

Millions of Men on Land and Sea ready to Struggle With Each Other to Death

Wild Enthusiasm Marks England's Declaration of War Against Germany

Special to The Telegraph London, Aug. 4.—Great Britain declared war on Germany at 7 o'clock last night. The momentous decision of the British government, for which the whole world has been waiting, came before the expiration of the time limit set by Great Britain in her ultimatum to Germany demanding a satisfactory reply on the subject of Belgian neutrality. Germany's reply was the summary rejection of the request that Belgium neutrality should be respected. The British Ambassador at Berlin thereupon received his passports and the British government declared that a state of war existed between the two countries. The British Foreign Office issued the following statement: "Owing to the summary rejection by the German government of the request made by his Britannic Majesty's government that the neutrality of Belgium should be respected, his Majesty's Ambassador at Berlin has received his passports, and his Majesty's government has declared that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Germany from 7 o'clock p. m. to-day."

Enthusiasm Created by Historic Address of President Poincare

Paris, Aug. 5.—Extraordinary enthusiasm was called forth in the French parliament last evening by the reading of an address to the French nation written by President Poincare. "Our nation is in arms," said the president, "and trembling with eagerness to defend the land of our fathers. France is faithfully supported by her ally Russia; she is upheld by the loyal friendship of England, and already from all points of the civilized world to-day her expressions of sympathy and good will are pouring in. Lift up your hearts. Long live France!" Mrs. Anna Wilson Howe, of Philadelphia, sister of President Wilson, took her place in the line at the embassy yesterday waiting for a passport. James Gordon Bennett, publisher of the New York Herald, was among those called upon to give up their automobiles and horses to the government.

German Invasers Repulsed by French; Armies Mobilizing

Paris, via London, Aug. 5.—The French Ministry of War today issued a communication stating that German cavalry and infantry were crossing the French frontier everywhere in reconnoitering parties. He adds: "A squadron of German dragoons bore down on Villers-La-Montagne, in the Department of Meurthe-et-Moselle, but was repulsed by French riflemen. A regiment of German cavalry advanced as far as Morfontaine, in the same department, but fell back before a body of French infantry. The French mobilization is proceeding with the greatest order. Most of the reservists already have joined. "An excellent spirit prevails in Alsace."

GRAIN AWAITING SHIPMENT AS SOON AS WAY IS FOUND

New York, Aug. 5.—A meeting of the members of the grain trade of the New York Produce Exchange was held yesterday afternoon at which the export situation was discussed. James Ward Werner, president of the exchange, presided and there were a dozen or more speakers. After the meeting Mr. Werner said: "The export grain merchants of New York and throughout the country are confident that the government will provide some means of exporting a considerable part of the grain crop of the United States, much of which has been contracted for already in Europe. No spirit of pessimism was shown here to-day. In fact, it was quite otherwise. With yields provided, as no doubt they will be, the only difficulty will lie in obtaining payment for the grain, and this matter will be arranged in some satisfactory way."

WAR BULLETINS

(Continued From First Page) London, Aug. 5.—Detectives during a raid on houses occupied by Germans in London in one place discovered a large number of bombs and rifles. Several arrests were made. Vienna, Aug. 5.—According to the Neue Freie Presse, a Russian aeroplane carrying a pilot and two Russian officers was sighted on the Russo-German frontier near Lemberg, an important military station of Austro-Hungary, and was fired on by Austrians. The machine crashed to the ground and the two officers were killed.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Postmaster General Burleson announced today that before the entrance of Great Britain into the general European war, American mails were being transferred to ships of the United States, Sweden and other countries not involved.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—As an influence for peace in such a time of war, the United States foreign relations committee today ordered favorably reported Secretary Bryan's twenty peace treaties with foreign nations, urged for ratification by President Lincoln before the outbreak of the war exists between Great Britain and Germany from 7 o'clock p. m. to-day.

London, Aug. 5.—The Pall Mall Gazette today makes public reports current in the city to the effect that the heavy selling orders from Germany during the night of August 4, were really a deliberate attempt to smash the London market and cause a scare in the financial and commercial world so as to keep Great Britain out of the war.

Paris, Aug. 5.—It is reported from Montbeliard, in the Department of Doubs, that the Germans have violated the neutrality of Switzerland.

New York, Aug. 5.—Messages destined to Austria-Hungary or Germany may no longer be sent over the Western Union wire.

