

The Democratic Advocate



WESTMINSTER, MD.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, AUG. 18, 1916

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President of the U. S. WOODROW WILSON. For Vice-President of the U. S. THOMAS R. MARSHALL. For United States Senator, DAVID J. LEWIS, Allegany County. For Congress, J. FREDERICK C. TALBOTT, Baltimore County.

SOLID REASONS WHY THE DEMOCRATS SHOULD WIN.

After four busy years of political, commercial and international complications the American people are likely, perhaps, to forget many of the really great and progressive measures and reforms instituted and perfected by President Woodrow Wilson. To the individual who takes the trouble to study the President's work it becomes readily apparent that he has had a most successful administration, and is justly entitled to re-election.

Consequently, it is not amiss to recite a few of the important items in his administration showing why Mr. Wilson should be the next President. He should be re-elected— Because he has kept his country out of war, when a single mistake in a hundred instances in the last year would have plunged the United States into war.

Because he has given all the preparedness the United States needs to protect the country from foreign invasion.

Because we have prosperity under his administration, when all the rest of the world is practically bankrupt.

Because he has given to the country a system of regional banks which makes a financial panic impossible.

Because he has forced Germany to abandon its submarine policy upon passenger and merchant ships in accordance with the accepted principles of international law.

Because the farming interests, the backbone of our prosperity, is receiving the highest returns in the history of the nation for everything raised on the farm.

Because he exposed and drove out of Washington the corrupt lobby which had for so many years controlled legislation.

Because the manufacturers in the country are so prosperous under the Democratic tariff law that they cannot manufacture enough goods to fill their orders at higher prices for their goods than ever received before.

Because he has established such cordial relations with South America and Central American countries that the manufacturers in this country are almost monopolizing their trade.

Because skilled and common labor is receiving higher wages now than ever before.

Because he has provided a merchant marine, which will prevent our producers on farms and in factories from being robbed of foreign trade by extortionate tolls.

Because he is the first American in the world, standing first for America.

Because his defeat would discredit this Nation in Europe like the proposed plan to stop Americans from traveling abroad would have discredited his diplomacy.

Because the Republican party offers no specific thing which would be better for the country than what Wilson has given us or what he stands for.

Because in his foreign policy he has stood for the neutrality of the United States, following the presidents of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln and Grant.

Because when we have peace, prosperity and preparedness it would be a serious blunder to change political parties in control at Washington.

SIX BILLION DOLLAR COMMERCE.

With the fiscal year ending June 30, 1916, Uncle Sam breaks the world record with a foreign commerce exceeding \$6,400,000,000.

Under Republican tariff law and regulation of commerce, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, the commerce of the United States was \$2,300,000,000.

Republican spell-binders have been wont to attribute all the trade and prosperity of this country hitherto to Republican tariff acts and administration. It is interesting to note, therefore, that under Democratic tariff law and administration the commerce of the United States exceeds the Republican total by \$2,600,000,000, or approximately 70 per cent.

The export story makes even better showing for Democratic administration. Though complete official figures are not yet available for the month of June, it is apparent that American exports for the fiscal year just closed will exceed \$4,300,000,000.

The 1912 Republican record was \$2,300,000,000.

200,000,000. So, on the Republican theory that the Government and the tariff are responsible for our prosperity, Democracy is credited with beating the Republican export record of 1912 by \$2,100,000,000, or 95 per cent; and 95 per cent is a big margin that gives Republicanism a very odious comparison.

Then there is the third big commercial item, which is the favorable trade balance, or excess of exports over imports.

In 1912 the Republican balance was \$551,000,000.

In 1916 the Democratic balance is \$2,100,000,000.

Here is a comparison in favor of Democratic prosperity by a margin of 275 per cent.

One year of Wilson's administration, ending June 30 last, yielded the United States a favorable trade balance greater than the total four years of either Taft or Roosevelt.

The Democratic claim has never been that American prosperity was produced by the tariff laws. The Democratic claim is that the American people with their magnificent resources of men and soil under a free constitution and flag would reap prosperity without tariff walls to impede their commerce. The year 1916 brings a splendid vindication of the Democratic idea.

Judge Benjamin Lindsey, of Denver, Col., famous as juvenile court judge, has declared his intention to support President Wilson for re-election. This announcement was made at the headquarters of the Democratic National Committee. Judge Lindsey formerly was a Republican. He was a delegate to the Republican convention at Chicago in 1912, and left that convention with the other delegates, supporters of Theodore Roosevelt, who formed the Progressive party. Judge Lindsey is well known in this city, having lectured at two chautauques held in this city, and while here made many friends.

