

THE DAILY PUBLIC LEDGER

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THE FUTURE OF LABOR

The friends of labor may well be concerned because of recent inflammatory deliverances which seemed to be made by authority. The American Federation of Labor declares that they will resist any injunction that, in their judgment, is contrary to their rights. Mr. Lee declares that they are for eight hour labor for all men, and if they cannot get it they will fight.

This may be rhetorical language or hyperbolic language; but this is the time for the friends of labor, for the laboring men themselves to consider the meaning of these utterances.

You cannot better the condition of laboring men by invoking civil war. We must leave all disputed points to the courts, we must abide by the law as passed until it is declared null and void by the courts. We must abide by decision of the courts, until through the due process of law, the people of America, including the laboring men, but not composed entirely of the organized labor element, get their decrees written on the statute books.

It is with individuals in America as it is with the nations of Europe, with this difference, that here in America we have a permanent system of arbitration called the court system. The nations of Europe have no such organization, so when they disagree they fight. The result is that the interests of labor are set back fifty years in three years of conflict.

The interests of labor would be set back fifty years in six months of conflict such as Mr. Lee invites and such as the unbalanced declaration of the American Federation of Labor favors.

The Evening Post believes that the laboring men will get the eight-hour law in the course of a reasonable time and it believes moreover, that those eight hours of labor will secure for the laboring men better conditions of life, more of the comforts of life, freedom from fear of the loss of a job or the radical reduction of the purchasing power of wages.

These conditions cannot be obtained through conflict; they must come through discussion and intelligent action. You cannot possibly increase the purchasing power of eight hours of work by limiting production through force or through a misconception of the laws of life. You can only get more for eight hours' work by producing more, by being more efficient individually and collectively.

When men, therefore, in America talk about resisting the decrees of the courts, talk about fighting if they cannot get what they want; they are preaching a doctrine the cost of which is to be like unto the cost of war in Europe, and the price in that cost will come from the working classes than from any other class.

We are not blind to the lawlessness of the rich; to their cunning, their greed, to their ruthless use of power; but we trust through discussion and political action that we can shackle running; that we can bring great combinations in restraint of trade to the recognition of their obligations to obey all law, even the Sherman anti-trust law.

But the cunning of the rich does not justify the violence of the poor. In this Republic the voice of the people finally controls the courts and Congress and commerce; but it must be a voice like that from Sinai, establishing justice, condemning violence: "Thou shalt not kill;" condemning cunning: "Thou shalt not lie;" condemning forcible seizure of other men's goods: "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's house;" promoting domestic comfort and happiness: "Honor thy father and mother;" establishing religion and morality: "Thou shalt have no other gods before me;" and promoting good fellowship among all men; with the new commandment that thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself.—Louisville Post.

MEXICAN FACTS AND GRINGO PROBLEMS

First Chief Carranza, aided in revolution by our own Government and recognized as the head of the de facto Government by the power that made him such, has decreed that Americans owning mines in Mexico must operate them by February 14, 1917, or they will be confiscated by him.

In the face of this decree First Chief Carranza demands the withdrawal of the living American troops from the sacred soil of Mexico.

First Chief Carranza delivered some months ago the bodies of the 16 United States troopers killed at Carrizal while obeying the orders of their officers and our and their Government.

First Chief Carranza last January delivered the bodies of 15 American miners who had entered Mexico 48 hours prior to their massacre with assurances of our State Department that they were safe, and when massacred they carried the same passports of the officers of First Chief Carranza.

According to this latest decree of First Chief Carranza Americans must operate their mines by February 14, 1917, or they will be taken from them by him.

President Wilson's warning to United States citizens to keep out of Mexico still stands. We doubt if the United States Department of State will assure Americans entering Mexico of their safety.

We doubt, if it did give them such assurance, that they would be any safer than the loyal Americans massacred at Santa Ysabel.

We doubt, if the President of the United States ordered them into Mexico, that they would be any safer than were the troopers shot down at Carrizal who were there doing duty by his orders.

It may be best, under existing circumstances, to withdraw the troops from Mexico.

They might injure some of the murderers of their comrades; they might be called upon to protect themselves.

They are safer far up north of the Rio Grande.

The question now is, Why were they ever sent there?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Paterson (N. J.) News makes a pathetic appeal for the "poor office boy who is worked rigorously and overtime." Kindly indicate the locality of the victim, dear neighbor! He doesn't live in the Middle West, anyway.

To Taggart has discovered that the life of an appointed Senator of few days and filed with disappointments, and he has decided against a contest. Sensible action on his part.—Commercial Tribune.

It is astonishing what a large number of people want four years more of wishy-washy wabbling.

VILLA DEFEATED

At Chihuahua By Gen. Trevino—Dead and Dying Are Left on Ground Following 7-Hour Battle to Capture Mexican City—De Facto Soldiers Pursuing Bandits.

El Paso, Texas, November 23—Francisco Villa withdrew his surviving forces in defeat from Chihuahua City at 6:15 o'clock tonight after a battle of seven hours, during which he made fruitless attempts to carry General Trevino's protecting works by assault, according to reports from Juarez.

