be requisite, that the end fully justified the means, and that every man who contributed in this way to the impeachment of the President would deserve well of the government, and that he (Mr. Ashley) would see them rewarded two-fold when your successor should come into power. Subsequently the parties were presented to Butler, and after being inspected and passed by him, were introduced by him and Ashley to several Radical members of the House, who, it was understood had hitherto doubted the existence of evidence implicating you in the assassination conspiracy, and who informally interrogated them as to the matters upon which they had been instructed (a).

Butler desired to have taken the depositions of these men at the time, but I would not consent to its being done until I should be released, as at first agreed. These facts can be proved by these three persons, and also by my wife, whose character for truth and veracity is not inferior to Mr. Ashley's; and I shall take pleasure, if at liberty, in producing them before any committee or tribunal for the impeachment of the impeachers.

But the evidence of this conspiracy does not depend entirely upon oral proof The letters from Ashley herewith enclosed, in themselves speak volumes.—What statement (B) from me could he have wanted, and for what purpose?—Anything it was in my power to state to him orally a dozen of times during his previous visit to me?

The statement he wanted was this, and for this purpose:

There were many prominent Radicals, and especially among his own constituents, who were lukewarm on the subject of impeachment who were not prepared to believe that you were privy to the murder of Lincoln, and whose co-operation was greatly needed. Ashley therefore desired to be able to place before them assurances that the most unquestionable evidence of your guilt could be produced. He therefore requested me to prepare an elaborate paper, setting forth that such, and such persons would be produced who knew and would testify to this, that, and the other thing, including the pretensions that Booth had been seen in your room several times; that you had corresponded with him, and with parties in Richmend; and that persons who would testify to those facts were of the most respectable standing and would come forward and tell all they knew, if protected by the government. He wished me to put it in a style and a tone that would be sure to carry conviction with it. He desired that, in addition to the points of evidence we had conferred about, my statement should contain others and he gave a memorandum of other points which he requested me to incorporate in my statement (B). This memorandum I enclose, and I believe it is in Matchett's handwriting (A). After preparing the statement I sent it to him at Toledo, where he wished to make use of it (C)

There is another note from Ashley enclosed worthy of attention. It is in pencil, and was written at the office of Judge Carter, (E. F.) After the failure, through the blundering of Matchett, to secure my release at the time promised, I became angry, and used pretty severe language to Matchett. He went to Ashley and Butler in alarm, and reported that I was going to expose the entire scheme to you After the persons I had sent for to New York as witnesses had returned, Matchett endeavored, without my knowledge, to persuade them to come here again, and in his letters to two of them he thoughtlessly gave some additions that it was desired they should make to their statements. He made these suggestions by letter, as his letters explained, because he was not certain that he should be here when they arrived, as they might meet Judge Bingham or some other person they had been introduced to when previously here, before he could see them and give them points; and, he therefore wanted them posted after my talking to him so severely on account of the failure to have me released at the time promised, D. F. Matchett became frightened, and seemed to get the idea that I had his letters to those parties, and had sent them, or copies of them, to you. Possibly, in my anger, I had threatened as much. He therefore makes known his fears to Ashley & Butler, and Ashley endeavored, by this note, to obtain the letters.

I have just been ordered to get ready for the penitentiary. Very respectfully,

CHARLES A. DUNHAM.

The following are the several papers which accompany the above. The letters of reference inserted in the foregoing, and annexed to the succeeding, are not upon the originals, but are introduced solely for your convenience in presenting this report. The subjoined paper, headed memorandum by the hand that wrote it, bears internal evidence of having been furnished as a guide to some person or persons who were expected to fabricate corresponding testimany

[A Memorandum.]

