

The Pending Issue.

The tariff was the alpha and will probably be the omega of the present session of Congress. The President's annual message to Congress opened the discussion on this subject, which will not close, it is probable, until it is presented to the country in all its phases.

Old political chime on wisdom past, And tetter on in blunders to the last. This is Mr. Sherman's case to-day. He forgets that the country has outgrown the antiquated tariff views of over half a century ago, and that a new generation of men with more progressive ideas, has taken the place of Mr. Clay and his contemporaries.

We honor Mr. Cleveland for the boldness with which he has advanced to the discussion of this subject. He has sounded the key-note of Democratic triumph, and his clarion voice has given to the Democracy the courage to face the whole country with its summons with the spirit and the unity of the MacGregors to the call of their chief, and we shall witness before the days of 1844, or since the Democracy followed the gallant leadership of Old Hickory.

"Doff their lion's hide, and hang a calf's skin on their recent limbs." He has drawn the sword of reason and sound argument, and thrown away the seaboard, and he will lead the Democratic hosts to victory again, as sure as the sun light dawned upon the election day of next November, else all signs are deceptive. If any pigeon-livered adherent of the Democratic party is disposed to desert the vintage-ground which the party has always maintained upon this subject, it will get ten recruits of good and true men for every craven it loses.

The Blaine Boon.

The York Evening Post, one of the able journals of the country, recently quoted the utterances of the Chicago Tribune, the St. Paul Pioneer Press, the Omaha Bee, the San Francisco Argonaut, and the Philadelphia North American, and the Philadelphia Bulletin, all influential Republican papers, and one strong Blaine supporter, to show that the Blaine boon, recently started, has died out and that the Maine statesman cannot win against President Cleveland.

Congress, says Senator Wilson, has no half-way, emasculated powers, and if it has the right to take one step in controlling a state with respect to its school system, it has the right to assume complete and independent management of education within the state.

Strikes and Lookouts.

The "lockout," says the Ledger, in an article on "Do Strikes Pay?" quotes largely from the report of Mr. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor, which has just been made to the Secretary of the Interior. The "strike" and the "lockout," says the Ledger, are twin brothers, and must be considered together.

Parsons and Politics.

Rev. Dr. Burdard—ho of the three calistric R's.—"Run, Romanism and Rebellion"—with aliterative sentence brought him into sudden and unenviable notoriety, is said to have declared himself for President Cleveland. Whereupon, that sturdy old Democratic journal, the Boston Globe, exclaims—"No, thanks. Please stay where you are. The Democratic party has no use for you."

Strange, untoward fate of the Republican party! Just as it was about to get rid of one Dr. Burdard, another step in to supply his place,—the Rev. Dr. W. T. D. Clemm. This gentleman, at the meeting of the Methodist Ministers' Association, in Baltimore, on Monday, announced himself specially scandalized by the President's sending to the Pope, on the occasion of his jubilee, a copy of the Constitution of the United States, and addressing it to "His Holiness Pope Leo." The Rev. gentleman complains that this action of the President is an attempt "to have us (the U. S. government, we suppose) recognize the sacerdotal power of the Pope of Rome." What a lame conclusion from such premises. He would have had more ground to stand on, if he had said it was an attempt on the part of the President to have the Pope recognize the Constitution of the United States.

A series of resolutions were introduced condemning this action of the President, and a committee of seven gravely appointed to consider and report upon the same! "His Holiness" is the recognized title of the Pope, just as "Reverend" is of a clergyman, "Very Reverend" of a dean, "Right Reverend" of a bishop, and "Most Reverend" of an archbishop. And the American reporter is careful to tell the public that Dr. Clemm "never voted the Republican ticket in his life," but "in accordance with the views and principles of the Democratic party, except on the liquor question." And pray, what are the views and principles of the Democratic party on the liquor question? We would like to know, for very few persons besides Dr. Clemm, are posted on this subject. Let it be noted, that although Dr. Clemm is represented to be a Democrat, in a conversation with a representative of the Baltimore American, he is reported as saying "he considered the act of the President a distinct bid for the Catholic vote to help elect him as President, and he thought the act had given Cleveland the inside track with such people over Blaine."

His solicitude for Blaine does not tally very well with his self-declared Democracy. But let that pass. This whole proceeding is another evidence that clergymen make poor politicians. If they would let politics alone and attend strictly to their mission for the good of souls, they would much better depart themselves in accordance with their holy office. They make sad work of it when they undertake to play the role of politicians.

