

HENRY R. WEST, Editor and Proprietor.



WOODSFIELD, Dec. 17, 1867.

"THE UNION AS IT WAS, AND THE CONSTITUTION AS IT IS." "I hold that this Government was made on the WHITE BASIS, by WHITE MEN, for the BENEFIT OF WHITE MEN and their POSTERITY forever."—Stephen A. Douglas.

"A union of hearts, a union of hands, a union that none may sever; A union of lakes, a union of lands, THE AMERICAN UNION FOREVER."

The Democracy are in Favor of Representation in Congress by every State.

Immediate union on the basis of the Constitution.

Opposed to usurpation of undelegated power by Congress.

Opposed to military despotism in this Republic.

Opposed to Congressional force bills to establish Negro Suffrage.

Address all orders and letters, "The Spirit of Democracy," WOODSFIELD, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1868,

Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, of Ohio.

Reading matter on every page.

Meeting of the Monroe County Democratic Central Committee.

The Democratic Central Committee of Monroe County will meet at the Clerks Office, in Woodsfield, on Saturday the 28th day of December.

For the purpose of choosing eight Delegates to represent Monroe County in the Democratic State Convention, to be held in the City of Columbus, on the 8th day of January, and fixing the time and manner of holding the next Democratic County Convention. The Committee-men are as follows:

- Adams.....S. A. ATKINSON. Benton.....THOMAS MURPHY. Bethel.....THOMAS MARTIN. Centel.....JOHN S. WAY. Franklin.....W. M. S. WAY. Green.....W. J. ADAMSON. Jackson.....JACOB WAGNER. Malaga.....PETER DORE. Ohio.....C. CEBRES. Perry.....JAMES DRIGGS. Salsbury.....W. M. WORKMAN. Sale.....STEPHEN HATROBIN. Seneca.....JOSEPH WEBB. Summit.....JACOB H. HAMILTON. Switzerland.....E. G. BLATTLER. Washington.....JAMES OKRY. Wayne.....CRAIG CRONIN.

A full attendance is requested.

JOHN S. WAY, Chairman.

Radical Teaching.

Lindsay, one of the Radical Negro Delegates to the Virginia Convention, made use of the following language in a tirade delivered in the city of Richmond on the 3d day of April last: "Don't tell me I ain't on an equality with anybody God made. I want the privilege of going to see any white man, or eating with him, or sleeping with him—and, if I choose to, why shouldn't I marry his daughter?"

Exactly. That is the doctrine advocated for the Negro by the Radical party.

In another effort, delivered in the same city, he said: "Before any of his children should suffer for food, the streets of Richmond should run knee deep in blood. He thanked God that the negroes had learned to use guns, pistols, swords and larns."

That Nigger's ideas of Radicalism are correct. His language sounds harsh, but he is only following the insane teachings of Steves, Wilson, Sumner, Phillips and other prominent leaders of the Radical party. Blood, political power and property is the Radical platform, and of course its most ardent supporters are ignorant Negroes.

The Impachers Impached.

On Saturday, the 7th inst., the House of Representatives reached a vote on the resolution for the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, which resulted, yeas 57, nays 108. Thus have the impachers been impached by the body which they disgrace by their presence; and impached by the people at the ballot-box. Never was a more pitiable failure recorded. Ashley may now indorse on the back of his impeachment scheme: "Died a borein'."

Communications from every township in the County approve the course of the Spirit in advocating Hon. C. L. VALDIGHAM for the U. S. Senatorship.

The rice crop of Florida is almost a total failure.

Criminal Neglect in the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum at Columbus.

In the Ohio Statesman of the 9th inst. appeared the following from an irresponsible scribbler who signed himself "X" in regard to the hanging of the Rev. ALEXANDER BELL, in the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum:

A Card. COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 9, 1867. To the Editors of the Ohio Statesman: "GENTLEMEN: In your columns of the 28th ult., appeared an item, copied from the Woodsfield (O.) Spirit of Democracy, which reflects very severely upon the management of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum in the case of a recent suicide in that institution."