Shortly before the inauguration of Lincoln and Johnson, the latter, through or in connection with Booth, sent several letters to the confederacy, one of which was intended for Jefferson Davis. These letters were borne by a messenger named Allen, who had been acting as a scout or spy for the Union generals. Allen was provided with a safe conduct through our picket lines, and was supposed to have been sent on secret duty in connection with his command. He was also provided with papers from a rebel emissary at the North to insure his proper treatment when he should enter the confederate lines. After delivering his mail in Richmond he returned, bearing several letters which he received from J. B. Benjamin. These letters were enclosed to Booth on returning to Washington.—Allen called on Booth and delivered the package, and Booth, after examining some of the letters, went out, as he said, in search of his messenger. The messenger could not be found, and Booth asked Allen if he was too tired to walk as far as the Kirkwood House. Allen replied in the negative, when Booth drawing forth the package which had been brought from Richmond selected a letter addressed to Andrew Johnson, Vice-President elect of the United States, and asked Allen to deliver it. Allen promised to do so, and then accompanied Booth to the bar-room to first take a drink. Here Allen met a friend who was invited to join them in taking a drink, and afterwards accompanied him to the Kirkwood House, and heard him inquire if Mr. Johnson was in, and saw him go to his (Johnson's) room. The friend waited until Allen came down stairs, when he asked him jocularly "what in the devil's business he had with Johnson? If he was already buzzing for an office?" Allen can be produced as well as the friend who accompanied him to the Kirkwood House from Booth. Allen, before going to Richmond, had been led by Booth to believe that he was a confidential and secret agent of the government, and that the letters borne by him had referrence to peace propositions which would speedily lead to a suspension of hostilities and a restoration of the Union. And also that it can be proved by two persons, formerly rebel soldiers, that Booth, on the first and second day before his death, fell in with them near Garrett's and asked their advice and assistance in his efforts to escape. He informed them that he had killed Lincoln and thereby make a good Southern man President.—One of the parties, whose name is Dawson, said to him that if he meant that he had made Andy Johnson President, he had done the worst possible thing for the South, as he was more extreme in his views and a greater enemy to the South than Lincoln. Booth replied that it was a mistake; that Johnson, as a candidate or office-seeker, had to say a great many things; but as President he would do as he pleased; that he was bound to be a friend to the South, and that if he went back on him (Booth) he would have him hung higher than Haman. These men belong to good families and have excellent characters, and can be produced as witnesses.

Here the paper ends, but the following which was originally the final clause and is now cancelled, is still legible:

For the names of Dawson and Allen, used above, leave blanks, or substitute the names of such persons as you know will take their parts.

[B.]

THURSDAY MORNING, April, 18, 1867.

DEAR SIR: A telegram calls me to Philadelphia and I go on 11 o'clock A. M. train. I therefore send you an envelope in which you can send me, by mail, your statement.

I hope you will be able to put it in office this evening, so that I can get it next Monday.

Wishing you every success, I am yours truly.

J. M. ASHLEY.

At and after the words statement, above be words "incorporating the verbal," are stricken studiously out.

TOLEDO, Ohio, April 28, 1867.

MY DEAR SIR: On my return home to day I found your favor and the promised statement enclosed, I expect to be in Washington on Thursday, and will see you that day or the next morning. Truly your friend,

J. M. ASHLEY.

C. A. Dunham, Esq., Washington.

This letter seems to have come here in a common envelope, superscribed C. A. Dunham, Present, which is much pocket-soiled. The same applied to the following:

[D] SATURDAY, A. M., June 1, 1867.

DEAR SIR: Your note is just received. Let your counsel act as he deems best, taking advantage of every legal point which may be presented. I think the course proposed by them is all that we want. Truly J. M. ASHLEY.

Next we have the following:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, July 8, '67.

MY DEAR SIR: I have just seen your wife, and have your letter. You may rest assured that I do not credit the false and stupid reports made against you. If you had the letters I know you would send copies to I—. If you can put the original in my hands I will say that no one shall take or destroy them without your express orders in writing, except you are released. Will you see your wife again this evening? Respectfully,

C. A. Dunham J. M. ASHLEY.

This note is not written in ink, but in pencil, and though dated "House of Representatives," is upon a half sheet of plain note paper, apparently torn from some note which had been carried in the pocket. It comes here in an envelope superscribed C. A. Dunham, Esq., Prison. The envelope also shows some apparently idle scribbling.

