

THE JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
By JAMES HARPER,
At the low price of \$1 00, in advance.

GALLIPOLIS.

THURSDAY, - - - SEPT. 9, 1853

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
NELSON BARRERE, of Highland.
For Lieutenant Governor,
ISAAC J. ALLEN, of Richmond.
For Treasurer of State,
HENRY BRACHMAN, of Hamilton.
For Secretary of State,
NELSON H. VAN VORHES, of Athens.
For Attorney General,
WILLIAM H. GIBSON, of Seneca.
For Supreme Judge,
FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, of Cayahoga.
For Board of Public Works,
JOHN WADDLE, of Cochocton.
People's nominees for Commissioner of Common Schools,
LORIN ANDREWS.

For Senator for the district composed of the counties of Lawrence, Gallia, Meigs and Vinton,
RODNEY M. STIMSON, of Lawrence.
For Board of Equalization,
For the district composed of Meigs, Vinton, Gallia and Lawrence,
V. B. HORTON, of Meigs.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative,
ALEXANDER LOGUE.
For Sheriff,
NATH'L A. FISHER.
For Treasurer,
I. R. CALOHAN.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
S. A. NASH.
For Commissioner,
REUBEN GRAHAM.
For Coroner,
D. C. RATHBURN.

THE WHIG TICKET.—It is but due to ourselves, as the only Whig journal in the county, now that both parties have girded on the armor of political warfare, to call the attention of the Whigs to the importance of the present election, one surely in which we all feel an interest in. The Whigs, as in times gone by, have called a county convention, composed of delegates from the several townships, for the purpose of deciding the various conflicting claims of the different prominent Whigs in the county to the several offices. The selection of delegates should give a fair representation of the different opinions and views of the various candidates, and was in many places conducted spiritedly. The convention has met and after a fair ballot they selected the ticket which is placed at the head of our paper, and which we trust and believe every Whig in the county, laying aside for the present all preferences which he may have had before the convention met, will give his hearty and cordial support to. As Whigs, we all know by bitter experience, the evils of Locofoco legislation. We know that for the last two years particularly, that they have increased, to an enormous extent, the costs of administering the State government—that our election expenses have been more than doubled—that they have multiplied offices and officers—that they have disregarded and violated the new constitution they so lately made, and that their perpetuation in power, with the aid of even one Whig vote, will encourage them to continue the same course of policy and extravagance. Our ticket is composed of gentlemen who have ever been staunch working Whigs—men, the most of them, who have held offices of trust either in the county or townships in which they reside, and who have discharged their several duties with efficiency, promptness and ability. Let the Whigs, therefore, lay aside any scruples which they may have on account of preferences, and march up as of old and support the whole Whig ticket.

We all know that our opponents will, to a man, support their candidates, notwithstanding their selections have been exceedingly unpopular and out of taste to the great mass of the untrifled—that they will exert all their ingenuity to divide the Whigs and discourage them in the support of their ticket.—Whigs, are you going to be jockeyed by these men? We particularly urge you to organize and meet them with a solid column. The cry has been raised throughout the whole Union that the Whig party is dead. The knell they have raised over the departed Clay and Webster will create a panic in their ranks that will not be easily allayed.—Whigs, up and be doing—there is no time to be lost. Let not the power we hold in old Gallia be thrown away.—Throw aside your little private differences and rally to the old standard.—Now is the time for action.

'The old guard may die, but never surrender.' Never let it be said that old Gallia has surrendered. We are on a firm basis, and let us maintain it.

In New York on the 8th, Ohio flour was selling at \$6 31@6 43; Western wheat \$1 42. On the same day in Philadelphia flour was \$6; wheat \$1 32. On the 9th at Cincinnati, flour was 5 00; wheat 85c.