In our article we said: "Persons send their friends, who through trouble have become deranged, to our State institution for the purpose of having their reason restored, and the managers send them home in their coffins."

Which the defender, "X," of the officers of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum, makes a very feeble attempt to excuse, but not to disapprove:

The spirit of the "Spirit" is easily explicable by reference to the files of your paper about the 20th of January last, in which among the locals may be found a notice of an amputation performed by Prof. Hamilton upon a patient in the Asylum, and mention of the fact that the patient, with two others, had been confined in the Monroe county jail to await removal to Columbus, and that all three had their feet or other portions of their bodies frozen whilst thus in jail.

We distinctly recollect the affair of Martin and Kalbfleisch, and the attempt of the officers of the Asylum, through the Local of the Statesman, to fasten the freezing of those men upon the Monroe County officials.

We asserted at that time that those men were frozen before they came here, that they were never confined in the jail of Monroe County, that they were taken to the Asylum by the Sheriff and his Deputy, and that they informed the Superintendent that their feet were frozen; and that he replied that it was a common occurrence for lunatics to escape from their relations and wander about the country until their feet and hands would be badly frozen.

Mr. "X" informs the public that he has been allowed access to the books of the Asylum:

The officers of the Asylum have paid no attention whatever to this item from the "Spirit," knowing, as they do, that to any one acquainted with suicidal insanity the charges made against them will appear simply absurd; but for the benefit of those who have confided their friends to the care of these officers, I beg leave to state the following, which I have gathered from the books of the Institution, to which I have been allowed access lately:

We are well aware, as are the friends of the Rev. ALEXANDER BELL, that "the officers of the Asylum have paid no attention to this item from the SPIRIT (?)," but we insist in behalf of those who have friends in the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum, that "the officers" shall explain to the public why the Rev. ALEXANDER BELL was permitted to destroy his life. No doubt it appears "absurd" that friends should ask questions of "the officers," but they do, and demand the full particulars.

Here is the result of "X's" figuring: During the year ending November 1st, 1867, there were under treatment in the Asylum one hundred and one patients. From this number there were discharged recovered one hundred and twenty-five, and only fifteen died. Since the 1st of November, 1867, there have been received into that institution from Monroe County twenty-four patients. Of these have been discharged recovered 24; discharged improved, three; discharged unimproved, two; died, three. Of these deaths one was that by suicide; another was from frozen feet upon which gangrene had set in before the man was brought to the institution. In the Asylum for twenty months past there have been constantly under treatment from thirty to forty patients with suicidal tendencies. Within that time but this one has succeeded in self-destruction. They who have been with the suicidal insane and know the desperate persistency with which they pursue their fatal purpose, will be very far from blaming the management of an institution that can show such a record as this. In the case in question we do not wish to drag before the public the sad details. Suffice it to say, that no fault could be attached to any person for the patient's success in his designs; the occurrence was such an one as will sometimes take place in any Asylum in spite of every possible precaution.

We care nothing about the figures, as they are paraded as a blind to lead the public mind from this official blunder.—And we do not suppose that the above figures afford even the poorest consolation to the friends of the confined Rev. ALEXANDER BELL.

If the Rev. ALEXANDER BELL was possessed of "suicidal tendencies," why did not the officers prevent him from exercising those "tendencies," to the extent he did? The officers knew that he was possessed of "suicidal tendencies," and it is evident that they did not take the NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS to prevent him destroying his life; consequently are a disgrace to the positions which they occupy.

The people of Monroe County, and of the State of Ohio demand a full and explicit statement of "the sad details" attending the suicide of the Rev. ALEXANDER BELL, certified to by the officers of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum, and we incline to the opinion that "fault will attach" to more than "one person."

