

From the Zanesville Aurora.
CLAY OUT WITH ANOTHER LETTER.—
THE TRICK OF INTRODUCING CASSIUS
M. CLAY INTO OHIO WONT WORK.—
CLAY REPUDIATES HIM!—WHIGGERS
RY'S FIXES DEMOLISHED!

The western mail of yesterday brought us the
subjoined letter from Henry Clay. To understand
the drift of this, it is necessary to state that the
whigs of Ohio have imported into this State Cassius
M. Clay, of Kentucky, who is a pretended aboli-
tionist, yet devoted to the cause of his kinsman,
Henry Clay. The whigs thought, if they could
get Cassius to "stump it" over the Reserve where
the liberty party has considerable strength, that
the latter would be likely to listen to the advice of
such authority. Cassius went on. He appealed to the
liberty men. He wrote letters and delivered
speeches to the effect that Henry Clay was the man
for the liberty party to support. The stratagem
seemed to succeed. But alas! how vain are mortal
hopes! The Kentucky folks got wind of this
scheme. Then they began to hover around the
"embodiment" and ask him if he is an abolitionist,
as Cassius is representing him in the north of Ohio
and other places. They force him to come out.

The consummate impudence in bringing over Cas-
sius M. Clay into this State, for the purpose of de-
ceiving and humbugging the people in reference to
H. Clay's opinions on Slavery, is another feature
of the grand scheme of rascality by which whiggery
is attempting to carry the election. Fraud and
falsehood are their weapons—their only resort.—
But their double game wont jibe, the people are
seeing through the whole manoeuvre. It would
seem that C. M. Clay is utterly disowned by the
whig party at the South; but Corwin and Ewing
think him good enough to GULL LIBERTY
MEN WITH. But here is the letter:

(From the Lexington Reporter.
ASHLAND, Sep 2d. 1844.
Mr. WICKLIFFE.—The editor of a neighbor-
ing print, (the Kentucky Gazette, of Lexington,)
calling my attention to a letter of C. M. Clay, Esq.,
under date the 10th July, 1844, and addressed to
Col. J. J. Speed of Ithaca, has appealed to me,
with so much earnestness, and with a purpose of
such unfeigned sincerity, to say whether I approve
or disapprove of that letter, that I have not the
heart to deny to that editor the very great gratifica-
tion which he will derive from the perusal of this
note, especially when it gives me so little trouble
to write it.

Mr. C. M. CLAY'S LETTER WAS WRITTEN
WITHOUT MY KNOWLEDGE, WITHOUT ANY
CONSULTATION WITH ME, AND WITHOUT ANY
AUTHORITY FROM ME. I never saw it until I
read it in the public prints. That gentleman is
an independent citizen, having a perfect right to
entertain and avow his own opinions. I AM NOT
RESPONSIBLE FOR THEM, AS HE IS NOT FOR
MINE.—SO FAR AS HE VENTURES TO INTER-
PRET MY FEELINGS, HE HAS EN-
TIRELY MISCONCEIVED THEM. I believe
him to be equally mistaken as to those in the
circle of my personal friends and neighbors, gener-
ally.

In my speech, addressed to the Senate of the
United States, and in resolutions which I offered
to that body, in my address to Mr. Mendall, about
two years ago, and on various other public
occasions, I have fully, freely, and explicitly avo-
wed my sentiments and opinions, on the subject of
the institution of slavery and abolition. I adhere to
them, without any reservation. I have neither en-
tertained nor expressed, publicly or privately, any
others. And my friends and neighbors generally,
so far as I have interchanged sentiments with them,
coincide entirely with me.

The sentiments and opinions, so expressed by
me, may be briefly stated to be: 1st. That Con-
gress has no power or authority over the institu-
tion of Slavery. 2d. That the existence, main-
tenance and continuance of that Institution depend
exclusively upon the power and authority of the
respective States, within which it is situated. And
3d. That Congress cannot interfere with Slavery
in the District of Columbia, without a violation of
a good faith to the States of Maryland and Virginia,
implied, if not expressed, in the terms, objects, and
purposes of the grant of ten miles square to the
General Government.

