THE JOURNAL.

A. H. BALSLEY, Editor.

FREMONT, OHIO.
FRIDAY, August 8, 1873.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Governor—E. F. NOYES.
Lieutenant Governor—ALPHONSO HART.
Comptroller—W. T. WILSON.
Judge Supreme Court—WM. WHITE (long term).
[W. F. STONE (short term).
Treasurer—ISAAC WELCH.
Attorney General—JOHN LITTLE.]
Member Board Public Works—P. V. HEEZING.

Republican Judicial Convention.

The Republican Electors of the First Sub-division of the Fourth Judicial District are requested to meet in Convention at Clyde, Ohio, on

Wednesday, the 13th day of August, A. D. 1873,

at 10 o'clock A. M. to nominate a candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, to be elected on the 14th day of October, 1873.

The basis of representation will be one delegate for each one hundred votes and one for each fraction of fifty or more, cast for Secretary of State at the election in 1872, as follows:

Huron County,	3,878	Votes,	39 Delegates.
Lucas "	4,701	"	47 "
Erie "	2,908	"	29 "
Sandusky "	2,401	"	24 "
Ottawa "	993	"	10 "

The several County Central Committees will designate the time and manner of selecting the delegates.

WM. R. WOOLVERTON,
Chairman of Committee.

Clyde, Ohio June 16, 1873.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

The Republican Electors of the Thirtieth (30) Senatorial District, composed of the Counties of Huron, Erie, Sandusky and Ottawa, will meet in delegate convention at Clyde, on Thursday, August 21st, 1873, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator for said District.

The basis of representation for the several counties will be one delegate for every one hundred (100) votes cast for A. T. Wikoff, Secretary of State, at the last October election, and one delegate for every fraction of fifty (50) or more, as follows:

	Votes.	Delegates.
Erie County	2908	30
Sandusky County	2401	24
Huron County	3879	39
Ottawa County	993	10
Total Number of Delegates		103

The several County Committees will designate the time and manner of appointing said delegates.

CHARLES N. RYAN, Erie.
J. M. LEMMON, Sandusky.
HIRAM ROSE, Huron.
JAMES B. LUCKEY, Ottawa.
Republican District Committee.

JULY 19, 1873.

In conformity with the above calls, the Republicans of the Townships and Wards of Sandusky County are respectfully requested to come together at the usual places of holding caucuses in their several townships, on

Saturday, August 9th, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M.,

and select two sets of Delegates to which they are respectively entitled, to attend the Judicial Convention at Clyde on the 13th, as follows:

Fremont—First Ward; 2; Second Ward, 2; Third Ward, 1. Townships—Bellevile, 2; Green Creek, 4; Jackson, 1; Madison, 1; Pice, 1; Riley, 1; Sandusky, 1; Scott, 1; Townsend, 1; Washington, 2; Woodville, 1; York, 3.

At the same time and place they will also select a like number of delegates to attend the Senatorial Convention at Clyde, Thursday, August 21st, 1873.

The delegates in attendance will be authorized to cast the vote of the county.

By order of Committee,

C. O. TILLOTSON, Chairman.

BRINKERHOFF has not yet named his Bantling.

THE Public Debt Statement for July shows a decrease of $370,578 during the month.

The new party declared in its platform in favor of a Revenue Tariff, and its candidate for Governor announced himself thoroughly in favor of Free Trade.

WHAT a reform party the new party is. It did not even peep on the subject of the repeal of the late salary law, thereby proving, at least, its affinity with the Democracy.

OTTAWA COUNTY REPUBLICANS met in convention on Wednesday and chose ten delegates to the Senatorial Convention. They were insturcted to support Capt. J. B. Luckey of that county.

The Postmaster general makes a close discrimination in his decision that letter postage must be exacted on postal cards, when the writing extends to the side on which the address is written.

AT Portland, Oregon, on the 2d, a fire broke out which ruined twenty-three blocks, and involved a loss of a million and a half of dollars. Two hundred and fifty houses were burned. There was an insurance of $231,000.

The Democratic Party Defunct.

"The historical Democratic Organization is *Defunct*, blundering constantly during the last ten years, and shattered by many defeats. It surrendered finally at the last Presidential election. *It cannot recall that surrender or the confessions there made*, and it has no longer strength for victory.—*W. S. Groesbeck*

It is a mistake to suppose that the Republican contest for the United States Senatorship is limited to Delano and Noyes. The idea that it is, is an invention of the enemy. In fact several other strong men have been suggested, and their claims will be urged at the proper time. The Cincinnati *Gazette* gives these good names: R. B. Hayes, H. V. Horton A. F. Perry, M. R. Waite, William Denison, Alphonso Taft, B. F. Wade and Stanly Mathews. Nominations are still in order.