April 26. 1867.

DUNHAM: It is all right. The matter will rest for the present or until the thing is argued in May. You will not leave the city ad interim. Mr. A. will return next week, when any other matter is adjusted.

Yours W. B. M.

This is written on a small scrap in ink superscribed "C. A. Dunham:" On a still smaller and much soiled scrap in pencil, but evidently by the same hand, is this memorandum or explanation:

[G.]

1. The Court cannot act without being a particeps criminis.

2. Congress will, at the proper time, exercise its powers.

3. Witnesses will be first called before the Committee.

This, Mr. President, completes the full and literal recital of all the papers or other adhering data before me. The parcel comprising all but the pardon papers, reached this office in an envelope from the executive Mansion, indorsed "Received from Mrs. Dunham, July 30, 1867." The papers, having come from the hands of a person whose application for pardon was undergoing official examination here, were, for very obvious reasons, associated with it in considering the matter. Struck by the extraordinary character, yet remembering in how unexpected and casual a manner they had been received at the Executive Office, I immediately determined that until I should have made this report, their equality and significance, whatever these may be, should remain unchanged by investigation, or by any extraneous connection or association whatever, and not only of record, but, as far as practicable in my own mind. This course it is necessary to bear in recollection in the act of extenuating the probable weight or value of the allegations. Never having been the handwriting of the Hon. J. M. Ashley, I thought it due to him that I should not proceed without acquiring a notion of his genuine chirography. I, therefore, exhibited that letter, which was written by Mr. Ashley to recommend the pardon of Dunham, to a gentleman acquainted with his hand-writing. The latter, without hesitation, recognized that letter as genuine. The others strikingly resemble it.

In conclusion, I beg leave to express the profound sensibility with which I find myself obliged to bring to the serious notice of the President of the United States accusations and papers which must occasion him painful embarrassment. They expose prominent members of the Legislature of the Union to the shocking suspicion of having conspired with a convicted perjurer for a stupendous imposition, first upon the House of Representatives, then upon the people and then upon the Senate of the United States for the purpose of effecting the impeachment removal from office of a President of the United States solely upon suborned testimony. I need not say with what astonishment making would hear it charged that a scheme so abominable was heightened still by the peculiar wickedness of attempting to induce the intended victim himself, through appeals to his clemency; to qualify, by a pardon with competency to act and testify the principal instrument of the imposture! But impossible as the existence of such a conspiracy may seem, is not the President exposed to a grave accountability for whatever consequences may possibly follow an incredulity too generous in the promises to be indulged, merely because these adventitious data have been thrust upon the his casual notice by a party who has been dishonored by a criminal verdict, but who is still, in the expressed opinion of competent professional persons, qualified to be a vehicle of truth in a court of justice.

I thus lay the whole matter before your Excellency for your better judgment.

In the meantime the application for pardon will be suspended. Very respectfully, your obedient servant.

JOHN M. BINCKLEY.
Acting-Attorney General.

To Andrew Johnson, President of the United States.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 20.

REMOVAL OF GENERAL SHERIDAN.

The official order releaving General Sheridan and placing General George H. Thomas in command of the Fifth Military District was sent to those respective officers to-day by mail, preceded by a telegraphic notification. General Grant, it will be noticed, directs General Thomas to continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the Army to alter, modify, or annul them. General Grant also requires General Sheridan to report in person to him in this city before he proceeds to take command at Fort Leavenworth. The following is the official order in detail:

[General Orders No. 77.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, 1867.

First. The following orders have been received from the President:

EXECUTIVE MANSION; WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17.

Major General George H. Thomas is hereby assigned to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by the act of Congress, passed on the 2d day of March, 1867.

Major General P. H. Sheridan is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of the Missouri.

Major General Winfield S. Hancock is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of the Cumberland.

