

Father Stock's Lost Trunk Is Found by the "Caseys" in New York

From among 150,000 pieces of nondescript baggage lost by the homecoming A. E. F., the Knights of Columbus have recovered and sent to this city a trunk belonging to the Rev. Father Mark E. Stock, of the Sacred Heart rectory, 323 South Cameron street.

Father Stock was beloved by the officers and men of the Three Hundred and Eleventh Field Artillery and like other clergymen who accompanied the boys overseas, Father Stock on more than one occasion braved the answering shellfire of the Germans and assisted in comforting the wounded artillerymen in their trench emplacements.

When Father Stock came to Harrisburg recently he waited with patience for appearance of his trunk. But the trunk failed to arrive and recently when the Telegraph printed a story about the Knights of Columbus recovering baggage for the

A. E. F. the priest wrote to the Lost Baggage Bureau, at 461 Fourth avenue, New York City. The "Casey" men went to work and found the trunk, which was immediately shipped on to this city. The Knights will investigate any report of lost luggage for the residents of this city who were overseas, or the parents of our soldier men if a letter is directed to the bureau in New York.

Election Board to Get Hearing This Evening

Five members of the election board of the Sixth precinct of the Second ward, charged with making false returns at the primary election, will be given hearings this evening before Alderman C. E. Murray.

The men who are now out under bail will be given hearings this evening at: Charles B. Strickler, judge; George H. Winters, majority inspector; H. M. Allen, inspector; Arthur R. Fitzgerald and George H. Yotter, clerks.

LEVER ACT NOT INTENDED FOR WORKERS

[Continued from First Page.]

precipitated the coal strike, declaring almost in the first sentence that the "officers of the United Mine Workers did everything in their power to avert this great industrial struggle. It reserved its bitterest words for later comment on governmental action.

There were 2,200 delegates, representing 500,000 miners, seated at the convention called after briefly sketching complaints of working conditions in the industry which it is asserted, the miners seek to remedy by striking. The instructions of the convention were taken through the usual committee into conference.

The statement characterized the action as "invasion of the rights of miners" intended to starve the miners into submission by cutting off their strike benefits, and demanded the withdrawal of the injunction securing Saturday and Sunday work to restore confidence in the institutions of our country and respect to courts.

"By all the facts in the case the miners' strike is justified," it concluded. "We endorse it. We are convinced of the justice of the miners' cause. We pledge to the miners the full support of the American Federation of Labor and appeal to the workers and citizenship of our country to give like endorsement and aid to the men engaged in this momentous struggle."

Many Days of Illness The statement of the executive council, which members refused to interpret or discuss in any manner and which is addressed to "our fellow citizens and to our fellow workers," follows:

"The executive council is of the opinion that the officers of the United Mine Workers of America did everything in their power to avert this great industrial controversy. Of all the great industries in our country, there is none so dangerous of human life as the coal industry. The men who go down under the ground to produce the domestic and industrial needs of the nation may be supplied, are engaged in work more hazardous than any other employment. Due consideration has never been given to the danger surrounding the coal miners. There is no other class of employment where each individual worker is so isolated and in whose districts there is such a lack of opportunity for social intercourse and enjoyment.

The condition of the miner and his family is such that he is practically deprived not only of sunshine and fresh air but to a certain extent he is deprived of the association and companionship of all other human beings outside of his own particular class who are themselves engaged in the dangerous and unhealthy occupation of coal mining. The miners suffer more than any other workers from periods of compulsory unemployment. Authentic statistics show that the miners have less than 200 days of employment during each year. The wages of the miners consequently, having to spread over the entire year are greatly reduced as a result of the nonemployment existing in that industry.

"The high cost of living has presented itself in perhaps a more serious form in isolated mining camps than in large industrial centers. There is usually not the same opportunity for the miners in the mining camps to make their purchases to such advantage as is presented in other localities. Their isolation prevents this.

"The United Mine Workers, in their convention, held during the month of September in the city of Cleveland, adopted a positive declaration demanding improved conditions of employment for the miners. They further instructed the officers to proceed to obtain by negotiations with the operators, the working conditions that the convention unanimously adopted.

