

WARN TONGS TO USE CAUTION IN SLAYING ENEMIES

Flaming Posters Tell Them to Be Sure and Get Right Man in Chinese War

MAY ISOLATE DISTRICT San Francisco Police Threaten Blockade if Peace Is Not Made; Two Killed

By Associated Press. San Francisco, Cal., March 8.—Tong leaders in San Francisco's Chinese quarter received a warning today from the chief of police which stated that unless peace was made immediately between the Suey On and Hop Sing tong he would declare a blockade upon Chinatown and warn all tourists to stay away from the quarter.

Officials are of the opinion that this threat to suspend temporarily one of the most prolific sources of commercial activity in the Chinese quarter will cause a speedy adjustment of the tong fighting which has resulted in the killing of two Chinese and the wounding of six others within the last two days.

Tong Gunmen Warned. The dead was in Chinatown today flamed with red posters cautioning tong gunmen against mistakes in the slaying of their enemies.

More mistakes will be tolerated. It would be better to lose a man than to involve a society in difficulty over the shooting of a wrong man.

READY TO PROCEED WITH U-BOAT PROGRAM

President was one of the surprises of the day. Twenty-four Republicans voted to table the McLemore resolution. Thirty-three Democrats voted against tabling, including the Bryan element of the Democratic party, headed by Warren North Bailey of Pennsylvania. Representative George S. Graham, of Philadelphia, made a spirited address, advocating the tabling of the resolution.

Pennsylvanians Patriotic. Pennsylvania stood by its patriotic traditions and by a vote of 24 to 12 helped to table the resolution which would have cut the ground from under President Wilson's feet in his negotiations with Germany.

The Pennsylvania delegation is composed of thirty Republicans and six Democrats, the majority of the Republicans of the delegation, as five of the Democrats, voted for the tabling of the resolution.

All the other Republicans of the House had the identical political motto, and there had still been a defection of thirty-three Democrats, the vote of the Pennsylvania Republicans would have been sufficient to save the day for upholding American rights under international law.

The importance of the votes with reserve to the political fortunes of the members who cast them can be best understood when it is stated that Representative Page, of Ohio, and Representative Sherwood, of Ohio, both Democrats, announced that they would retire from Congress when they voted for the tabling of the McLemore resolution.

That these two men should feel that they must retire from public life as a result of their votes for tabling the resolution warning Americans off armed ships indicates the pressure exerted in the House. It was explained frankly that in some districts, where there is a large German vote, the representatives would fear their political lives in their hands if they voted to table the McLemore resolution.

THREE PERRY CO. TOWNS GO WET

[Continued From First Page] uel E. Mayme, Johnson House, Dunannon; Charles O. Mitchell, Owen House, Liverpool; Blanton E. Blackenberger, Commercial Hotel, Liverpool; George W. Rhoads, Central, Marysville, and Howard A. Keim, Sherman's Valley, House, new German town. Grant with Judge Selbert directed; McClellan Cox, Dimm House, Blain; M. J. Atkinson, Mansion House, New Bloomfield; S. J. Kerstetter, National, Millerstown; John W. Deitrick, Ward House, Millerstown; Charles J. Reeder, Mingle House, Newport; Grant W. Cumber, National, Newport, and David C. Nally, Commercial, Elliptsburg. Those refused: Samuel Seal, Mountain Springs Hotel, Mount Patrick, and Harry E. Williams, wholesale, Newport.

In handing down the licenses President Judge Selbert requested the hotel men to close their bars at 10 o'clock in the evenings and to remain closed on Memorial Day and Thanksgiving, and warned against selling more than one quart to a customer.

BLISTERS ALL OVER LITTLE BOY'S BODY

Sore Eruption With Itching, Burning and Loss of Sleep. Hair Came Out.

HEALED BY CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

"My little boy's trouble began when a watery blister would raise up, and then break and where the water touched there would be another blister, and then they would be all over his body. He had them mostly in his hair and around his mouth and eyes. They would break and then there would be a dreadful sore eruption, with an itching and burning and loss of sleep. The blisters also caused red marks that looked like scars of a burn, and his hair came out."

"Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after using them about one week, it was entirely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Cleve Hall, Connest Lake, Pa., July 3, '16. Sample Each Free by Mail

STATE DEATH RATE FOR 1915 PROVES DR. DIXON'S WORK

Prevention Has Resulted in Decreases Despite the Increase in Population

REPORTS TO GOVERNOR Notable Figures Regarding Loss From Diseases Are Submitted Today

The death rate in Pennsylvania during 1915 was 13.8 per 1,000 against a death rate of 16 per 1,000 in 1906 and during the year just closed there was a marked decrease in the mortality from most of the preventable diseases and 100,000 more births than deaths in the Keystone State. These facts are set forth in a summary of the vital and mortality statistics for the State for 1915 submitted today to Governor Brumbaugh by Commissioner of Health Samuel G. Dixon.

It is estimated at the Capitol that the increase in the population of the State is 120,000 per year. In 1915 there were 115,211 deaths and 2,130,915 births, against 114,832 deaths and 2,154,433 births in the previous year.

Ten years ago the State began the collection of vital and mortality statistics on a systematic basis and the figures for 1906 and 1915 show a marked decrease in the deaths from diseases against which the Department of Health has waged a campaign of prevention.

The comparisons show: Disease. 1906. 1914. 1915. Diphtheria. 2,483. 1,549. 1,362. Measles. 1,463. 549. 536. Scarlet fever. 577. 860. 295. Whooping cough. 1,550. 939. 580. Tuberculosis. 8,258. 8,444. 8,777. Typhoid fever. 5,317. 1,071. 1,020.

BANK CLEARINGS ALMOST DOUBLED

[Continued From First Page] Clearing House Committee: Donald McCormick, ex-officio; James Brady, William Jennings, George W. Reilly and A. S. Patterson.

Mr. McCormick gave a clear-visioned discussion of the business outlook. The report of Secretary Al K. Thomas is as follows: "On March 12, 1906 the representatives of 12 of the banks of Harrisburg met in the directors' room of the Dauphin Deposit Trust Company to discuss plans for the organization of a clearing house association. The old method of exchanging checks and payment was of such a character that it still bore the earmarks of Noah. For years balances had been paid in anything but the proper currency. Sometimes currency was used in amounts to \$50,000 and the next day the same currency would be handed back with the countermarks of the fellow who had to count it the day before. Later balances were paid as follows: Anything greater than \$1,000 was paid in exchange and anything below \$1,000 in currency if desired. Now, however, all balances of whatever amounts are paid in Philadelphia exchange through the Franklin National Bank, Philadelphia, and deposited finally on May 1, 1906 the Clearing House was opened for business with the members of the Legislature and the members of the Mechanics Bank, as chairman, and Al K. Thomas, cashier of the East End Bank, as secretary. In 1906 six more banks were admitted making a total of eighteen members, which number is still the same.

Some faces seen at the early meetings since 1906 are: W. K. Alicks, president of the Dauphin Deposit Trust Company, and who for several years the chairman of the Clearing House, H. D. Hemler, president of the Clearing House, and Charles E. Bohl, president of the Union Trust Company of Pennsylvania.

Several other changes have taken place in our organization, namely, the changing of the Allison Hill Bank to the Allison Hill Trust Company and the Mechanics Bank to the Mechanics Trust Company, both of which institutions became larger and better and which meant in the case of the Mechanics Bank, the last of the private banks in Harrisburg.

At the time of the organization of the Harrisburg Clearing House Association the capital invested by the present member banks was \$2,600,000 as compared to \$2,971,650 now; the surplus then was \$2,598,500 while now it amounts to \$2,713,000; the undivided profits then, \$201,358.82 and now \$504,614.73; the deposits at that time were \$14,105,061.31, while now they aggregate \$19,918,815.42.

How Panic Was Handled. In 1907, during the panic, which, like the wind, we did not know from whence it came nor whether it went, the Clearing House Association issued a "script" which, though somewhat unpopular, was good and circulated instead of the long green. It was issued in denominations of \$1, \$5, \$10 and \$20 to the amount of \$600,000 but only \$366,500 was put into circulation. Several hundred dollars are still in circulation, being held, we suppose, as souvenirs.

The average layman does not know what a clearing house is for nor what volume of business is done in a day, in a year. During the first year 1906, while there were only eight months in which business was done, \$31,778,464.14 passed through the Clearing House. Following is a list of the yearly clearances from 1906:

Eight months, 1906. \$31,778,464.14. 1907. 55,297,511.92. 1908. 54,325,442.59. 1909. 63,242,121.92. 1910. 63,597,285.28. 1911. 62,057,429.08. 1912. 62,757,290.22. 1913. 84,609,812.79. 1914. 82,087,950.86. 1915. 87,767,765.04. Two months, 1916. 14,963,616.05.