The Secretary of War *ad interim* will give the necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

[Signed] ANDREW JOHNSON.

Second. In pursuance of the foregoing order of the President of the United States, Major General G. H. Thomas will, on the receipt of the order, turn over his present command to the officer next in rank to himself and proceed to New Orleans, Louisiana, to relieve Major General P. H. Sheridan of the command of the Fifth Military District.

Third. Major-General P. H. Sheridan on being relieved from the command of the Fifth Military District by Major-General G. H. Thomas, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas and will relieve Major General W. S. Hancock in the command of the Department of the Missouri.

Fourth. Major General W. S. Hancock on being relieved from the command of the Department of the Missouri by Major-General P. H. Sheridan, will proceed to Louisville Kentucky and will assume command of the Department of the Cumberland.

Fifth. Major-General G. H. Thomas will continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth Military District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the Army to annul, alter or modify them.

Sixth. Major General Sheridan, before relieving Major General Hancock, will report in person at these headquarters.

By command of General Grant.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
[official.] Assistant-Adjutant-General.

——Thursday, the 12th of September, 1867, will witness the assembling of at least fifteen thousand defenders of law and order."

☞What excellent county officers the Radicals and Stafford Niggers in this county would make. Only think of it!

☞Mr. George Myers, of Switzerland Township, was killed one day last week, while engaged in quarrying stone, near Captina, for the Penitentiary at Moundsville, West Va. Myers and other workmen were splitting off huge stone and were engaged at one, which our informant says, they could not move from its bed. After repeated fruitless efforts, Myers went down into the quarry to examine whether any obstacle was holding it at the bottom, and removed some small stone, when the stone weighing several tons trembled on the balance an instant and then fell crushing him lifeless.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE

County Officers.

Probate Judge, W. T. SINCLAIR; office two doors North of the Postoffice.

Auditor, S. GRIMSHAW; office up stairs in Bloomer House.

Treasurer, DANIEL NEUHART; office at the residence of *M.* Schaub, East side of Public Square,

Clerk of Court, JERE WILLIAMS; office at W. T. Morris' residence.

Prosecuting Attorney, J. P. SPRIGGS; office up stairs in Bloomer House.

Recorder, D. O'CONNOR; office at his residence East side of town.

Sheriff, JOSEPH MYERS; office with the Clerk.

Commissioners, THOMAS MURPHY, BARNET MANN, F. A. LAMPING; office with Auditor.

Surveyor, O. S. SLOAN; Postoffice, Stafford.

Infirmary Directors, STEPHEN DOUGHERTY, JESSE JACKSON, MARTIN BAKER.

Coroner, JOHN MUHLEMANN, Esq.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS TO AND FROM WOODSFIELD.

Barnesville, which now includes Beallsville and Calais mails, arrive each evening at 3 P. M.. Leaves each morning at 9 A. M.

Western Marietta arrives Tuesdays and Fridays. Leaves Wednesday and Saturday mornings at 7 A. M.

Sunfish arrives every Tuesday evening. Leaves Wednesday mornings at 7 A. M.

Southern Marietta arrives Tuesdays and Fridays. Leaves Wednesday and Saturday mornings at 7 A. M.

NOTICE.—Announcement of marriages and deaths containing six lines or less, we publish free of charge, and will be much obliged to our friends throughout the county if they will forward them to us. Five cents per line will be charged for all above six lines on all Obituary Notices.

ADVERTISING

Has enlarged many a small business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
Has created many a new business.
TRY IT.

Campaign Subscribers!

FIFTY CENTS.

We will send the "Spirit" during the campaign ending December 1, for fifty cents. We make this offer in order that all may have an opportunity of posting themselves in regard to the reckless manner in which the Radical Destructionists are misgoverning the country.

Morris & Way

Have their law office in Schumacher's new building, Northeast corner of Public Square. tf.

New Advertisements.

Simon Dorr—Union Hotel.
Jones & Morris—Dry Goods.
Rosenbaum & Klotz—Dissolution.
Jos. Myers—Proclamation.
James & Tillman—Jewelry.
Jas. O. Amos—To Teachers.

