

FRANCE ORDERS MOBILIZATION WAR ONLY MATTER OF HOURS; GERMAN MINISTERS LEAVE POSTS

50 HARRISBURGERS SCATTERED ABOUT SEETHING EUROPE

Attorney General Bell and John Price Jackson Among Local People Who Are Abroad

MAY NOT BE ABLE TO RETURN

Only American Lines Will Be Open in Case of General Clash of Arms

The French Telegraph Cable Company announced to-day that there was little likelihood of messages for Germany reaching their destination over its lines as all telegraph wires with Germany had been cut. Messages to Germany were accepted at the service desk.

Scattered through the continent of Europe, now aflame with war, are about fifty Harrisburgers, and the demobilization of steamship traffic leads many into doubt as to whether they will be able to return home in the event of a general European clash of arms.

In regard to the personal safety of the Harrisburgers there is little doubt that even if compelled to stay abroad they would be accorded every protection by the foreign governments. So far as how it is believed that none are in the Balkan countries—which are seldom visited by the tourists—nor are any in Russia.

What is apparent, however, is the fact that a number of the tourists went over on German lines, the North German Lloyd and the Hamburg-American. Traffic on these lines have been suspended. According to V. Lorne Himmel, local agent for these lines, tourists will have their passage money back refunded and will then have to make the best arrangements they can should they desire to return.

In the event of England taking an active part in the war within the next week or so, it will be hard to get back, as only the American lines will continue to ply between the countries. And the American line boats plying between New York and Southampton and Philadelphia and Liverpool are six in number.

According to dispatches from English ports, offers of 500 even for stowage passage have not been made. V. Lorne Himmel to-day received the following notice from the New York agents of the North German Lloyd:

Among the Harrisburgers abroad are Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Gerdes, 120 Cumberland street, who have been in Europe three months and were expected home this week. Dr. Carson Coover and daughter, Mrs. Katherine Coover, Pine street; J. and Mrs.

JOINT MASS MEETING Members of the transportation brotherhoods in Harrisburg will meet in joint session Sunday night at 7:30, in White's Hall, Verbeke feet.

Late News Bulletins

MANE ANCHOR DEDICATED Reading Pa., Aug. 1.—The anchor from the battleship Maine, sunk in Havana harbor, which was recovered and presented to this city, was dedicated here to-day. It occupies a prominent position in the municipal park. There was a parade of 3,000 members of the fraternal organizations and the city was gallantly decorated. The oration was given by Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, Congressman Kothman and others.

CARANZA REACHES SALTILLO Saltillo, Mexico, Aug. 1.—General Carranza, the Constitutional chief, arrived here last night. The Carranza commissioners are expected to arrive to-night.

WOULD NOT ANNEX SERVIA London, Aug. 1.—The Westminster Gazette says the Austro-Hungarian government yesterday sent a communication to St. Petersburg declaring that Austria-Hungary had no intention of annexing Servia, extinguishing its sovereignty or re-annexing the Sanjak (province) of Novi-Bazar.

Washington, Aug. 1.—George C. Carother, special representative of the State department, who has been accompanying General Villa, arrived to-day on El Paso and had a long conference with Secretary Bryan. He obtained in person his impressions of the fighting general.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Lack of a quorum in the House Banking and Currency committee to-day delayed consideration of the treasury bill removing restrictions on the issue of \$500,000,000 emergency currency and making it promptly available for its crisis.

Philadelphia, Aug. 1.—The American Line steamship Merion, which flies the British flag, sailed to-day for Liverpool and Queenstown with many of the passengers of the Hamburg-American liner Rhaetia. The transfer of passengers from the Rhaetia to the Merion was necessitated by the announcement of the Hamburg-American line that all sailings would be discontinued until further notice.

Scene When Stock Exchange Closed; German Emperor Reviewing Troops



The insert figures are J. P. Morgan (left) and Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo. The background photograph is of the scene in front of the New York Stock Exchange when it closed its doors for the first time in forty years. Four big New York brokerage firms have been forced to the wall as a result of the agitation in stock caused by the European crisis and fear is felt for a half dozen others. In lower picture Emperor William can be identified by cross. At his side is Count Von Moltke, head of the German army.

SIDELIGHTS ON WAR SITUATION

London.—The Central News says the British foreign office this evening received an unofficial message to the effect that German mobilization had been ordered.

New York, Aug. 1.—Official notice was received at the Austrian-Hungarian consulate here to-day that the reserves had been called for general mobilization. How to get the 200,000 men back to Austria-Hungary was a problem. It was at first planned to have them sail on Italian steamers. These would have to pass Gibraltar, where they might be seized by England.

London, Aug. 1.—Information reached the French Embassy here to-day that the German Ambassador in Paris has intimated that he purposes to leaving his post to-night. Officials at the French Embassy said, however, that efforts were still being made in various directions to maintain the peace.

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DECISION IN FREIGHT RATE CASE WILL BE MADE PUBLIC TODAY

Seventy-two Railroads Will Be Affected by Announced Promise by Commission

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.—It was announced to-day by the Interstate Commerce Commission that every effort would be made "to publish the decision in the eastern advance freight case" at or after 3 p. m. to-day.

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Going on a Vacation?

Don't forget to have the Telegraph sent you while you are away. You will have plenty of time to digest its happenings. The cost is just the same as when you are home. Six cents a week. A postal address to the Circulation Department will bring you the next issue.

Adogram No. 1

When you have advertising to do—do it right—do it with all your might—in the daily newspapers.