Finally, let us have the facts in full and

if the officers of the Asylum are innocent of worse than criminal neglect in this matter, we will cheerfully give publicly to the same. We are determined to sift this matter to the very bottom when the Legislature convenes in January, if a satisfactory explanation is not given through official sources. We want nothing more to do with "X," who no doubt is paid to shield the officers of the Asylum from a just public indignation.

The Louisiana Convention.

The Convention for the reconstruction of Louisiana, now in session at New Orleans, is one of the smallest affairs in the way of brass ever before assembled in the United States. It is composed of cooks, boot-blacks, field-hands, bureau officers, and men unknown five miles from their place of residence. It is with weapons of this sort that the Radical Revolutionists are ruling the South, and trampling the rights of White men under their feet. Here is a list of the members, taken from the N. Y. World:

- W. Jasper Blackburn, white, is a Northern man who edits the Homer Llad, a little Radical paper of intense bitterness published in Claiborne parish. O. C. Bladin is a New Orleans mulatto. Hyacinthe Bousseigneur is the same and chairman of a standing committee—that on "contemptible expenses." Emile Bonnet is a mulatto. Wm. Brown is an unknown white. Dennis Burrell is a negro. Wm. Butler is a negro. Wm. H. Cooley is a white man; a District Judge in Point Coupee and chairman of the standing committee on the new constitution. He is not so Radical as he was and swears freely. W. R. Crane is a truly loyal man whose name appears subscribed to this oath: "I do solemnly swear that I am qualified according to the Constitution, and the laws of the State to vote. I will be faithful and true allegiance bear to the State of Louisiana and the Confederate States of America, and that I will support, protect, and defend the Constitution of the State and of the said Confederate States. So help me God. March 20, 1862."

Some years prior to this the reconstructing Crane offered a resolution in the Louisiana Legislature to unseat J. P. Benjamin then United States Senator; because the said Judah was in favor of Mr. Clay's compromise measure, instead of being as Soule, Quitman and the reconstructing Crane then were for instantaneous secession. After Butler the best came to this city, Mr. Crane became curator of the estates of persons sent beyond the line, and of registered enemies. In personal appearance he is adust as to the face, orange-tawny as to the beard, and stringy as to the neck, around which, without any intervention of a collar is twisted a wispy black cravat.

Thos. S. Crawford is a melancholy unknown young white man in blue steel spurs.

R. J. Cromwell is a negro doctor. Samuel K. Cury is a very black negro. Geo. W. Deering, Jr., is a mulatto. A. J. Demarest is white, unknown. Chas. Depasseau, is a mulatto. P. G. Deslonde, mulatto. Jos. Deslonde, mulatto. Auguste Donator Jr., mulatto. Davis Douglas, mulatto. J. G. Drinkard, white, unknown. Gustavus Duparte, mulatto. Ulger Dupart, mulatto. C. H. B. Duplessis, white, unknown. G. W. Esnard, mulatto. J. W. Furgeson, white, unknown. John Gair, mulatto. R. G. Gardiner, a very black negro, temporary president of the Convention. Abraham N. Gould, negro. Leopold Guichard, mulatto. Peter Harper, Jno. S. Harris, Thos. P. Harrison, O. H. Hempstead, and W. H. Hiestand, all white and entirely unknown. J. H. Ingraham, mulatto, a cook in the Washington artillery during the war, and now Chairman of the Committee on Bill of Rights.

R. H. Isabelle, mulatto. Thos. Isabelle, mulatto. Simon Jones, white. Geo. Y. Kello, mulatto. Jas. H. Landers, white, wears a brimstone-colored vest and is Solon Shinge to a hair. Otherwise unknown. Victor Lange, mulatto. Chas. Leroy, mulatto. J. B. Lewis, white. Richard Lewis, black. Jno. J. Ludwig, white, a German.—Has good sense, but speaks English feebly. Jno. Lynch, white. "Give ye me word of honor he has" said he the other day, sotto voce, in debate. And of such is delegate Lynch.