Monroe County Soldiers' Monumental Association.

As Secretary of the Association, it is impossible for us to publish a report of the receipts and expenditures, owing to the neglect of Township Committees in reporting amounts collected.

The project has not fallen through with by any means, but is still in progress, although the people are slow to advance their money.

We urge upon the people of Monroe County to aid in erecting a column to perpetuate the memory of those men who fell battling for the Union as bequeathed by our forefathers. Subscribe, and subscribe freely, in order that the work may be accomplished.

NEW GOODS

—AT—

JONES & MORRIS'.

All who wish to purchase their fall supply of Dry Goods and Groceries, cannot do better than to call at the store of Jones & Morris.

They have just received a full stock of calicos, lawns, ginghams, checks, muslins, coffee, tea, sugar, pepper, spices, rice, and in fact everything usually kept in a first class dry goods store. Give them a call, soon, if you would select from a complete assortment. aug272w.

Hear! Hear!!

Messrs. JAMES & TILLMAN, successors to J. D. Stauver, are now fully prepared to do all kinds of work in the Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing line, in a workmanlike manner, at the old stand, next door to Mooney's. They will also keep an assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and sell as low as any one. Give them a call. aug27ml.

☞Our enterprising Sheriff, Myers, purchased, on Friday last, the racking horse Kentucky, of Mr. Rodecker, of Noble County. Kentucky took the racking premiums at the St. Clairsville, Cambridge, and our Fair last year. Price $400.

☞Geo. Schell, who resides near Miltonsburg, fell into a threshing machine one day last week and had one of his legs cut off below the knee.

☞North, South, East and West of Woodsfield, the contractors are as busy as bees, working the roads and are putting them in firstrate condition.

☞The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of the Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company.

Mr. John T. Crist is the Agent for this county and Belmont.

☞Read Judge Hempstead's letter.

☞Graves' Imperial Plastic Roofing, is fire and water proof, and adapted to roofs of any pitch. Work promptly done and warranted. Address R. C. Graves, Barnesville, Ohio.

☞Mr. Aaron Pugh cut one of his feet with an ax on Thursday of last week. The injury was severe but will not permanently injure him.

☞St. Paul's Church, Lutheran, of this place has a new bell. It weighs seven hundred and eighty-three pounds, and cost $287.

☞The Fair Grounds and buildings are sadly out of repair. Whose business is it to put them in order?

☞The carpenters and stone masons are working at the Catholic Church.

☞Bonner paid $50,000 for Dexter instead of $30,000, as stated last week.

☞The 16th District Annual Meeting of the Christian Church commenced at Bellaire on the 15th inst. Dr. Smith, of Woodsfield, presided. The annual address was delivered by Jabez Hall, of Wheeling. The meeting was one of unusual interest and very harmonious. Elders White and Hall filled the pulpit of the M. E. Church on Sunday, and Elders Gray and Atwater occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church. Elder McDermit of Barnesville, preached in the Christian Church, at Bellaire, Sunday morning.

Up to Sunday night there were five additions to the Bellaire Church. The meeting is still progressing.

The next annual meeting will be held at Malaga, Monroe County, Ohio, on the 15th of August, 1868.—*Barnesville Enterprise.*

DEATH OF AN OLD CITIZEN.—On Thursday last Barnesville lost one of her oldest and most respected citizens—Robert Mills, Esq.—who died at his residence in this place, at the ripe old age of eighty-five.—*Ib., 22d inst.*

MARRIED.

JUSTICE—HYSSOM.—On the 18th inst., by Jacob Wagner, Esq., Mr. John Justice and Miss Susannah Hyssom.

SHOOK—SMITH.—On the same day by the same, Mr. George Shook and Miss Elizabeth Smith.

BAKER—FOGGIN.—On the same day by Andrew Twinum, Esq., Mr. John Baker and Miss Hattie Foggin.

COMMERCIAL.