Newspapers are the short route from production to demand. They sell goods to the consumer and make it an object to the local dealer to push the advertised articles. National advertisers need newspapers.

THE WEATHER

For Harrisburg and vicinity: Partly cloudy to-night and Sunday; moderate temperature. For Eastern Pennsylvania: Partly cloudy to-night and Sunday; gentle shifting winds. River The main river will continue to fall slowly to-night and Sunday. A stage of about 1.4 feet is indicated for Harrisburg Sunday morning. Temperature: 3 a. m., 60, 8 a. m., 63, 2 p. m., sets, 7:15 p. m. Moon: Full moon, August 5, 7:41 a. m. River Stage: 1.6 feet above low water mark. Yesterday's Weather Highest temperature, 77. Lowest temperature, 55. Mean temperature, 61. Normal temperature, 74.

Germany Sends Ultimatums to France and Russia; All Countries Ready to Fight

France Secretly Mobilizes Her Forces and Is Prepared For Eventualities; French Foreign Office Officials Issue Statement in Which They Say all Prospects of a Peaceful Settlement Are Hopeless; Strict Censorship in European Countries Withholds News of Military Activities; King George Forwards Message to Russian Emperor Urging Efforts to Avert a General War.

"And now I commend you to God. Go to church and kneel before God and pray for His help for our gallant army," says Emperor in war speech

Paris, Aug. 1.—An official decree orders a general mobilization of the French army beginning to-morrow.

LONDON, AUG. 1.—THE USUAL FLOOD OF TELEGRAMS FROM THE CONTINENT TO LONDON WAS SUDDENLY STOPPED THIS AFTERNOON AND ONLY A FEW ISOLATED MESSAGES WERE DELIVERED AND THESE WERE EITHER BELATED OR LACKING IN IMPORTANCE. TELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION ALSO CEASED.

Ultimatums were sent to-day by Germany to France and Russia. Russia was ordered by Emperor William to stop mobilization within 12 hours expiring at noon, while France was given 18 hours to declare her attitude in certain contingencies.

Italy probably will remain neutral as she regards the campaign of her allies, Germany and Austria as an aggressive war in which she is not called on to intervene. King George made a final effort to maintain peace by telegraph to Emperor Nicholas of Russia.

The Bank of England discount rate went up to ten per cent. to-day—the highest level it has ever reached. Continental banks also raised their rates. France was reported to have ordered general mobilization of her forces, as the prospects of peace are thought hopeless.

Strict censorship in European countries kept back news of military movements. Communication by telegram between England and France is interrupted, the Governments being desirous of preventing leakage of information. Japan will not intervene unless British interests in the Far East are endangered. The German Ambassador was reported to have left St. Petersburg.

London, Aug. 1.—King George in a final effort to prevent the outbreak of a general European war and the meeting of millions of men in armed conflict to-day at the eleventh hour sent a dispatch to Emperor Nicholas of Russia and his message was understood to contain an ultimatum appealing for preservation of peace. His majesty's action was taken after an audience with Premier Asquith at 2 o'clock this morning, when the war clouds were.

At the same time from Rome came the news, published in the Messaggero, that Italy had decided to remain neutral unless attacked. While this information was not confirmed, it was said in official circles to have "caused no surprise."

At the Italian embassy in London the belief was expressed that should Italy remain neutral, with the possibility left open of her turning against her allies, Germany and Austria-Hungary, the latter nation would be reluctant to embark on a general European war.

TIME LIMIT EXPIRES AT NOON TO-DAY On the other hand, the fact stood out that Germany had taken a very firm attitude and had asked Russia to suspend the mobilization of her forces within a time limit of twelve hours, expiring at noon to-day. She also had asked France to define within eighteen hours the attitude she would assume in case of war by Germany and Austria against Russia. It was pointed out in authoritative circles that France's attitude could only be that under the terms of her treaty with Russia she would be compelled to intervene.

German circles to-day showed considerable uneasiness all over the world. The German forces in China were being concentrated at Tsing-Tau, the German consul general left his post at Cape Town and German ships were ordered to seek neutral ports. In regard to the Far East, the Japanese ambassador in London said to-day that as long as the warships belonging to the nations composing the triple alliance remained at Tsing-Tau Japan would take no action against them, but should they attack British interests or should Tsing-Tau be attacked, a situation would arise which would be dealt with by Japan in the spirit of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

FRANCE WOULD NOT BE ATTACKED BY GERMANY At the German embassy reference was made to German mention of French neutrality in her note to the French government and it was said that this seemed to imply that France herself would not be attacked by Germany. Telephonic communication between London and Paris was interrupted to-day, the respective governments having taken over the service in order to prevent the leakage of news. Communication between Paris and Brussels was similarly interrupted.

In regard to the financial situation, the Bank of England, which was again called on to supply an unprecedented amount of gold, raised its rate to-day to 10 per cent., which is higher than it has been since the Indian mutiny in 1857.

Many hardy Americans still insist on obtaining passports from the United States embassy, mainly for Germany and France, in spite of warnings that their chances for obtaining transportation are slim. They declare the reason to be, in most cases, to get members of their families out of those countries, but some of them say they have important business to transact.

French Say There Is No Hope of Peace

Paris, Aug. 1.—At the French foreign office to-day officials declared they considered it would now be folly to rely on any hope of a peaceful outcome of the crisis. France's efforts at Berlin they said had failed and any glimmer of hope which had appeared had been immediately extinguished. The conditions under which the diplomatic "conversations" continued to-day made it, in the French official view, appear almost impossible to expect a satisfactory issue and it was reluctantly admitted that war seemed to be only a question of hours.