



2800 AMERICAN TROOPS SAFELY LANDED AFTER TRANSPORT IS HIT BY TORPEDO; GREAT GERMAN BASES NEAR SURRENDER

SWIFT CONVOY PICKS UP ALL MEN ON BOARD

Soldiers Calmly Face Peril and Clamor Oversides of Stricken Ship Without Loss of a Man

YANKEE DECLARES BOLD HUN PAID LIFE FOR HIS ATTACK

Great Vessel Was Opened to Attack When It Dropped Back of Convoy Because of Engine Trouble

London, Sept. 10 (Tuesday).—A troop ship with 2,800 American soldiers on board has been torpedoed. All hands were saved. The troop ship was beached.

In order to save time, instead of launching the boats the men clambered down ropes to destroyers which swarmed around the stricken vessel and came close alongside.

Sea Was Smooth

This operation was greatly facilitated by the fact that the sea was not rough.

The troop ship was a member of a large convoy approaching the English coast. The vessel was torpedoed 200 miles from shore at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

Not a Man Injured

The transfer of the American soldiers from the stricken vessel to escorting British and American torpedoboat destroyers was quickly made without injury to anyone. They all escaped injury when the torpedo exploded and they were soon on their way to a British port.

No Signs of Panic

There was no sign of panic on board and the admirable behavior of the men was especially gratifying to the officers.

Many of the troops came from Chicago and Cleveland and a large percentage of them were factory hands of foreign extraction. Their behavior proved that they had assimilated the true spirit of the American soldier.

Boat Lifted Out of Water

Several soldiers told The Associated Press that they saw the German submarine lifted clear out of the water after one of the depth bombs exploded and then entirely disappear.

Something had gone wrong with the troop ship's engines which compelled her for a time to lag behind the rest of the convoy, but the trouble had been fixed up and she was fast catching up with the other transports when a torpedo hit her just forward of the engine room.

Transport Is Beached

The vessel at once began to sink by the bow. Many of the soldiers at the time were taking baths. They did not wait to dress but made for the deck with what little clothing they could hastily lay their hands on. The water was rushing in at such a rate that it was thought the steamer would quickly founder.

To the surprise of most of the soldiers the troop ship did not sink. Some means apparently were found to check the inrush of water and she got near enough to shore to be beached. It is hoped that the vessel ultimately can be saved.

Yankee Soldiers Off Transport Hit by Torpedo in English Rest Camp

An Inland Rest Camp in England, Tuesday, Sept. 10.—The majority of the 2,800 American soldiers from the troop ship which was torpedoed last Friday off the English coast but was not sunk and upon which there were no casualties, have arrived here none the worse for their thrilling experience.

The men are finding some consolation for the loss of their vessel in the assurance that the submarine that attacked her suffered a far worse fate at the hands of the avenging destroyers which were speedily on the scene hunting the U-boat with depth charges.

To aid in caring for the men here the American Red Cross rushed in large quantities of supplies from London.

Transport Third to Be Attacked by U-Boat; Others Tuscania and Moldavia

Washington, Sept. 11.—The troop ship torpedoed by a German submarine and beached on the English coast last Friday is the third vessel carrying American soldiers to the war zone to be attacked with any degree of success by U-boats. The other two vessels were the Anchor Line steamship Tuscania, under charter to the Cunard Line, and the Peninsular and Oriental liner Moldavia. Two hundred and four Americans on the Tuscania and fifty-five on the Moldavia perished.

DESPERATE HUNS STRIKE BACK AT AMERICAN AND FRENCH TROOPS

Losses in Mont Rouge Plateau in Three Days Appalling; Try to Recover Ridge Line Taken by Mangin's Troops

TWO ATTACKS ABOUT NANTEUIL YESTERDAY

Prisoners Taken Fight Well but Show Despondency; Some Remark When Taken, "Thank God, It's All Over"

American forces on the Alsace front, Tuesday, Sept. 10.—The Germans this evening still were attacking on the Mont Rouge plateau with desperate determination. The losses of the enemy in the last three days must have been appalling.