Paris, Aug. 5.—The French Customs and telegraph offices at Homecourt and Chanchal, Aug. 5.—The two were sacked by German infantry, according to dispatches received here. At Montreuil, a German officer was taken prisoner when the French infantry captured a party of German cavalry.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The State Department does not credit the report of an attack on the Russian embassy in Berlin. Its information comes from St. Petersburg in diplomatic communication.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Because of the desire of several senators to study the bill amending the Panama canal act, the bill will not be brought to American registry and to perfect the measure so that international complications might be impossible, passage of the emergency bill was postponed until tomorrow.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—Arrangements are being made to return the \$10,000,000 gold aboard the liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie at Bar Harbor through the waters in New York by revenue cutters.

West Point, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Major James A. Ryan and Captain Julian R. Stuyvesant, former aide of General W. C. Clegg, on duty at the United States Military Academy here, have been detailed as military observers in Europe. They left West Point today for New York, where they will board the cruiser Tennessee.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The army general staff is investigating the neutrality of the German-owned wireless stations at Tuckerton, N. J., and Sayville, L. I.

New York, Aug. 5.—The French liner La Lorraine, bearing more than 1,000 French reservists, left her pier for France shortly before noon today.

Tokio, Aug. 5.—Considerable activity among the vessels of the Japanese navy followed the announcement of the war between Germany and Great Britain. The lighthouses along the Siberian coast have been extinguished.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 5.—Although wheat prices were down 2 cents, the first result here of England's declaration of war, prices were not long in making a complete recovery and then showing a rise all around. The price of wheat advanced to 2 cents lower, followed by an upward turn that carried prices 3/4 to 1/2 above last night.

London, Aug. 5.—The price of beefsteak, which was 32 cents a pound today, rose to 42 cents. On Mark Lane the price of wheat advanced to-day from \$1 to \$1.25 per quarter cwt. and the price of maize rose from \$2 to \$2.50 per quarter.

Brussels, via London, Aug. 5.—The Belgian minister of war in an official statement today said: "The Belgians are successfully combating the German invasion. The Belgian losses are trifling compared with those of the Germans."

Quebec, Aug. 5.—The newspapers of Canada were today given instructions not to publish any information regarding the military operations in the German invasion of the defense of Quebec or any other port in Canada.

New York, Aug. 5.—The heavy brigantine, the Maine coast, reported from Portland today, could not have been caused by a sea fight between foreign warships. It was stated by officers at the Navy Yard here. The officers say they were absolutely certain that no foreign vessels were in the vicinity.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The German Embassy in St. Petersburg has been destroyed by a mob, inflamed by a report that the Russian Embassy in Berlin had been attacked. One German employe was killed.

Dover, England, Aug. 5.—A British warship seized the German bark Perkeo, which left New York July 18 for Hamburg.

Brussels, Aug. 5.—The Belgian Minister of War announces that the fortifications of Liege and the vicinity are being vigorously attacked by the German troops.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 5.—The big double-headed eagle above the door of the German consulate was torn from its supports today by a crowd, which threatened the consulate with destruction.

GEE! IT WAS GOOD TO BE AN ORPHAN TODAY

Motor Club of Harrisburg Godfather to 258 Youngsters of City Institutions

Two hundred and fifty-eight orphans, from the Home of the Friends, Sylvan Heights Home, Children's Industrial Home and from families under the care of the Associated Charities and "Charlie" Boyer, left Market Square shortly after 10:30 this morning for Hershey Park, where the annual orphans' day outing was held. Owners of sixty-one motor cars were in line an hour before the departure this morning. Each orphan was given an American flag, furnished by Bowman & Co., a "lolly-pop," furnished by the Witman-Schwartz Company, and some pretzels, given by the Harrisburg Pretzel Company. L. W. Cook provided ribbon badges. The supplies were hauled to the park in a large truck furnished by George W. Coppersmith. Mumps prevented 30 children from the Nursery Home from attending, but they will have an outing at Hershey later. On the return to-night the cars will leave Hershey at 5 o'clock. On their arrival in this city the orphans will form on the Mulberry street bridge and will parade over the Mulberry street bridge to Fourth, to Market, Third, to Maclay, to Front, to Market. Those who gave their autos for the outing were: W. Spry Hurlock, John W. Few, Jr., Dr. B. E. Wright, J. W. Geiger, Charles E. Covert, J. C. Munn, R. L. Dare, C. M. Forney, George B. Zech, R. E. Holmes, M. D., F. H. Bomgardner, James H. Lutz, Jr., J. C. Myton, A. H. Fram, Lewis M. Nelfer, L. C. Johnson, Augustus Lutz, John C. Orr, Joseph H. Benfer, W. A. Wengert, James McCormick, Jr., O. K. Eshenauer, J. Stevens, Harry Miller, J. H. Williamson, Harrisburg Auto Company, J. J. MacLaughlin, Mrs. Cora E. Britton, George R. Bentley, H. H. Heffkin, R. F. W. Koons, Frank R. Tripner, H. J. Fornwalt, Andrew Redmond, N. S. Batdorf, J. Stephen Marshall, Augustus Wildman, L. F. Popell, T. H. Bogar, J. H. Kellberg, H. W. Baker, S. S. Pomeroy, W. R. Houser, Mrs. Charles E. Turner, H. Whitehead, George C. P. Turner, A. W. Myers, E. Z. Wallower, W. C. Stary, A. W. Andrews, H. F. Gramm, L. B. Lau, J. J. Hargest, Jr., C. L. Cong, W. R. Blough, T. B. Wildermuth.