Frederic Mane, white. Thomas M. Martin, mulatto. J. A. Massicot, white. Wm. R. Meadows, white. Ben. McLeran, white. W. L. McMillan, white of Ohio, ex-U. S. A. Milton Morris, a very black negro. S. R. Moses, still blacker. Wm. Mucell, mulatto. Jas. Mushaway, white. Theophilus Myers, mulatto. J. P. Newsham, white, ex-U. S. Jos. C. Oliver, mulatto. S. B. Packard, white. Jno. Pierce, mulatto. P. B. S. Pinchbeck, mulatto. Great friend of Banks, N. P. Robert Poindexter, negro. Coriell Pollard, negro, black as jet. Geo. W. Reagan, white, ex-U. S. A. D. Reese, white. Fortune Riard, mulatto. D. D. Riggs, white. J. A. N. Roberts, mulatto. L. Rodriguez, mulatto. N. Schawb, white, German. Charles Smith, white, Internal Revenue assessor. Sosthene Snaer, mulatto. Jno. Scott, negro. G. Snider, white. H. G. Steele, white. Chas. Thibaut, white. E. Twichant, mulatto. M. H. Twichell, white, ex-U. S. A. Napoleon Underwood, white. P. F. Valroit, negro. Jno. B. Vandergriff, white. Mies Vidal, white. Rufus Naples, white. G. M. Wickliffe, white, is a truly loyal

man. In 1860, he edited a paper at Clinton, in this State called The Spirit of the South, full of death to abolitionists, hating the abolitionist devil, what the knife, prepare the fuel, etc., etc., in the very worst style of the fire-eating school. As before observed he is a truly loyal man. He looks, big black mustache "hiliang" air and all as though he had just dropped down out of the Bowery and with two negroes Williams and Wilson, closes the roll of this Convention.

Were the people of the South true to their own interests they would rise in the name of the Constitution of the United States, and wipe the vampire band of howling, blood-thirsty Niggers and unknowns, who are now engaged in eating them out of their substance and outlawing them, from existence.

Here is a specimen of the blood-thirsty speeches daily thrown into the faces of disfranchised white men:

NEW ORLEANS, December 7.—In the Convention to-day, while discussing the preamble and resolutions denying the statements contained in the memorial to Congress expressing a fear of a war of races, a negro named Cromwell declared: "We will reign until the last one of us goes down forever." The negroes were going to have their rights, if it was by revolution and blood, in spite of Andy Johnson or any other man, and declared that he was ready for revolution.

From the above the people can very readily see what the negro doctrines of Sumner and Wilson have brought the country too.

No More Negroes on Juries.

Special Orders No. 203. From Gen. Hancock's headquarters, dated the 5th inst., revokes Gen. Sheridan's Jury order. The following is an extract: "The qualification of a juror, under the law is a proper subject for the decision of the courts. The commanding General in the discharge of the trust reposed in him, will maintain the just power of the Judiciary, and is unwilling to permit the civil authorities and laws to be embarrassed by military interference; and as it is an established fact that the administration of justice in the ordinary tribunals is greatly embarrassed by the operations of paragraph No. 2, Special Orders No. 125, certain series, from these headquarters, it is ordered that said paragraph, which relates to the qualifications of persons to be placed on the jury lists of the State of Louisiana, be and the same is hereby revoked, and that the trial by jury be henceforth regulated and controlled by the Constitution and civil laws, without regard to any military orders heretofore issued from these headquarters."

All of which sets Cuffee and Sambo back considerably. No more of the kinky tribe will sit on juries within the limits of the Fifth Military District.—Gen. Hancock has revived hope, and has won a place in the heart of every man, woman and child who loves the country and desires its future existence as a nation.

Democratic Jubilee at Browns-ville, Benton Township, Monroe County, Ohio.

We have received the particulars, (not through the mail) of a meeting of the Democracy of Benton and adjoining townships, held on Saturday the 23d ult. to give expression to their jubilant feelings over the Democratic successes of 1867.