This report was received from Chihuahua by Carranza officials in Juarez tonight, who added that government troops were actively pursuing the retreating bandits. The telegraph operator in Chihuahua said that the firing could still be heard clearly but was becoming more distant.

General Trevino commanding the Carranza forces was wounded in the early afternoon while personally directing the fighting. General Francisco Gonzales announced in Juarez tonight after receiving a message from Chihuahua City. General Trevino had a scalp wound on the right side of his head dressed at the military hospital and with a bandage around his head returned to his post at field headquarters and continued the direction of the Carranza forces on the firing line.

At 10 o'clock tonight the military authorities in Chihuahua City telegraphed General Gonzales in Juarez that General Carlos Ozueta in command of the Carranza cavalry was pursuing the Villa bandits south in the direction of Mapula and the cavalry column was reported to be 10 miles south of Santa Rosa.

E. Paso, Texas, November 23—General Trevino repulsed a fourth mass attack by Villa forces late today, the bandits being driven from their temporary entrenchment with heavy losses, was announced in Juarez tonight. The de facto troops are now pursuing the bandits toward the south, the same report from Chihuahua City stated.

Villa left his dead and wounded on the plains outside of the city to the south.

At 11 o'clock this morning (mountain time) the high-crowned hats of the bandits were seen to the south, along the Mexican Central main line according to these messages. The battle was opened a few minutes later with a salvo from cannon on Santa Rosa Hill, they kept to the state capital. The first and second-line trenches, protected by barbed wire entanglements, took up the fighting and by noon general engagement was in progress along the entire southern line, which continued through the early afternoon.

At that time the booming of large-caliber guns on Santa Rosa Hill and other artillery stationed along the first-line trenches was so deafening that it was almost impossible to hear the click of the telegraph instruments. The military operator in Chihuahua City told the operator in Juarez. At 3 o'clock the battle was still raging, the apparent advantage being with the Government forces.

Villa is reported by General Gonzales to have at least 3,500 men, practically all of whom are armed and mounted. He is also believed to have machine guns, but no heavy artillery. For this reason the twenty or more field guns of General Trevino's command were able to take the advancing lines of Villa bandits, the message from the state capital stated.

The field was covered with dead and dying men, one message stated.

A sortie by Carranza cavalry, supported by artillery, resulted in the capture of many Villa prisoners, who were without ammunition and had gone since morning without food or water, another message said.

Ammunition Limited

Juarez, Mexico, November 23—Carranza's officers here are optimistic regarding the outcome of the battle at Chihuahua City. The only cause of worry to them is the fact that General Trevino's ammunition supply for small arms and machine guns is limited. However, the supply of artillery shells is ample, it is said here, to keep the bandits away from the city. Efforts are being made to obtain rifle and machine ammunition to be sent to Gen. Trevino.

All of the available ammunition has been sent from here and it is reported that a request has been made to the American officials to permit ammunition to be sent through the El Paso-Juarez port for General Trevino's forces.

Through an error in the message early in the day General Francisco Murgula, was located at Mapula, twelve miles south of Chihuahua City; and the hopes of Carranza officers for an early reinforcement of the garrison there, were raised. Later, however, it was found the message referred to Villa instead of Murgula, who was said to be at Santa Rosalia, some distance further south.

The body has about five hundred muscles.



HAPPY FAMILY

Is Emperor, Empress and Children—New Ruler of Austro-Hungary and Wife Lovers Long Before Marriage.

Vienna, November 22 (via London, November 23)—With the advent of the new Empress, Zita, curiosity naturally will be aroused as to her personality and accomplishments. From her early days she has been studious and is an accomplished musician and well versed in literature, history and philosophy. She also is fond of society and is a graceful dancer.

Empress Zita was born in the Italian province of Lucca May 9, 1892, the daughter of Duke Robert and Duchess Marie Antonette, of Parma. She is of Bourbon descent, but rapidly became Viennese owing to the fact that life in the capital on the Danube interests her exceedingly.

Princess Zita made the acquaintance of Archduke Charles Francis at Frenzenbad, Bohemia, in the spring of 1909 while the guest of the Archduchess Marie Annunziata, her cousin. Later Princess Zita and Archduke Charles Francis met at balls and other such festivities at the Hofburg place; and occasionally at the hunting lodge of the Archduchess Marie Therese.

On the occasion of a court ball early in 1911 Archduke Charles Francis is reported to have declared his love for the Princess. Another version of this story, however, is that the Archduke, having his attention drawn to the particular graceful dancer, said:

"I have liked her for a long time."

On June 14, 1911, the engagements of the Princess and the Archduke was announced and October 21, of the same year, they married. Neither expected that ultimately they would ascend to the Austro-Hungarian throne. Their first child was born November 20, 1912, and was named Francis Joseph Otto. He is now the apparent heir to the Austrian throne. The Emperor Francis Joseph was very fond of this boy.