Wall Street Settles Down to Attitude of Waiting For Present

New York, Aug. 5.—With the spread of hostilities abroad, Wall Street has settled down to a waiting attitude, convinced that the resumption of normal conditions lies in the indefinite future. It is virtually certain that no attempt to reopen the Stock Exchange will be made while the London Exchange remains closed. The stress of the financial situation led the directors of the American Tobacco Company today to declare their regular quarterly dividend of 5 per cent, payable in scrip instead of cash. The scrip is due one year from September 1 and bears interest at 6 per cent, payable semi-annually. The directors announced that they would not ready cash for marketing crops of American securities valued at \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000, most of which were sold for foreign account in this market last week, were brought in by the steamship Olympic to-day. A bankers' conference was held here at which further arrangements were made for the shipment of gold to American tourists abroad. It is probable that the amount may exceed \$8,000,000, as outside bankers have asked to participate in behalf of their clients abroad. More applications for emergency currency were received at the subtreasury. Another large amount of currency is expected from Washington tomorrow, bringing the total up to about \$75,000,000. At the clearing-house business was proceeding as usual, but in smaller volume. Railroad companies reported a further pickup of freight for foreign ports at this and other nearby coastwise centers. The Stock Exchange situation was much clarified in the early afternoon by the statement of a prominent bank president that arrangements had been made by the bank to take care of all the securities brought over by the Olympic.

PRESIDENT OFFERS GOOD OFFICES

(Continued From First Page) rupted in the absence of an agreement to the contrary." Secretary Bryan has called a conference of representatives of all the European powers for late to-day, when it is believed messages will be delivered supplementary to those of President Wilson urging an acceptance of the tender of "good offices." The first step which the United States would take in the event of a general acceptance of its proposal would be to suggest a suspension of hostilities. It is expected that England and France would agree, but all eyes are on Germany.

JACK JOHNSON GOING TO WAR

Paris, Aug. 5.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, champion heavyweight of the world, said yesterday that he is going to enlist for the most active service. He added that he would give all his automobiles to be used as ambulances.

LORRAINE, WITH 1,000 FRENCH ON BOARD, STARTS FOR PARIS

Vessel Sails From New York in Face of Capture by German Cruisers

New York, Aug. 5.—With bands blaring the Marseillaise and a tumult of cheering aton and ashore, the French liner Lorraine set sail today for Havre probably the last for some time of departing liners to fly the French flag. In cabins and stowage she carried nearly 1,000 passengers, most of them French reservists bound for Paris. She was the only ship to leave port today—a trans-Atlantic voyage with the exception of the Cunard liner Lusitania, which slipped past quarantine with darkened lights during the early hours of the morning. All other sailings of the French line were cancelled to-day. All sailings of the Fabre line whose vessels ply between New York and Mediterranean ports likewise have been cancelled. Several vessels reached New York from European ports to-day, among them being the President Lincoln from Hamburg, and the Kaiser Wilhelm from Bremen. Their passengers told stirring tales of the fears of merchant ships at sea. The Lorraine and the Lusitania sailed in the face of danger of capture by hostile war craft, German cruisers having been reported off the American coast, but with their officers apparently confident that English and French war vessels could not be so easily taken. Reports were that Lusitania was to be conveyed by a British cruiser. French line officials said La Lorraine would have no convoy. Nevertheless La Lorraine delayed her sailing two hours beyond the schedule so that the captain might hold a last minute conference with the crew and the Olympic which reached New York last night. It was reported that the Olympic came into the harbor under the guns of the British cruiser Essex and that the Essex would await the Lusitania off Sandy Hook.