Try to Take Ridge Line The German attacks whether directed against Nanteuil, Laffaux or Vauxaillon, have been for the recovery of the ridge line at Mont De Laffaux which was captured by General Mangin's troops, with whom the Americans are fighting, before the Germans realized of what immense importance it was to them or at least before they were able to take adequate steps to defend it.

Five Regiments in Attack How the German troops have been hurried here to attempt its recovery is evidenced by the fact that as many as five German regiments were represented among eighty prisoners taken yesterday.

Prisoners Despondent Prisoners taken in this region, although they fought remarkably well, all showed complete despondency and more than one when captured remarked: "Thank God, It's all over!"

Turks Slay Christians; Priests Among Victims

Washington, Sept. 11.—An official dispatch from France says news has been received in Paris from Teheran, Persia, confirming reports of the murder of Christians by the Turks. Among the victims were Father Soutag, a French Lazarist priest, and several other priests.

ALLIES BATTERING STRONGEST OF THE ENEMY'S POSITIONS

British and French Closing in About St. Quentin From All Sides in Face of Hun Counterattacks; Gain Lone British Post

PETROGRAD BURNING

Washington, Sept. 11.—A dispatch from the American legation at Christiania to-day said reliable information had reached there that Petrograd was burning in twelve different places and that there was indiscriminate massacre of people in the streets. Secretary Lansing in announcing receipt of the message said it did not indicate whether the massacre was organized or merely was a result of a general state of anarchy.

The British again were moving forward to-day toward the Hindenburg line in the one sector where they still are some distance from it, near the center of the allied battle front.

Some progress was made during the night in the Vermand region, where Field Marshal Haig's troops are closing in upon St. Quentin from the north while the French are pushing up from the south.

Hun Resistance Battered Down

Farther north the British were reported to-day to have gained a foothold in the twin towns of Peziere and Epehy, two and a half miles from the Hindenburg line opposite Le Catelet. The Germans are resisting strongly here as this section of the line forms part of the defense of Cambrai on the south.

Their resistance in this sector also is taking the form of strong counterattacks at Gouzeaucourt, just to the north. They gained a lone British post in hard fighting here last night but otherwise were completely repulsed.

Foe's Counterattack Useless

The defense of Cambrai is likewise being carried to the aggressive side by the Germans along the Canal du Nord, where the

CITY'S MANHOOD WILL REGISTER TOMORROW FOR WAR SERVICE

Final Details Made For Enrollment of Eligibles in Harrisburg and Central Penna.; Registrars at Polling Places

NO EXCUSE FOR FAILURE, RULES ARE

Every Man Above 18 Years of Age and Less Than 46 Must Place Name on Lists From Which Drafts Will Be Made

Final arrangements have been completed for the enrollment tomorrow of the greatest military reserve force in the history of the United States.

Thirteen million men will register in the United States, Harrisburg and Dauphin county boards are prepared to begin at 7 o'clock in the morning and continue until 9 o'clock in the evening, to enroll the names of the local manhood coming within the 18 to 45 age limits of the new manpower act.

All day the youth and manhood of the city and county will stream to polling places, registration booths and draft boards and sign themselves as answering the nation's call for men. Thousands of those that register will be selected for military service. The remainder will by the same sort of selection remain to do the necessary work of those that go, which supports the men at the front. The men who register to-morrow are putting the individual cases up to the government and waiting the government's decision.

Registration will take place at the regular polling places. No excuse will be accepted for failure to register. Imprisonment for one year and liability to immediate military service, will be the cost for failure to register.

Practically every walk of life will be represented on the registration lists to-morrow evening. Ministers, lawyers, doctors, public officials, merchants, manufacturers, policemen.

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THE WEATHER

For Harrisburg and vicinity: Rain and slightly warmer to-night and Thursday.