Officers Obedy Orders "There were almost 2,200 delegates seated in the convention, representing 500,000 organized miners. They further positively and explicitly instructed their officers that unless an agreement was reached on or before the first day of November, 1919, that the resolution of the convention calling for a strike on November 1, 1919, should be communicated to the membership. There was no alternative except for the officers, who are elected by the membership, to carry out the direct instructions of the membership or resign from their positions as officers, in which event chaos and confusion would result.

"The officers of the mine workers, with their scale committee, entered into conferences and discussions with the operators in the city at Buffalo. They stated at the conference that they had full power to negotiate an agreement, in other words, that they had the power to give and take in the conference. The negotiators endeavored to make any offer whatever. Later on the miners answered the call of the Secretary of Labor and further endeavored to reach an agreement, but failed. The officers then proceeded to carry out the instructions of their membership and communicated the results of the failure of negotiations, and by the order of the convention the strike automatically took effect November 1, 1919.

"The machinery which has existed for years and which has been successful in bringing about agreements, between the miners and the operators, still exists, and they as representatives of the miners were and are ready and willing to enter into negotiations without reservation to reach an agreement.

Criticism Injunction "At this time, our government interjected itself and applied for an injunction. "A temporary restraining order was granted by a Federal judge which restrains the officials of the miners from in any way advising their membership on the situation, or contributing any of the moneys of the mine workers to the assistance of the men on strike, also restraining them from discussing, writing or entering into any kind of a conversation with their membership on the strike situation.

"The government then proceeded to further invade the rights of the miners, not only by restraining the miners, their officers and members from furthering the purposes for which the men contended but went to further lengths of demanding from the court an order commanding the officers of the miners union to recall the withdrawal of the strike notification, and the court complacently complied and issued the order.

"Never in the history of our country has any such a mandatory order been obtained or even applied for by the government or by any person, company or corporation. "Both the restraining order and the injunction, insofar as its prohibitory features are concerned, are predicated upon the Lever act, a

law enacted by Congress for the purpose of preventing speculation and profiteering of the food and fuel supplies of the country. There never was in the minds of the Congress in enacting that law or in the mind of the President when he signed it, that the Lever act would be applied to workers in cases of strikes or lockouts. The food controller, Mr. Hoover, specifically so stated. Members of the committee having the bill in charge have in writing declared that it was not in the minds of the committee, and the then attorney general, Mr. Gregory, gave assurance that the government would not apply that law to the workers' effort to obtain improved working conditions. Every assurance from the highest authority of our government was given that the law would not be so applied.

"In the course of President Wilson's address to the Buffalo convention of Labor, November, 10, 1917, among other things he said: "Refer to Wilson Speech "When we think of the rights of freedom, we must see more than other things that labor is free, and that means a number of interesting things. It means not only that we must do what we have declared our purpose to do, see that the conditions of labor are not rendered more onerous by the war, but also we shall see to it that the conditions of labor are improved, that the conditions of labor are not blocked or checked. That we must do."

"The executive action of our government in these proceedings is of such a nature that it staggers the human mind. In a free country to prohibit the officials of a labor organization from contributing their own money for the purpose of procuring legal representation and other things that might be starting, is something that when known will shock the sensibilities of man and will cause resentment. Surely the thousands of men who are in France, under the soil, whose blood was offered for the freedom of the world, never dreamed that so shortly after their death the law in all our country would have the government decide that they were not entitled to the assistance of their fellow citizens that their wives and children should starve, by order of the government.

"It is a well established principle that the inherent purpose of an injunction process, where there is no other adequate remedy at law, was for the purpose of protecting property and preventing injury, thereby exercising the equity powers of the courts to prevent immediate and irreparable injury.

"It was never intended and there is no warrant in the law in all our country to use the injunction power of equity courts to curtail personal rights or regulate personal relations. It was never intended to take the place of government by substituting personal and discretionary government.

"The Lever act provides its own penalties for violation of its provisions. The injunction issued in this case has for its purpose not a trial by court and a jury, but an order of the court, upon the assumption that the law might be violated and by which the defendants may be brought before the court for contempt and without any trial by jury.

"We declare that the proceedings in this case are unwarranted, as they are unparalleled in the history of our country, and we declare that it is an injustice which not only workers but all liberty loving Americans will repudiate and demand redress. The citizenship of our country should be maintained and the establishment or maintenance of a principle which strikes at the very foundation of justice and freedom.

