robinson—"That's my wife."
 James—"Well, you just ought to see mine!"

Drug Clerk—"Did you kill any moths with those moth balls I gave you?"
 Disconsolate Customer—"No, I tried for five hours, but I couldn't hit a one."

Thousands of persons attended the public funeral services for the two sailors from Philadelphia who died at Vera Cruz.

Seattle was chosen as the next meeting place and Dr. Frederick E. Smith of Rochester, N. Y., imperial potentate of the Shriners now meeting in Atlanta.

The Planters' Protective Association has filed suit at Hopkinsville against ten farmers, alleging that they sold their tobacco contrary to a pooling agreement.

REWARD FOR ROWAN TEACHERS

Who Wiped Illiteracy From the Map—Trips to Niagara Falls—\$50 Wanted From Mason County.

Many people of the State wishing to reward the teachers of Rowan County for their unselfish and heroic fight against illiteracy have planned a trip to Niagara Falls.

The following statement regarding this wonderful accomplishment has been prepared by Mrs. Stewart.

We wish to raise \$50 on or before May 18 to be presented as Mason County's part in recognition of the wonderful service rendered our beloved State.

Please leave contributions at Miss Yancey's office.

MISS FRANCES TUGGLE,
 MISS MARGARET MURPHY,
 MISS ELEANOR WALLACE,

MRS. STEWART WRITES OF THE WONDERFUL RESULTS ACCOMPLISHED.

The teachers of Rowan County were the first teachers to volunteer their services to conduct "Moonlight Schools" and the first to make a determined effort to rid a County of illiteracy. For three consecutive years they have taught sessions at night, without any compensation, whatever, and have gathered illiterate and half educated men and women of all ages, from 18 to 87 years, into the schools, and instructed them in the fundamental things, and made of them more enlightened and better citizens for Kentucky. They have reduced the illiteracy of a County from 1,152 to 23 adults since September 1st, 1911.

This body of teachers is composed entirely of native mountain boys and girls, most of them being between the ages of 18 and 22 years. Their salaries for teaching the day schools are meager, being from \$35.00 to \$42.00 per month for the six months' term, an average of but \$17.50 and \$21 per month for an income during the whole year. They have had no advantages of travel, and their education has been limited largely to the facilities and opportunities afforded by their own County. By their faithfulness and perseverance Kentucky has gained world-wide fame through the institution, known as "Moonlight Schools," which is being rapidly adopted by other counties in the State, and in certain portions of six or more other southern States. The United States Bureau of Education has pronounced the work of these young Kentucky teachers practical and the institution in which they have served so generously as good, and desires that it will extend the work throughout the nation.

In the establishment of this Kentucky institution and setting an example for other counties, where illiteracy exists, to follow, these teachers have exhibited wonderful patriotism, courage and heroism. The experiment was only made through severe hardships and much self-sacrifice. For example: One frail young girl, eight years of age, walked ten miles each day back and forth to her day and night school. One widow with two children, a little boy and girl, taught her day school, performed all her household duties and walked back to teach her night school—three miles each way every night. One young woman spent the hours from 7:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. at the schoolhouse engaging in day and night school work, and preparing for the class-work of each. Many teachers spent the time between the day school and night school walking over their districts visiting families, instructing illiterates and enlisting men and women on the side of education. One young woman alone taught 56 illiterates to read and write. Several left their homes, where they were boarding and riding to school, and remained in the school district, incurring the extra expense of board in order to have the opportunity to conduct the night school. While practically all of them put forth an effort, forty of them were untiring and heroic and held their enrollment, attendance and results up to the standard required for a perfect school by the County Superintendent. Many of them campaigned and instructed in the homes on Saturday, and two of them not being able to locate certain illiterates in their districts during the week, taught them on Sunday to read their Bibles and to write to their absent children. They propose to continue their moonlight school work from year to year in order to teach the illiterates who may move into the County, and also, to gradually elevate the standard of intelligence. A ready some of the direct results of their night school work are: sixteen new Sunday-schools, five organized churches, larger bank deposits, larger circulation of newspapers and periodicals, increase of rural libraries, and the development of a community and County spirit.

Having Decided to Retire From Business, I Offer My Stock at

Reduced Prices

BOTTLED IN BOND WHISKIES.
 Old Taylor, full quart.....\$.95
 Belle of Nelson, full quart..... .90
 Lancaster, full quart..... .85
 Mellwood, full quart..... .83
 Old Sam White, full quart..... .87
 Old 56, full quart, 8 years old..... .87
 Sam Clay, full quart..... .84
 Old Time, full quart..... .84
 Queen of Nelson, full quart..... .87
 Van Hook, full quart..... .84

NOT BONDED.
 Duffy's Malt Whisky, per bottle .90
 3 Star Hennessy Brand per bot. \$1.80
 Rock-Bye, per quart..... .75

WINES.
 Port, per bottle..... .35
 Sherry, per bottle..... .40
 Claret, per bottle..... .40
 Puritan Belle, per bottle..... .50
 Mums Extra Dry, per pint..... 1.90
 Cooks Imperial, per pint..... .85

WHISKIES IN THE WOOD.
 \$4.00 Whisky, 8 yrs. old, per gal. \$3.50
 \$3.00 Whisky, 4 yrs. old, per gal. 2.50
 \$4.00 Brandies, per gallon..... 3.50
 \$3.00 Brandies, per gallon..... 2.50
 Mail orders promptly shipped.

Geo. M. Diener
 208 Market St. Maysville, Ky.