Our millers have been paying one dollar per bushel for wheat the past few days.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

This body met at the court house on Saturday last, and was characterized by a little better order than was the Senatorial convention. Before they proceeded to ballot for Representative, the candidates were required to give their views on the Maine Law. Richard Dyas was the first to give in his experience—said his principles were pretty well known here, (that is, the Democrats have no principles but the Whigs have, and he opposed them)—that he was opposed to the Maine law—that he would explain more fully after the nomination was made, and after giving his friends on one side of the room a sort of whiskey look, and those on the other side a cold water grin, vomited the ranch. Pretty well done for a divine. Josh. Lewis next mounted the rostrum, and spoke in a slow but not well measured tone, his voice frequently dying within him, scared probably at defeat staring him in the face—he declared the Maine law unconstitutional (wonder who told him that)—was in favor of temperance measures, and if elected would use his influence for a law suited to the times, then took his seat with a few won't-trust-you looks from the delegates. The Bottle Stopper man (C. W. Hoy) next arose with some dignity, (probably owing to his connection with the press,) placed his hat on the seat of his chair and spread himself for a two minutes' harangue—he said, in a low voice, that he had been spoken of in regard to Representative and he (at the top of his voice) wasn't going to dodge the question, but was coming out flat-footed—said he was not for the Maine law as it is, that wasn't the question, but he was in favor of the prohibitory part of it, and instead of calling it the Maine law, he would call it the Ohio law—and after becoming somewhat excited on the subject, squatted on his hat. It was evident this gentleman made a thrust at Dyas, but the distinguished (?) had withdrawn the light of his countenance and was unable therefore to parry the blow. After this the balloting commenced, the two first resulting in no choice. The third ballot stood as follows: Dyas 14, Lewis 6, Hoy 00, balance scattering. So Richard Dyas was declared the candidate of the great democratic party for Representative. This gentleman said he was opposed to the Maine law, expecting by this expression to pull wool over the eyes of those opposed to a prohibitory law, and secure their votes, and like a toad, spring back to those in favor of a prohibitory law, and secure their support, as none can be found in favor of the passage of the Maine law as it stands. We think he will be dyed all over by the 11th of October.

They next proceeded to nominate a candidate for sheriff. The contest was between A. Ralston, G. W. Robinson and Daniel H. Rose. They took an even start but it was not long before the Rose filly took the lead, the Ralston nag close after and the favorite Robinson behind. Before the second heat there was considerable bantering in favor of the Rose filly and the friends of the Ralston nag were shy, but those of the favorite Robinson hedged on the Rose filly to get even. The track being again cleared they took their stand, and the signal being given by Rasselas Gates, they started off in beautiful order, the Rose filly taking the lead, which she kept throughout the race, the Ralston nag making one or two ineffectual attempts to pass her, but each time being balked by the filly's rider, finally fell back and gave up the race. There was some jockeying, but every thing's fair in horse-racing. Time—Rose filly 14, Ralston nag 9, favorite Robinson 2.

Next the Prosecuting Attorney stakes were put up, but whether on account of the slim purse or the great competitor, none would enter, until finally, after Jack Smith for Commissioner, Henry Sanns for Treasurer, and Dr. Shamhart for smeller of dead men, walked over the track and lifted their stakes, they returned to it and took up Josh. Lewis to experience the mortification of defeat. It will be seen that the county is pretty well represented by the following recapitulation:

Richard Dyas, S. P. (some pumpkins)—Springfield.
Daniel H. Rose—Green.
Henry Sanns—Gallipolis.
Joshua Lewis, Jackson T. Smith and Dr. Shamhart—Harrison.
Ga'lang.

Bayard Taylor says that the Chinese rebels have translated portions of the Bible, and that one of the ten commandments, as translated, reads thus: "Thou shalt not commit adultery, nor smoke opium."

Benj. Fancher, a very respectable citizen, near Rushville, Indiana, last week, fearing the return of appointment, which he had been afflicted with when a lad, took a loaded rifle and lying upon the ground with it in his hand, he pulled the trigger with his toe and shot himself through the heart.

Paper of Home Manufacture.—The

Journal this week is printed on paper of home manufacture, a specimen sent us from the new mills of CLEVELAND, BLACK & HEISLER, of this place. It is about the best we have used of home manufacture. With the exception of the color, which is a little dark, it is equal to that upon which the Journal has been printed for the last two years from Cincinnati.

We shall speak of these mills fully at some future time.