"We further declare that the institutions of our country, in respect due the courts, this injunction should be withdrawn and the records cleaned from so outrageous a proceeding.

"By all the facts in the case the miners' strike is justified. We endorse it. We are convinced of the justice of the miners' cause. We pledge to the miners the full support of the American Federation of Labor and appeal to the workers and the citizenship of our country to give like endorsement and aid to the men engaged in this momentous struggle."

Hundreds View Plane With Dual Controls of Former Allied Aviator

Hundreds of sightseers viewed the Curtiss biplane, Walter J. Shaffer, former allied aviator flew from Philadelphia to the Dauphin airfield landing field, yesterday. Shaffer told them an interesting story of his flight. He was forced to descend twice, the first in the midst of a herd of cows and the second on the Middletown field, because of the lack of fuel. Full support place could be secure replenishment so he decided to take a chance and fly the eighteen miles from Middletown on 11th street, for as he reached Dauphin his motor died and it was with considerable difficulty he made a landing.

Scores wanted to fly yesterday, but Shaffer has wanted Sunday. The plane is a two-seated Curtiss with dual controls, which will allow passengers exhibition flights to see how a plane is operated. When student airmen are taken into the air they will be allowed to operate the machine alone.

Red Cross to Resume Work on Dressings

Work on surgical dressings will be started to-morrow afternoon in the new workrooms, 119 South Broad street. Workers will be on duty from 2 until 5 o'clock. The dressings are for local institutions. Auxiliaries and others who assist in the work have been requested to take part in the new work.

LOANS ENABLE PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENTS

[Continued from First Page.]

000 in bonds to pay for paving intersections and in front of non-possessable properties will make possible extensive highway improvement work, Mr. Lynch said.

During next summer some of the larger street sections which will be paved include Cameron street, north from Calder to Market streets; Hart street, Cameron to Fourteenth streets; Nineteenth street, Chestnut to the Philadelphia and Reading Railway tracks just south of Greenwood; Bellevue road, east from Eighteenth to Twentieth; Front street, Paxton to Iron alley. Other short highway sections will be paved also.

Workers of the city passed the \$40,000 loan for a bathing beach and bathhouses by the largest majority of the four loan questions submitted last Tuesday, indicating that the public is heartily in favor of the city's plan to provide adequate facilities for swimming and bathing. Warren H. Manning, the park expert, secured by Commissioner E. Z. Gross to submit a report on the best place to locate bathhouses, recommended constructing them at the southern point of the city island.

A few days ago he communicated with Park Commissioner Gross, stating that he had started plans and specifications of the bathhouses. Mr. Gross also said that soundings are being made for the foundations and as soon as the river stage will be started, it is hoped to start the construction of the bathhouses not later than June 15 and they can be completed next spring, work will be started. Danger of June floods will prevent starting the work in the early spring Mr. Manning advised, and to proceed as quickly as an emergency would be too costly.

Knights of Columbus Attend Convention

Representatives of Harrisburg Council No. 869, Knights of Columbus, will to-morrow evening attend a testimonial dinner to James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight, in Philadelphia. The affair will be given under the auspices of the Philadelphia Chapter, Knights of Columbus.

E. R. Eckenrode, 240 Woodbine street, Grand Knight of Harrisburg Council, has issued instructions to members as to the method of procedure to be followed by them in making reservations for the affair. Edward A. Kelly, of Philadelphia, is chairman of the committee in charge of arrangements.

Mr. Flaherty was active in war work during the war. The French government made him a member of the Legion of Honor; Secretary of the Order of the Legion of Honor; a distinguished service medal; the Italian government honored him; Pope Benedict made him Knight Commander of the Order of St. Gregory the Great, while Georgetown University made him a doctor of laws.

Gray Hair Ended In From 4 to 8 Days

Science has discovered the way for restoring hair to its natural color. It is an injustice which not only workers but all liberty loving Americans will repudiate and demand redress. The citizenship of our country should be maintained and the establishment or maintenance of a principle which strikes at the very foundation of justice and freedom.

Mary T. Goldman's Scientific Hair Color Restorer

This Test Convinces Send the coupon for a trial bottle of our special comb. Be sure and give the exact color of your hair. Try it on a lock of hair, compare the results, and the pleasure of using with the old way. Send in the coupon now.