So far from the success of the whig cause having
any injurious tendency, as has been alleged, I be-
lieve it will have a powerful effect in tranquilizing
and harmonizing all parts of the Union, and in
giving confidence, strength, and security to all the
great interests of our own country.

I hope that your editorial neighbor will be now
satisfied. And, as I trust that I do not exaggerate
the pleasure which this renewed expression of my
views and opinions will give him, is it too much
to anticipate that he will forthwith renounce the
error of his ways, and come straight out a staunch
and sterling whig?

Yours respectfully,
H. CLAY.

CLAY'S SOUTHERN FACE.

That Clay wears more than one face is evident
from his letters. That he advocates principles in
the south which he condemns in the north is
evident from the fact that the southern coons
support him on the ground that he is in favor of
the annexation of Texas, while the northern coons
cling to him because (they say) he is opposed to
annexation. These adverse opinions are based
upon a knowledge of Mr. Clay's views, as ex-
pressed through confidential letters written to both
these sections of the Union, and upon declarations
of his similar to those contained in his "latest
expression," as published in this day's Guard.

It is known that all our northern whig stum-
pers denounce the idea of annexation, and contend
that Clay himself is opposed to it. So in the south,
the coons support him, believing that he is in favor of
the plan, as the following resolution from the
Cahaba (Alabama) Gazette will fully prove.—Let
the coons of Ohio, read it and blush:

"Resolved, that as whigs, good and true, we will
support Henry Clay and Theodore Frelinghuysen
for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the
United States, as the best means of carrying into
effect our principles, and ultimately of securing
the annexation of Texas."—Circleville Guard.

A DIFFICULT POSITION.—One of our whig ex-
changes says, that although Mr. Clay is a slave-
holder, he is strongly opposed to the institution
itself, (that is, we suppose, in the abstract,) and
has striven with earnestness for several years past
to effect its abolition. In his letter about duelling,
recently published, he pronounces it an inhuman
and abominable practice, but will not, at the age
of sixty-seven years, commit himself against it.—
There never was a more glaring instance of theory
contradicted by practice.—Brooklyn Eagle.

THE COMPARISON.
The Merimac Manufacturing Company have re-
cently made a semi-annual dividend, which with a
previous like dividend, makes up the sum of \$400,
000, which the stockholders have received within
the year, besides which they have laid aside a re-
serve of one hundred and ten thousand dollars for
contingencies, which, in fairness ought also to be
added to the profits.

This Company, says the New York Evening
Post, has a capital of two millions of dollars. In
one year the use of this capital, after paying wages
and salaries and commissions to every body em-
ployed, brings to the stockholders half a million
more.

Are there any farmers or planters, we should be
glad to know, who have received any thing like
the same proportion for their lands the past year?
The whig papers tell us that this class of men is
extremely prosperous; if so, it can be shown.

Is there a single man engaged in agriculture in
all the United States, who, after paying all the ex-
penses upon a farm worth two thousand dollars, in-
cluding a competent salary for his own labor and
that of other persons employed with him, finds left
to him a profit of four hundred dollars, and a reserve
of one hundred and ten dollars for repairing his
buildings and fences, buying stock and manuring
his grounds? If any such man exists, let us have
his name and place of residence, and the proof of
his prosperity, we promise to publish it most con-
spicuously, and to make in addition a public apology
to the whole tribe of manufacturers.

But, if no such man can be found, will there be
any found who will put party above country and
justice, and say that the present Tariff shall not be
so modified as to afford "equal and just protection
to all the great interests of the whole Union, includ-
ing Agriculture, Manufactures, the Mechanic
Arts, Commerce and navigation?"—Cin Enquirer.

INS AND OUTS.—Melo-Dramatic Perform-
ance.

Mr. Clay's first appearance.

"I DO NOT THINK THAT TEXAS OUGHT
TO BE RECEIVED INTO THE UNION."

Second appearance.

"PERSONALLY I COULD HAVE NO
OBJECTION TO THE ANNEXATION OF
TEXAS."

Positively his "last" appearance.

"I have, however, no hesitation in saying that
far from having any personal objection to the
annexation of Texas, I SHOULD BE GLAD TO
SEE IT."

INDIAN BATTLE.