Senator Wilson on the Blair Educational Bill.

If any argument were necessary, after the able and learned speech of Senator Reagan of Texas, to prove that the Blair Educational Bill is unconstitutional, it may be found in the exhaustive and conclusive speech by Senator Wilson, of our own State, delivered in the Senate on Tuesday.

The bill is only claimed to come within the meaning of the constitution under the "general welfare" clause. The author and supporters of the measure urge that good government is dependent upon the intelligence of the people, and that Congress, and from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico. What now remains to be done is for the party to organize at once and in the most thorough manner, in every town and hamlet throughout the land, enroll every man upon our roster, disseminate information among the masses, and meet the issue in Congress, in the forum, in the press, and finally at the ballot box. This done, no one need have any misgivings as to the final result. The people are with the President.

Retirement of Governor Lloyd.

The last official act of Governor Lloyd was the signing of a pardon for George W. Parsons, now serving a six-year sentence in the penitentiary for the murder of a woman. The Governor had twice declined to interfere with the verdict of the Circuit Court for Kent County, which convicted the prisoner, because a protest had been filed in the case.

Political Notes.

The anniversary of the battle of New Orleans was celebrated by a banquet by the Maritime Club of New York on Saturday at the Hoffman House. President Cleveland sent a letter of regard in which he said: "The anniversary of the battle which illustrated the courage and military skill of Andrew Jackson should be fittingly celebrated by an association of those who indicate a belief in the political principles which he steadfastly maintained. The lesson of his rugged honesty and vigor is as applicable to the present as it was to the past. It is especially encouraging to find business men associated together for the purpose of contemplating these things and advancing such political interests as seem to their practical judgment necessary to the good of the country. No political franchise is valuable, unless it benefits, in its application, the business of the people, and when our business men are united in such a political association we shall have safer and better politics."

Governor Jackson Inaugurated.

When it was announced, by authority, shortly after the last election, that Governor Jackson desired no pomp or display at his inaugural, it was received by the best men of the State as an evidence that the new governor would administer the affairs of State in a business manner. While there was no attempt at display, yet a large number of persons from all parts of the State were present and the Senate chamber was crowded.

At 12 o'clock, m., on Wednesday the 11th instant, President Peter, of the Senate, rapped the assemblage to order, and Governor Jackson stepped to the President's chair and read the following: "Inaugural Address. 'Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Delegates—I ought, in deference to a proper custom, to say a few words upon this occasion. I have been called to the office of Governor by the votes of the people of this State. The effect was not intended for the honor or benefit of the person elected to fill it. It is a public trust conferred to the incumbent, which he ought to execute under a solemn sense of the responsibility it imposes. I accept the office with the feeling strongly impressed upon my heart, and trust that I may be enabled to discharge its duties in such a manner as will meet the approval of my own conscience and fulfill the proper expectations of the people of this State. I will not in any way attempt to evade the great responsibility which is placed upon me by your confidence. I will perform this duty as occasion may arise. I am quite sure we all have a common desire to make such changes in the laws now in force relating to the elective franchise as will secure fair elections and maintain the true will of the people of Maryland. You will have my hearty cooperation in all efforts having such objects in view. I shall not forget the pledges made by those who honored me with their choice, nor my own honest adoption of the obligations which those pledges impose upon me. I will exercise my limited power of approval upon any existing or amended laws relating to the elective franchise as to assure, as far as in me lies, the faithful and intelligent execution of this duty. I invite you to give careful attention to the interest of all our people. I feel it to be my duty to join especially upon your obligations to continue in the good work of affording adequate protection to the men, women and children who are the support of our State, and the great majority of our people, and ought to be always under your protection and fostering care. I trust that, in the performance of your duties, you will, while making adequate provision for your actual needs, practice economy and economy. You will observe, I think, the same rule in all your appropriations of public money. It is not expected by those who have placed us in our respective positions that we should withhold needful expenditure in the service of the State, or in the support of the great institutions for the good of the people, or in aid of charitable institutions performing duties which, except for their existence, would devolve upon the State. But all such expenditures ought to be judicious and thoroughly considered. You and I are entrusted with the government of a prosperous State. While we make fitting acknowledgment to all who have preceded us, I cannot forget the large share of credit due to the Governor whom I am about to succeed, and to the executive officers who have taken part in his administration of public affairs. I need not, however, dwell longer upon particular topics. The welfare of the State is largely in your hands. Political parties, and men representing such parties, are necessary means of government, and under all constitutions originating in the people, they are in control, and those who have been chosen by its members, must maintain and influence by good government. You have been chosen by your respective constituencies to represent them in the present General Assembly. I believe that you will use the same devotion to the public duties which your choice was well merited. For myself I can only say that I hope, with the God's assistance, to perform faithfully the duties which all the people, whom you collectively represent, have imposed upon me. I am now ready to take the oath of office."