The Democracy.

On Wednesday the Democracy performed its part in the political drama of the season, by placing in nomination a full State ticket of the unadulterated article, this signifying to the lighting calculator, Brinkey, that he would have to go it alone with his forces, and that his utmost mathematical skill would be required to calculate the chances of success for his party.

They have made good nominations, for them and possibly as strong, and as well located to secure a good vote as any they could have chosen. But their hopes of success must be very limited. Now comes the canvass.

THE Crawford county *Forum* don't go a cent on the new party movement. Hear its condemnation of the new, and also its gasconade about the old party, which Groesback says died last fall:

"Demented, discontented Geo. E. Pugh, Cunningham the annual hybred, and Brinkerhoff, the lightning calculator—what a trio of political philosophers and reformers! The grand old Democratic party, that has maintained intact its organization ever since the adoption of the Federal Constitution, that numbers in its ranks to-day more than half the white voters of the United States, and which will live, triumph, and reign in power in our national councils after these quack philosophers and reformers are dead and stinking in their graves, look down with pity and quiet scorn on this exhibition of their folly."

What has Geo. E., and Cunningham and Brinkerhoff to live for now? The *Forum* christens the new party the Pizerinktum Party.

GOVERNOR NOYES' card about the Senatorship is plain and straightforward to an extent that leaves no room for misunderstanding him. But these are the sentiments that he has always held, the only suggestion to the contrary having come from such enemies to Republican success as the Cincinnati *Commercial*. From the remarks of the Cincinnati *Gazette* in approval of the Governor's timely utterance, we make the following extract:

"It should also be borne in mind that what cannot be done openly in setting up the legislature, without injury to party, cannot be done secretly, with out disastrous results. It would be impossible, for example, to nominate a legislative delegation in Hamilton county, packed in whole or in part, without exhibiting the cloven foot; and a well grounded suspicion, even of secret work, in this regard would be fatal to the whole ticket. It should be understood that a large mass of Republican voters cannot be led as if by the nose. To secure their votes their judgement must be respected, and without the votes of this class the contest might as well be given up in advance. The State ticket is all right, as is also the Platform. With local tickets that will give assurance that the platform is not mere sound, we shall gain a decided victory. The aim of those, therefore, who wish the success of the Republican party will be to put in nomination for every office to be filled, the very best men. Those who attempt to grind private axes this year, are not good friends of the party, and all such should, at an early day, be assigned to back seats."

County Convention.

In another place will be found the call of the Central Committee for a County Convention to be held on Saturday, August 30th. We invite the attention of the Republicans in the townships to the call, and urge upon them the importance of meeting at the time specified in the call at the usual places of holding their caucuses, and choosing delegates to attend the Convention. The primary meetings are the places where the people can more directly than elsewhere, give direction to the politics of the county, and it is a duty they owe to their organization, to be present and participate in the meetings, and see that the proper men are chosen delegates. Remember this is a government of the people, and for the people, and that the people should participate on every occasion in meetings calculated to affect their interests, and thus show that they appreciate the government under which they live sufficiently to endeavor at least to give tone and character to it, and preserve it unimpaired to posterity. The greatest evils that have grown up into our political affairs, have grown because the people themselves have taken so little interest in giving direction to primaries, permitting the few to form combinations, in the name of party which were calculated for but little else than to advance their personal objects. This has been the case all over the country. No locality is excepted from it, and while it may argue the perfect security that the people feel in the permanence of good government, it nevertheless exhibits a want of personal interests which should not exist. Let all bear in mind, then, that at 3 P. M., on the 23d inst., primary meetings will be held in the townships, at the usual place, of holding caucuses, to choose delegates to the County Convention, and let a full attendance attest the interest felt by the people.

SOUND DOCTRINE.

An effort has been made in some parts of Ohio, to arrange matters in the nomination of Representatives in the interests of certain aspirants for the United States Senatorship. On this subject the names of Gov. Noyes and Delano have been brought in. Gov. Noyes has written the following to the Cincinnati *Gazette*, in which he suggests a wise course:

COLUMBUS, O., July 22.

EDITOR CINCINNATI GAZETTE:

I read, with great satisfaction, your article of this morning, entitled "The Fall Election—Duty of the Republicans." In order that I may not, by any possibility be misunderstood, I now desire to say publicly, over my own signature, which I have already said privately to many leading Republicans in the State, viz: That the question as to who shall be the next United States Senator from Ohio, in case the Republicans carry the State this fall, ought to be carefully excluded from consideration in the political campaign now pending. As you very properly say, any attempt to pledge candidates for the Legislature, in Hamilton county, or any other close county, will result in the defeat of our ticket.

