

CENTRAL HIGH HAS MANDOLIN CLUB



The Central High School Mandolin Club, a new organization, which appeared at the school for the first time in the junior girls' prize speaking contest last Thursday. The members include, reading from left to right: Standing, Paul Clouser, LeRoy Snucker, business manager; John Whiteside, secretary; Raymond Meek, Seated, Miss Sara Hoffman, Miss Eleanor May, Warren Wheeler, leader; Miss Catherine Kelker, treasurer; Miss Margaret May. First row: Miss Gertrude Edwards and Miss Mary Witmer.

WILLARD R. CRITES TALKS TO ROTARIANS

"Salesman Shakespearian" Full of Good Things and Much Enjoyed by Club

The Harrisburg Rotary club, meeting last evening in Roshon's Studio, 8 North Market Square, enjoyed addresses by Mr. Roshon, on photography, and by Willard R. Crites, representative of Hunt, Helm and Ferris, of Harvard, Ill., on "The Salesman Shakespearian."



TEMPLE SCENE IN "SAMSON" One of the striking scenes in the big six-reel Universal motion picture which will be shown at the Palace Theater Friday and Saturday of this week.

The Next Installment of "Lucille Love, The Girl of Mystery" which is now appearing serially Each Week in This Paper is the best of the chapters of This great story of soul-stirring mystery and devotion which has yet appeared.

The story is published each week with a full synopsis, so that if you have not commenced yet, you can easily begin now. Read it. You will never regret it.

ROOSEVELT FIGURES IN FALL ELECTION

(Continued From First Page)

as to his health and informing him of political conditions.

Will Be Kept Busy For the next day before he sails for Europe Colonel Roosevelt has mapped out a program which will keep him busy. His present desire is to get back to touch as soon as possible with the affairs of the Progressive party in all parts of the country and help to start the machinery for the coming campaign. Before he left South America he planned his work, arranging by cable for conferences with leaders of the Progressive party. The first of these was set for to-day, George W. Perkins, of New York, chairman of the National Executive Committee, and O. K. Davis, of Washington, secretary of the committee, were expected at Sagamore Hill to give Colonel Roosevelt a report on the situation.

Plans to Come Here Colonel Roosevelt already has made appointments with Progressive leaders of several States. One of the most important of these conferences will deal with the situation in Pennsylvania where Colonel Roosevelt expects to make a hard campaign this fall. Within the next few days the Colonel will see William Draper Lewis, dean of the University of Pennsylvania Law School, who was nominated for governor at yesterday's primaries, and Gifford Pinchot, the candidate for United States senator. E. A. Van Valkenburg, publisher of the Philadelphia North American, and William Flinn, of Pittsburgh, both of whom were prominent in Colonel Roosevelt's 1912 campaign, also will attend this conference.

William Brown, of Ohio, chairman of the national organization of the Progressive party, will come to Oyster Bay to tell of the outlook in his State.

Colonel Roosevelt will go to his editorial office in New York to-morrow and will spend most of the day in meeting political associates. At that time he will confer with the New York State leaders.

The address which Colonel Roosevelt is to make before the National Geographical Society in Washington, has been set for next Tuesday evening. It is in this address that the Colonel will make the first formal announcement of his discovery of a river in Brazil.

Criticizes Wilson The Wilson administration's attitude in the controversy with Colombia over the Panama canal was criticized today by Colonel Roosevelt. He objected strongly to the payment of what he termed "a bribe" to Colombia. "In submitting to this," he said, "it is just as though some future president of the United States should apologize to a successor of Huey P. Ryan for the seizure of Vera Cruz. As for the payment of \$25,000,000 to Colombia"—here the Colonel threw up his hands—"well, that is unthinkable."

Colonel Roosevelt expressed himself as strongly opposed to the repeal of the law for the exemption of American coastwise ships from payment of Panama canal tolls. He said he thought it perfectly right to arbitrate the question, if the rights of the country to grant exemption were questioned, but declared that to yield the point unequivocally without arbitration was indefensible, as he was convinced that the United States was within its rights in freeing coastwise ships from payment of tolls.

When he goes to Washington next week, he said, he will be ready to refute statements of Henry Savage Landor, of England, and other who have expressed doubt as to the correctness of his statement that he had discovered a great river in the wilds of South America.

"The river is still there," said the Colonel with a laugh. "It wasn't like climbing an unexplored mountain or going to the North Pole for such expeditions leave no traces which are there a year later. But nobody is going to roll up that river and carry it off. Nobody can go down there and see it for himself. I will give him the address of the owner of a rubber plantation who will furnish river men for the trip. The lower third of the river is easily navigable and anyone who doubts the existence of that river may go down and see for himself."

The Colonel went on to explain why he made the trip to South America. "I wanted to do something more," he said. "I was getting to the age where I felt that if I was to do anything requiring unusual physical exertion, I must do it now. In fact, I was just getting over the age, but I put it through."

Colonel Roosevelt said that it was pretty hard going for a few weeks. Rations ran short and they got down to eating monkey, which, the Colonel declared, could hardly be considered a delicacy. However, he said, at about that time he was hardly well enough to eat anything.