In bestowing our praise upon David J. Lewis for the passage of the Parcel Post law, do not forget that after all it was a Democratic Congress which passed the law. The Republicans were the friends of the Adams Express Company, a great corporation which was getting rich at the expense of the people. But it required a Democratic Congress to come to the people's rescue in the passage of the great Parcel Post law. If you do not want this law repealed, vote for David J. Lewis for United States Senator and Jesse D. Price for Congress, for just as sure as you are living if the Republicans get control of Congress and elect their President, the great boon to the people will be wiped off the statute books, and we will be at the mercy of the great express companies. Think about this, Mr. Farmer—(Chestertown Transcript).

Death of John Francis Smith.

Mr. John Francis Smith, a well known and prominent lawyer, died at the residence of his mother, Mrs. F. P. Smith, Frederick, about five o'clock Thursday morning, after a comparatively short illness. There were few members of the profession better known than John Francis Smith, and his activities in this line, and also in that of politics, made him very popular with all classes of society. He was of a genial, affable nature, and made many warm friends, who with his family connections, are deeply distressed over the sad occurrence. Mr. Smith was about 45 years of age. He has been a member of the County Central Committee, and was Secretary for a number of years. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Emily Maulsby, and an infant son, his mother, Mrs. F. P. Smith, and three brothers, Charles F. Smith, who resides near Liberty; Dr. William Meredith Smith, and Edward J. Smith. The funeral will take place Saturday morning, at 9:30 o'clock, from St. John's Catholic church, where a requiem mass will be sung for the repose of his soul. Interment in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Salem Lutheran Charge.

St. John's—Sunday school 9 a. m. Holy Communion with preparatory services preceding, 10 a. m. Annual Sunday school picnic, Saturday, August 26.

St. Benjamin's—Sunday school at 9 a. m. No regular services. Annual Sunday school picnic, Saturday afternoon, August 19, in Mr. D. J. Kaufman's grove. Holy communion with preparatory services preceding Sunday morning, August 27. W. F. Hersh, pastor.

Both Games to Sandville.

The Sandville Athletic Club showed the fans of Sandville what real baseball was on Saturday, August 12, by taking both ends of a double header. Score by innings: First game—Sandville 0 1 3 0 0 1 0 4 2—11; Bethel 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—5.

Second game: Sandville 0 1 0 1 2 2 0 3 1—9; Bethel 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3.

Fishpaw.

Annie Fishpaw died at her home, near Boring, Thursday, August 10, aged 69 years. She is survived by five brothers, Richard, Burley, William and Jesse Fishpaw, of Baltimore county, and Alfred Fishpaw, of Baltimore.

Funeral services were held Saturday morning in Trenton Lutheran church, Rev. W. M. Spangler, officiating. The pallbearers were A. W. Armacost, Patrick Sullivan, Harry Musselman, William Huster, Frederick Hundermark and William Stockdale. C. V. Tipton & Son funeral directors.

Very Fresh Chicken.

"How's the grub here?" a new boarder asked genially, rubbing his hands, at the dinner table of the boarding house.

"Well, friend, we have chicken every morning," an old boarder grunted.

"Chicken every morning? Chicken every morning. And how's it served?" "In the shell," grunted the old boarder.

BRYAN PROVES HUGHES A POLITICAL FAKIR.

Hughes Has Frequently Done That Which He Now Condemns Democrats For Doing—Is Candidate of The Standpat Interests.

William J. Bryan, former Secretary of State, replied at Kansas City, to criticism of his attitude toward civil service made by Charles E. Hughes, the Republican Presidential nominee, in a statement in which he said he had "enforced the civil service law to the letter." Mr. Bryan challenged the Republican nominee to state whether he had given appointments to "deserving Republicans" while Governor of New York.

The statement was made in answer to recent speeches of Mr. Hughes which quoted a letter Mr. Bryan had written to Receiver of Customs Vick, in Santo Domingo, inquiring as to what positions could be obtained to reward deserving Democrats. Mr. Bryan admitted the letter as it had been quoted.

"I am not ashamed of it," the statement read. "The letter was written to an appointive officer whose office was not under their civil service and was made in regard to offices which were not under the civil service."