To Cure A Cold in One Day Take "Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets"

Be sure you get the Genuine Look for this signature E. W. Grove on the box, 30c

Warden John Francis to Address Business Men at Big Luncheon

The address of John Francis, warden of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania, at the membership meeting of the Harrisburg Chamber of Commerce in the Penn-Harris tomorrow at noon, will be one of the most interesting speeches of the year, according to the officials of the Chamber. Besides being an authority on existing penal institutions and methods, Mr. Francis is reported to be a speaker of more than passing ability.

"Every one can't visit a prison, and some don't want to," says the notice. "But without a doubt it is a real experience. For those who cannot go, and those who think they do not want to go, the address of John Francis is recommended as a treat and an experience. He will bring the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania to Harrisburg, and take the Chamber members for a stroll through its corridors.

"John Francis is a lifelong student of human nature, therefore he is eminently adapted for his intricate work which deals with the analization and treatment of the peculiar aberrations and abnormalities of his wards. He prescribes humane treatment for them before a joint session of the Houses of the Legislature with such effect that a penal institution which will be a model for the whole world is being erected on a beautiful tract of six thousand acres in the Nittany Valley in Center county to supplant the present Eastern and Western Penitentiaries and the State Prison. Mr. Francis has been a member of the Legislature, has served in the Pennsylvania National Guard, and in the Philadelphia company until 1908, since when he has been warden of the Western Penitentiary. So his lessons of life have been drawn from a wide and varied experience and his remarks will be worth hearing."

KNOCKERS ARE HIT "The Great American Knocker" was given a few bumps by the Rev. Clayton A. Smucker, pastor of Stevens Memorial Methodist Church, at the evening service yesterday. Dr. Smucker said that the great amount of knockers and knocking was a result of the American policy of leniency for the un-American radicals who come to our shores and try to foment insurrection. A new drive for Americanization is necessary if we want to drive the knockers out of the country, according to Dr. Smucker.

KILLS HIMSELF

Associated Press New York, Nov. 10. Cary R. Eckenrode, 240 Woodbine street, Grand Knight of Harrisburg Council, has issued instructions to members as to the method of procedure to be followed by them in making reservations for the affair.

Beauty is a Blessing

to every woman, but good health is vitally important. Attention to liver, kidneys and bowels will improve beauty and health.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

are a boon to women, because they regulate the functions of all these organs without any irritation or disagreeable effect.

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.



Artistic Monuments

Are every-day matters of course with us. Our monument makers are artistic in the true sense of the word, and their work will bear comparison with other sculptors. Our monuments are made to endure, and to typify the character and qualities of the departed loved one.

I. B. Dickinson

Granite, Marble Tile and Bronze 505-13 N. THIRTEENTH ST. Harrisburg, Pa. STOP THAT COLD! Sure relief as you sleep. Medication automatically administered as you breathe. See Man-Heil Inhaler. Ask Demonstrator. Gorgas' Drug Store, 16 North Third Street.

Miller, American vice consul to Stockholm, shot and killed himself in his suite in the Waldorf-Astoria here late yesterday. The body, with a bullet hole through the right temple, was found last night by Mrs. Miller on her return from church. By the side lay a revolver. Among his papers was found a passport indicating that he had planned to sail soon for Sweden.

Ask for "HILL'S"

FIVE MILLION PEOPLE USED IT LAST YEAR HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE Standard cold remedy for 20 years - in tablet form - safe, sure, no opiates - breaks up a cold in 24 hours - relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores



An Attractive Appearance is enhanced in a moment with Empress Instantaneous Nail Gloss A dip of the brush, one stroke and instantly, without buffing or polishing, you have a lustrous that lasts two weeks, regardless of soap or work. Will not peel, harm cuticle nor discolor skin. Very economical because of its lasting quality. Dealers or direct - \$1.00 Liberal sample - 25c. EMPRESS MANUFACTURING CO. 36 West 20th St., New York City

What about those ugly skin blemishes?