GRAPE.—MR. ALEXANDER P. RODGERS presented us with a basket of most luscious grapes last Monday. They were of the Isabella, Catamba, Vevay or Holland, and two kinds of wild grapes, one species of the latter resembled an ear of flint corn as much as any thing we can compare it to. The other wild specimen was the common frost grape cultivated, one bunch of which was fully a foot in length. The Isabella and Catamba specimens would have made a Swiss peasant grin to behold them. Some bunches would weigh fully a half pound. If this was a sickly season with us, we should think our friends were making an attempt on our life, but as we are blessed with fine health we cannot do less than return our sincere thanks for the many favors we have received.

Conductor Acquitted.—Mr. Comstock, conductor on the New Haven road, having the train in charge at the time of the terrible accident at Norwalk, has been indicted, tried and acquitted by the jury.

Murphy, Tiernan & Co., Pittsburg, call the attention of our merchants to their Fall and Winter stock of Dry Goods in this number of our paper. This is an old and reliable firm. Read their card.

Gallipolis and Kanawha Packet.—Our old friend, Capt. Wm. JOHNSON, has placed his fine light draught steamer "Fashion No. 2" in the above trade and our citizens should render such support as to make it sufficiently profitable for him to continue in the trade.

Mr. Peter Dages has a fine article of sole and upper leather which he is disposing of cheap, as will be seen by his prices in another column.

The Cleveland Herald says: On Saturday morning last, the steamer Queen of the West ran from Grand river to this city, a distance of thirty miles, in one hour and ten minutes, or at the rate of twenty-six miles per hour! Beat this who can.

TEMPERANCE.—A despatch that was received last Tuesday evening informs us that Mr. F. YATES, the temperance lecturer, will reach here to-day (Thursday) for the purpose of attending the temperance mass meeting at Porter, on Saturday and Sunday next. We understand he will remain one week in this county.

The woman who was put in jail at Portland, Me., for debt, has been set at liberty. John Huse is the name of the man (?) who had her arrested.

BOY WANTED.—At this office to learn the art of Printing. No boy that wears standing collars need apply.

Black Snake, the celebrated Indian, now 106 years of age, is still hale and hearty, residing at Allegheny Reservation, in Western New York.—He was one of the most active of his tribe in bringing about a treaty in behalf of the United States, with Gen. Washington, at Philadelphia, in 1787.

The Wine Growers' Association of Hamilton county, Ohio, have appointed a committee of five physicians to prepare a report "on the effect of wine on the human system."

A HERO.—A man named Taylor, in Dubois county, Ind., last week, was assaulted in the woods by three men, who knocked him down and beat him. He leaped to his feet and pulling out a pistol, shot one of the men down. With a bowie-knife he killed the second, and wounded the other with a pistol shot as he was fleeing.

COFFEE.—The article of Coffee is just now attracting considerable attention among our merchants, on account of the partial failure of the crops of Java, Ceylon and Brazil, the latter conceded not to exceed half a crop.—Truman & Rouse's circular, London, thinks the price of Coffee will yet reach 15 cents in that country, and probably exceed that price.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES.—By referring to the announcements it will be seen that there are two independent candidates for sheriff and one for commissioner. We do not approve of the course of these men. We think all good Whigs are content to submit their claims to a convention and after a nomination has been made support it in solid column: We hope these men will meet with a defeat commensurate with their love of office, which will be great enough in all conscience.

Vermont Election.

Returns from 104 towns in this State give Fairbanks, Whig, for Governor, 14,410; Robinson, Dem., 12,930; and Brainard, Free soil, 4,930. The Senate will probably be Whig, and the House, as far as heard from, stands 64 Whigs and 59 Democrats.

During the last one hundred and sixteen days, the receipts of Dan Rice's circus while traveling through western New York and Ohio, have amounted to eighty thousand four hundred dollars; or an average of nearly seven hundred dollars per day.

CORN CROP.—The prospects in Henry county, Indiana, are very encouraging. The black land promises over an average, or at least an average crop; the clay land, particularly that which was planted late looks rather slender, but that which got anything of a start before the drought set in, will make excellent corn. The stalks are not so large; but the ears are heavy and are filling out finely.

It is predicted that the hop crop will be one-third short the present year. Producers in Madison county, N. Y., having contracts to deliver large lots the present fall have been obliged to go into the market and buy up enough to make themselves good. They have paid as high as 30 and 35 cents. The English crop is also expected to be light.