The statement, after declaring Mr. Hughes to have "shown himself quite prompt in discharging obligations," continues:

"As an official I enforced the civil service law to the letter, and upon my resignation received from the employes in the State Department, more than 90 per cent of whom were under the civil service, a watch which I prize as a priceless treasure. But, while I observed the civil service law wherever it was in force, I felt myself free to aid in rewarding deserving Democrats wherever it could be done without detriment to the service."

"The 'deserving Democrat' is not to be despised—he is as much entitled to recognition as a 'deserving Republican.'"

When he was a candidate for Governor, Mr. Hughes returned from the support of the railroads of New York and he generously repaid the debt by vetoing the 2-cent passenger rate bill. He does not describe that as shameful. When a candidate for Governor he received the support of the New York tax dodgers, the owners of 'swollen fortunes,' and he paid his debt by sending a message to the Legislature protesting against the income tax amendment to the Federal Constitution. He does not describe that as shameful. He is now being supported by the railroads of the United States and he expects to pay them back by aiding them to escape State legislation and find a haven of security in 'exclusive Federal control' over the railroads; he is being supported by the shipping trust and expects to pay them back by helping them to prevent Government competition. He is supported by the trust magnates and expects to pay them back by shielding them from punishment for the extortion which they desire to practice; he is supported by Wall street and expects to pay them back by sending American blood and squandering money raised by taxation in order to guarantee profits on speculative investments. And yet, with the record which he has made in paying his political obligations at the expense of the public and with the pledges his speeches contain to those who are now aiding his ambitions, he has the impudence to hold up for criticism a legitimate effort to reward competent men for the service which they have rendered to the cause of reform.

LOCUST HILL.

Isaiah Lohr has sold his farm situated in West Manheim Township, for \$5,200.

D. E. Winebrenner, Jr., of Hanover, sold his farm containing 160 acres and 75 perches, at public sale, Saturday, situated in Union Township, near Chestnut Hill School House, to George W. Zepp, for \$10,000.

M. H. Warner recently purchased the Bentzel property containing 16 acres for \$1,400. Possession will be given April 1, 1917.

Bart's U. B. Sunday School's annual picnic, Saturday, was well attended. Address was made by Revs. D. J. March, of Mt. Alto; S. B. Daugherty, of Hanover; and E. L. Hughes, of York. The Pleasant Hill Band furnished music.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Martin, of Kentler's School House, returned from a ten days' trip to Bay City, Michigan, where they were the guests of Mr. Martin's brother, Edward L. Martin.

The male members of St. Bartholomew's Church and Sunday School will erect a pavilion, in the church grounds, Tuesday, August 22, for the singing picnic to be held Saturday afternoon and evening, September 2.

William Stauffer, who was injured while at work last Tuesday in Hanover when he was hit by the handle of a window which he was operating, is rapidly improving.

At St. Bartholomew's church: Sunday school at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m. Y. P. S. of C., at 7:30 p. m., by the Rev. George E. Sheffer, pastor.

At Bart's U. B. church: Sunday School at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m.

At Pine Grove: Sunday School at 2 p. m.

Howard M. Rahn recently purchased the small farm of Samuel Green, situated at Schevert's School House, in Union Township. The farm which contains 20 acres, was sold for \$2,500.

The supervisors of Penn Township recently erected a new concrete bridge on the Westminster road, at the home of Oliver Unger.

Pine Grove Sunday school will hold its annual picnic Saturday afternoon and evening, August 26, in the T. O. Raubenstine grove.

Miss Mauriel Fague, of Hughesville, left Sunday for her home after spending a week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Adam M. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Voy Sears, of Williamsport, are spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. Adam Miller, at Locust Grove farm.

Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Baughman, Sunday, were Michael Rebert and Charles Leib, of East Berlin; John Baughman and daughter, Ruth, of York; and Mr. and Mrs. Warren Blocher and children, of Hanover.

Master Melvin Blocher, of Hanover, is spending the week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. David Baughman.

NATIONAL TOURING WEEK IS MADE ANNUAL AUTO EVENT

B. F. Goodrich Company Announces It Will Sponsor Another Motoring Vacation in 1917.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 12.—As the allotted span of National Touring Week closes amidst a chorus of success, The B. F. Goodrich Company, which fathered this national automobile outing, announces that National Touring Week will henceforth be an annual summer event of American motordom.

Before the week was half over the originators of National Touring Week were importuned to perpetuate it, The widespread and immediate support that greeted the movement, but notably the enthusiasm aroused in sections of the country where motor touring was neglected, have convinced the sponsors of National Touring Week that it should be a permanent motoring institution. To desert it in its success and its great promise for the future would be treachery to American motoring.