COMMUNICATION WITH GERMANY SEVERED BY FOREIGN WAR VESSELS

Commercial Cable Company Denies That British Are Responsible

New York, Aug. 5.—Direct cable communication with Germany was stopped today. The German Atlantic Cable lines from New York to Emden, via the Azores, were cut about 1:30 p. m. at some point east of the Azores, possibly by British warships. The Commercial Cable Company, which operates the American end of this line, made announcement of the cutting to-day and refused to accept messages for Germany. It was denied that the lines had been cut by British warships on this side of the Atlantic. The cable was working, according to announcement, as far as the Azores. The cutting of the German cable between Emden and the Azores virtually completes the isolation of Germany from communication with the outside world, except insofar as messages may be exchanged by wireless. All direct communication with the United States is severed; hereafter all news of happenings in Germany will have to filter through hostile countries Russia on the east; France on the west and England on the north.

Others May Be Cut

All the submarine lines in the Mediterranean sea belong to the Eastern Telegraph Company, a British concern and any German news that did make its way to Southeastern Europe through Austria-Hungary would not be transmitted over the lines of this company. News of the cutting of the German lines between Germany and England may be expected at any moment. Already these lines are in the hands of British authorities where they land on British territory. The only other possible outlet for Germany is to the east, but on this side she is hemmed in by Russia. All the land lines from Germany in every direction except to Austria-Hungary already have been severed. Any cable communication from Germany to the north and to Sweden, which may still be in operation, is comparatively valueless for the reason that news so transmitted, to reach the outside world, would have to be relayed to England.

German Troops Fire Frontier Belgium Town

Liege, Belgium, Aug. 5.—The capture of the frontier Belgium town of Liege by German troops after an engagement lasting several hours. It is stated that the victor set fire to the town killing those of the population who resisted them. The town of Argenteau is also in flames. One hundred thousand Germans are reported to be marching on Liege.

Germans Reported to Be Firing Many Towns

St. Petersburg, Aug. 5.—Russian troops have established contact with the enemy along the greatest part of the Russo-German frontier in North-eastern Prussia. The Germans are reported to have fallen back and to be burning villages over an enormous stretch of the country which they have invaded. HORSE MARKETS EXPECT BOOM Horse dealers throughout the country are looking forward to a big boom in their business as the result of the great demand that will be made for horses for cavalry, artillery and draught uses by the warring nations of the Old World. Already, it is understood, agents of European governments are scouring the Western and Southern States for options on horses and mules.

WAR MAY POSTPONE BIG FAIR

New York, Aug. 5.—Much doubt was expressed yesterday as to what effect a general war in Europe could have on the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in San Francisco. There was a report that because of the war the exposition could not be opened on schedule time.

MAP SHOWING EUROPEAN MILITARY OPERATIONS SINCE WAR'S OPENING



INDICATES WHERE GERMAN ARMY IS LOCATED WHERE RUSSIAN ARMY IS HEADQUARTERS THIS MAP ARE SHOWN THE GERMAN LINES OF ADVANCE THROUGH THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBURG INTO FRANCE AND THE POINTS AT WHICH THE RUSSIAN TROOPS INVADED GERMANY

SONS OF ST. GEORGE GLAD FOR LONG PEACE

Order Passes Resolutions of Satisfaction That England and America Have Kept Sword Sheathed

Sons of St. George in annual Grand Lodge session at the Board of Trade building, Market street, near Second, this morning passed resolutions of satisfaction on the approaching hundredth anniversary of the hundred years of peace between the United States and the British Empire. The Sons of St. George said that the American and the British peoples should congratulate themselves that there has never been the least danger of conflict, especially since there are more than 3,000 miles unprotected border between the United States and Canada. The grand lodge determined at its morning session that at adjournment this afternoon to proceed in a body to the grave of John Harris, founder of Harrisburg, to place a bouquet upon his resting place. Late this afternoon the Sons of St. George will go to Hershey. Supper will be served at 7 o'clock in the Hershey Cafe. In the absence of a local lodge of the order the Scranton and Wilkes-Barre lodges of the order will be the hosts of the day at the Hershey outing. Most of the guests will leave for their homes to-night or to-morrow.

Vaterland Will Make Dash Across Ocean

New York, Aug. 5.—The Vaterland, carrying 10,000 to 12,000 of the flower of the German reserves here, will defy the warships of England, France and the United States, and dash across the Atlantic for the safety of a home port. Each of these cruisers are supplied with an extra equipment of rapid-fire and machine guns, torpedo tubes and other arms. These will be transferred to the Vaterland, the largest steamer in the world and one of the fastest. Orders to this effect were flashed in cipher cables yesterday to German special agents in this city. These orders were received following the discovery and frustration of a plot by French and Russian secret service men to blow up the Vaterland as she lay at her pier in Hoboken, N. J. Acting under prior orders of the German Government the Vaterland has sufficient for from three to four ordinary trans-Atlantic voyages. Luxurious state coal bunkers. Thousands of tons of provisions have been stowed on board. They are not of the quickly perishable variety.

