

The Democratic Advocate



FRIDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 1, 1912

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President, WOODROW WILSON, of New Jersey.

For Vice President, THOMAS R. MARSHALL, of Indiana

For Congress, J. FREDERICK C. TALBOTT.

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

Before the next issue of The AD-VOCA TE the country will know the result of the Presidential and Congressional Election.

It is regarded as almost a foregone conclusion, that Woodrow Wilson will be elected by an overwhelming majority, and that the House of Representatives will increase its Democratic majority, and that possibly the Senate may be also Democratic, thus putting the whole machinery of government in the hands of our good and safe old party. This would be a marvelous achievement but is not unlikely to occur.

There are several things the Democrats expect to settle at the coming election.

First, we expect to settle the tariff question, giving to the people a tariff "for revenue only," a condition to which they have been entitled for fifty years, but have been deprived of.

Second, we expect to settle the Bull Moose party, and lay Roosevelt the big Bull Moose, on the political shelf for the balance of his life, while the people will sing canticles of joy and thanksgiving that such a saint has gone to his rest.

Third, we expect to settle and close up the affairs of the late Republican party, sell out its assets and use the money, if it will hold out, to buy a plain tomb-stone to mark the resting place of the deceased.

Fourth, we expect to settle Woodrow Wilson in the White House, thus installing one of the greatest and most capable men who has ever gone into the office of chief Magistrate of the country

Let every Democrat do his best to pile up the majority for Wilson, Marshall and Talbott.

The farmers and millers of the Central and Western States have depended largely on foreign markets in the past for their living. We have been accustomed to the idea that we were a great food-exporting nation. But the picture is now changed, and exportation of wheat and flour no longer reigns in our export trade;—our manufactures have taken their place, now forming over forty-five per cent. of our total exports, while foods of all kinds have sunk to eighteen per cent. With such figures before him the American farmer can and will be no longer fooled and robbed by a surreptitious tariff tax. The time will soon come, under the growth of our own population, when our farmers will have all they can do to feed our own people.

LET THERE BE NO STAY AT HOME DEMOCRATS ON ELECTION DAY.

Every Democratic vote must get into the ballot box. Vote yourself and see that your neighbor votes. Nothing but votes count at an election, and the Democratic votes must be polled.

VOTE FOR WILSON,

and thus secure real prosperity, not the Republican prosperity, growing out of the high tariff, which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer, but a prosperity which will be shared by all the people of every class.

THE SONG OF VICTORY.

If you want to join the song of victory which we believe will resound through the country on Wednesday, the day after election, get your vote in the box; keep step with your party, then when the time for rejoicing comes, your voice will help to swell the anthem that will fill the air.

The American manufacturers of agricultural implements last year exported \$36,000,000 worth of their wares to be sold in foreign countries in competition with the products of the cheap labor, from which they ask the people at home to protect them. How long will our people permit themselves to be humbugged by this false pretense?

The cheapest and most deceitful campaign stories are kept for the end. The reason for it is, they can't stand the light and die soon on exposure. The silliest and latest one is that Wilson's election would hurt business.

Congress passed a bill removing the duty from meats, which would have materially reduced the high cost of living; but President Taft in the interest of the meat packers of Chicago and Kansas City, but with no regard for the crying necessities of the people vetoed the bill. Rebuke him by voting for Wilson.

THE COUNTRY'S EXPERIENCE WITH A REVENUE TARIFF.

"A tariff for revenue only" is not an experiment in the United States, we had such a tariff from 1846 until 1860, of which Mr. Blaine writes in his "Twenty Years of Congress,"—"the tariff of '46 was yielding abundant revenue, and the business of the country was in a flourishing condition at the time his (Taylor's) administration was organized. Money became very abundant, large enterprises were undertaken, speculation was prevalent, and for a considerable period the prosperity of the country was general and apparently genuine. The principles embodied in the tariff of '46 seemed for the time to be so entirely vindicated and approved that resistance to it ceased, not only among the people but among the protective economists, and even among the manufacturers to a large extent."

This is the testimony of a protectionist and the political historian of the time. The fact is that during that period manufacturing was not forced by a hot-house process to produce high-priced goods for popular consumption, but was gradually encouraged and developed on a healthful and self-sustaining basis, not to be shaken as a reed in the wind by every change in the financial world. Commerce made great advances, and our carrying trade grew so rapidly that in ten years from the day the tariff of '46 was passed our tonnage exceeded the tonnage of England.

All the great interests of the country were symmetrically developed under this revenue tariff; manufacturers were not stimulated at the expense of the commercial interest. Both were developed in harmony, while agriculture, the indispensable basis of all, was never more flourishing. The farmers and planters at no preceding period of our history were in receipt of such good prices, steadily paid to them in gold coin, for their surplus product, which they could send to the domestic market over our own railways, and to the foreign market in our own ships.