As my name has been mentioned in connection with the office of Senator, I desire to say that no man in Ohio has been asked to use his influence for me in that regard, and no man will be asked by me, or with my consent, during the approaching canvass, Let aspirants for Senatorial honors, and all others who desire the success of the Republican party, work together for the success of our ticket, leaving an unpledged Legislature free to make its own selection. If the best men of the party—men who cannot be used by anybody for personal ends—are everywhere nominated by the Republicans, there can be no doubt as to the result.

Holding the success of the Republican cause above all personal considerations, I am very respectfully your obedient servant,

EDWARD F. NOYES.

Iowa is threatened with a grasshopper plague. Countless millions are hovering over Sioux City and vicinity, and great are the apprehensions lest they should settle. Should they do so, the result cannot be otherwise than disastrous.

THE OHIO DEMOCRACY.

William Allen for Governor. Barnabas Burns for Lieutenant Governor.

On Wednesday last the Democracy of Ohio met in Convention, at Columbus, and convened in the Opera House. Hon. S. F. Hunt was chosen temporary chairman, and on taking his place made an unadulterated Democratic speech, of the high falutin order, which was received with hurrahs.

The appointment of the various committees were then made, and an adjournment was affected to 2 P. M.

The afternoon session convened on time, and received the reports of Committees. Col. W. H. Ball, was chosen permanent Chairman, and W. P. Brown, Secretary, with a list of Vice Presidents, The Chairman made a speech, and then the Committee on resolutions reported the following

PLATFORM.

Resolved, That the Democratic party seeks to revive no dead issue, but stands by its principles, which are suited to all times and circumstances. It supports the Federal government in all its constitutional authority, and opposes nullification and secession. It defends the reserved rights of the States and people, and opposes centralization that would impair or destroy them. In order to maintain and preserve these rights, it insists upon a strict construction of the Federal Constitution. It resists all attempts of one department of the government to usurp or destroy the constitutional rights or independence of other departments. It opposes all interference by law with private affairs or the business of men not required by the public peace or safety, and advocates the greatest individual liberty consistent with public order. It believes in the capacity of the people for self government, and opposes all property qualifications, as conditions to the right of suffrage or eligibility to hold office. It favors liberal laws for the naturalization of foreigners. It insists upon equal and exact justice to all men. It opposes all monopolies, and denies that it is within the province of the government to legislate for the benefit of particular classes at the expense and to the detriment of the rest of the community. It therefore opposes the system by which a large portion of the profit-producing wealth of the country is exempt from taxation and demands that all constitutional means shall be used to remedy this injustice. It insists that our tariff laws should be framed with a view to revenue and not tax the community for the benefit of particular industry. It recognizes the evils of an irredeemable currency, but insists that in a return to specie payments, care shall be taken not to seriously disturb the business of the country, or unjustly injure the debtor class. It appreciates the benefits conferred by railroads, but opposes all combinations of railroad companies to prevent competition, and thus enhance the cost of transportation. It opposes all laws that give to capital any advantage over labor. It requires honesty and economy in every department of the government, Federal or State, and it condemns corruption whoever may be the guilty parties. It is in its very nature, and as the necessary result of its principles, a party of progress, and supports all measures of reform or improvement that are sanctioned by justice and commanded by sound practical wisdom.

Resolved, That the wealth of the country is the product of its labor, and the best use of capital is that which gives employment and liberal wages to the producing classes. Hence, ever just measure that tends to protect them from oppression, and to improve their condition and dignity their calling, deserves and receives our sympathy and support, and that we cordially recommend the conservative resolutions adopted at the recent National Labor Congress at Cleveland, favoring arbitration and co-operation.

Resolved, That although always constituting a large majority of the American people, the agriculturists have never demanded of the government, State or Federal, any special privileges, have never infested the halls of Congress or the Legislatures with lobbyists and rings, but, on the contrary, have suffered under discriminating and unjust laws, until forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. We hereby pledge our sincere and honest efforts to obtain for them redress of their grievances, and equal and exact justice.

Resolved, That the public lands should be sacredly reserved for actual settlers, who will dwell upon and cultivate them, and that we will continue to denounce and oppose all gifts of such lands by the government to incorporated companies.