WOODSFIELD PRODUCE MARKET
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JONES & MORRIS.
SATURDAY, Aug. 24, 1867.

Wheat per bushel	$200
Flour per barrel	12,00@16,00
Flour per hundred	6,00@8,00
Corn per bushel	70@75
Oats "	35
Beans "	1,25@1,50
Flax-seed "	2,00
Barley "	80
Butter per lb	15
Eggs per dozen	8
Rags per lb	3
Coffee	30@35
Green Apples	50
Timothy seed	2,00
Clover seed	10,00
Dried Apples	1,00
Dried Peaches	5,50
Salt	4,00
Hay	10,00
Wood per cord	3,00
Onions per bushel	75
Potatoes "	75
Corn meal per bushel	80
Sorghum molasses by the bbl	50
Hides (green) per pound	5@8
Calf Skins per pound	10
Socks per pair	40@50
Bacon per pound	10@12
Beef per pound	10@13
Tallow "	12½
Candles "	20
Lard "	10
Coal	15
Beeswax	25
Soap	15
Feathers	60
Tea	$1,40@2,00
Syrup per gallon	65
Molasses "	75@1,50
Sugar per pound	16@20

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, August 23.

FLOUR—Steady but quiet.
WHEAT—$2 15@2 25.
CORN—92c.
OATS—60c.
RYE—No. 1, $1 30
WHISKY—30c in bond.
PROVISIONS—Firm.
MESS PORK—City $24 00.
BULK MEATS—11½@13½c.
BACON—12¼@12½c.
LARD—13c.
CLOVER SEED—$12 10.
TIMOTHY SEED—$3 40@3 50.
FLAX SEED—$2 10.
LINSEED OIL—$1 15.
BUTTER—24c.
EGGS—14c.
GOLD—140½.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

Aug. 15.—CATTLE—The offerings at the scales during the past week amounted to 1190 head, against 1505 last week.

Prices to-day ranged as follows: Old cows and scalawags $4 00@4 50; common to fair $4 50@6 25; good to prime $7 00@8 25 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP—Sales of fat sheep at 4@5½c per pound gross. Lambs $2 00@4 00.

HOGS—Sales at $10 00@10 50 per 100 lbs net.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

August 12.

BEEF CATTLE—The offerings to-day amounted to about 2500 head; sales at $13 00@17 00 per 100 lbs for common to extra. Cows sold at $50@90 per head for common to choice.

SHEEP—Receipts about 5000 head; sales at 5½@6½c per lb gross, as to condition.

HOGS—Were in fair demand; about 1,100 head offered and sold at $10@10 50 per 100 lbs net, the latter rate being for prime corn fed.

Attention.

The public are notified that I will be prepared to furnish horsefeed, to all who may wish to purchase, on the day of the Mass Meeting, Thursday, Sep. 12. I will have my place of doing business at the Fair Grounds. E. F. SWAN,
aug20w3. Prop. Livery Stable.

DR. STRICKLAND: Having used your Anti-Cholera Mixture during the cholera epidemic here last summer, and induced others to do the same, in cases that had all the cholera symptoms, in every case it promptly checked the disease. I believe it's the best remedy known for cholera and diarrhœa of every form, and advise those afflicted to try it.—W. Barber, of the firm of Barber, Choate & Naber, Cincinnati.

A STIMULATING TONIC—LIFE BITTERS. Good health is a blessing. The way to enjoy such is to take a wine glass full of STRICKLAND'S LIFE BITTERS two or three times a day. They create a good appetite, strengthen the stomach; they cure habitual constipation, Nervousness and Headache; they make the old feel young. If you wish for life and good health, use STRICKLAND'S LIFE BITTERS. For sale in bottles by Druggists, and by the drink at all saloons and groceries.

☞Job work of all kinds executed with neatness and dispatch. Give us a call.

New Advertisements,

UNION HOUSE,
(Southeast of Public Square,)
SIMON DORR, : : : : Proprietor.