The St. Louis Republican says:—"We learn
from a gentleman from the Missouri, that a battle
took place, three or four weeks since, on the Indian
Territory, between a party of the Sacs of the Mis-
souri, and a party of Pawnees. The latter had eight
men killed, the Sacs one. The Sacs returned to
their village with five scalps. The Pawnees stole
five horses from their enemy, and thus brought on
the fight.

RENUNCIATION.—John A. Corwin, Esq., of
Urbana, a lawyer of fine talents, and a most worth-
y and upright citizen, son of Moses B. Corwin
Esq., son-in-law of Gov. Vance, a relation of Gov.
Corwin, is on the stump for Polk, Dallas, and Tod,
and doing great service in the cause. This is really
an important renunciation of whiggery; for they
had few young men in their ranks of greater worth
and promise.—Statesman.

Mr. Polk on a National Bank.—What course
will Mr. Polk take in relation to the bank question,
if elected? In answer to this question, we have his
own declaration and pledge:

"I am opposed to the chartering by Congress of
a national bank. I believe that Congress possesses
no constitutional power to charter such a bank; and
if it did, it would, in my opinion, be inexpedient
to exercise it."

Toryism outright!—What boldness is Federal-
ism assuming!—The Philadelphia Times says:

"At a whig meeting held last week in high street
ward, a resolution approving of the action of the
Whigs of the revolution in establishing liberty of
conscience and freedom of opinion on religious
matters, was proposed and rejected by a large ma-
jority.

At a whig meeting a few days ago, says the Bal-
timore Republican, one of the speakers was talk-
ing of grafting the different kinds of fruit and said:
"My friends, I should like to know, by grafting a
Poke stalk on a Hickory tree, what that would bring
forth?" A democrat standing by, with a hickory
twig in his coat, made answer—"A President."
Good!

To keep preserves for years, bottle them up and
place them on some conspicuous shelf, labelled
"arsenic."

ASTHMA, COUGHS, CONSUMPTION,
&c.—We again call the reader's atten-
tion to that celebrated and most excel-
lent medicine, Wistar's Balsam of Wild
Cherry. Its reputation is spreading wider
and wider every day, and all now
admit it to be the most certain cure for
all pulmonary complaints ever dis-
covered! How gratifying the thought
that a remedy is at last discovered,
which has proven itself a perfect mas-
ter of that dire disease—CONSUMPTION!
Let the despairing cheer
up, and lay hold of this life giving nec-
tar.

J. A. & C. H. Davenport & Co.
Agents for the genuine Balsam.

WHIG TICKET.
Congress—JOSEPH A. RAMAGE.
Representative—SAMUEL H. ROWND.
Auditor—JAMES GRAY.
Commissioner—WILLIAM COCHRAN.
Surveyor—HENRY CLARK.

LIBERTY TICKET.
Congress—THOMAS LEE.
Representative—CHURCH B. TUTTLE.
Auditor—RICHARD GRAY.
Commissioner—JOHN B. OBLINGER.
Surveyor—

DIED.—On Friday, the 13th inst. Mrs. MARY
YOCKEY, wife of Mr. Christian Yockey, of
Malaga township, in the 30th year of her age.

MILLER HOGUE'S ESTATE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has
been appointed and qualified as administrator on
the estate of Miller Hogue, late of Monroe County,
deceased.

NELSON HOGUE.
August 16, 1844.—2026.

WM. C. WALTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Woodfield, O.
Office opposite the Court House.
March 15, 1844.

COWEN & WIRE,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, AND
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
WOODSFIELD, O.
March 1, 1844.

THOMAS WEST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WOODSFIELD, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO.
April 19, 1844.

EDWARD ARCHBOLD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC,
WOODSFIELD, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO.
March 22, 1844.

Wm. F. HUNTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WOODSFIELD, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO.
March 15, 1844.

DOCTOR J. McMAHON,
PRESENTS his grateful acknowledgments to
the citizens of Monroe county, for their liberal
patronage in his professional law of business, and
informs them that he has removed his office near the
public square, in the west end of the house formerly
occupied by Mr. Sinclair, where he may be
found at all times ready to obey the calls of his
profession.