Resolved, That the greatest danger to free institutions is the wide spreading corruption that threatens the utter destruction of public virtue. When Credit Mobilier frauds go unpunished; when those engaged in them are elevated to high official positions; when seats in the Federal Senate are notoriously purchased; when vast sums of money are corruptly employed in the popular elections; when an army of office holders, with the sanction of the government, use their official influence to control elections; when bribery of custom house officers is an established usage; when rings of plunderers are the recipients of millions of money appropriated for the public use; when official delinkations are of such frequent occurrence as to scarcely excite attention; when Presidential pardons relieve defaulters from mental punishment, and Presidential appointments reward Credit Mobilier and salary-grabbing Congressmen, and when a Congressional investigations are generally whitewashing affairs, it is not strange that men begin to lose confidence in free institions, and that the fame of the great republic is tarnished throughout the civilized world. To remedy these evils we insist that the receipts and expenditures of the government shall be diminished; that its patronage shall be curtailed; that it shall cease to usurp functions to which it has no title; that official misconduct, and fraud, and corruption in elections shal be rigorously punished; and that public virtue shall be upheld, and the want of it shall be condemned by the united voice of the people.

Resolved, That we condemn, without reserve, the last act of Congress as unjust and unjustifiable, and demand its unconditional repeal, and we denounce every member of Congress, whether Republican or Democrat, who supported the law or retained the money procured thereby; and we especially denounce the conduct of President Grant in using his influence to secure its passage, and whose official signature made it a law.

Resolved, That the act of the President in setting up by the bayonet a government in Louisana, not elected by the people, and having no title whatever to rule ouer them, was a flagrant violation of her rights, and of the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That every department of the government being in the hands of the Republican party, they are justly responsible for the evils and the evils and wrongs in legislation and the administration of which the people complain.

Resolved, That under the time-honored Democratic banner, with this declaration of principles inscribed on its folds, we engage in the conflict, and we earnestly appeal to the patriotic men of every class, without regard to party names or party differences, to unite with us on terms of perfect equality in the struggle to rescue the government from the hands of dishonest men, and redeem it from the flood of complaint which threatens to be its ruin.

After the appointment of a State Central Committee, the announcement of candidates for Governor being in order, Senator Patterson arose and said:

Mr President:—I have the honor of presenting the name of the greatest man of his time, the Hector of Democracy, a second Cincinnatus, a man who is willing to leave his plow at the call of the people to lead the Democracy to victory. I announce the name of Hon. William Allen, of Ross county. [immense applause.]

Judge Follett, of Newark, seconded Patterson, and Allen was nominated by acclamation. A telegram was sent him, announcing the fact, and Mr Allen responded as follows:

"I accept the nomination and desire the convention to accept my gratitute for it. I accept it, because the convention by bestowing it, expresses the belief that I may be of some service in promoting the success of the great Democracy, upon whose success, and upon that alone, rests the prosperity, liberty and happiness of the American people.

(Signed) "WILLIAM ALLEN."

For Lieutenant Governor, Cary, Burns, Noble and Foran were announced, and a ballot had, Cary leading. Cary and Foran were withdrawn, and on the second ballot Burns had 333½; Noble 257½. Burns nomination made unanimous.

H. C. Whitman, of Cincinnati, was nominated for Supreme Judge.

For Attorney General, M. A. Daugherty, of Fairfield county, was nominated.

For State Treasurer, Geo. Wyman of Summit county, was the lucky man.

J. K. Newcomer, of Marion, was nominated by acclamation for Comptroller of the Treasury, and C. Schunk, of Mercer, was similarly treated for Board of Public Works.

Senator Thurman wade his little speech, and then the Democracy retired to their "little beds."

The Fremont *Journal* finally admits that it does not care to discuss the locality claim upon the only basis of such a claim, and now says of the Senatorial controversy: "As neither county (Erie or Ottawa) alone can carry the district to the exclusion of the others, so neither is entitled to a greater consideration than the other in the choice of candidates, unless indeed it can claim some special pre-eminence for its candidates." So far as that is concerned Erie, and for that matter the District as a whole, would be glad to dispense with the entire vote of Ottawa county, and would find it a much easier matter to carry the district than as now constituted. It very handsomely comes down however, when it says that neither county is entitled to a greater consideration than the other in the choice of candidates, unless indeed it can claim some special pre-eminence for its candidate. The *Register* said the same thing a week ago and conceded that if Ottawa presented the better candidate she should have the nomination. The locality dodge is a decidedly poor claim to put in at this or any other time. It is an assumption that if the Senator is selected from Ottawa, Erie, Huron and Sandusky will not be represented, and if the candidate is not from Ottawa, she will not be represented. We have no doubt that this sort of logic suits the *Journal*. It does not suit us. Homer Everett was as thoroughly the representative of Ottawa during the four years he was in the Senate, as if he had lived at Elmore. County lines did not interfere with the discharge of his duties. The *Journal* also complains because it has not had a Judge of Common Pleas. If the *Journal* will examine its files, it will discover the fact that when John Fitch was nominated the county of Sandusky could have had the nomination had her representative agreed among themselves. They did not, and the result was two Judges to Lucas county. We beg of the *Journal* not to blame us for its own short comings.—*Sandusky Register.*

We give the above to show the tortuous use one editor can make of an other's article when he is a candidate for office, and our readers, by comparing the above with our last week's article, will be able to judge of the "special pre-eminence" of the editor of the *Register* for the position to which he aspires. In the first place we did not discard the question of locality, but refused to recognize the numerical strength idea presented by the *Register*, and then added, but not as he quotes us:

"As neither county (of the district) alone can carry the district to the exclusion of the others, so neither is entitled to a greater consideration than the others, unless it can claim some special pre eminence for its candidates."