HAVING recently taken charge of this House, the Proprietor has refitted and refurnished it throughout in a manner calculated to make it one of the most desirable stopping places in this part of the State.

Guests will find the best accommodations at this House, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable

The Stables are commodious, and the travelers' horses receive the best attention.
aug27y.

To Teachers.

THE Board of Examiners will hold meetings for the examination of Teachers, at Woodsfield, Ohio, as follows:

Saturday, September 7, 1867.
" " 21, "
" October 5, "
" " 19, "
" November 2, "
" " 16, "
" " 30, "
" December 14, "
" January 11, 1868.

Examinations to commence at 8 o'clock.
By order of the Board.
aug27. JAMES O. AMOS, Clerk.

Proclamation.

NOTICE is hereby given to the qualified voters of Monroe County, Ohio, that a general election will be held, as required by law, on the second Tuesday, being the

8th day of October, A. D. 1867,

at the several places of holding elections in said county of Monroe, and you will then and there proceed to vote by ballot for

One Governor for the State of Ohio;
One Lieutenant Governor for the State of Ohio;
One Treasurer of State for the State of Ohio;
One Auditor of State " " "
One Attorney General " " "
One Supreme Judge " " "
One Comptroller of the Treasury for the State of Ohio;
One Member of the Board of Public Works for the State of Ohio;
One Senator for the 19th Senatorial District of the State of Ohio;
One Representative for the county of Monroe;
One Clerk of the Court for the county of Monroe;
One Treasurer for the county of Monroe;
One Sheriff " " "
One Pros. Att'y " " "
One Recorder " " "
One Commissioner " " "
One Inf. Director " " "
One Coroner " " "

You will also proceed to vote for or against the following proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Ohio, to wit:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, (three-fifths of the members elected to each House agreeing thereto,) That it be and is hereby proposed to the electors of this State to vote, at the next annual October election, upon the approval or rejection of the following amendment as a substitute for the first section of the fifth article of the Constitution of this State, to wit: Every male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of the State one year next preceding the election, and of the county, township or ward in which he resides, such time as may be provided by law, except such persons as have borne arms in support of any insurrection or rebellion against the government of the United States, or have fled from their places of residence to avoid being drafted into the military service thereof, or have deserted the military or naval service of said government in time of war, and have not subsequently been honorably discharged from the same, shall have the qualifications of an elector, and be entitled to vote at all elections.

Those voting for the Amendment shall put upon their ballots the words. "Constitutional Amendment—Yes." Those voting against it shall put upon their ballots these words: "Constitutional Amendment—No."

The Trustees of the several Townships of said County are hereby notified that the following number of Jurors are apportioned to their townships respectively, and that they are required to select the said number and make return thereof to the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, together with the poll-book, within two days after the said second Tuesday in October, 1867:

Adams	8	Salem	10
Benton	5	Seneca	8
Bethel	6	Summit	6
Center	15	Sunsbury	9
Franklin	9	Switzerland	5
Green	9	Washington	8
Jackson	6	Wayne	6
Malaga	9		
Ohio	11	Total	136
Perry	6		

The polls to be opened between the hours of 6 and 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and closed at 7 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Given under my hand, at my office in Woodsfield, this 23d day of August, A. D. 1867, and of the 65th year of the State.

JOSEPH MYERS,
Sheriff Monroe County, Ohio.
aug27td.

☞All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for this paper.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Rosenbaum & Klotz was, on the 19th day of August dissolved by mutual agreement. All debts due the firm will be paid by Philip Klotz, and all persons having claims against the firm will present them for payment. The business will be conducted in the future by Mr. Klotz.
aug27w1. ROSENBAUM & KLOTZ.

Cincinnati Law School.

THE 35th Annual Session of the Cincinnati Law School, will commence on Wednesday, October 16, 1867, and continue until the 3d Wednesday of April, 1868. For catalogues and information, address,
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Probate Notice.

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aug20tf. Probate Judge.

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[4th & 5th w. on, 4w. 1 yr.
jan22