



BERLIN IS SEIZED IN REVOLT; GERMANY UNDER RED RULE; PEACE MATTER OF HOURS

SURRENDER OF ENEMY ARMIES NOW ASSURED

By Associated Press

Washington, Nov. 10.—(Wireless)—A wireless dispatch from the German Nauen station, picked up by the American naval tower says it has been officially explained in Berlin that the courier bearing the armistice terms was delayed in crossing the lines by an explosion on the German side, but that the terms could be expected at any hour.

News is expected momentarily of the signing of the armistice by the German envoys.

With revolution rife all over the empire, Berlin in the hands of rebels and the defection spreading by leaps and bounds; with the German armies losing thousands of men, all manner of munitions and pursued by the victorious Allies on every front in a retreat that borders on a rout, it is not believed that Germany can hold out much longer.

No Longer Able to Wage War

This belief of an early cessation of the fighting is borne out by the proclamation of Prince Max to Germans outside the empire, in which he said: "In the fifth year, abandoned by its allies, the German people could no longer wage war against the increasingly superior forces."

This would seem to indicate that the Germans realize how hopeless their condition is and that they must yield to the terms of the Allies, which it is reported will be far more stringent than those laid down for Austria.

Envoys must Act Quickly to Meet Demands

The German envoy sent back to Spa has reached the German headquarters and the terms of the armistice have been forwarded to Berlin, reaching there to-day. The Germans have by the order of Marshal Foch until to-morrow morning to sign the armistice, and in view of the fact that the courier will be unable to get back by automobile the response must be either by wireless or by airplane. If it does not come soon there may be nobody left in Berlin competent to accept or reject the terms, as the revolution is at that stage where it may drift into another chaos like that of Russia although the higher intelligence of the people and the fact that the Social Democratic party, well organized and efficient, may combine to save the nation from Bolshevism.

Berlin, Nov. 10.—German Wireless to London — Deputy Scheidemann, leader of the majority Socialists in the Reichstag, in a speech, said:

"The Kaiser and the Crown Prince have abdicated. The dynasty has been overthrown. It is a splendid victory for the German people.

"Herr Ebert has been charged with the formation of a new government in which all shades of the Social Democratic party are to participate.

All Decrees Must Be Signed By Social Democrats

"Only decrees from the government bearing the signature of Herr Ebert have validity. Only orders from the minister for war bearing the counter-signature of the Social Democrat, acting as assistant, are official."

Deputy Scheidemann exhorted the crowd to keep calm and to avoid incidents.

Deputy Von Tharr and some soldiers spoke from a motor lorry. A delegate from the corps of officers of the guard battalion announced

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GENERAL PERSHING

American commander whose victory with Pennsylvania troops at Chateau Thierry started the downfall of the Hun.

GERMAN TROOPS GO OVER TO THE REVOLUTIONARIES

By Associated Press

Berlin, Saturday, Nov. 9.—(German Wireless to London, Nov. 10.—12.36 P. M.)—The German people's government has been instituted in the greater part of Berlin. The garrison has gone over to the government.

EBERT FORECASTS EARLY PEACE

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—8.30 A. M.—Friedrich Ebert, the Socialist leader has been appointed imperial chancellor. He has issued a proclamation saying that he plans to form a people's government which will endeavor to bring about speedy peace.

SOCIALIST EBERT IS IN FULL CHARGE

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—8.34 A. M.—It is officially announced from Berlin that the war ministry has placed itself at the disposal of Friedrich Ebert, the Socialist leader, whose appointment as imperial chancellor was forecast yesterday by the decree of Prince Maximilian. This action was for the purpose of assuring the provisioning of the army, and assisting in the solution of demobilization problems.

Mayor Plans to Celebrate Peace

Mayor Keiser spent the entire day in his office keeping in close touch with the Telegraph office, awaiting information on the latest developments in the theater of war and the signing of the peace terms. As soon as the terms are signed, he announced, preparations will be made for the big walk-around which will celebrate the glorious victory. Within a half hour after the news is received, the whistles will blow and bells will ring. An hour afterward the big parade will be formed in Market Square and Harrisburg will begin its peace jubilee. "This program will hold good at any hour the news comes in," the city executive stated.