In other words, each county stands in the relation of an equal to the others, and has the same rights to recognition, except, as admitted. The special pre-eminence of the candidate of Sandusky County in 1855 was the only reason why she obtained the candidate, in a district, which, the term before, had been carried by the Democrats; yet she did not therefore give up her local right to consideration as a component part of the district, a right which was subsequently recognized. Mark the *Register*

"So far as that is concerned Erie, and for that matter the district as a whole, would be glad to dispense with the whole vote of Ottawa County, and would find it a much easier matter to carry the district than as now constituted."

There's wisdom for you. But as you cannot get rid of Ottawa County from the district, the 907 Republican votes of that coppery locality are very acceptable to help carry the district, "don't it?" How would you like to dispense with those 907 votes and then try to carry the district with Ottawa in it? In that case you would doubtless recognize its *locality claim*, as worthy of consideration. It is quite possible, too, inasmuch as you would be "glad" to dispense with Ottawa in the District, you could get along without Sandusky, and rejoice exceedingly; doubtless you would be overglad if Erie constituted a district in itself, with senatorial, judicial and other honors all its own, which it would not be necessary to divide with any other. But alas! the thing is done for. The district is fixed—unless the Con. Cop. unfixes it, and we "must sink or swim together," in which case it is well enough to recognize that your neighbors have certain rights which you are bound to respect. The "locality dodge" is the recognition of a right in your neighbor to consideration as well as yourself, unless indeed in cases of special pre-eminence where the local right defers to the general wish, and does not assert its claim. Hear the *Register* again:

"It (the locality dodge as the *Register* term it) is an assumption that if the Senator is selected from Ottawa, Erie, Huron and Sandusky will not be represented, and that if the candidate is not from Ottawa, she will not be represented. We have no doubt that this sort of logic suits the *Journal*. It does not suit *us*"—the *Register*.

We have taken the liberty to italicise *us* in the above to personalize it. We have never used such logic, nor do we think it ever entered into any body's brain until it was conceived in that of the editor of the *Register*. It is too puerile. The Senator is the representative of his district, and if he be honest will do his duty fairly to all his district. And that is one of the strongest reasons why the local right of each of the different counties in the district should be regarded in the choice of candidates. The Senator shows, or should show no favoritism to any part of his district, and no favoritism should be shown to counties, except in the case of special pre-eminence, as already admitted. Again the *Register* says:

"The *Journal* also complains because it has not had a Judge of Common Pleas. If the *Journal* will examine its files it will discover the fact that when Judge Fitch was nominated the county of Sandusky could have han the nomination had her representatives agreed among themselves. They did not, and the result was two Judges to Lucas County. We beg of the *Journal* not to blame us for its own short comings."

The above is another evidence of the special fitness, "pre-eminence," we should say, of Mack, for the position he seeks. When a man deliberately descends to misrepresentation to fortify his claims, he certainly establishes his pre-eminence for something.

The files of the JOURNAL show, and the files of the *Register* will not contradict it, that the Delegation from Sandusky county went into the Convention *a unit* for Judge Green. That they *voted as a unit* for him till the conclusion of the fourth ballot. The files of the JOURNAL show and the *Register* files will not contradict, that Erie county not only nominated Fitch, but on the first ballot, cast its vote solid for him. That on the secone ballot Erie gave Fitch 11 and Green 12 votes, and only on the third ballot gave Green its solid vote, when the chance for his nomination had passed. On the fourth ballot Erie again went solid for Fitch, who was nominated on the fifth ballot. The delegation from this county *were agreed*, and stuck by their candidate even when they had given up the hope of securing his nominatoin.

The JOURNAL did not complain, it simply stated a fact. It states another fact now, which the *Register* as speaking for Erie county, would do well to consider:

This fall there is a Common Pleas Judge to elect; for that office Erie county presents her man; not willing to concede that to either of the other counties, she asks his nomination and expects it by acclamation. There is a Senator to elect, and she wants that too, and if there was anything else. she would doubtless find some one willing to take it. She is a great political cormorant, and ready to swallow whatever comes in her way, regardless of the law of property.