Over three hundred persons were assembled. All the houses in town were illuminated, with but two exceptions.—Martial music enlivened the scene, and a general good time was had.

The meeting was organized by Mr. GEORGE CLINE, an old gentleman of 80 years of age, being President. The orators were THOMAS MURPHY Esq., and Mr. G. W. CARROTHERS. Mr. CARROTHERS' speech abounded in facts; many happy hits were given the Rads which elicited rounds of applause, and was pronounced by the assembly to be one of the ablest efforts they had ever listened too.

Benton will do to bet on; when her Democracy feel good they let it be known by having a jolly good time. All hail Benton Bay thy Democracy reap the good things of this life through all coming time!

Bogus Nominations.

A lot of broken-down political hacks, viz: John B. Haskin, of New York; John Heckman, of Pennsylvania, and John D. Reynolds, have set up shop at Washington City for the purpose of making Presidential nominations for the Democracy for 1868.

The Democracy will hold a National Convention for 1868, and put in nomination a ticket which the people will triumphantly sustain. The pitiful wireworkers about Washington have lost their power; the people are suspicious of all their acts, consequently their bogus nominations will not amount to blue beans.

But should anything occur which shall constitute an offence in the meaning and letter of the Constitution, which can be taken hold of, it will receive attention at the proper time.

The above is from the Guernsey Times, a Radical sheet, and is an acknowledgment that President Johnson has committed no act "in the meaning and letter of the Constitution," which "could be taken hold of" to effect his impeachment.

The Republican National Convention

The managers of the founded hulk called the Republican party, have decided to hold their last National Convention at Chicago, on the 20th day of May. This is regarded as a triumph for the Grant faction.

Pittsburg, Boston, Lawrence and Manchester!



The elections in these cities for Mayor are repetitions of all-the elections held in 1867, Democrats having been chosen in every instance.

In Pittsburg the Democrats elected their candidate for Mayor by the handsome majority of 1,200!

In Boston the Democratic candidate was elected by a majority of 500!

In Lawrence, Mass., the Democrats carried every ward in the city, electing their candidate for Mayor and all the Councilmen but one and he was elected by Democrats and Conservatives.

In Manchester, N. H., the Democrats elected their candidate for Mayor by a majority of 302. Last year the Radical majority was 543. Democratic gain 854. New Hampshire will fall into the Democratic line next March.

Poor Rads! they are better at reconstructing ignorant negroes to the support of their destruction policy, than convincing intelligent white men. They can carry Southern elections by the aid of Negro field hands and bayonets, but in the North, where men are free and untrampled, they are defeated, repudiated and turned out of office and places of public trust and the same given to honest men.

BREVITIES.

The government of Mexico has declared war against Guatemala.

A FLORENCE dispatch denies that Garibaldi has escaped from Caprea.

DECEPTION and easy virtue are generally found locked arm in arm.

DREWS, the inventor of the celebrated Prussian needle-gun, is dead.

HER MAJESTY's theater, the largest in London, was destroyed by fire the 6th inst.

COUNTERFEIT tickets for Dickens' readings were sold to New Yorkers by Boston sharpers.

IMPEACHMENT was slaughtered in the House of its friends. Poor, contemptible ass Ashley.

The Italian Government has granted universal amnesty to the adherents of General Garibaldi.

To be a "Union Man," is to favor the payment of Bondholders in gold and the poor man in greenbacks.

PEONAGE has been abolished by the government of Mexico, and republican liberty is declared to stand on a firm foundation.

BANCROFT, the Historian, has had an audience with Queen Victoria. Wonder what they said.

CONFISCATION is dead. Ben Wade says it is d—d now, but could have been carried one year ago.

PITTSBURGH, the Banner Radical city of the United States, elected a Democratic Mayor on the 10th inst.

The Boston Democrats, besides electing their Mayor, elected twenty-two Common Councilmen and five Aldermen.

MANY of the once wealthy citizens of Beaufort, S. C. are destitute of the commonest food and clothing.