TO FORM ORCHESTRA. Harrisburg's "newsies" are planning to organize an orchestra, and the initial rehearsal will be held Friday evening following an entertaining program in the Harrisburg Newsboys' Association quarters, 304 North Second street. At least twenty musicians have already volunteered for the orchestra. Fred LaVaughn, known as "Freddie," the "newsboy musician" will entertain with tricks, slight of hand, etc.

NEW WAR DEPARTMENT CHIEF



NEWTON D. BAKER. Cleveland, March 8.—His nomination already confirmed by the Senate Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland, left today for Washington where to-morrow he will take the oath of office and enter upon his duties as Secretary of War. Mr. Baker has been occupied for the past two days with receiving the congratulations of his friends and shaping his private affairs with reference to his absence from Cleveland.

"I shall have a great deal to learn. Why, as a boy, I never even played with tin soldiers."

MRS. CATT URGES ACTIVE CAMPAIGN

[Continued From First Page] conference in the Board of Trade building. Mrs. Catt spoke for more than an hour on "The Congressional Prospect," during which time she urged that the women of the country exert their efforts to have Congress pass an amendment to the Constitution of the United States which would give women the franchise. This campaign, declared Mrs. Catt, should be started at once. "The first thing to do is to get your map and learn where your congressman resides," she said. "Then find out whether there is an organization for the election of members who all means have one there before the end of the week. Get your congressman's friends in the vicinity of his home interested and then get his relatives into the organization." The speaker intimated that such organization would eventually have the desired effect on the congressman.

Start At Once. Mrs. Catt wants the campaign for a federal amendment carried on from to-day on and in addition she wants the suffrage workers of Pennsylvania and the country in general to interest the members of the Legislature and work for the election of members who are favorable to the cause. If the Legislatures of the various States are in favor of suffrage, then Mrs. Catt believes that with the proper amount of work and co-operation there will be little difficulty in having the necessary states ratify the suffrage amendment to the Constitution, and within five years the women will have the franchise.

Mrs. Catt's talk this morning was the second of the two-day conference. Last evening she addressed a public meeting in the Board of Trade. The national president's talk this morning followed a discussion on rural work and many plans for getting the country vote were advanced.

This afternoon Mrs. Catt talked of the national political conventions and Mrs. J. Claude Bedford discussed "Finance." "Organization" was the program for general discussion.

JAMES W. HAINES. James W. Haines, aged 45, 216 South Second street, Steelton, who was shot in the right leg Sunday night by his wife because she refused to let him pay attention to another woman, was discharged from the Harrisburg hospital today.

SKIN GRAFTING OPERATION. Two more persons had skin removed from their bodies and transferred to the scalp of Mrs. Barbara Rowe, of Liverpool, in the third of a series of skin grafting operations in which the hospital physicians are performing in an effort to save the woman's life.

ENGINEER TO LECTURE. Stationary and other engineers of Harrisburg and vicinity are invited to attend a lecture this evening in Odd Fellows' Hall, 321 Market street, to be delivered by William T. Alliger, Philadelphia. Mr. Alliger had been requested by the American Order of Steam Engineers.

Deaths and Funerals. MRS. MARIE WATSON. The funeral of Mrs. Marie Watson, wife of Paul E. Watson which was held last Saturday at the First United Brethren Church, was attended by a large number of her friends. Twenty-eight floral tributes were received. Mrs. Watson was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton B. Saylor, of 15 South Sixteenth street. She was a member of Otterbein church, later joining the First church. Burial was made in the East Harrisburg Cemetery.

MISS SUSIE E. HORSTICK. Miss Susie E. Horstick, aged 51, died at her home in Paxtang last evening. The funeral will be held Saturday at 2 p. m. with service at the late home conducted by the Rev. H. B. King. Interment will be made at Shoop's Church Cemetery. Two brothers, James, of Paxtang, and Ralph, of Orrinstown, survive.

FUNERAL OF C. M. BAKER. Funeral services for C. M. Baker, aged 37, brakeman on the Pennsylvania railroad who was killed on Sunday when he was knocked from a boxcar near Norristown, will be held to-morrow afternoon at 1.30 o'clock at his home in Enola, the Rev. Mr. Oyer officiating. He was a member of Court Lancaster Lodge of Foresters, No. 125; the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, the Enola United Brethren Church and the Enola Fire Company, No. 1.

NEW HOSPITAL IS NEEDED IN EAST

Important Recommendations Made to the State Board of Public Charities Today

Members of the State Board of Public Charities at their Spring meeting here today adopted a report by Secretary Bromley Wharton urging that steps be taken at the next Legislature to secure a new State hospital for the insane east of the Allegheny mountains and that a State home for incurables be established. It was also urged that the State village for feeble-minded women be completed.

