

LOCAL OPTION BILL BEATEN BY VOTE 78 TO 128 IN HOUSE

DEBATE MARKED BY HEATED EXCHANGES; GALLERIES PACKED

Kitts, of Erie, Speaking Against It, Calls Preachers to Account For Praying For Its Passage and Terms Members of the Anti-Saloon League, Women's Clubs and Y. M. C. A.'s "the Rabble" of the State; Is Bitter and Sarcastic

The Williams county local option bill which had the support of Governor Brumbaugh was defeated on third reading in the House to-day after nearly four hours of debate by a vote of 78 for the bill and 128 against it.

The vote was received with cheers when it was announced by Speaker Ambler. The enormous crowd that listened to the long debate then dispersed and the House at 3.14 p. m. took a recess until 7.30 o'clock to-night.

The Detailed Vote Following is the detailed vote:

Yeas—Adams, Arnold, Barnett, Beck, Berg, Blackburn, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bunker, James O. Campbell, Goldsmith, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Davis, Dell, Eloy, Eppler, Evans, Fruit, Gibson, Ginery, Glenn, Goodwin, Goodyear, Graham, Greenwood, Harper, Herman, Hoffman, Hollingsworth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, Edward E. Kuhn, Kunkle, Landis, Lanjus, Leighner, Love, Marvin, Mather, McClintock, McCurdy, McKay, McVicar, Mellott, Metzger, Myers, Oaks, Phillips, Reed, Rhoads, Rich, Rudisill, Samsel, Shaaber, Charles A. Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Lee Smith, Snyder, Spencer, Statter, Stone, Vickerman, Walsh, Walter, Watson, Weaver, Whitaker, Williams, William H. Wilson, Wood, Willie, Ambler—Total 78.

NAYS—Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Bauerle, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bertheisel, Bever, Body, Bovee, Theodore Campbell, Christian, Conner, Cummins,

Curry, Dawson, Dieffenferer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Ehrhardt, Erdman, Fackler, Finnerly, Flynn, Forster, Frost, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Glass, Gompers, Goodnough, Gormley, Gransback, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Hefferman, Hess, Hoyburn, Hishman, Hollern, Horton, Howarth, Wm. S. Jones, Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Laferly, Lauer, Linder, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Luppert, Luxemburger, Lynch, Maugan, McArdle, McCaig, McClure, McConnell, Dermott, McNichols, Meakie, Milliron, Murdock, Murphy, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reynolds, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Sarig, Adam C. Schaeffer, Scott, Sinclair, Jacob W. Smith, Jefferson W. Smith, Sones, Spangler, Staving, Steele, Stein, Stern, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Ulrich, Vodge, Wagner, Welmer, Weir, West, Weitch, Whitten, Wilson, William, Willard, Henry C. Wilson, Wobensmith, Woodward, Winne—128.

Representative Maurer, Berks county, president of the American Federation of Labor, did not vote.

German Oppose Option Petitions and remonstrances on the local option bill poured in on the House at the opening of the session. Mr. Stern, Philadelphia, presented a remonstrance against the bill signed by 337,200 persons which was wound on a reel over four feet in diameter. It had been circulated by members of the German-American Alliance. Petitions in favor of the bill came from Philadelphia, Blair, Chester and other counties.

Governor Brumbaugh was visited at the Executive Mansion by several men active in behalf of the bill. The Governor did not reach the Capitol until the session had begun.

Practically every member was on hand when the session began. Dr. Ulrich, Lebanon, who had been injured by a fall several days ago, was in shortly before the session opened.

The hall of the House was jammed and the most intense interest was manifested. The debate on the local option bill was in demand and copies were scarce. The bill was presented on February 8 and was reported out on April 14.

Many Prominent Men Present In local speaking crowd in the chamber were many men of prominence, former State officials and legislators; Dr. Clarence Giboney, of Philadelphia; T. L. Chester, and J. D. McKeesport, the latter the field marshals for the Governor.

There was an air of suppressed excitement throughout the day and if local are true some betting was indulged in along the side lines.

During the debate there was little business in any of the departments.

Bill Up Promptly Promptly at 11 o'clock Speaker Ambler called the House to order. Every available bit of space was taken and the crowd in the chamber was larger than at any session this year.

Right at the start a disposition to object to lifting the people's voice was manifested. Mr. Wagner, Allegheny, offered a resolution reciting that owing to the large number of members who desired to speak it was the sense of the House that all speeches be limited to twelve minutes and that two and one-half hours be devoted to debate. A chorus of "noes" arose and division was demanded. One hundred and eleven men voted for the resolution and it was adopted.