A convict in the New York penitentiary, named Edymoin effected his release some time ago by forging a pardon from the Governor. As soon as the forgery was discovered he was re-arrested. The case was brought before the Supreme Court by the prisoner on a motion of discharge, and the court, after able arguments from counsel on both sides, ordered the discharge of the prisoner.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamer Star of the West, with San Francisco dates to the 16th August, arrived at New York on the 9th inst., in eight days from San Juan.—She brings 600 passengers, and \$1,500,000 in gold, including that in the hands of passengers.

Hon. O. Borland, Minister to Central America, would proceed to Granada, on the 3d of this month.

The sloop of war Portsmouth arrived at San Francisco on the 11th of August, from the Sandwich Islands. She reports the small pox, raging there to a fearful extent. At Honolulu 527 new cases are reported in one week.

A fire occurred at Sacramento City, causing a loss of \$35,000.

Mr. Peter Smith, formerly connected with the Lopez expedition, killed Lieut. Scott in a duel on the 3d ultimo.

The head of Joaquin, the robber, was about being exhibited in San Francisco.

The Rogue River Indians had attacked a white settlement in the northern portion of the State, and killed a large number of the settlers.

The taxable property of San Francisco is estimated at \$30,000,000, being an increase of \$10,000,000 over last year.

Gold has been discovered in Santa Cruz.

Petitions are in circulation urging Congress to take immediate measures to construct the Pacific Railway.

The squatter difficulty had subsided. Political excitement was running high. Mr. Randolph, a prominent Democrat, had taken the stump against Governor Bigler.

Some Chinese merchants were about opening a banking house in San Francisco.

C. J. Buffum, agent of Todd's Express, had committed suicide.

Dr. John Baldwin was shot down in the streets of San Francisco, on the 1st of August, by Joseph Hethington, in the Squatter difficulty.

Wells & Fargo's Express office in Sacramento was robbed of \$800.

Jeremiah Jeffries, formerly of Boston, was murdered at his ranch, near El Dorado. He was a member of company H., of the Massachusetts Volunteers, in the Mexican war.

The markets at San Francisco had been extremely languid.

Haxall and Gallego Flour ranged from \$21 to \$22; Chicago Mess Beef \$17; Clear Pork \$31; Hams 17 1/2; Clear Bacon Sides 13 1/2; choice Butter 29c. Lard was dull at 15 to 18c.

THE POTATO ROT.—The Lynn Bay State, in speaking of the potato rot, says:

FOREIGN.

The steamer Asia arrived at New York on the 8th, with Liverpool dates to the 27th. She brings nothing new from the East; all is dull and everything is considered as settled.

A dispatch from Paris to Liverpool just before the Asia sailed, says that the latest accounts from Constantinople announce the denial by Prince Ghenka, of the rumor that he had gone over to the interest of Russia. He says he had been desired by the Czar to suspend relations with the Porte and stop paying tribute, but not feeling competent to decide the question himself, he has referred the matter to the Ottoman Government.

The citizens of Spezia, and the refugees residing there had complicated Commander Ingraham for his conduct at Smyrna.

Private letters received by merchants in this city, represent affairs at Canton in a very critical condition. An outbreak was expected.

Matters at Shanghai were quiet, and business dull.

BREADSTUFFS.—The market continued excited. The weather is again unsettled. The prices are undiminished, the advance on the week ranging from 5d to 8d on Wheat, and 1s to 1s 6d or upwards to 2s on Flour. Corn enquired for at 6d@6s 1/2 advance. The quotations of American white Wheat are 8s 6d@8s 8d, and Mixed 8s@8s 6d; Western Canal Flour 28s 6d@29s 6d; Baltimore and Philadelphia 30s@30s 6d; Ohio 30s 6d; Sour 26s 6d. Corn: White and Yellow, 31s@31s 6d.

GRAIN IN EUROPE.—The excitement in the Breadstuffs' Market.—The London correspondent of the New York Commercial, under date of the 22nd ult., thus writes of the excitement in the breadstuffs' market:

The intelligence which you received by the last packet of the King of Naples having decreed the admittance of grain of all kinds into that country, duty free, until December next, produced a decided effect on the London corn market, which was further greatly increased by the measure just mentioned as having been adopted in France. It is now admitted to be unquestionable that the harvest in Italy and the South of France will be seriously deficient, and all the purchases of wheat, &c., in the Black Sea have lately taken place with a view to the wants of those countries, while within the last few days our own market has likewise been resorted to for the same purpose.