If the *Register* desires to pursue this subject further, let it have the fairness to give our article entire, and not descend to mutillate, as it did our last.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Executor of the estate of Jacob Mook, deceased, late of York Township, Sandusky County, Ohio.

JOHN BRICK, Executor.

BRIDGE SALE.

WILL be sold to the lowest responsible bidder, on the 16th day of August, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., the job of constructing a bridge near the residence of Daniel McRiery. Also, at 11 o'clock A. M., one near the residence of Wm. Vanbuskirk. Also, at 2 o'clock P. M., one over the Big Pickerel Creek, near the residence of Levi Cowels. (the latter to be stone abutments,) all in Riley Township. Specifications to be fully set forth on the day of sale.

The Commissioners reserve the right of rejecting any bids considered incompatible with the interest of the county.

Commissioners Sandusky County.

Fremont, O., July 29, 1873.

CANFIELD, HEDRICK & BRISTOL,

Have on hand a Large Stock of

BUILDING MATERIAL,

JEFFERSON & WHEELING NAILS,

LOCKS, LATCHETS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

AND A FULL LINE OF

HARDWARE!

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

FOSTORIA PLOWS AND SCRAPERS,

AND FULL LINE OF

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

COPPER KETTLES OF ALL SIZES,

VERY CHEAP.

HAND CIDER MILLS AND PRESSES,

WARRANTED THE BEST MADE.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

We invite all who are in want of Goods in our line, to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

CANFIELD, HEDRICK & BRISTOL.

POSITIVELY THE

LARGEST AND LIVEST SHOW ON EARTH!

IS COMING.

THE GREAT FOREPAUGH SHOWS

WILL EXHIBIT AFTERNOON AND EVENING AT

FREMONT, Monday, Aug. 18th.

Exhibited Under Five Vast Tents!

HOLDING 15,000 PEOPLE, CONSISTING OF

2 ENORMOUS MENAGERIES!

Under Two Separate Tents.

GRAND MUSEUM

AND A COLOSSAL

DOUBLE CIRCUS!

Under a Double Pavilion. 2 Separate and Distinct exhibitions, in Five Huge Tents.

ADMISSION TO ALL TENTS - - 50 CENTS.

CHILDREN UNDER TEN YEARS OF AGE, 25 CENTS.

A working force of nearly

ONE THOUSAND MEN & HORSES

The collection of animals and birds is so extensive—being at least ten times more numerous than that of any other exhibition, that it is

FREE WILD BEAST SHOW!

Is given under a Mammoth Tent, located on the Show Ground, where can be seen, without money and without price, and

FREE OF ALL CHARGE,

More RARE ANIMALS and BEAUTIFUL BIRDS than has been exhibited by any Menagerie that has visited this State during the present season. In the Magnificent Museum

10,000 WONDERFUL CURIOSITIES!

In the Great Circus and Performing Animal Show,

MORE PERFORMERS THAN ANY CIRCUS IN THE WORLD.

THE 2 MENAGERIES!

TENTS NOS. 2 AND 3.

Here can be seen a

MONSTER PERFORMING UNICORN!

WEIGHING 1,800 POUNDS.

African Elan, Tree-Topper, Caribou, Female Kangaroo, 8 Living Lions, the Elephant Romeo, Jr., the Suckling Calf Elephant Baby Annie, in her "little bed," weighing only 400 pounds; Drove of Dromedaries and White Camels, Pair of White Double-backed Bactrian Camels, Cabia Bara, Cameleopard, South American Hippopotamus, Arabian Dromedary, Black Bear, Tinfed or Sun Bear, Grizzly Bear, White Polar Bear, Pencil Bear, Brown Bear, Nylghau, Asiatic and African Lion and Lioness, Pair of Monster Royal Bengal Tigers, Abyssinian Ibex, East India Antelope, Cashmere Goats, Ebony Headed Palatine Sheep, Spotted Axis Deer, Bison of Colorado, American Fallow Deer, South American Jaguar, Silver Lion of California, Peruvian Alpacas, Striped and Spotted Hyenas, Llama or Camel of the Andes, Puma or American Cougar, American Buffalo, Virginia Panther Senegal Leopards, Black Tigers, Spotted Tigers, Shetland Cow, Australian Kangaroo, Sacred Cattle, Rat Kangaroo of New Zealand, Tawny Lion of Kaffraria, Zebu or Ox Sinaia, African Porcupine, Badgers, Beavers, White, Brown and Gray Coons, Sable Antelope, Russian Reindeer, African Wild Boar, Wild Cats, Foxes, Weasels, Civit Cat, Lynx, Peccaries, Wombat, Gazelles, Japanese Sika, African Jackals, Humadias, Baboons or Lion Slayers, Ocelot, Rhesus Pine Hounds, Monkeys and Apes, Strepsicoros, or Horned Musetan, Chamois, Armadillo, Babiroussa, Hedgehogs, Barbs and Black Monkeys, Mandrill, Wanderoo, Genuine Barbary Zebra, Cheetah or Ounce, Gnu, Sloth, Tapir, Horned Horse just added, &c. THE BIRD DEPARTMENT: Cassowary, Two Ostriches, King Vulture, Condor and Eagle, Black and White Swans, Pair of Snow-white African Pelicans, Pair of White Cranes, Java White Fan Fowl, African Crowned Cranes, Lyre Bird, New Holland Emus, Birds of Paradise, Satin Breasted Parroquets, White Carrier Doves, African Gray Parrots, Golden Pheasants, Spanish Macaws, Tampico Parrots, King Lori Birds, Rose Cockatoos Silver Pheasants, Chinese Birds in great variety, and the great AUSTRALIAN BIRD SHOW, containing every imaginable variety of the many colored birds of Plumage, will be found in the Ornithological department of this colossal show, and in all more wild animals and rare birds than any traveling show in existence ever owned.