Mr. Williams, Tioga, sponsor of the bill, opened the debate. He stated at the outset that the people behind the bill were neither fanatics or cranks on the subject of temperance, but were loyal patriotic men who considered that the time had come to make a change in the liquor laws. The Brooks law, he held, had some good features which were being retained. The law, in his opinion, has outlined a period of usefulness and in all fairness he said judges should be relieved of the duty of acting on liquor license applications.

The bill, said Mr. Williams, contains the referendum and the recall and is a progressive measure. It allows the people to rule, to say in a fair way whether there shall be liquor sold in their counties. It is as fair as the fairest method. The present law puts granting of licenses in the hands of the county courts. If the Legislature fails to enact a local option law, said Mr. Williams, the people will be heard from in 1915. Mr. Williams' time had expired before he finished and the speaker called his attention to the fact. Mr. Graham, Philadelphia, offered part of his time and Mr. Williams, was given an allowance of time to allow him to conclude.

Predicts Uprising People in Erie, Lackawanna, Schuylkill and other counties favor the bill, said Mr. Williams, who called attention of legislators to the many petitions filed to the attitude of Woodrow Wilson, when Governor of New Jersey, on big measures and declared local option was now a moral issue in Pennsylvania. He predicted a non-partisan uprising in Pennsylvania, not under the name of the Anti-Saloon League or any other organization, but under the name of "government of the people," if any combination of

(Continued on Page 11.)

LITIGANTS IN \$50,000 LIBEL SUIT AT SYRACUSE



WILLIAM BARNES, JR. THEODORE ROOSEVELT This photograph shows William Barnes, Jr., former chairman of the Republican State Committee of New York and leader in the successful fight against Theodore Roosevelt in the Republican National Convention of 1912, and Mr. Roosevelt as they appeared in Syracuse, N. Y., ready for the trial of the suit of the former for \$50,000 libel. The two did not pose together. In fact, for the first day of the session of the court they did not notice each other.

ROOSEVELT UNDER CROSS EXAMINATION

Court Decides to Bar Certain Evidence Dealing With Politics and Ethics of Bossism

TELLS OF CONVERSATIONS Discusses Selection of Committees Before Speaker Was Selected

By Associated Press Syracuse, N. Y., April 21.—Theodore Roosevelt resumed the witness stand in the Supreme Court here to-day and continued to tell the story of his dealings with William Barnes in an effort to prove he was justified in making the statement upon which Mr. Barnes is suing him to recover \$50,000 for alleged libel. After telling before Colonel Roosevelt took the stand counsel representing both sides and the court discussed in chambers legal questions in regard to what should or should not be admitted in evidence.

At the end of the conference it was announced that the court had decided not to admit evidence regarding certain things not specified in the pleadings. This barred the door to the admission of a great mass of evidence dealing with politics, political methods and Mr. Barnes' alleged conversations with Colonel Roosevelt on the ethics of bossism.

Bowers Questions Witness When the examination of Colonel Roosevelt was resumed Mr. Bowers questioned the witness, who said:

"I had conversations with Mr. Barnes regarding the gubernatorial election in 1908. These took place in Washington and possibly in Oyster Bay, too."

Colonel Roosevelt was shown two letters the contents of which he said he had discussed with Mr. Barnes.

"Now what were the conversations?" asked Mr. Bowers. "The conversations I had were in regard to Mr. Barnes' domination of the party. Now, Judge, they were convicted convicts. I talked over a letter I wrote in 1908 to Senator Platt, I repeatedly referred to the domination of the party by Senator Platt and Mr. Barnes. I discussed the righteousness of boss rule (laughter by spectators)."

"I told Mr. Barnes that prior to my becoming governor Mr. Platt had asked me to come to see him in New York. It was between the time I was elected and the time I assumed office."

Colonel Roosevelt continued: "I told Mr. Barnes that I told Mr. Platt—rather, I expressed surprise that committees were being appointed when the speaker of the assembly had not been chosen. I also told Mr. Barnes Mr. Platt told me no speaker would be chosen until a man who was satisfactory to the organization was found. Mr. Barnes replied that Mr. Platt was right even after I said such

(Continued on Page 10.)

LAND AND SEA ATTACK ON DARDANELLES' FORTS IS NOW BELIEVED NEAR

20,000 British and French Troops Landed on North Shore of Gulf of Saros; Six Torpedoboats Reported to Have Made Attempt to Force Straits; Tarnow Evacuated by Russian Forces Following Attack by Austrians

A land and sea attack on the Dardanelles on a larger scale than at any time since the allies began their effort to win Constantinople apparently is imminent. Berlin reports that 20,000 British and French troops have been landed on the north shore of the Gulf of Saros, European Turkey, indicating that land operations are actually under way. This force, presumably, will be employed for an attack from the rear of the Turkish fortifications along the European side of the straits at the same time that a bombardment from the sea is undertaken by the allied fleet. Additional British troops are arriving daily from Egypt on transports at the island of Lemnos, west of the entrance to the Dardanelles.