SOLDIERS AND WORKMEN JOIN GENERAL STRIKE

Officers Remove Epulettes When Military Goes Over to People

Berlin, Nov. 10.—With regard to the incidents of November 9 in Berlin the semi-official Telegraph Bureau, working under the control of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council, issued the following report: "This morning at 9 o'clock the workers of the greatest industrial undertakings commenced a general strike."

Red Flags Carried "Processions hastened from all the suburbs to the center of the city. Red flags were carried at the head of the processions in which marched armed soldiers and all classes."

The first procession arrived from the Ackerstrasse and Bismarckstrasse. As a preliminary the soldiers and officers were urged to remove their cockades and epulettes. In the majority of cases this took place voluntarily.

Soldiers Enthusiastic "There was a general fraternization of soldiers and workmen. The workmen penetrated the barracks where they received an enthusiastic reception from the soldiers."

The military occupants of factories mingled in common with the workers, left their works and treated with them in common.

Only One Clash "So far as known the only clash between the masses and armed forces took place on the occupation of the so-called 'Geckshof' barracks. In that was a guard of fusiliers but only two officers fled."

Three persons were killed and one was injured. This is to be regretted.

Take Over Public Building "The taking possession of a majority of the public buildings and establishments was completed without difficulty once it was clear that the military had gone over to the people."

German Courier Reaches Grand Headquarters

Paris, Nov. 10. (Havas).—The German courier from the meeting place of the armistice negotiations arrived at the German grand headquarters at 10 o'clock this morning, according to an official statement issued here to-day.

Revolt Is Growing in All Parts of Empire

London, Nov. 10, 11:25 a. m.—Schleswig-Holstein, the Prussian province which formerly belonged to Denmark, is to be proclaimed an independent republic, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

Berlin Falls To Up-Rising Of Soldiers

By Associated Press

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—8.15 a. m.—Berlin was occupied by forces of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council on Saturday afternoon, according to a Wolff Bureau report received here.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN BERLIN

London, Nov. 10.—8.57—Severe fighting took place in Berlin between 6 and 8 o'clock last night and a violent cannonade was heard from the heart of the city. The revolution is in full swing in Berlin and the red forces occupy the greater part of the German capital, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting Berlin advices sent from there at 3 o'clock this morning.

When the cannonade began the people thought the Reichsbank was being bombarded and thousands rushed to the square in front of the Crown Prince's palace. It was later determined that other buildings were under fire.

PRINCESS HEINRICH WOUNDED BY MOB

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—8.50 a. m.—According to a frontier message Princess Heinrich, wife of the grandson of Ludwig III, of Bavaria, was wounded in the arm when fired upon as she was fleeing from Munich. She and her husband now are hiding in southern Bavaria with Princess Adalbert, wife of Emperor William's third son.

MANY PERSONS KILLED AND WOUNDED

London, Nov. 10.—10.12 a. m.—Many persons were killed and wounded before the officers surrendered. The red forces are in control and have restored order. Strong guards are marching through the streets.

CROWN PRINCE'S PALACE SEIZED

London, Nov. 10.—10.14 a. m.—The Crown Prince's palace has been seized by the revolutionists. The people are shouting "long live the republic!" and are singing the "Marseillaise."

MOB FIRED UPON BY OFFICERS

London, Nov. 10.—10.09 a. m.—When revolutionary soldiers attempted to enter a building in which they supposed a number of officers were concealed shots were fired from the windows. The reds then began shelling the building.

COPENHAGEN HEARS OF BERLIN TROUBLE

Copenhagen, Nov. 10.—The Wolff Bureau the semi-official news agency of Germany announces in a dispatch from Berlin that it has been taken over by the soldiers and workmen's council.

Geddes Sure German Fleet Was Ordered Out, But Men Rebelled Rather Than Fight British

London, Nov. 10.—(British Wireless Service)—At the banquet following the Lord Mayor's "Victory" show Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, made interesting disclosures. He said that those who were charged with responsibility had waited hourly for the possibility of a naval Armageddon. The whole state was set for a great sea battle but something was wrong. The arm that was going to try the last desperate gambling stroke was paralyzed.

"The German Navy, I am as convinced as I am standing here to-night," said the First Lord, "was ordered out, and the men would not come."

Half the German fleet, he declared, was flying the red flag—and the German fleet was flying the red flag because it realized that it was not engaged in a good cause.

Our Boys in France Must Stay For Awhile Give to Keep Them Well and Happy