He also informs the public that he has entered
into a partnership with his son

A. D. McMAHON & PARDON COOK.
Having made these arrangements, he hopes to supply
the demands of his patrons more punctually
than he has hitherto been able to do.

J. McMAHON.
Woodfield, April 19, 1844.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF
MONROE COUNTY.

The School Directors of Monroe
County are requested to attend a Con-
vention, to be held in Woodfield, on
the last Saturday in this month, for
the purpose of adopting suitable regula-
tions in our common schools, and for
the advancement of education. All
persons who feel an interest in the ad-
vancement of this cause, are respect-
fully invited to attend and participate
in said Convention. School directors
will please all attend.

D. H. WIRE,
J. G. FLEMING,
J. SMITH,
School Examiners.

Sept. 6th 1844.

Proclamation.

Notice is hereby given, to the quali-
fied electors in the several townships,
in Monroe county, and State of O.,
that they meet at the places designated
for holding elections in their respective
townships, on

TUESDAY, the 8th day of OCTOBER, next,
and proceed according to law, to vote
by ballot for one Governor for said
State; one Representative in Congress,
to represent the fifteenth Congressional
district composed of the counties of
Belmont, Harrison and Monroe, in the
29th Congress of the United States;

one Representative, to represent the
said county of Monroe in the General
Assembly of Ohio; one County Auditor;
one County Surveyor; and one
County Commissioner for said county.

The trustees of the several townships
in said county of Monroe will also take
notice, that they proceed according to
law, to select from the qualified electors
of their several townships, the fol-
lowing number of persons to serve as
Jurors, to wit:

Adams township	5	Ohio	6
Bethel	3	Perry	6
Centre	13	Salem	6
Elk	3	Seneca	7
Enoch	7	Sunbury	8
Franklin	6	Switzerland	6
Green	5	Union	8
Jackson	4	Washington	3
Malaga	8	Wayne	4

and that they return the names of such
persons with the poll books of the elec-
tion. Given under my hand at the Sher-
iff's Office at Woodfield, in said county,
this 6th day of September, A. D. 1844.

THOMAS MITCHELL, Jr.
Sheriff, M. C. O.

PROCLAMATION.

TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF
THE STATE OF OHIO:

WHEREAS, it is provided, by the 1st section
of the act entitled, "an Act to provide for the elec-
tion of Electors of President and Vice President
of the United States," passed February 15, 1820,
"that the governor of this State, sixty days
previous to the time provided by this act for
the election of electors of President and Vice Pres-
ident of the United States, shall by proclamation
be inserted in one of the newspapers printed
in each county in this State, where any such
paper is printed, give notice of the time of hold-
ing such election, and the number of electors
of President and Vice President there to be
chosen." Therefore, in pursuance of the pro-
visions of the aforementioned act,

THOMAS W. BARTLEY, Governor of the
State of Ohio, do hereby notify and require
the qualified electors of this State, to assemble
in their respective townships, at the usual places
designated for holding elections, on the FIRST
FRIDAY, being the FIRST DAY OF NOVEM-
BER NEXT, and then and there proceed to elect
TWENTY THREE electors of President and
Vice President of the United States, in pursuance
of the constitution and laws of the United States
and of this State.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, THOMAS
W. BARTLEY, Governor of the State of Ohio,
have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused the
GREAT SEAL of the State to be af-
fixed, at Columbus, this nineteenth
day of August, in the year of our
Lord one thousand eight hundred and
forty four, and in the sixty ninth year
of the independence of the United
States of America.

THOMAS W. BARTLEY,
By the Governor,
SAMUEL GALLOWAY, Sec'y of State.

CORONER'S SALE.
BY virtue of a vendition exponas to me directed
from the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe
County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public outcry,
on the premises of the Monroe Academy, in Centre
township, Monroe County, Ohio, on Tuesday the
first day of October 1844, between the hours of 10

o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day;
the following property to wit: A Bell and the ap-
paratus and gearing attached and appertaining
thereto, situate and being in the belly of said Mon-
roe Academy; taken in execution as the property
of the Monroe Academic Association, at the suit
of Giles Brock, for the use of Joseph M. Mason,
WILLIAM D. PATTON,
Coroner, M. C. O.

September 20, 1844.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALES.