No heavy fighting has taken place since the attempt to force the straits a month ago, in which two British and one French battleships were lost. An official statement from Constantinople says that six torpedoboats attempted to penetrate the straits on Monday night, and yesterday there was an engagement between warships and Turkish fortifications, presumably in connection with the landing of troops.

Demonstration in Rome At a patriotic demonstration in Rome a member of the Italian senate addressed a manifesto to the people to the effect that "consolidation is approaching for the Italians who have waited and suffered," referring, evidently, to the nation's desire to absorb "unredeemed Italy," or the Austrian provinces to the north. Austria is reported to be concentrating troops hastily along the border in fear of an invasion by Italian troops, but Prince von Buelow, German ambassador at Rome, denies that a rupture between Italy and Austria is imminent.

A Berlin dispatch says that Tarnow, Galicia, has been evacuated by the Russians on account of the effective attacks of the Austrian artillery. Tarnow lies 175 miles west of Lemberg. Official information was received in Berlin confirming previous reports of a German victory over a British force in German East Africa. The British

institute closed.

GOVERNOR NOT AT CAPITOL

Governor Brumbaugh, who left the capitol about 1 o'clock for lunch, was not at his office when the result was announced and no statement was obtained from him. The vote received by local option to-day was five less than for the bill in 1913 when the vote was yeas 83; nays 121. In 1911 the vote on local option was yeas 76; nays 127.

SENATOR VARE'S STATEMENT

After the local option vote was announced Senator Vare, of Philadelphia, gave out the following statement: "I always regarded local option as a moral question and not a political one. I have always felt that the members of the Legislature should decide it for themselves in accordance with the wishes of their constituents and the dictates of their own consciences. For that reason I left the matter entirely with them. I sympathize with Governor Brumbaugh in the position he has taken in regard to his humane measures, and have been and will be found supporting him. The Governor has understood my position thoroughly from the start."

TEN AEROPLANES RAID TOWN

Petrograd, April 21, via London, 4.15 P. M.—Ten German aeroplanes raided the town of Bialystok, in Russian Poland, forty-five miles southwest of Grodno, Tuesday morning and threw down upon it more than 100 bombs.

EDDIE AINSMITH JAILED

Washington, April 21.—Eddie Ainsmith, catcher of the Washington American League baseball team was sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse in police court to-day after conviction of an assault upon a street car motorman.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

William P. Conlough, Steelton, and Margarita M. Kennedy, city. William Russel Naugle and Sarah Ethel Bowers, city. Rey F. Heagy, Carlisle, and Flora Heck, Hershey.

Cast your bread upon the waters

By buying now those things you've postponed purchasing—up—the needs of the near future—you will speed up the wheels of progress and your service to the commercial nation will return to you with increment. The manufacturer, the jobber, the retailer, the farmer can sell his product and buy yours, whether yours be goods or brains or muscles. The more you tighten up the more everyone else tightens up—the more we all suffer. Start today to do your share—buy now—don't wait for "the other fellow" to start first, for that's chiefly what's the matter with business today.

Buy-It-Now

This is the time of all times for the U. S. A. to make strides. Let's all get busy.

THE WEATHER

For Harrisburg and vicinity: Fair to bright and Thursday; not much change in temperature. For Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair to bright and Thursday; fresh northeast and east winds.

River The Susquehanna river and all its tributaries will fall slowly or remain stationary. A stage of about 4.1 feet is indicated for Harrisburg Thursday morning.

General Conditions Heavy showers occurred in North-western Louisiana and light showers in Tennessee, Missouri, Colorado, California, Nevada, Idaho and North Dakota, and there were light local thunder-showers in Pennsylvania and in the District of Columbia in the last twenty-four hours.

The disturbance that was central along the Northern New England coast has passed off seaward, followed by an area of high barometric pressure from Manitoba, which now covers the northeastern portion of the United States, causing a general fall of 2 to 4 degrees in temperature from the Upper Mississippi Valley eastward to the Atlantic ocean. It is cooler also in the Far Northwestern States. It is somewhat warmer over the Plains States and decidedly warmer in Manitoba, Winnipeg reporting a rise of 20 degrees in temperature by the last twenty-four hours.

Temperature 8 a. m., 52. Sun. Rise, 5:20 a. m.; set, 6:38 p. m. First quarter, April 22, 10:20 a. m. River stage: 4.3 feet above low-water mark.

Yesterday's Weather Highest temperature, 55. Lowest temperature, 42. Mean temperature, 74. Normal temperature, 54.

MURDER RESULT OF GIRL'S CONFESSION?