When Gov. Jackson had finished the address he turned to Chief Justice Alvey, and after repeating the oath of office prescribed by the State constitution and signing the "test-book" of the Court of Appeals, the inauguration was over. Gov. Jackson then received the personal congratulations of the multitude, Chief Justice Alvey being the first to congratulate him. The simple ceremonies only occupied ten minutes. Gov. Jackson occupied the executive chamber in the State House immediately after his inauguration. His first official act was to sign the appointment of Mr. E. W. LeCombe as secretary of State. The Governor was called on by hundreds of people from all parts of the State, and he did a deal of hearty handshaking.

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A fight between five oyster dredgers and the police took place on Friday night last week, on Bolton Point that was the result of a quarrel between McLane captured them and took them to St. Michaels, where they were kept for 48 hours. They were released on Saturday morning, when the dredgers fled to the shore, and the police returned to the city.

A large attended conference of Indiana Democrats was held at the Hotel Hamilton, Indianapolis, on January 11, in response to a call issued recently by the Hamilton Club of New York. From 1,500 to 1,600 were present. Governor Hendricks was the permanent chairman. He said: "The Democratic armor was never in better order than it is at this time. It is our duty to maintain it in the best possible condition. We must be prepared to meet any and every emergency that may arise. We must be united in our purpose and our action. We must be true to our principles and our promises. We must be brave in our defense of our rights and our liberties. We must be firm in our opposition to any and every attempt to subvert our government or to destroy our Constitution. We must be patient in our suffering, and we must be hopeful in our future. We must be true to the people, and we must be true to the God who has given us the right to govern ourselves."

A furrowed snow storm prevailed in the northwest on Thursday, extending from the Rocky Mountains, Lake Michigan, and the West was it, and it will ultimately be built, it is believed.

Journalistic.

Fifty-five years is a ripe old age for a newspaper. The Standard of this city began its career in the month of September, 1814, entitled "The Standard," and was edited by Mr. John H. Mitten, is giving its patron an excellent newspaper, while its local department contains all the news of the county. We extend our congratulations.

Mr. A. M. Strouse, formerly of the News, issued on Saturday last The Herald. It is an eight page sheet, 2 1/2 inches in size, and is well filled with local, miscellaneous and news matter. Its publication office is corner of Main and Court streets, Westminster, Md. Another candidate for public favor has made its appearance in this county—The Telephone Messenger, published at Manchester, by Cornman & Co.

Carroll county has furnished some bright lights in the field of journalism, among whom may be mentioned C. D. Deane, of the Altoona, Pa., Tribune. Mr. Deane learned the "art preservative" in this city, and is now one of the editors of the above-mentioned excellent journal which has just entered its 33d year. Last week the Blair, Md., Elys and Intelligence entered upon its 33d volume. By energy, close attention to business, studying the wants of the people, and the issuing of a clean paper, our friend Baker has built up a good business and we are pleased to know that it is increasing. Harford county has every reason to be proud of her journals, three at least.

Among newspaper men the Maryland Journal, published at Towson, by Col. William H. Boar, stands A. 1. The paper has been published for 15 years, and the general editor bears his years with becoming dignity, and pursues the even tenor of his way, round, sub-cand and merry. We hope he may be spared to celebrate the 50th volume of the Journal, and that all the "boys" will be there to help him celebrate, including Brothers Bell and Cruikshank.