"National Touring Week will be a red letter motoring event in 1917 as it has been in 1916," E. C. Tibbitts, advertising director of The B. F. Goodrich Company, announced to-night. "The B. F. Goodrich Company, which fostered the National Touring Week just ending, will, I can confidently predict, take it up again in the summer of 1917."

The project of a National Touring Week originated with Mr. Tibbitts, hence his view point will have much to do with the establishing of it as a permanent motor touring event.

"National Touring Week has been a success beyond our most glowing expectations though they were optimistic enough," Mr. Tibbitts continued. "The response it was given in this country leaves us no doubt concerning what a 1917 National Touring Week planned with more deliberation and time for execution would accomplish."

"Naturally we have not at this hour definite plans for the 1917 National Touring Week. All I can state is that the dates of the week will probably be the same—the first full week in August—and that the constructive work on the project will be begun much earlier. The week selected this year seems to coincide with the vacation ideas of the greatest number of motorists. Furthermore, as any date must be arbitrarily determined automobile vacationists may as well set aside one week as another."

"Though The B. F. Goodrich Company feels the natural pride of an originator of the success of the 1916 National Touring Week, it does not for an instant lose sight of the real cause of the success—the latent love of motoring in America. Automobileists needed only the suggestion, the reminder carried in the National Touring Week movement, to send them on a vacation tour of discovering America."

"Added to this spirit, or better a part of it, was the splendid support given the idea by the newspapers of the country, which fanned as it were, the touring spirit into the flames of actual action; and the excellent aid of automobile clubs, chambers of commerce and civic organizations throughout the nation."

"Nor do we lose sight of the spontaneous co-operation the makers of automobiles gave the movement. Ardent and rich in results as it was this year, however, we know in 1917 it will be a more resourceful factor. The help of good roads partisans was notably gratifying to us."

"We have hardly begun to measure the scope of National Touring Week. The immediately visible part is greater than any, save those in the midst of the work realize. When I say that at least five hundred newspapers, including all the great metropolitan dailies, sponsored National Touring Week with a generosity and enthusiasm, they give to educational movements only, some idea of the grip of National Touring Week may be gained."

The first National Touring Week seems to have been just the stimulus the American motoring world needed. Nothing could gratify the B. F. Goodrich Company more. Touring our homeland is our hobby. We are arousing the touring spirit in a hundred different ways and serving it in as many."

"Therefore, while we are not definitely planning, we are already looking forward to the 1917 National Touring Week."

MARKETS. By N. I. Gorsuch Son Co. August 18, 1916. Wheat 43.75, Oats 25.00, Corn 35.00, etc.

PUBLIC SALE OF A VALUABLE RESIDENCE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, will sell at public sale, his residence and personal property, on East Green street, opposite of Westminster High School, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1916, at 1 p. m. The personal property consists of dining room suit, 2 bed room suits, settee, buffet, bureau, tables, rocking chairs and other chairs, matting, kitchen utensils, lawn mower and garden tools.

TERMS—CASH. The lot to the property has a 55 foot front and 195 feet deep. Improvements are a well built BRICK HOUSE, five rooms and basement, with bath, and chicken house 8x16 feet, and motorcycle shed.

TERMS—One-third cash on day of sale, the balance in 3 months, with interest from date, purchaser giving note with approved security, or all cash at the option of the purchaser.

ROY A. EBAUGH, Elias N. Davis, Auct. aug 18

WE'RE ALL CAMPING PRETTY CLOSE TO THE BORDER—OF FALLS. Tee close if you haven't ordered your Coal yet. If you've got the money, and your bin is ready, have the Coal sold in and then you will be safe. See Smith & Reifsneider for their special Discount proposition.

Increased Cost of Raw Materials Causes Prices to Advance. Only a Limited Allotment of Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets at Present Prices. Hoosiers, come before the crowd and make your selection. DON'T DELAY! DECIDE TODAY! Only \$1.00 puts a New Hoosier in Your Home on The Famous Hoosier Plan. T. W. MATHER & SONS WESTMINSTER'S LEADING STORE.

BRAMCO ASPHALT SHINGLES THE ULTIMATE ROOF FURNISHED IN RED OR GREEN. USED EXTENSIVELY IN CARROLL COUNTY BECAUSE THEY Will Not Rust Wear Longer Look Better Cost Less. Lumber Coal & Supply Co., Westminister, Maryland. MANUFACTURED BY ASBESTOS BRAMCO MARYLAND.