Pittsburgh Police Think York Girl Was Slain on Telling Story of Her Past

Special to The Telegraph Pittsburgh, April 21.—That Ernest H. Bininger, Jr., aged 20, the Carnegie Technical student, killed Miss Mildred Rich, aged 22, of York, Pa., here last night because of an alleged confession that she had been living with a well-known local real estate man is the belief of the police to-day.

Miss Rich was, it is alleged, the

(Continued on Page 7.)

TO PAY TRIBUTE TO MAJ. BENT'S MEMORY

7,000 Men to Stop Work at Big Steel Mill at Hour of Former President's Funeral

As the silent funeral cortege of Major Luther S. Bent moves away from his late home, 6940 Drexel road, Overbrook, near Philadelphia, at 11 o'clock to-morrow 7,000 men will pause at their work and millions of busy wheels at the Pennsylvania Steel Company's plant will cease to move.

For five minutes silence will reign throughout Steelton as a tribute to the

(Continued on Page 7.)

FLAMES BURN ICE HOUSE AT LAUREL

Four Cottages, Two Other Houses and Many Acres of Woodland Destroyed

Special to The Telegraph Carlisle, Pa., April 21.—A destructive fire has been burning at Laurel, a small village several miles from here, since yesterday and has swept over an extensive territory, causing thousands of dollars' damage to summer cottages, farm buildings, ice houses and timber.

The most important building burned was the large ice house owned by the

(Continued on Page 14.)

\$1,000 FIRE IN TWO WEST END DWELLINGS

Blaze Starts in Outhouse, Where Several Boys Were Playing This Afternoon

Fire which started this afternoon in an outhouse at 1639 Fulton street, burned through the wooden partitions and spread to two adjoining frame houses.

At the home of E. M. Reese, 1641, the fire damaged furniture and the building, to the extent of \$800. The home of Thomas Lingie, No. 1643 was also damaged. The loss was estimated at \$200.

The origin of the fire is not known. Several boys were playing in the outhouse which is owned by Frank Shreck. The firemen were called from Box No. 62, Fourth and Hamilton streets. The properties damaged are owned by Mrs. Anna Fountz and rented by Miller Brothers and Company. The loss on the property is covered by insurance. There was no insurance on the furniture.

ANTISALOON FORCES WIN

Aberdeen, S. D., April 21.—Anti-saloon forces scored important victories in yesterday's municipal elections in South Dakota, reports showing that fifteen cities and towns had changed from wet to dry columns, while only one shift from dry to wet was reported.

(Continued on Page 11.)

DEMANDS \$25,000 FOR KILLING OF HUSBAND

Mrs. Carrie E. Brightbill Begins Trespass Action Against Pennsylvania Railroad

Suit for \$25,000 damages was filed to-day against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by Mrs. Carrie E. Brightbill, whose husband, John U. Brightbill, was instantly killed at the Swatara street crossing, Dauphin, last October 3, by the so-called "Ragged Edge Special."

The action was begun in the Dauphin county court this morning by Attorney Harvey E. Knapp, counsel for Mrs. Brightbill, and the case will

FIRST POTASH CARGO ARRIVES

Wilmington, N. C., April 21.—The American steamer L. V. Stoddard is here to-day from Rotterdam with 2,200 tons of muriate of potash. This is the first cargo of German potash received here since the European war.

SCHLEY'S AUNT KILLED

Atlanta, Ga., April 21.—Mrs. Virginia Schley, 75 years old, an aunt of the late Rear Admiral Schley, was struck and killed by an automobile in front of her home here last night.

DR. J. J. MOFFITT IS ILL

Dr. John J. Moffitt is ill at his home, 1727 North Second street, suffering from pneumonia.

CURTIN CHILDREN TO PLANT 5,000 TREES

Force of Men Busy at Wildwood Digging Holes for Saplings to Be Placed Friday

Inability to secure transportation to and from Wildwood Park for all school children, will necessitate a change in the program for the Arbor Day celebration Friday afternoon. Only the pupils from the Camp Curtin school building will participate.

The program which starts at 2 o'clock, will be completed this evening. District Supervisor of Schools J. J. Brehm, is in charge of the arrangements for the school children. Miss Myra L. Dock, a former State commissioner of Forestry, will make an address.

The planting of the 5,000 trees will be done by the pupils, and will be under the direction of City Forester H. J. Mueller. A force of men will be busy all day to-morrow digging holes for the trees.

SEARCHING FOR GRAIN

Berlin, via London, April 21.—Ernest Becknell, of the Rockefeller Foundation, and Elliott Wadsworth, of Boston, in charge of American relief work in Poland, are now working on the problem of securing sufficient grain for their task. They expect shortly to visit other European countries in search for grain. A supply of maize is available, but it is doubtful whether the people in the stricken districts could be taught to eat it.