Nearly twenty-one years ago the writer of these few lines, as a paper started in Middletown, Del., called the Transcript and ever since then has had a fondness for it. It has kept pace with the times and has become a necessity in many households. Mr. John L. Hill has become assistant editor on the Elliott City, Md., Times. Under Mr. Bratton's management the Times has been much improved and we anticipate it will continue to be so. It is a credit to the interest of all our people. I feel it to be my duty to join especially upon your obligations to continue in the good work of affording adequate protection to the men, women and children who are the support of our State, and the great majority of our people, and ought to be always under your protection and fostering care. I trust that, in the performance of your duties, you will, while making adequate provision for your actual needs, practice economy and economy. You will observe, I think, the same rule in all your appropriations of public money. It is not expected by those who have placed us in our respective positions that we should withhold needful expenditure in the service of the State, or in the support of the great institutions for the good of the people, or in aid of charitable institutions performing duties which, except for their existence, would devolve upon the State. But all such expenditures ought to be judicious and thoroughly considered. You and I are entrusted with the government of a prosperous State. While we make fitting acknowledgment to all who have preceded us, I cannot forget the large share of credit due to the Governor whom I am about to succeed, and to the executive officers who have taken part in his administration of public affairs. I need not, however, dwell longer upon particular topics. The welfare of the State is largely in your hands. Political parties, and men representing such parties, are necessary means of government, and under all constitutions originating in the people, they are in control, and those who have been chosen by its members, must maintain and influence by good government. You have been chosen by your respective constituencies to represent them in the present General Assembly. I believe that you will use the same devotion to the public duties which your choice was well merited. For myself I can only say that I hope, with the God's assistance, to perform faithfully the duties which all the people, whom you collectively represent, have imposed upon me. I am now ready to take the oath of office."

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Maryland Legislature.

Both Houses met on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock in the Senate Chamber. After announcing the standing committees, as follows: On Finance—Messrs. Bratton, Tunis, Goodwin, and McCall. On Agriculture and Horticulture—Messrs. Edelen, McCulloch, Brown, Wentz and Staker. On Education—Messrs. Edelen, McCulloch, Brown, Wentz and Staker. On Agriculture and Horticulture—Messrs. Edelen, McCulloch, Brown, Wentz and Staker. On Education—Messrs. Edelen, McCulloch, Brown, Wentz and Staker.

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RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Services at St. Paul's Reformed Church at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. The Holy Communion will be administered at 10.30 a. m. Preparatory service will be held at 7 p. m. Rev. G. W. Seillamer will preach in Uniontown Sabbath morning, and the Rev. J. Eckert in the evening. Revival services in Frizzellburg, will be continued. Rev. J. Eckert will preach Sabbath morning and the pastor G. W. Seillamer in the evening. Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. G. W. Cooper, pastor—Sunday, January 13, preaching at 10.30 a. m., by Rev. W. H. Settlemyer, and at 7 p. m. by the pastor. Young People's Meeting at 6.30 p. m. Terms of Sale of Real Estate—On the 13th of January, 1888, at 10.30 a. m., and 7 p. m. at the residence of the bride's parents, near Yorkville, January 13, 1888, by Rev. J. D. Seillamer, Mr. Henry L. Cook and Miss M. J. Seillamer, both of this county. Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. G. W. Cooper, pastor—Sunday, January 13, preaching at 10.30 a. m., by Rev. W. H. Settlemyer, and at 7 p. m. by the pastor. Young People's Meeting at 6.30 p. m. Terms of Sale of Real Estate—On the 13th of January, 1888, at 10.30 a. m., and 7 p. m. at the residence of the bride's parents, near Yorkville, January 13, 1888, by Rev. J. D. Seillamer, Mr. Henry L. Cook and Miss M. J. Seillamer, both of this county.

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TRUSTEE'S SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY. IN WESTMINSTER, MD. The undersigned, trustee, by virtue of the power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed to us by George F. Beaver and Annie R. Beaver, his wife, bearing date on the 10th day of January, 1888, and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll county, will offer at public sale, on the premises, in the city of Westminster, now occupied by the said Geo. F. Beaver, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1888, at 12 o'clock, m., the following real estate and personal property: All that lot of land known as Lot No. 9 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," this lot is situated on Green street, in said city, near Centre street, fronting on Green street 50 feet and containing back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 10 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 11 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 12 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 13 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 14 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 15 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 16 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 17 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 18 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 19 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 20 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame stable, with stabling for 12 horses, corn house, hog house, chicken house and other outbuildings. This lot is situated in one of the most pleasant parts of Westminster, and is a very desirable home, day that lot of land known as Lot No. 21 of "Frisell's Addition to Westminster," fronting 50 feet on Green street and running back 108 feet to Spring Alley, and containing 9,900 SQUARE FEET OF LAND. This property is improved with a large weatherboarded dwelling house, constructed of brick, with two stories high, and having an attic and basement. There are eight rooms, a kitchen and water through the building. On the property there is a large frame