HON. T. A. PLANTS, our (?) we have always thought he was the property of Thad. Stevens, voted "no" on the impeachment question.

The District of Columbia is now regarded as the political hot-house, or experimental garden of the nation in which to propagate all the isms of the Radical party.

GENERAL HANCOCK is engaged in reinstating all the civil officers, in Louisiana, removed by General Mower, the petty tool of Radicalism.

The Virginia Convention, now in session at Richmond, like the Alabama and Louisiana Conventions, is composed of negro cooks, boot blacks and mean whites of the Hunnicut stripe.

The editor of the Ohio State Journal makes fun of President Johnson because he is a tailor. Better be a tailor than belong to the school of asses, of which the editor is a conspicuous member.

MR. SCHENCK (Disun., O.) from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the bill declaring that from and after its passage the authority of the Secretary to make any reduction in the currency by retiring or cancelling United States notes, is suspended. Passed by yeas 126, nays 24.

On the 9th inst., the House of Representatives passed the Senate bill striking out the word white from all laws and charters of the District of Columbia, so as to make colored men competent to hold office and sit on juries, by yeas 106; nays 38. Preference is given the Negro in Congress, but the People invariably decide in favor of white men.—The President will V-tee that bill.

INQUIRY in Silk is frequently found leaning on the arm of handsome rascality in broadcloth.

The N. Y. World says there are fifty thousand people out of employment in New York City! The sole cause of this destitution is the bastard rule of Radicalism.

A CONVENTION of maiden ladies will shortly convene at Little Rock, Arkansas, "to gain a true knowledge of the nature and attributes of men."

Would they not 'gain a true knowledge' attended with less expense by getting married, or consulting some of their married sisters?

COMMUNICATIONS.

ED. SPIRIT: The first running ice appeared in the river on Saturday, and on Sunday night the river froze over in several places. Yesterday morning the James Rees started for Wheeling, and after running through the ice where it had closed in several places, turned back from Moundsville. Last night we had some 2 feet of rise in the river which will again open navigation unless it should turn colder, or floating ice from the upper rivers should prevent.

MORE ANON. Clarington, Ohio, Dec. 10, 1867.

ED. SPIRIT: Since writing last, we have had two or three days' navigation by river, but it is again closed with ice. The steamers Ingomar and Reese are lying here hard aground. The Reliever and Express at Fishing Creek; the former lashed on her upward trip, and the latter on her downward trip, and in attempting to pull the former off got aground also. Quite a number of tow boats started from Pittsburg on the last rise, and lay scattered along the river in the various chutes aground; some half dozen are in Captina rifle. Now, if we had a semi-weekly mail from here to your place, the populace would be accommodated with mail from the C. O. R. R. Yours, &c.

MORE ANON. Clarington, Dec. 13.

[For the Spirit of Democracy.] Old Ben. Wade.

The last seen of old Ben Wade in Ohio was in Ashtabula County, in the top of a beautiful "butternut" tree, with a club in both hands, thrashing the branches off the tree, biting the nearest limbs, and uttering the most profane oaths. I was passing along and called to him: "Hello, Ben! What are you doing?" "Why, I am going to thrash every limb of this disloyal tree," and with a great oath again went to work with his club, swearing most profanely, and in an undertone said, "VALLANDIGHAM!" Said I, "Ben, the owner of that tree might complain and make you pay damages." "Go to h—!" said he, and kept on with his club and teeth. The last I heard him say was "VALLANDIGHAM," and rode on. Poor Ben! "No loyal man will suffer a butternut to grow on his land," said he. J.M.

NEWS ITEMS.

Coal costs two dollars more a ton in Chicago than in Detroit.

The site for the proposed new post-office at Boston has been selected, and will cost \$450,000.

One hundred thousand hogs have been packed in Louisiana to date—just about double the number last year to same date.

The old Chinese rebellion has broken out again, and at last accounts the malcontents were marching on the capitol.