Foreign Recruits Are Leaving Families Helpless

Philadelphia, Aug. 5.—Director Harte of the Department of Health and Charities of this city, issued an appeal to the citizens to form a committee to protest against the action of the foreign consuls in this city in recruiting men for the armies of their respective countries. The director states that many married men, forlorners by birth, are leaving the city or are about to leave and that the families that remain behind are or will be in destitute conditions. The foreign consuls have assured recruits that their families will be in the care of, but a statement the director says he is inclined to doubt.

Wilson College Girls Believed to Be Safe

Chambersburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—Belief that none of the Wilson College girls now touring Europe are in any danger was expressed this morning by Dr. Anna J. McKeag, president of the college. Dr. and Mrs. Orlando A. Mansfield, are at their home in Toronto, England. Dr. Mansfield is head of the music department of Wilson. Miss Adelaide Bird, teacher of biological science, and Miss Mabel Banhore, teacher of music, both of Wilson, with Miss Mary McIlvaine, are in Spain, and consequently are not in the trouble zone. Miss Nancy J. Criswell, of Chambersburg, secretary of Wilson College, and instructor in Latin, expected to spend this week along the Rhine with Miss Laura C. Green, a former Wilson teacher, of Granville, Ohio. Miss Virginia M. McComb, German instructor at Wilson, is in Berlin. No word has been received from Miss Nell Nace or the Misses Bell since the shipping troubles began.

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ACH! LOUIE THERE'S STILL GERMAN BEER!

Aber Himmel! No More That Delicious Smell of Dear Delightful Limburger

Ach! Wohl es machts' nichts aus! That's how Harrisburgers feel as fond of German brews who to-day. For the glad news came from local hotelkeepers and liquor dealers that there is plenty of Pilsener, Muenchener, Hofbrau, Wurzburger and other foreign brews of beer in this peaceful land of the free, and that the supply will not be cut off for at least six months. At the Senate, Ellis P. Gourley, the proprietor, said there is enough German beer in cold storage in Harrisburg to supply the demand for the next three months, and that at the distributing agencies in New York the announcement was made that the supply is sufficient to meet the demand for at least six months. Dealers in Limburger cheese, another German product, in the opinion of local dealers, however, will be scarce. Local jobbers announced to-day that work had been received that an increase in prices of all foreign makes of cheese would come within the next few days. This will include switzer, Limburger, Roquefort and other makes. Dealers are unable to say what effect the war will have on the prices of foreign goods, such as frankfurters, sardines, fancy seasoning ingredients and a hundred other articles in the way of fancy canned goods.

Peace Conference Ends; Mexico's Fate in Doubt

Washington, Aug. 5.—Sudden suspension of the peace conference between federal and constitutional delegates at Saltillo, and reports that Villa in the north of Mexico has proclaimed his independence from the Carranza movement, threatened to-day to upset plans for the speedy settlement of the Mexican situation. That the Constitutionalists might take possession of Mexico City without their fighting was a possibility as indicated by the convening of a federal council of war where unconditional surrender to Carranza was discussed.

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CAPITAL'S FATE IN DOUBT

Mexico City, Aug. 5.—The fate of the capital remained in doubt to-day. The 12 generals of the federal army, constituting the council of war, had not decided whether to fight or evacuate the city. The generals were in conference until a late hour last night and failing to determine their policy, separated to meet again late this afternoon.

MAY CAUSE OPEN BREAK

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 5.—The failure of General Carranza and the peace delegates of Provisional President Carranza to agree on the terms of transferring the national government in the constitutionalists' hands will result in an open break between Villa and Carranza according to even the most optimistic opinions of persons who reached here from the south to-day.

EMERGENCY CURRENCY ALLOTTED

New York, Aug. 5.—Up to noon today \$2,800,000 in emergency currency had been allotted to New York banks. An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the Federal District Court to-day against Adolf Mandel, a private banker of the East Side.

COFFEE PRICES JUMP

New York, Aug. 5.—There was much excitement on the Coffee Exchange today when the price of Rio No. 7 touched the high figure of ten cents. U. S. HAS GRIP ON GOLD New York, Aug. 5.—The United States fastened its grip still more firmly on its \$1,155,000,000 gold yesterday. So strong was the grip at nightfall that it was said on high authority that emergency currency may not go generally into circulation.

CUTTER TO BRING BACK GOLD

Washington, D. C., Aug. 5.—The cutter Androscoogin was ordered to Bar Harbor to-day to bring the Cecilie's treasure to New York under an escort of naval vessels.