How in the face of such an ideal commercial and industrial condition of the country brought about by a tariff for revenue only the opponents of the system can prophesy disaster to the business interests, should the country return to that system again, is only to be explained by that intense selfishness which blinds one to the welfare of the many and makes it impossible to surrender an advantage no matter how obtained.

Pay no heed to those who prophesy hard times should the Democrats succeed in electing their candidate for the presidency on next Tuesday. The sun will shine as brightly, the early and the latter rain will come and go, your land will produce as much to the acre and consumption will go on the same as under a Republican administration.

The Republican party has not yet established its claim to be the special favorite of Providence; until it does, you need have no fear that its retirement will bring bad weather and poor crops.

There is an increasing demand for dwellings in Westminster, and the supply is far short of the demand. There is seldom a week passes that some one does not tell us of his wish to rent a house, either furnished or unfurnished, and there are people who intend to buy property and settle here in the near future. They recognize the fact that Westminster is a very desirable place of residence. But there are so few houses to be had here. Now it seems to us that it would be a mighty good thing for some of our enterprising business men to build houses and boom Westminster. The growth of the town and its business industries are stifled by present conditions. No large manufacturing enterprise could locate here because we could not house its employees. There is every reason why Westminster should build and invite growth.

Secretary Nagel of the department of commerce and labor in a recent report on the iron and steel industry of the United States, states there are 90,000 employees engaged in that industry, more than half of whom receive less than 18 cents an hour, work twelve hours a day, seven days in a week.

This is a splendid showing of what protection for the iron and steel industry has done for the workers in it. It has even protected them from the rest that the Sabbath day was intended to insure them. "Protection for American labor," what crimes have been committed in thy name!

FROM THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM OF 1912.

The high cost of living is a serious problem in every American home. The Republican party in its platform, attempts to escape from responsibility for present conditions by denying that they are due to a protective tariff. We take issue with them on this subject and charge that excessive prices resulted in a large measure from the high tariff laws enacted and maintained by the Republican party and from trusts and commercial conspiracies fostered and encouraged by such laws, and we assert that no substantial relief can be secured for the people until important duties on the necessities of life are materially reduced and these criminal conspiracies broken up.

This is the last gasp of a torn and self-mutilated old party. All that awaits it is burial on the 5th of November, with Colonel Roosevelt, Munsey and Perkins as chief pall-bearers.

MR. WILLIAM A. CUNNINGHAM.

By the death of Mr. William A. Cunningham, Westminster has lost one of its most prominent and useful citizens. He lived to the ripe age of eighty-three years, though for some years his health had been quite feeble.

Mr. Cunningham was well known as a banker throughout the state having first served in the National Marine and Citizens' National Bank of Baltimore, and afterwards become identified with the First National and the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Banks of this city. He also was instrumental in organizing three National Banks on the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

Mr. Cunningham was a man who made a great many friends and who won the respect of all who knew him. He was an enthusiastic Mason. In the local church which he attended he was an active and useful member. His family, so deeply bereaved have the sympathy of the entire community.

It is estimated that the Farmers' Free List Bill, had it become a law, would have saved the American people not less than \$390,000,000.

Among other things it removed the duty from agricultural implements, fence wire, sewing machines, lumber, laths, shingles, leather, shoes, and scores of other articles of daily consumption and use.

You would be enjoying all the benefits of this measure today had it not been for the veto of President Taft. Vote for Woodrow Wilson and have a president who is in sympathy with the people and their needs.

Mr. Roosevelt says in his "Winning of the West," "Cowboys are much better fellows and pleasanter companions than small farmers or agricultural laborers, nor are the mechanics and workmen of a great city to be mentioned in the same breath. Mr. Bryan and his adherents have appealed to the basest set in the land—the farmers." One should reflect seriously and long before voting for a man who ever entertained such opinions of the most important class in the country.

The Farmer is in no wise benefited by a protective tariff which taxes his clothing, his agricultural implements, his means of transportation and many articles that enter into his daily consumption, while his surplus products must be sent three or four thousand miles away to a market and there compete with the labor of the serfs of Russia, and the half-naked and half-fed swarms of Hindoos of India. Don't be misled by the calamity cries of a dying party, it was the protective tariff that wounded it unto death.

The high Republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth in the United States, it has made some very rich and others very poor. It tends to divide the population of the country into classes. "Any typical tariff protected manufacturing town consists of one \$100,000 house on top of the hill and a hundred \$1,000 cottages clustered around the Mill in the valley."