The large stocks of Odessa wheat taken by our capitalists during the past month or two will therefore yield splendid profits. Meanwhile the harvest throughout Great Britain is going on much more favorably than was ever anticipated. The improvement in this respect, however, has not been followed by a fall in prices. That event would have occurred but it has been wholly counteracted by the continental demand. Indeed, from this latter cause the buoyancy of quotations has been remarkable, and from the recent fall of 12 per cent., a recovery has now occurred of about 8 or 9 per cent., the advance obtained yesterday on the best qualities of English wheat being as much as 4s. sterling per quarter.

To avoid being misled by this excitement, however, it will be well for your merchants to bear in mind that much of the present high price arises solely from the scarcity of freight in the Black Sea—a circumstance that will soon find its cure, and produce a reaction. According to the latest advices from Odessa the rates paid for vessels to this country were 11s per ton for tallow, and 15s. 8d. per quarter, (equal to \$3 90) for wheat.

ADVANCE IN BREADSTUFFS.—The New York Journal of Commerce of the 6th says:

The excitement in breadstuffs has been carried to a high pitch, and flour has advanced during the morning about 50 cents per barrel, and wheat 6 to 8 cents per bushel, although without much regularity or uniformity in prices.—This speculation without stock here, will work but little advantage to any one, while it will have a tendency to raise wheat and flour throughout the interior beyond the limits of a safe business.

In Philadelphia, also, there was an advance of 37 1/2 to 50 cents per barrel on flour, and 6 to 8 cents per bushel on wheat.

There has been quite an advance here both in flour and wheat, as will be seen by referring to our market report.

THE COSTA AFFAIR.—The Washington Union, in copying the article from the Boston Post on the Costa affair, says:

We conclude to-day the publication of the able and eloquent article in relation to the affair of Costa, the first portion of which we gave in our yesterday's paper. It has been, we perceive, attributed to the vigorous and practised pen of the Attorney General. That distinguished gentleman is not its author, though the soundness of its views, its patriotic tone, and the force of argument by which its conclusions are maintained, have naturally enough suggested his name in connexion with it.

The concluding paragraph of the article referred to in the above is as follows:

We conclude, therefore, that Costa is entitled to the protection of the United States; that the Austrian officers committed a gross outrage, piracy, and kidnapping; that in loco of an American citizen; that by subsequent acts they persisted in and aggravated that outrage; that Costa must be surrendered with ample reparations; that the laws of our citizenship must be established and respected by the European powers, one and all; and that the Administration of Gen. Pierce will not decline "the responsibility."

[For the Gallipolis Journal.]

SABBATH SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—According to previous arrangements, a Sabbath School convention or celebration was held at Mt. Zion church on the 8th inst. Quite a large number of children with their parents and others were in attendance, and the day was usefully and pleasantly spent by all.

The meeting was organized by calling Wm. WADDELL, Jr., to the chair. On motion a secretary of the meeting and other officers of the day were appointed. The exercises of the day were as follows:

1. Singing and prayer by Rev. Mr. Huntington.
2. Violin music, by E. E. Waddell and J. W. McCormack.
3. An address by J. L. Eakin, A. B. Mr. E. delivered an able and appropriate address on the subject of our free and religious institutions. He certainly took a correct view of his subject, and he not only interested his audience but gratified our highest expectations.
4. Instrumental music.
5. Instrumental music and march to the grove, where one of the finest of dinners was prepared to satisfy our, by this time, whetted appetites.
6. After returning to the church some fine instrumental music again.
7. An address by D. C. Rathburn, M. D., subject—education.
8. Music.
9. Rev. Mr. Huntington made an animated speech of an hour's length, on the early training of children, the errors generally committed by parents in the employment of teachers, also the improper course generally pursued by teachers in their training of young pupils. In the progress of his remarks he showed the absolute necessity of learning the child that he has a soul—that he is independent to some extent—that he can accomplish things for himself.—He also proved most clearly that the smaller the pupil the more sagacious should be the teacher. But we have not time to give more of his ideas here, suffice it to say that his remarks were of the most happy kind, and most highly relished by his audience.
10. Music, instrumental and vocal.
11. A brief but stirring temperance lecture by Mr. Eakin.
12. Vocal and instrumental music.
13. On motion, Resolved, That the speakers accept our thanks for their able addresses, to which we have listened with so much interest and delight.