The reports showed that orders of the Board for improvements at a number of county prisons and almshouses had been complied with.

Mr. Wharton's report was, in substance, as follows: "A synopsis or review of the legislation of the General Assembly of 1915 shows conclusively that Pennsylvania has taken a decided stand in favor of judicious penal reform, child betterment and in various lines of eleemosynary work. Time and space will not permit me to enumerate the legislation in which this Board was interested. Suffice to say, some twenty-four bills were in charge of your secretary and over one-half of them became laws."

"An important piece of legislation was the act providing for the selection of a site for a new State hospital for the insane to be erected west of the Allegheny mountains. This bill received the approval of the Governor and the Commission has been appointed and is now trying to locate a site. One that failed of final passage in the Senate, after having passed the House, was that which would have prohibited magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial, dependent, neglected, incorrigible or delinquent children, under the age of 16 years, and provided for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts and authorized said courts to commit such children, in proper cases, to the custody of their mothers, to be retained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county." This bill should be reintroduced at the next session and strongly urged by our Board.

"Among the other bills that failed of passage was one providing for the establishment of State farms to be located in six districts in Pennsylvania and providing for the employment of prisoners in outdoor work. It is to be regretted that the initiative was not taken for the establishment of a hospital for the insane in Eastern Pennsylvania. I again urge this Board to introduce a bill, which failed of passage, for the establishment of a State home for persons suffering from incurable diseases, such as cancer, paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

"The pictures of themselves in years gone by were ranged side by side with photos of the present as a hilarious finish to the eighteenth annual banquet of the Dauphin County Bar Association held last evening at the Harrisburg club.

Cigar and coffee time had about arrived when the hall was darkened, a stereopticon buzzed somewhere from above, and on the great screen at the end of the big banquet hall flashed the picture of a very wise, very intense youth of nine years on the subject of about. And while the gasping lawyers let the significance of the picture sink in, the picture of the youth, long since grown up, was flashed beside it. And for the benefit of those who couldn't or wouldn't understand, the lawyers broke into a song to illustrate the story of the picture. And the song finished with the name of the original of the photos.

The "Days of Yore" were the only one feature of what lawyers generally declared was the most splendid dinner the bar ever held. For instance there was a little incident connected with—but then that's a phase that isn't released for publication. Suffice it to say that therein lies the secret of the glow of the red electric lights at Front and Market streets last evening. The proper authorities had given permission to paint for a brief time the globes as a part of one of the "stunts" of the lawyers' dinner.

Ex-Senator John E. Fox was toastmaster. Holler a Guest. For the first time in the history of these dinners a guest was on hand who is not a member of the legal profession. This was Harry F. Holler, prothonotary of Dauphin county. Attorney General Francis Shunk Brown was also a guest.

The committee of arrangements included Charles H. Bergner, John E. Fox and Charles C. Stroh.

HERSHEY NAMED RECEIVER. Attorney E. M. Hershey today was appointed receiver by the Dauphin county courts to conduct the affairs of the City Auto Supply Company. The bond he is required to furnish will be \$1,000.

Garbage Problems Before Health Bureau Tonight. Harrisburg's unsatisfactory garbage collections will be the chief subject of discussion at to-night's meeting of the City Bureau of Health and Sanitation. It is understood, and it is possible that drastic steps to enforce the compliance with collection schedules will be authorized by the health authorities. The measles epidemic will also be taken up.

The Board of Health and City Commissioner H. F. Bowman, superintendent of Public Safety conferred this morning with the Poor Directors relative to providing a hospital at which contagious diseases of the entire county could be treated and maintained at joint county and city expenses.

Man No. 1. A man decided one day to go a-hunting. He bought a gun. He went out into a field, loaded his gun and began firing. He fired right and left. He fired in front of him, then turned around and fired in the opposite direction. He shot off all of his ammunition and didn't hit a thing. He went back home and gave his gun away. He was through with it! He talked about what sport it was to go hunting was all boss! Guess he knew; he'd tried it. It didn't pay to go hunting.

Man No. 2. Another man decided to go hunting. He bought a gun and a supply of ammunition. He went out into a field and beat around until he saw some birds, took careful aim and fired. He brought his game to the ground. He waited until he scared up another bevy, aimed carefully and fired. Another bird fell. His gamebag was soon full. He went home happy; this hunting was great sport! Guess he knew; he'd tried it.