Don't permit your interest in the election of Wilson and Marshall to cause you to overlook your candidate for Congress—Mr. Talbott. Gov. Wilson can do but little for the reforms the party has promised the people without a Congress in accord with this policy. Moreover, Mr. Talbott is a faithful party man and entitled to the loyal support of every Democrat.

A protective tariff raises the price of commodities, the working-man don't sell commodities he sells labor with which to buy commodities, the higher the price of commodities the more labor it requires to buy them. Simple, think it over.

A tariff for revenue taxes the people for the legitimate expenses of the government only; a protective tariff taxes them for the enrichment of the few who are engaged in manufacturing pursuits. Which do you prefer? If the former vote for Wilson.

And now the Republicans are threatening a panic if the Democrats win. The panic of 1873 came under a Republican administration. So did the panic of 1897. The panic of 1893 came a year before the McKinley high tariff law was repealed. It was incubated under President Harrison.

The Republicans are now claiming credit for good crops. Did they bring the rains? Hardly. If they Republicans could control the rainfall they would allow some monopoly to put a meter on the clouds and sell the showers at so much per drop.

Manifestly Absurd. A member of the local Knights of Columbus has called out attention to a clipping published last week in "The Times," Westminster, in which a Georgia man, Thomas E. Watson, states that he will not vote for Woodrow Wilson in the presidential primaries because the "New York Times" stated that Wilson had joined the Knights of Columbus. As our friend pointed out, it is absurd to publish such a clipping, for the Knights of Columbus is an organization of the Roman Catholic Church, and only Catholics can be members of it, and Wilson is not a Catholic, and therefore not eligible. Too bad our political opponents are driven to the publication of such "news."

Wilson Far in Lead. A poll was taken in Baltimore Wednesday by The Sun reporters which resulted as follows: Wilson 472 Roosevelt 188 Taft 81 Debs 5 Chain 4

NUSBAUM & JORDAN, WESTMINSTER'S BEST STORE.

Chrysanthemum Show

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8th, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9th.

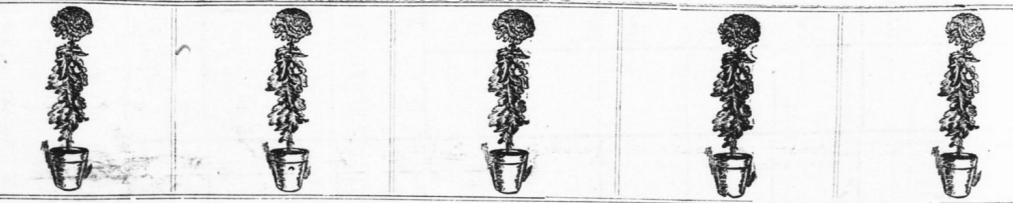
THE ANNUAL TREAT TO THE FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS OF OUR STORE.

THIS Annual Flower Show has grown to be an important event in the affairs of this store. These gorgeous blossoming plants will be on display for these days in our store rooms and windows. We invite you to come, see and enjoy them

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9th,

Beginning at 9 a. m. we will give ONE of these beautiful plants to each customer making a purchase to the amount of \$1. PLEASE REMEMBER, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9th, is the only day we give them away, beginning at 9 a. m.

COME THIS WEEK FOR SOME OF THESE SPECIALS.



Hemmed Pillow Cases 12 cents. We have never sold a Pillow Case as good as these at this price. The muslin is the same as is in those selling at 18 to 20c. We advise buying now.

BED SPREADS \$1.39. This is the best bargain we have ever offered in Spreads. For size and weight it cannot be beat. They measure 83 inches by 88 inches and weigh four pounds. Beautiful marseilles patterns, a quality usually sold at \$1.75. Most housekeepers like a good supply of spreads on hand. You save now.

2 Yd. WIDE LINOLEUM 79c yd. Our sales have been very large on linoleum. Everyone is learning it pays to buy a floor-covering that lasts. We are showing a number of pretty patterns at this special price. Better cover the kitchen now.

Lot of remnants of linoleum, one yard wide, at the same price as floor oil cloth. 30c yard.

PRETTY COUCH COVERS 98c. Made of good grade of Tapestry, pretty Roman stripes, knotted fringe on all edges, 50 inches long. They save the wear on the couch and give a warm, cozy appearance to the home.

ANOTHER SALE OF CORSETS AT 49c.

You will remember the big Corset Sale we held last summer. At that time some of our customers bought as many as four. This is another lot made by the same manufacturer.

These corsets are made of good grade cotton, nicely trimmed with lace, new long models with cut-away front, two pair hose supports, have the extra support at bottom, usually found only on corsets selling at \$1.00 and upwards. The sizes are 18 to 30. We have just 10 dozen to sell. You must come early to get your size.