A Fertilizer to Grow Wheat. For years we have sold our PEERLESS FERTILIZER and the results to the Farmers who have used it have been most satisfactory. We have made but little advance in our prices. We sell very close and to reliable people on accommodating terms. Use the Peerless Fertilizer on your wheat this Fall and be assured of a good crop next Summer. Respectfully N. I. GORSUCH SON CO.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED MATTER remaining in the Postoffice, Westminster, Md., August 12, 1916. Armstrong, Mr. L. S., Herang, Edward; Coleman, Miss Estelle (2); Horton, Miss Edith; Dyal, Mrs. M.; Tucker, Mrs. Nora; Green, Mr. Wm. A.; Vance, Mrs. G. E.; Gorsuch, Mr. E. F.; Wentz, Clayton; Hook, Mr. Wilmer P.; Winters, Mr. William.

MANHATTAN SHIRT SALE Begins TODAY AUGUST 11th Twice each year dealers in Manhattan Shirts are allowed to sell them for a period of 20 days at a fixed reduction. \$1.50 Shirts, sale price \$1.15. \$2.00 Shirts, sale price \$1.55. \$2.50 Shirts, sale price \$1.95. \$4.00 Shirts, sale price \$2.95. ALL PARTICULAR DRESSERS WEAR MANHATTAN SHIRTS. Final Reduction Sale of MENS' & BOY'S SUITS. A great opportunity to get good clothing at big money saving prices. SHARRER & GORSUCH Carroll County's Big and only Exclusive Clothing Store.

MILTON A. SULLIVAN REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. FARMS FOR SALE. 122 3/4 Acre Farm, Key-Mar. 90 Acre Farm, Union Mills. 125 Acre Farm, Pleasant Valley. 64 Acre Farm, Mount Pleasant. 130 Acre Farm, 3 miles from Westminster. 16 Acre Farm, 4 miles from Westminster. 127 Acre Farm, 3 miles from Westminster. 14 Acre Farm, 3 miles from Westminster. 140 Acre Farm, 5 miles from Westminster. 5 Acre Farm, 1 mile from Westminster. 15 Acre Farm, 1 mile from Westminster. 12 Acre Farm, 4 miles from Westminster. 2 Acre Farm, near Westminster. 4 1/2 Acre Farm, Bachman's Mill. 20 Acre Farm, 2 miles from Westminster. 2 Acre Farm, near Westminster. 27 Acre Farm, Mount Pleasant. 212 Acre Farm, Silver Run. 219 Acre Farm, Mayberry. 8 Acre Farm, Wakefield. 42 Acre Farm, Stone Road. 25 1/2 Acre Farm, Sandyville. 61 Acre Farm, Stone Road. 42 Acre Farm, Avondale. 92 Acre Farm, 4 miles from Westminster. 71 Acre Farm, Bachman's Mill. 70 Acre Farm, Spring Mills. 1 Acre Farm, Carrollton. 4 1/2 Acre Farm, Reese. 19 Acre Farm, Union Mills. 20 Acre Farm, Bachman's Mills. 27 1/2 Acre Farm, Miller's Station. 12 Acre Farm, Prizelburg. 22 Acre Farm, Mount Pleasant. 2 Acre Farm, Fountain Valley. 5 Acre Farm, Fountain Valley. 10 Acre Farm, near Westminster. 22 Acre Farm, Union Bridge.

90 & 90 1/2 WEST MAIN STREET, WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND. July 21st. PRIVATE SALE OF A VALUABLE DAIRY FARM NEAR MT. PLEASANT. Situated on Bachman's Valley road, about 4 miles from Westminster, consisting of 140 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, 110 acres of farming land, and the rest in good wood land and 2 fine meadows. This farm is altogether one of the most desirable and valuable farms in this section of the county, and should attract the attention of any person desiring to purchase a farm either for a home or an investment. The improvements consists of a large 2 1/2-STORY LOG WEATHER BOARDED HOUSE, 8 rooms; and 45x90 ft. Barn. Also, large wagon shed, implement shed, large hog pen, and a hen house to accommodate 600 chickens. Owned by William A. Warhime, and known as the F. W. Bish Farm. For further information apply to MORRIS L. MARTIN. aug 18. There never yet was an idealist who was able to carry out a tenth part of what he promised.