Further, Resolved, That the speakers furnish the secretary a copy of their addresses for publication.

On motion, Resolved, That the musicians accept our warmest thanks for their unrivalled music, whose lovely strains still linger on our ears.

Resolved, That the minutes of this convention be published in the Gallipolis Journal.

14. Benediction.
WM. WADDELL, Jr., Ch'n.
Wm. W. MILLS, Sec'y.

DARING FEAT.—A Paris correspondent of the New York Times gives the following account of the latest amusement devised for the wondering Parisians:

The feat of jumping from a balloon, the jumper sustained by an India rubber rope, was duly performed on Thursday. It was the most stupendous exhibition of daring and address that the Parisians have yet witnessed. From one side of the car of the balloon hung the India rubber cord, descending one hundred and fifty feet, and then returning and being fastened to the other side of the car. It thus formed a strong loop. The athlete was dressed as Mercury. His body, from the neck to the small of his back, was enclosed in a frame work, which enabled him to endure the suspension without wrenching or dislocation. The rope passed through an eyelet in the middle of the back, placed so that he was held in perfect equilibrium. When the balloon had reached an altitude double that of the supposed elasticity of the cord, the voliguer appeared on the edge of the car, looked over, shut his eyes, and dove off into space.

The eyelet slipped along the rope, so that the first one hundred and fifty feet were a positive fall through the air, without any resistance or break. The rest of the way was an elongation of the rope. It stretched four times its length, making in all a descent of six hundred feet, accomplished in a few seconds. After having attained its lowest point, the rope contracted once, perhaps two hundred feet, and then descended again. There was no further rebound, and no oscillation; the voliguer lay calmly cradled in mid-air, and probably spent the leisure he was now permitted to enjoy in recovering his breath and contemplating the prospect. The aeronaut above now commenced at the windlass, and gradually wound his dangling friend up again. In four minutes he climbed over the side of the car, having made the fastest time any human being has ever achieved, except such as has been shot from cannon, as Baror Munchausen said he was.

THE LATE ADMIRAL SIR GEORGE COCKBURN.

The London Times devotes two columns to the genealogy, the exploits and public honors of this hero. It recounts with much boasting, the marauding in Chesapeake Bay, glorifies Sir George Cockburn for his share in the destruction of between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 of public property at Washington, which it calls a "splendid achievement." For this, more than all his other exploits, Admiral Cockburn was loaded with honors by his sovereign and by successive parliaments; and for this, more than for anything else, he will be honored with a place among the great in Westminster Abbey. On this side of the Atlantic, however, he has long since secured an immortality of infamy for his vandal deeds of infamy at Washington, and for the cruelties perpetrated by him along the Chesapeake, during the war of 1812.

Notes at Somerset, Ohio.

ZANESVILLE, O., Sept. 8.
Advices from Somerset, Perry co., O., gives us intelligence of a terrible riot in that place, the origin of which we cannot learn precisely. The Irish laborers on the Railroad have firearms belonging to the county in their possession. Two persons were killed and several badly wounded. The Sheriff of Perry county, has sent here for one hundred armed men, and one of our military companies, the City Guards, under Capt. Graham, has just started for the scene. More trouble is anticipated, and the life of the telegraph operator has been threatened should he transmit any requests for assistance.

We learn the row commenced in Welch's circus last night, but cannot give particulars.

Steamers Burnt.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 8.
The steamers North America and Clara were destroyed by fire at Fulton this morning. The former was insured at Pittsburgh for \$13,000; the Clara was an old boat. The fire was discovered on the North America at one o'clock, when lying near the dock near Fulton. The flames spread so rapidly that no effort was made to save her.

The steamers Clara and Europa were lying alongside, when the North America took fire, the latter was out loose but was considerably damaged. The former was burnt to the water's edge.

Ex-Governor Poindexter died at his residence in Jackson, Miss., on the 6th inst.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8.