NEW FALL DRESS GINGHAMS 10c yd. Hundreds of yards pretty fall style gingham, an endless variety of patterns, fast washable colors. We have the same grade on our shelves selling for 12 1/2 cents in the full prices.



YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

NUSBAUM & JORDAN

Wilson Day Rallies.

A most marvelous series of Democratic Rallies will be held tomorrow (Saturday) November 2nd, all over the United States in every town and village, at which a special message from Governor Wilson will be read to the American people. When one realizes the size of the United States and the number of villages therein then only the magnitude of this uniform Rally Day Democratic demonstration can be appreciated.

This series of Rallies is the idea of the National Committee which desires to have a Democratic demonstration all over the United States, and its earnestness in the matter is demonstrated by the following telegram just received by Mr. T. Herbert Shriver, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Carroll county.

"November 1st, 1912. Victory is ours, provided we take nothing for granted and get our every vote cast and counted. Make it overwhelming. We absolutely depend on you to poll every possible vote. Give particular attention to Wilson Rallies Saturday. Make every precinct meeting a rousing success. WILLIAM F. MCCOMBS, Chairman Democratic National Com. Mr. Shriver is arranging to have this special message read at various places in Carroll county, the list of which appears elsewhere in this paper. These Rallies are old fashioned affairs and following the reading of the message there should be speaking, if possible, by local men.

If it could be arranged, the rallies should be held in strict accord with tradition when bells were rung or whistles blown, or the old anvil fired, or the local musician or bugler used to indicate the hour of meeting.

The great problems that are to be settled by Governor Wilson's administration make it of the utmost importance that he should be elected by an overwhelming majority of the voters of the country. The larger it is the stronger he will be to carry out the policies he and the party are representing.

Wilson Day Rally will be a historic event in the annals of the nation and it is an inspiring thought, that all over this wonderful nation of ours men and women will be listening to the same message at the same hour.

The message will not be made public until it is read to the voters in their respective localities. REPUBLICAN FOR WILSON. M Howard Mettee Leaves Party After 30 Years. Mr. M. Howard Mettee, of the firm of Mettee & Co., Baltimore, a Republican of 30 years' standing, has determined to vote for Gov. Woodrow Wilson for President because the Republican party broke its tariff pledges; because he considers Roosevelt dangerous, and because "Wilson could not be moved the wrong way by a charge of dynamite." He will also vote for J. Fred C. Talbot for Congress. He explained it all last night at his home, 3104 West North avenue.

Republicans Concede Wilson's Election.

The Republican and Progressive parties have given up the fight for president and are now making a hot contest for second place. Members of both parties in this city, have conceded Wilson's election. At meetings of the Progressives and Republicans, speakers practically said that Wilson will be elected.

The New York World gives Wilson 325 electoral votes. The Chicago Record-Herald, Republican finds that Wilson leads by a large margin. The doubtful states strongly in favor of Governor Wilson are Connecticut 7, Illinois 29, Massachusetts 18, Michigan 15, Minnesota 12 Pennsylvania 35, South Dakota 5.

Albert Neuhahn, Republican, To Vote For Wilson Tuesday. A lifelong Republican who will vote his first Democratic ballot in a national election next Tuesday, is Albert Neuhahn, proprietor of a tailor establishment at 226 North Buta street. He lives at 2263 Madison avenue, Baltimore. Mr. Neuhahn has not only been a Republican voter for nearly 30 years, but he has on most elections done some work for his party in getting out the voters, as well as work before in getting as many of his friends to register as possible. On one occasion he was a Republican judge of election.

RESOLUTIONS ON THE DEATH OF GEORGE O. BRILHART.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW WINDSOR, MD.

Oct. 26, 1912. Whereas: Since our last meeting our worthy friend and Vice-President, George O. Brillhart, has entered into rest; and

Whereas: We desire our records to show the great esteem in which we held him; therefore, Resolved: That this Board deeply feels that in him the Bank has lost an efficient officer in whom the highest integrity was united with a clear and wide comprehension of his duties and responsibility as a banker and bank officer, and an admirable industry and proficiency in the performance of that work.

As a citizen in our community we lament his death as a loss which must be heavily felt in a wide sphere of usefulness beyond that special field which he shared with us, and we individually mourn him and remember him with affection as a true, a tried and a helpful friend. Resolved: That we hereby tender our sympathy and condolence to his mother, whose loss is by far the greatest of all. Resolved: That these resolutions be spread upon the records, published in our county papers and a copy of them be sent to the mother of our friend. DAVID E. STEM, GEO. P. L. HOOVER, JOHN S. BAILE, Nathan H. Baile, Committee. Secretary.