Colonel Roosevelt reverted to affairs in this country long enough to speak of the testimony in Washington yesterday of Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad. He said that when Mr. Mellen went to him to discuss the merging of the New Haven with the Boston and Maine he told him that so far as he was concerned he would have no objection provided the merger came within the law.

The Colonel protested that he felt as well as ever. He said that the return to a northern climate had caused him to have chills, but that they were not serious and that he was feeling entirely fit. Accompanied by the two naturalists of this party, George K. Miller, of Leo Miller, Roosevelt arrived at Quarantine from Para, Brazil, shortly before 4 o'clock on board the Booth liner, Aidan.

With a few crisp sentences, punctuated by decided gestures, he reaffirmed the verity of the "River of Doubt," curtly denied having expressed himself as to Presidential probabilities in 1912, declared he would not run for Governor of New York, made a few deprecatory remarks about his critics and with a flourish of his hat and a flourish of his hand, he stepped into the tug W. F. Dalzell, which proceeded to Oyster Bay.

Colonel Roosevelt was noticeably thinner and used a cane as he walked about the pier. His face was pale, but he wore a healthy tan, and he had apparently not lost an ounce of the vigor and energy which characterized him. After stopping ten days in this country Mr. Roosevelt will go to Spain to the Kingdom of his son, the Duke of Alba. Collector of the Port Malone and a host of newspaper men scrambled up the companion way, the Colonel stood at the top and shook each man by the hand. Anthony Flaia, who went part way with Mr. Roosevelt in his explorations, was the first man to greet the Colonel after Mr. Malone.

Not a Word of Politics "Not a word about the political situation," said Colonel Roosevelt. "I don't know anything about it for I haven't seen a newspaper. Any papers which have given my views on the Mexican situation have misquoted me."

"That applies to what has been said as to my Presidential intentions," he added. "I have not said anything about that. He was informed by newspaper men that he was reported to have said that he would not run as candidate for the Republican ticket, and that if he became a candidate it would be on the Progressive ticket."

"Not a word of truth in this," said the Colonel. "I have not made a single declaration about the political situation in 1912. I haven't been asked if I would run



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for Governor of New York," he replied in answer to another question. "If asked, I would say that I would not."

River is Real, and Big as Rhine. "As to the river, it is extraordinary to have put on the map a river as long as the Rhine, but there is no more doubt of its existence than there is of the Rhine."

Mr. Roosevelt was asked how he felt. "I don't look like a sick man, but I was his rejoinder. "I have been very ill with jungle fever, but I'm all right now, I feel fine."

It was learned, however, from Mr. Cherry that the Colonel still suffered from slight symptoms of fever. He had a chill earlier in the day. Mr. Roosevelt confessed that he had lost fifty-five pounds, part of which he had regained.

Mr. Malone asked him if he were bothered by the criticism made by the English explorer, Henry Savage Landor. Mr. Roosevelt laughed deprecatingly. Neither that nor other similar criticisms worried him a great deal, he said.

The Colonel told friends and newspaper men who crowded around him that he would make only one address before sailing for Spain.

In his baggage brought by the Aidan were a number of alligator skins and other trophies which no one but the collector of the port and the newspapermen, his illness did not show either in his face or his manner. His dominant feeling seemed to be one of tremendous gladness at getting home, and it was plain that for a while, at least, rivers, political situations and all else lay in the shadow for him.

Mr. Cherry and Mr. Miller reiterated the Colonel's statement that there was not a particle of doubt about the existence of the river. They said they had come across it 300 miles in the interior and no one had ever heard of it before. They were looking for evidence that the poisonous insects had not confined their bites to Mr. Roosevelt.

Half an hour after the Aidan had entered quarantine, Colonel Roosevelt stepped down the companion way into the tug which took him to Oyster Bay.

Col. Roosevelt Says He Has No Plans For 1916 By Associated Press New York, May 20.—Those who saw Theodore Roosevelt on his return yesterday from Brazil realized from his appearance that he had passed through a trying time. The trip from Para, which began May 7, did much to restore Colonel Roosevelt. It gave back to him twenty-five or thirty of the fifty-five pounds he had lost and the jungle fester that ran from the ankle to the knee of his right leg were nearly all healed. It was from April 5 to April 15, it

was learned, that Colonel Roosevelt, was gravely ill. Other members of his party, including his son Kermit, were ill in that time.

For five days Colonel Roosevelt was delirious, with 105 degrees of fever. Under it he begged his companions, it is stated, to go and leave him where he lay in the jungle. Actual starvation menaced the party during the last of the sixty days that were taken up by the journey down the Duvida.

At Manaos, the point of the expedition's return to civilization, Colonel Roosevelt was still so ill that he had to be helped aboard the steamer Dunstan, on which he traveled to Para.

During four days on the Dunstan he was in bed.

Colonel Roosevelt plans to rest quietly at his Oyster Bay home until Thursday, when he will go up to the village from Sagamore Hill to meet his neighbors. It will be a holiday for the town and the Colonel will probably deliver a brief address.

KUNKEL AHEAD IN JUNIATA Special to The Telegraph Millintown, Pa., May 21.—Incomplete returns show a total vote for Brumbaugh in Juniata county of 303. There are twelve districts to hear from. Penrose has a total of 215 and Judge Kunkel, of Harrisburg, will run close to 500. McCormick's total vote was 437, Ryan 40, Palmer received 29.

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