The Magnificent Museum!

With one exception, the only traveling museum in this country. Here are exhibited an

ELEGANT AVIARY OF 1300 BIRDS!

The Two-Headed Negro Girl!

Lady Bell Ringers, Magic Drummer, Mechanical Leotard, Singing Birds, Double Baby, THE TEMPERATE AND INTEMPERATE FAMILY, and Representations of Famous Men of ancient and modern times, Rare Coins, Armor, Insects, Fishes, Reptiles, Antiquities, and in all

10,000 OBJECTS OF WONDER AND CURIOSITY!

Far too numerous to catalogue in this advertisement.

DOUBLE TENT NO. 5 CONTAINS

THE GREAT DOUBLE CIRCUS!

Equestrian Aggregation and Performing Wild Beast Show!

Among the leading actors and actresses in this gigantic double circus may be mentioned the names of the famous Sam Mellville, Senors Lowande, Sagrino and B. Nino Eddie, Messrs. Franklin, Monroe, Farrauti, and the Great Triple Somersaulters, Miaco and Hawley, Kenyon, Naylor, Rivers, and the Famous Walhalla Brothers, Sam Long (Clown), and the celebrated Equestrienses, Mlle Virginia and Misses Kenyon, Reed, Collins, and in all More Star and Stock Performers than any circus in the world. During the exhibition of the Circus, there will be introduced into the arena Two Performing Tigers, Two Asiatic Lions, Acting Elephants, Riding Goat, Cynocepalus, Performing Dogs, Ponies, Horses, Mules and other Animal from the Menagerie.

TWO GRAND EXHIBITIONS!

Observe and remember to all 5 tents, 5 shows, ADMISSION to only 50 Cents, Children under Ten Years 25 Cents.

AND FREE MENAGERIE!

Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M., Performance commences at 2 and 8. One price, one ticket, admits to the 5 separate shows. Criticism invited, competition welcomed, opposition defied. Behold

THE GRAND PROCESSION!

The longest, largest and finest ever made by any show in existence.

50 Gorgeous Golden and Emerald Cages!

Double the number any show in the World can put on the road, all filled with wild animals, rare birds and objects of wonder, drawn by a Battalion of Beautiful Horses, all plumed. THE MUSICAL CAR OF THE MUSES containing Prof. Tony Frank's Metropolitan Band. Camels in harness; Droves of Ponies; Herr Darious in an Opened Den, PERFORMING WITH LIONS AND TIGERS; Mechanical Leotard, suspended from the Hippopotamus Den; Monster Rhinoceros in a Palace Car; Elephant Romeo, Jr.; Magnificent Decorations, Beautiful Banners and Superb Illustrations, constituting the most Dazzling, Solid and Substantial Show Parade ever seen in this country. Come to town by 9½ o'clock, forenoon, to see it. Look at the Procession, count the cages, visit the show ground and behold the 5 mammoth tents, and if you don't think we've got a show worth looking at, don't patronize it. Don't forget the name

"4 PAWS."

☞ Remember, Forepaugh's Great Aggregation is not a Railroad Show, it is a GREAT OVERLAND Menagerie, Museum, Caravan and Circus, traveling with wagons over the highways, and all can see, "as it goes marching on," that the great Forepaugh Show is the largest in the world, and that

IT NEVER DIVIDES.

ADAM FOREPAUGH, Sole Proprietor and Manager.