BY virtue of the command of a decretal order
to me directed from the Court of Common
Pleas of Monroe county, and State of Ohio, in the
case of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Com-
pany vs. Ebenezer Coe, and wife, there will be offered
for sale at public outcry, at the front door of the
Court House in the town of Woodfield, in said
county, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1844,
between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon
and four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, the
following described tract or parcel of land, to wit:
The east half of the north east quarter of section
36, township 4, and range 4, lying and being in the
said county of Monroe, and in the district of land
sold at Marietta, Ohio, containing seventy
two acres and twenty hundredths of an acre, be-
ing the same, more or less.

ALSO,
BY virtue of the command of a decretal order to
me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of
said county of Monroe, in the case of John Gos-
horn, and others, against Joseph M. Mason, and
others, will be offered for sale at the same time
and place in manner aforesaid, the following de-
scribed tracts or parcels of land, situate in said coun-
ty, and described as follows, to wit: Lots number
91 and 92, in the town of Woodfield, as numbered
on the plat of said town; also, the east half of the
north east quarter of section number 9, town-
ship number 4, and range number 6, in the Mari-
etta district, containing eighty acres of land, be-
ing the same more or less.

ALSO,
BY virtue of the command of a decretal order to
me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of
said county of Monroe, in the case of Cornelius
S. Atkinson, and others, against Alexander Ferrel
and others, will be offered for sale at the same time
and place in manner aforesaid, the following de-
scribed tracts or parcels of land lying and being
in said county, and described as follows, to wit:
A tract of land purchased by Alexander Ferrel of
James Atkinson (now deceased) on Sunfish creek,
near Jamestown, being the same true land on
which said tract of land was erected, being a part
of the north east quarter of section number 7, in
township number 4, of range number 4, beginning
for the same at a white walnut, twelve inches in
diameter, thence south twenty six degrees east,
thirteen links; thence north forty six degrees east,
to a sycamore, twenty six rods; thence north eleven
degrees west, twenty eight poles and twelve
links; thence north fifty four and one half degrees
west, twenty four rods to a stake, five poles and
one half inches; thence north eleven and one half
degrees east, to a lynn, seven poles and twenty
links; thence to the place of beginning twenty six
links. Also, beginning at a white walnut, station
number 8, of the above piece, running thence
south, forty eight degrees east, thirteen rods; a
buckeye; thence north, forty four degrees east,
twelve and a half rods to a beech; thence north,
forty six degrees west, thirteen poles to a lynn,
number seven of the above described piece, and
thence following the described piece, nine rods,
thence across and forty seven and three
fourths rods of land be the same more or less, with
the improvements thereon.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a writ of Lev Fa to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: Commencing for the same at the
south west corner of James Witten's land, being the
corner between lands of James Witten and Robert
Grier; thence up the Ohio river to the second
bridge, being the main run between Grier and
Witten; thence to the section line between sections 18 and
24; thence south with said section line to the Ohio
river, except about three acres sold off and now
belonging to Grier's farm, forming the south west
corner of said tract, all in fractional section 18,
township 1, and range 4, taken as the property of
James Witten at the suits of Shadrach Mitchell
and Joshua Russell.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a writ of Lev Fa to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: All that part of section 18,
township 1, and range 4, taken as the property of
James Witten at the suits of Shadrach Mitchell
and Joshua Russell.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a writ of Lev Fa to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: All the north east
quarter of section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned to
Teresa Dye, for her dower which said reservation
and exception is bounded as follows, to wit: All
that part of said quarter that lies on the south west
side of the Woodfield and Sistersville road; also,
that part of said quarter section lying north and
west of said road and southwardly from the mouth
of a lane on said premises, which said last men-
tioned piece or parcel shall bound on the north by
a line running due east from the spring on said
premises to the section line, which said reservation
is supposed to contain 110 acres, leaving 59 acres
more or less in said quarter, taken as the property
of Jephtha Dye at the suit of Joseph M. Mason.

ALSO,
BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed
from the same court, I will expose to public sale at
the time and place aforesaid, the following de-
scribed real estate, viz: The south east quarter of
section 9, township 3, and range 5,
except so much of said quarter as was assigned