Why don't you get rid of them? Be free to enjoy life - not unhappy because wherever you go people are noticing your poor complexion. RESINOL SOAP is just the help you need in that direction. Its wholesome lather roots the impurities out of the pores and helps to make the skin as nature intended it to be - radiant and healthy. It is also excellent for the bath and general toilet use. The Resinol medication it contains makes it an ideal cleanser for the hands which should be washed many times a day as a safeguard to health. At all druggists and toilet goods counters.

Resinol Soap

Discriminating men like Resinol Shaving Stick because it soothes and refreshes the face, while supplying a rich, creamy, non-drying lather.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS LOCATION FOR RENT

222 Chestnut Street Directly Opposite the Market House Have you noticed how Chestnut Street is growing in popularity as a business section?

Residences are rapidly being transformed into business places, and Chestnut Street, Harrisburg, is destined to soon become in Harrisburg what Chestnut Street of Philadelphia is to Philadelphia, which parallels the busy Market Street of that city.

Nowhere in Harrisburg has there been such a business development in the past two years, as that which has taken place on Chestnut Street.

Right in the heart of this new business section we have an unusual opportunity for the firm or individual who is seeking an excellent business location. 222 CHESTNUT STREET—Directly opposite Market House; 26 feet frontage by 210 feet depth to Blackberry Street in the rear.

TWO THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDINGS—One fronting on Chestnut Street, the other on Blackberry Street. Both will be city steam heated. Will be rented separately, and each remodeled to suit tenant, or combined, if desired, to provide a continuous store room from Chestnut to Blackberry Street.

Especially desirable for extensive auto accessory, tire or grocery business, requiring large storeroom, and garage and storage facilities in the rear. Possession may be had as soon as desired alterations can be made. Investigate!

Jacob Tausig's Sons, 420 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

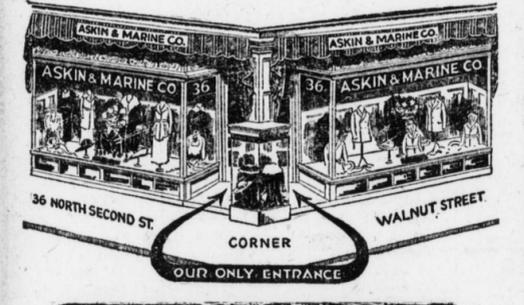


"Cascarets" work while you sleep! When you are feeling bilious, headache, constipated; if the breath is bad, stomach upset, or for colds, saltness, just take "Cascarets" to regulate the liver and bowels, and all is well by morning.

Now Is a Good Time to Drive Out Catarrh

It May Not Be Troubling You During the Warm Weather, But It Is Still In Your Blood

Catarrh is not only a disgusting disease but is a dangerous one, and you should never let up in your efforts to get it out of your system until you have done it thoroughly. Get rid of it, whatever it costs you in trouble and money. Mild weather will aid the treatment and this is an excellent time to thoroughly cleanse the blood of the germs of Catarrh and be forever rid of the troublesome sprays and douches that can only relieve you for the time. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable blood remedy, made from roots and herbs direct from the forest, which combat disease germs in the blood. This great remedy has been used for more than fifty years, with most satisfactory results. It has been successfully used by those afflicted with even the severest cases of Catarrh. It relieves Catarrh, for it treats the disease at its source. S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere. For the benefit of those afflicted with Catarrh, we maintain a medical department in charge of a specialist skilled in this disease. If you will write us fully, he will give you care careful study, and write you just what your own individual case requires. No charge is made for this service. Address Swift Specific Co., 262 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



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Snappy New Ideas in Men's and Young Men's SUITS \$25. \$30. \$35. \$40.

Ladies' Suits \$27.50 up Ladies' Waists \$5.98 up Ladies' Coats \$22.50 up Dresses \$18.98 up ASKIN & MARINE CO. 36 North 2nd St., Cor. Walnut St.

ASKIN & MARINE CO. 36 North 2nd St., Cor. Walnut St.

Put it in the Cup

THEN pour on boiling hot water—and the coffee is ready. Dissolves instantly. Strength regulated to suit taste by the quantity used. Pure coffee—absolutely soluble—retaining all the delicious flavor and quality. No coffee-pot needed. G. Washington Sales Co., Inc., 334 Fifth Ave., New York

Just as you do Sugar Absolutely Pure—Delicious Coffee

G. Washington's COFFEE Originated by Mr. Washington in 1909