R. S. DINGESS, Agent.

Important

ANNOUNCEMENT

Hermon & Wilson

Having purchased the BANKRUPT STOCK of Fancy Goods, Notions, &c., from the creditors of H. A. Newman, and added a great many New Goods thereto, we shall offer hereafter a stock of Fancy Goods and Notions superior to any in this market, We call special attention to our stock of new Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroideries, Laces, Collars, Ties, Berlin Wools, Notions, &c., that we feel confidant are offered below any in the market. Our stock of Dress Goods, Shawls, Cotton Goods, Cassimeres, Jeans. Flannels and Carpets is very large and attractive for this season of the year, and are offered at greatly reduced prices.

HERMON & WILSON.

Odd Fellows Block, Front Street, Fremont, Ohio.

AT COST

AND BELOW!

FOR CASH AND PRODUCE

EMRICH & CO. wish to inform the People of Sandusky and adjoining Counties that they will offer their entire Stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, &c., &c.,

From the first of June to the first of September, 1873, AT COST AND BELOW, when a change in the firm will take place. Call at their place and convince yourselves.

All Standard Prints at 10 cents.
Good Prints 8 cents.
Heavy Sheetings from 10 to 12½ cents.
Cheviots, Stripes, Denims, AT COST.
Heavy Cottonades AT COST.

Plain Red and Shirting Flannel At a Sacrifice.
Yard wide Dress Flannels at 25 cents.
Bleached Muslin AT COST.
Canton Flannels AT COST.

Dress Goods at a Great Sacrifice

Delaines and Percales at 18 cents.
Wool Plaids from 20 to 50 cents.
Brilt and White Marseilles from 20 to 25 cents.

Lawns 12½ cents, fast colors.
Alpacas 22 to 30 cents, very cheap.

Big Bargains in Clothing, Especially Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods.

Kentucky Jeans for 12 1/2 cents, very good. Satinets and Cassimeres very low.

FOR CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

EMRICH & CO.,

FREMONT, OHIO.

Thompson & Co.,

HAVE FOR SALE THIS WEEK

Bryan Steel Plows, -	$ 16.00
June Steel Plows, -	7.00 to 14.00
Four Corner Steel Plows -	13.00 to 18.75
Fostoria Plows, - -	8.00 to 14.00
Remington Iron Beam Plows,	14.00
And the Celebrated Kendalville the best Steel Plow ever offered for Sale in this County	14.00 to 15.00
Also Oliver's Patented Chilled Plow, something new, harder than Steel, - - -	15.00

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

House Trimmings!

Marked down to meet the hard time. All furnishing house will find it to their advantage to call before buying elsewhere.

STOVES AND TIN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

ALSO SOLE AGENT FOR THE

SUPERIOR GRAIN DRILL,

It is the only DOUBLE FORCE Grain Drill made. It will Sow all kinds of Grain and Seeds, and IS WARRANTED to Sow to the acre exactly the amount required. It delivers the grain in a steady, unbroken stream, with no inclination to bunch or stool. It will not crush or injure the grain. It will not clog.

The SUPERIOR was Awarded in 1872 the First Premium at the

Ohio State Fair, Mansfield, Ohio. Northern Ohio Fair, Cleveland Ohio. Central Ohio Fair, Mechanicsburg, Ohio. Southern Ohio Fair, Hamilton, Ohio. Indiana State Fair, Indianapolis, Indiana. New York State Fair. Ohio State Field Trial, Springfield, Ohio. Indiana State Field Trial, Indianapolis. *Two Grand Silver Medals at the Exposition at Cincinnati.* We have one on exhibition at our store. Call and see it. We know you will prefer it to any other.

THOMPSON & CO., NO. 11 FRONT STREET, FREMONT, OHIO.

4 VALUABLE FARMS

AND

Mill Property

Lying Upon the Sandusky River, North of Tiffin,

Will be Sold at the Door of the Court House in Tiffin,

SATURDAY, AUGUST 9th, 1873,

AT AUCTION.

The LANDS and MILLS of the late EZRA BAKER are now offered for sale.

The Homestead Farm,

Containing 147 acres, lying two miles north of the Corporate limits of Tiffin, and between the Fremont or State Road and the Sandusky River. This is a most desirable farm, running water in every field, large house, good barn, stables, cribs, sheds, etc., all in good condition; excellent fruit, about 40 acres timber, balance good wheat, corn or grass land. Can be divided into farms. Price $160 per acre.

The Abott Farm,

Adjoining the above, and lying also between the Sandusky River and the Fremont Road, being the residence of the late Ezra Baker, containing about 50 acres. Splendid location, large house and barn many other buildings, all good, excellent soil, fine fruit, and shrubbery, etc. Price $130 per acre.

The Mill Property,