YANKS OUT TO WIN QUICKLY SAYS BAGNELL

America's Fighting Men Imbued With But One Desire, Although They Are Homesick For Their Native Land; Messages Are Brought Home

"Two outstanding features of the morale of the American troops in France are the dominant passion of every man, officer and private, to get to the front and finish the job, and homesickness."

This was the message which the Rev. Dr. Bagnell, pastor of Grace Methodist Church, brought back after three months in England and France with United States troops and sailors there. Dr. Bagnell was sent to France on a dual mission, the Bureau of Public Information arranging for his reception over there so that he could study the morale and conditions of American troops in service, and the "Y" arranging a lecture tour to many of the hubs.

Pleased With Trip Dr. Bagnell sailed June 22 and arrived in New York on the return trip last Friday, coming to his home in this city last night. On Saturday evening he will make his first address in Chestnut Street Auditorium when he will speak to employees of the Harrisburg Pipe and Pipe Bending Works at the beginning of the fourth Liberty Loan campaign. On Sunday he will speak both morning and evening in the Grace Church.

Dr. Bagnell's experiences during his visit to the many troops he re-told briefly to-day to a representative of the Telegraph. That he investigated every phase of the military situation, the handling of the troops in camp and hospital, the work of the "Y" and Red Cross and interviewed many hundreds of soldiers was evidenced by his com-

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PENNA. MEN IN HUN PRISONS

Washington—Included among names of American soldiers held prisoner in Germany announced by the War Department are: Privates Valentine Pfluger, 2035 Mahantonga street, Pottsville, Pa., at Camp Rastatt; Ernest A. Routh, 452 Dumiper street, York, Pa., and Charles Olson, Winber, Pa., at Darmstadt Hospital; Stanley Crawford, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and Vincent L. Carey, New Brighton, Pa., at Bayreuth Hospital; John K. Wilson, Somerset, Pa., at Camp Cassel.

BARUCH CHALLENGES INDUSTRY

Washington—American industry was called upon by Chairman Baruch, of the War Industries Board, to cooperate in bringing the needed manpower to the Army by asking exemption for the lowest possible number and only for "indispensable key men."

TO MOVE GETTYSBURG TRAINING SCHOOL

Washington—The War Department to-day announced that the tank training school now located at Gettysburg, Pa., will be removed to Raleigh, N. C.

NO SHORTAGE OF COAL SAYS McADOO

Pittsburgh, Pa.—There will be no shortage of coal or food this winter on account of transportation congestion, according to Director General William G. McAdoo, who is here to-day to attend a meeting of regional directors of eastern and Allegheny valley railroads. He said there is no dearth of cars at mines and will be no undue shipping delays unless essential railroad operatives are drafted.

GASOLINE SHORTAGE THREATENED

Washington—Fuel Administrator Garfield informed the Senate to-day unless conservation steps are taken immediately there would be a deficit of approximately one million barrels of gasoline at the end of the year. At the rate of consumption in August he estimated that there was only about one month supply ahead.

DEBS WILL PLEAD TO JURY

Cleveland, O.—In the Debs case to-day the defense announced it would go before the jury on the evidence presented by the government, introducing no testimony of its own.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Alfreda Julian and Katharine Klesler, Steubenville; John E. Martin, Harrisburg, and Irah V. Newman, Washington, D. C.; Park H. Hitchens, Olive Hill, Ky.; and Josephine E. McClennahan, Mapleton, Pa.; Joseph W. Windenaker and Caroline J. Steiner, Enola; William A. Waterhouse, Lancaster, and Etta Alexander, Reikerville; George D. Enck and Daisy M. Sloate, Ephraim; John M. Swan, Harrisburg; and Louisa Simmons, Washington, D. C.; Clyde H. Schaeffer and Elizabeth I. Burg, Harrisburg; Harry W. Fisher, Harrisburg, R. D. 2; and Little M. Sherck, Progress; Washington K. Hohl and Ella S. Rehbock, Reading.

Come On Everybody, Help Put It Over Tomorrow