The other children of the couple are the Archduchess Adelaide, born January 3, 1914; Archduke Robert Charles Louis, born February 8, 1915, and Archduke Felix Frederick August, born May 31, 1916.

Date Not Set For Coronation

Vienna, via London, November 24—At a meeting this afternoon of the ministerial council which Emperor Charles will attend, proclamation relating to the change in the sovereign head of the government will be made public.

The heads of the Austrian and the Hungarian governments will formally resign today as is always the case on the death of a ruler. The action, however, will be a mere matter of form, as the new Emperor will immediately reappoint the ministers.

Friendly governments were formally notified today of the death of Francis Joseph.

So far it is not known when the coronation of the King of Hungary will take place though Budapest will be the scene of that event.

Today all the newspapers in the monarchy appeared with mourning borders. All of them contained the warmest words of appreciation of the qualities of the dead monarch.

SOLDIER'S FAMILY STARVES

Fremont, Ohio, November 23—Mrs. Tom Jenkins, wife of a private in K. Company, Sixth Regiment, now at the border, has made appeal for aid for herself and three little children. Safety Director Moore, who investigated the case, says the family is on the verge of starvation.

FROM COAST TO COAST

A Remarkable Chain of Home Testimony. And Maysville Adds Its Voice to the Grand Chorus of Local Praise.

From north to south, from east to west;

In every city, every community; In every state in the Union 40,000 representative people in every walk of life

Rings out the grateful praise for Doan's Kidney Pills.

Publicly testify to quick relief and lasting results.

And it's all for the benefit of fellow sufferers.

In this grand chorus of local praise Maysville is well represented.

Well-known Maysville people Tell of personal experiences.

Who can ask for better proof of merit?

Mrs. Dora Mefford, Maysville, says: "I had been feeling poorly for some time before I knew that my kidneys were at fault. I was nervous and dizzy and my back and head ached. I rested poorly and mornings I was all tired out. I read in a local paper how a neighbor had been cured of kidney trouble by Doan's Kidney Pills. I used them and before long, I felt stronger and better and I slept good at night."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Mefford had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

2,000 WORDS IN ANNUAL MESSAGE OF PRESIDENT

Washington, November 13—President Wilson's annual message to Congress, now in the printer's hands, contains about 2,000 words and is among the shortest documents of its kind on record. It points out that the reports of the several government departments will be made before Congress separately and that, therefore, their details are not discussed.

The President emphasizes the uncompleted legislation on railroads suggested by him at the last session to meet the threatened strike as the most pressing problem facing Congress. He then goes on to a general discussion of other domestic problems.

PRINCESS TO START LOBBY TO NAME BATTLESHIP HAWAII

San Francisco, November 22—Princess Kawananahoa, of Hawaii, left here today for Washington to start a lobby, perhaps the only one at the next session of Congress to be headed by a Princess. The purpose of the lobby is to have one of the new battleships named "Hawaii." The islanders, the Princess explained, would not be satisfied with a cruiser, as has been suggested.

Of all colors red is the most conspicuous at a distance.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo

Lucas County Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1916.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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See them and you will buy. Ladies' Separate Skirts and Waists, all sizes and prices very low.

SHOES

We sell Shoes cheaper than regular shoe stores.

HOSIERY OF ALL KINDS

Our prices have not been advanced. Ladies' Hose 10c on up.

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.

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if you purchase your fixtures from us. They are not only ornamental but reasonable in price. Only the most artistic designs are included in our selection. We can supply fixtures for every room in your home, including the hall. By the way don't you want a new home in your dining room on Thanksgiving day?

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It was designed and financed and built to serve a local need. It has been in operation many years and has always kept up-to-date. It has been recently rebuilt—inside and outside—and is in better position to serve its patrons than Company's in cities many times larger than Maysville. Our equipment is new and we connect with both of the Long-distance Companies. It is managed and operated by local people whose object is to give the best possible service at rates as low as is consistent with a fair return on the investment. It deserves your patronage—it deserves your support.

Your neighbor has a telephone. Have you? Rates according to class of service to meet every need. Call Contract Department now.

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SEE THE Electrical Washing Machine Demonstration AT BOOTH NO. 4 ELECTRIC SHOP OF MAYSVILLE GAS CO.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

NEW PRICES AUGUST 1, 1916

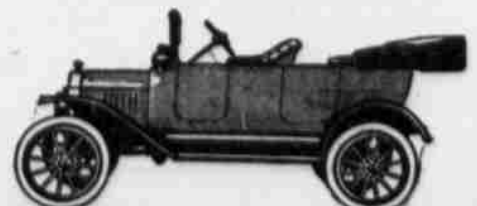
The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916:

Chassis	\$325.00
Runabout	345.00
Touring Car	360.00
Coupelet	505.00
Town Car	595.00
Sedan	645.00

L. & L. Detroit

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

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The "KY" Tomatoes are packed whole, perfectly clean and ripe

'KY' Tomatoes have stood the test M. C. RUSSELL CO.