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Man No. 2. Mr. Man No. 2 also had a house to rent. He carried his message to the people who were looking for a house to rent. He put a "For Rent" Want Ad in the Telegraph and rented his house in six hours instead of six months. He aimed where he knew his prospects to be, instead of where he hoped they might come.

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INDICTMENTS ARE FOUND AGAINST SIX STEEL FIRMS

Carnegie and U. S. Included in Trust to Fix Wages of Laborers, Is Allegation

By Associated Press. Youngstown, Ohio, March 8.—Indictments were returned to-day by the Mahoning county grand jury against the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, the Republic Iron and Steel Company, the Brier Hill Steel Company, the Youngstown Iron and Steel Company, the Carnegie Steel Company, the United States Steel Company and Judge E. H. Gary, executive chairman of the latter.

The defendants are charged with having formed a trust to fix the wages of common labor in violation of the laws of Ohio. The indictments followed a sweeping probe of the East Youngstown riots and labor troubles of January.

The specific offense charged against the six steel concerns is that they conspired to keep the wages of common labor at the same level at the time of the strike at the Republic Iron and Steel Company and the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company in January. Announcement was made by all these companies within two days' time of a 10 per cent. increase in wages. This action is held to be due to an agreement.

"AN OUTRAGE"—GARY. By Associated Press. New York, March 8.—When informed of the indictment returned at Youngstown against the United States Steel Corporation and other steel companies and himself, Judge Elbert H. Gary today issued the following statement:

"There are no facts to justify the indictments returned by the Mahoning county grand jury against the United States Steel Corporation or any of the officers or so far as I know against any of the other companies. The indictment is an outrage—a travesty."

BOMB EXPLOSIONS CAUSE MUCH DAMAGE

[Continued From First Page] guarding the frontier. The police roped off the streets in the vicinity of the chemical plant as the fire was driven toward chemicals of a high explosive nature. The firemen were helpless to cope with the spreading fire because water mixing with the chemical only added fuel to the flames.

Plant Bombed. Dr. Hector R. Carvath, manager of the company, issued a formal statement to-day saying the plant had been "bombed."

"I am convinced," he said, "that the explosion of our plant was the result of outside agencies. Careful investigation has shown us the first explosion was not such as would have occurred had chemicals stored in our buildings let go.

"I believe a bomb with only a small amount of explosive was set off just inside the peroxidation plant, the slight explosion that followed giving most of the employees a chance to escape. The second explosion was also caused by a bomb, but those that followed were those of the stores of chemicals in the plant."

No one was injured by the explosion to-day but one man was killed and another badly injured by the explosion last night.

GERMAN'S PAUSE IN THEIR DASH

[Continued From First Page] the curving line at Douaumont and west of the Meuse into the Argonne region adjoining.

Even in the Champagne region, still further west, there has been heavy fighting but this was on the French initiative, Paris reporting that the trenches lost to the Germans in a surprise attack on March 6 had been retaken in part.

Apparently the operations in the Champagne district, reported from time to time in the official bulletins are not directly connected with the German effort toward the reduction of Verdun. The possibility is not to be ruled out.

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EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

Look at tongue! If feverish, bilious, constipated, take no chances.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver, bowels.

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "fruit laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given to-day saves a sick child to-morrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a little bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeiters sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.—Advertisement.

ing lost sight of, however. The potentialities of a drive in either of these sectors at the lines of communication of the fortress from the west, notably the Verdun-Chalons railway, have been pointed out and developments in both are being closely followed.

Russ Moving Forward. Attention is being drawn to the operations of the Russians along the Black Sea coast in Armenia. The advance in this region is enabling the central Russian army, well inland, to keep up its onward march from Erzerum toward Sivas, some 200 miles west of Constantinople.

According to the current official statement from Constantinople, the British army under General Alymer on the way to the relief of General Townshend at Kut-ol-Amara has been making renewed efforts to advance. It is declared, however, that all its attempts failed.

Rome advises indicate that Italy has determined to make every effort to retain possession of the Avlona section, at the southerly end of Albania. Allied troops in this region is enabling the virtually all the other Albanian territory to the north in the face of the Austrian advance southward.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies by a vote of 281 to 25 upheld the Ministry of Premier Salandra, after the premier had energetically replied to demands by Socialist groups for an investigation into the conduct of the war.

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub pain right out with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and lumber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is also, utterly harmless and doesn't burn the skin.—Advertisement.

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