The new Commissioner of Agriculture has given out that no persons need apply for appointments in his bureau, as he is reducing the force.

Fossil footprints have been discovered in rocks twenty feet from the surface of the earth on the banks of the Connecticut near East Jaffrey, N. H.

Diamonds have been found in the Cape Colony, in the neighborhood of the Orange river, by some Amsterdam prospectors; one of the gems is valued at \$5,000.

The Boston papers, poke all sorts of fun at the new status of Edward Everett, on the "Common." The Post says that it is "taken for almost everybody and anybody."

The entire cranberry crop of the country will amount to 300,000 bushels, worth \$1,200,000, and of this amount New Jersey produces one-half. Massachusetts comes next.

Cotton socks next the skin, and woolen socks outside of them, are represented as sure to cure cold feet. At night the cotton socks will be quite dry and the outside ones damp.

The report of the safety of Dr. Livingstone grows less positive as it is traced up to its source, although there are still strong reasons for believing that he is alive.

A newly married man who went from Bristol to Providence, last Monday, with his bride, lost her somewhere in that city, and the police are engaged in hunting her up.

A Southern paper reports a most extraordinary yield of corn—two hundred bushels and twelve quarts from a single acre. This bountiful crop was grown in Richmond District, S. C.

A bull and a bear fight came off at St. Joseph, Mo., on the 16th. The Union says it was witnessed by "about five hundred including boys and giglots," whatever the last may mean.

Commissioner Theaker of the Patent Office has notification from the President that his resignation would be accepted if tendered. It is understood the difference of opinion between him and Secretary Browning, regarding distribution of patronage of the Office, was the occasion of the notification, which was written by the President himself.

The Chicago Times very truly says that "it is sheer humbug and bosh to talk of paying our debt, unless we stop the vast and useless expenditures of the Government."

The most useless of these expenditures grow out of the effort of the Radicals in Congress to Africanize the South for the benefit of the Republican party.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, December 7.

THE IMPEACHMENT DEBATE. The Speaker stated the next business in order to be the resolution for impeachment of the President, the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Wilson of Iowa, to lay the subject on the table.

Mr. Logan (Disun., Ill.) asked unanimous consent to make a proposition.

Mr. Spalding (Disun., O.) with an air of determination, objected.

Mr. Logan then initiated filibustering for the day by a motion for a call of the House, and demanding the yeas and nays on that motion.

Mr. Ingersoll (Disun., Ill.) inquired whether, if the motion to lay on the table did not prevail, it would be in order to move a postponement of the subject.

The Speaker replied that it would be. The Clerk proceeded to call the yeas and nays.

A call of the House was refused by 46 to 98.

Mr. Logan, holding a newspaper in his hand, said that he rose to a question of privilege.

The Speaker informed him that there was already one question of privilege before the House, and that another could not be entertained except by unanimous consent.

Mr. Logan thereupon asked unanimous consent, but did not get it. He then renewed his proposition of yesterday, that the minority in favor of impeachment should have ten minutes to discuss the question, and give their reasons for what they were doing, when they would withdraw all further opposition.

Mr. Spalding objected, declaring to a member near him that he would not yield them one minute.

Mr. Logan moved an adjournment, and had the yeas and nays called on that, with the like result.

Mr. Logan then said that, if the chairman of the Judiciary Committee would withdraw his motion to lay on the table, and allow a vote to be taken squarely on the impeachment resolution, the minority would withdraw all opposition.

Mr. Wilson (Disun., Iowa.) assented to the proposition and withdrew the motion to lay on the table, and moved the previous question on the resolution.

Mr. Logan remarked that that was perfectly satisfactory, and that the minority desired no advantage, although they had the power to obstruct the vote as long as they choose.

A Voice—Go ahead, then! 1898 The previous question was seconded and the main question ordered, and the House proceeded to vote by yeas and nays on the following resolution:

Resolved, That Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors.

The Speaker repeated his cautions to spectators that