Ninety-five deaths, of which 65 are from fever. The number of deaths at Mobile yesterday were 48, of which 33 were by fever.

Removable Cancers.

Although cancers are considered to be hard to cure, they seem to yield readily to the treatment of Dr. Reynolds of this place. By invitation, and in company with Wm. Corum, Esq., we visited Dr. Reynolds' Hospital where we found the following persons under treatment, viz: Thomas Picket, of this county, cancer on neck—removed, patient nearly well;—Henry Evans, Greenup county, cancer on neck—removed, and patient nearly well; Mrs. Sargent, from Mt. Pleasant, Hamilton county, Ohio, cancer on the left breast—breast removed and patient ready to return home. This last patient had another cancer removed from her shoulder. She came to Dr. Reynolds without any hope of recovery, all other physicians had given her case up, she is now in hopes of many years of life—both cancers having been entirely removed. Mr. Clark, of this county, cancer over the right eye treatment just begun. Mr. Kitchin, cancer in the ear, patient ready to return home, cured.

Dr. Reynolds showed us a letter he had received from Jacob Foster, who lives near the Falls of Blain, Lawrence county, Ky., from whose thigh he removed, this summer, an enormous wen 15 1/2 inches in circumference and 2 1/2 inches in length. Mr. Foster says he is well and able to work on his farm.—Truly the doctor is engaged in a good work, and deserves the name of "Cancer King."—Greenup Record.

GALLIPOLIS MARKET.

Wednesday, Sept. 14, 1853.

CORRECTED WEEKLY, BY E. DELTONOME & CO.	
Flour, \$5 00@5 25 Corn Meal, 40	Wheat, 1 00 Bacon, 8@10
Corn, 45 Coffee, sack, 95@100	Oats, 35 N. O. Sugar, 5@8
Flaxseed, 75@80 Leaf do., 10@12	30 N O Molasses, 30
Potatoes, 40 Rice, 5@6	Dr'd Apples, none. Tex., 25 to 75
Peaches, none Y. Hyson, 50 to 100	Lard, keg, 7@8 1/2 Imperial, 50 to 100
Feathers, 30 Gunpowder, 50 to 75	Rags, 3 Bar Iron, 3 1/2 to 4
Ginseng, 20 Nails, 5 to 6	Brewax, 20 Lard Oil, 1 00
Butter, 10 Lard Oil, 90@100	Eggs, 6 Whiskey, 18@20
Chickens, 6@8 1/2 Red Beans, 75	1 00@1 50 White " 1 00@1 25
Salt, per bushel, 30	

CINCINNATI MARKET.

Sept. 9, P. M.
Flour \$5 00. Extra 5 15.
Grain—Wheat 85c. Corn 54@55c. Oats 40c.

LYON'S KATHARON, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the Hair, is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced. Its astonishing success is without a precedent in the history of the *Materia Medica*. Dark and luxuriant curls, soft and glossy hair, with scores of admirers, (mark this, ladies,) is the universal effect of the Katharon. Bald and gray heads were perfectly restored. "The Katharon has fully restored my hair after a baldness of 12 years." A. J. Courtright, 76 Bond st., N. Y." The Katharon is a certain cure for nervous head-ache, and all cutaneous diseases. Sold by J. & P. A. SARRIS, and dealers everywhere. Try it. Price, only 25 cents in large bottles. D. S. BARBER, proprietor, 161 Broadway, N. Y. Wholesale by Wm. M. Kohl & Co., General Agents, N. E. corner 4th and Vine, Cincinnati.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Sheriff.
MR. HARPER: Please announce the name of Wm. F. GARRETT as candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election.

MR. HARPER: You will say to the voters of Gallia county that Jas. W. WOODRUFF will be supported at the October election for the office of Sheriff, and abide by it.

HIS MANY FRIENDS.
For Commissioner.
IF WE are requested to announce WILLIAM L. MORROW, as an independent candidate for the office of county Commissioner.

IF WE are authorized to announce JACKSON T. SMITH, of Harrison township, as a candidate for the office of county Commissioner, at the ensuing October election.

MARRIED.—At Pomeroy, on the 7th inst., by Rev. T. B. DOOLEY, CHARLES W. HAY, Esq., of Gallipolis, to Miss CAROLINE C. TAYLOR, of the former place.