Dr. P. G. SMOOT
 ...General...
 Practitioner
 Second Floor Masonic Temple,
 Third and Market Streets,
 Maysville, Ky.
 Special Attention to Diseases of the
 Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.
 Residence, 114 E. Third St. Telephone
 Office St. residence 3. Office hours, 10 to 12
 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays
 by appointment only.

JOHN W. PORTER,
 FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

17 West Second St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

A good dentist cannot afford to do good work at a poor price, and he cannot afford to do poor work at any price.

G. M. WILLIAMS,
 DENTIST.
 First National Bank Building.
 Phones: Residence 579-W
 Office..... 358

Dr. TAULBEE
 SURGEON
 Special Attention Eye, Ear,
 Nose and Throat.
 Suite 14
 First National Bank Building

Chesapeake & Ohio
 Railway.
 Schedule effective Nov.
 30, 1913. Subject to change
 without notice.

TRAINS LEAVE MAYSVILLE KY

Westward—
 6:30 a. m., 8:38 a. m.,
 1:15 p. m., daily.
 8:30 a. m., 8:16 a. m.,
 5:00 p. m., daily, week days.

Eastward—
 11:40 p. m., 8:13 p. m.,
 10:30 p. m., daily.
 9:28 a. m., 8:30 p. m.,
 7:55 p. m., week days.

Go to the New York Store
 Saturday. This Will
 Be Another
SALE DAY!

10 GREAT SPECIALS—Special in every department.
 LADIES—Buy your hats for yourself and children of us. It will save you money.
 Choice of \$1.50 and \$1 Sample Hats 49c.
 LADIES' WAISTS—Some of the \$1.50 and \$1 Sample Waists 50c.
 SPECIAL IN WASH GOODS AND SILKS—New Crepes 10c 15c and 25c. 35c Silks 19c yard.
 LADIES WHITE DRESSES—Just in; prices very low.
 RUGS, CARPETS AND MATTINGS—New 9x12 Mating Rugs \$2.50.
 A GREAT SPECIAL—9x12 seamless Rug, all-wool Brussels, \$15 quality, for Saturday only, \$10.98.

NEW YORK STORE S. STRAUS, Proprietor
 PH 2571

WHY YOU SHOULD HAVE
SWEeper-VAC

Removes dirt by the vacuum process.
 Much more powerful as a cleaner.
 Never raises dust.
 Cannot spill dirt on the carpet.
 Will clean in the places that the carpet sweeper cannot touch.
 Never has to be oiled.
 Simplicity itself to employ.
 Freshens your carpets and rugs with the air cleaning.
 Will last twenty years.

McILVAIN, HUMPHREYS & KNOX,
 Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
 Furniture Dealers.
 207 Sutton Street. Phone 250. Maysville, Ky.

L. LANGEFELS
 Modern Plumbing, Steam
 and Hot Water Heating!
 High quality of Gas Work a Specialty.
 Handle Only the Best of material. Dealers
 in Brass Valves and Fittings, Gas Stoves
 and Ranges. All sizes of Sewer Pipe.
 Maysville, Ky.

CLEAN UP! PAINT UP!
 FOR GOOD PAINT GO TO
THE RYDER PAINT STORE
 Washburn's Enamel House Paint
 "The Most Reliable"
 We Are the Leaders in
 PAINTS, WALL PAPER AND GLASS

Get it,
 Knead it, } **Gold Medal Flour**
 Bake it, }
 Eat it.

Your Grocer Can Supply
 You With It.

Eventually
Gold Medal Flour

Why Not Now?

MAX MIDDLEMAN
TRANSFER CO.
 Transfer and General Hauling. We
 make a specialty of large contracts.
 Office and barn 130 East Second
 street. Phones 145 and 228.

THE EQUITY
WATCH
 A Good, Sound, Dependable Watch,
 made by the largest
 and most famous
 watch company in
 the world. "The
 best watch for the
 money."
Price \$5

OUR MATCHLESS ORGANIZATION—OUR UNEQUALLED purchasing power brings you the greatest bargain opportunity of the season.

New Smart Footwear
 continually being received from our alert buyers stationed in the world's greatest shoe markets. Tomorrow you reap the harvest of our watchful and experienced shoe buyers.

Men's \$3 Oxfords for men—Button and Blucher in Gun Metal, Patent and Tan. SPECIAL \$1.99

Misses and Children's Strap and Baby Doll Pumps, all sizes up to 2 in Patent and white canvas. Worth \$1.50. Special .99c

Men's \$2.50 Gun Metal Button Oxfords. Special .99c

Boys' Box Calf Blucher Shoes, all sizes up to 5 1/2 .99c

BAREFOOT SANDALS
 Children's, 2 to 5, 39c.
 Children's, 6 to 8, 49c.
 Children's, 9 to 11, 59c.
 Misses, 12 to 2, 69c.

TENNIS OXFORDS WHITE AND BLACK
 Men's, 69c.
 Boy's, and Girls 59c.
 Little Boy's, and Girl's, 49c.

Boy Scout Shoes, sizes 1 to 6.....\$1.49

Men's Elkskin Scout Shoes—Tan. These Shoes for every-day wear with good indestructible soles. A \$3 value. All sizes, 6 to 11.....\$1.86

Ladies' \$3 Oxford Pumps Colonial Button Straps. They come in Vici patent, gun meta', velvet Suede white and Satin. Special, \$1.99c.

Ladies' Easy Slippers for house wear Julians and Oxfords \$1.50 values, 99c.

DAN COHEN