



The Star-Independent.

LXXXVIII—NO. 266

20 PAGES

Daily Except Sunday. Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Harrisburg

HARRISBURG, PA. TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 11, 1919.

ONLY EVENING ASSOCIATED PRESS SINGLE COPIES NEWS PAPER IN HARRISBURG TWO CENTS

HOME EDITION

ORDER RESCINDING STRIKE OF SOFT COAL MINERS IS APPROVED BY COURT

Decision Is Reached After 17 Hours' Session; Lewis States He Acts Under Protest

"GOOD FAITH EFFORT" TO COMPLY WITH MANDATE

Indianapolis, Nov. 11.—United States District Judge A. B. Anderson at 10 o'clock this morning approved the order of the officials of the United Mine Workers of America rescinding the strike order of October 15.

Attorneys for the miners promised to try to have it in the mails by 6 o'clock this evening.

This action was taken following a session of the general committee of the miners, which decided early today to comply with the mandate of the court, issued last Saturday.

"Good Faith Effort" Judge Anderson characterized the order as a "good faith effort" to comply with his mandate.

The order to rescind was presented to the court by Henry Warrum, Indianapolis, attorney for the miners. After the court proceedings, Mr. Warrum, G. L. Grant, Fort Smith, Ark., and F. C. Huebner, Albion, Ia., associated counsel, issued a statement in the presence of the government attorneys, in which the position of the mine workers was stated.

Attorneys' Statement The statement of the attorneys follows:

"The operators have repeatedly declared that they were ready to enter into negotiations with the miners. The strike order was withdrawn. The government has taken the position that in the vindication of its own supremacy, the strike order must be withdrawn before they would take any steps to compel the resumption of such negotiations. This issue has been submitted to the court and in compliance with the court's ruling, the strike order has been canceled and withdrawn. It seems to me that good faith on the part of the operators requires me to enter into negotiations at once for the purpose of negotiating a settlement of this wage controversy and that good faith on the part of the miners requires me to procure a joint meeting of operators and miners at which negotiations for a wage agreement would be reopened.

The general committee, composed of international officers, district presidents and members of the executive board and scale committees, reached its decision at 4:10 this morning and adjourned five minutes later, to reconvene at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Cannot Fight Government "Gentlemen, we will comply with the mandate of the court. We do it under protest. We are Americans. We cannot fight our government. That is all."

This was the statement of John L. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers, announcing the decision, and other members of the conference apparently worn out by their long hours of discussion, declined to add to the statement of their chief and soon dispersed.

The general committee had been in session since shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning taking only brief recesses for lunch and adjournment, issued Saturday, and returned to the session in the afternoon by the appearance of United States Marshal Mark Storen and his deputies, who served 33 of the officials with copies of the temporary injunction, issued Saturday, and returnable December 1. The writs in the restraining order were made returnable November 20.

Impassioned Speeches During the day approaches to the entrances of the conference hall were carefully guarded by a sergeant-at-arms and during recesses a man remained on guard in the hall, but in the later hours of the conference the sergeant-at-arms disappeared.

The speeches at times were impassioned and voices from the hall rose above the hubbub of the hotel, in which the conference was held, but only a word now and then was distinguishable. It is understood that all phases of the question were argued and the effect various actions might have on the organization entered into the discussion, but according to members not a voice was taken on any subject until the action

was taken. The conference was held in the hall of the Hotel Pennsylvania, which is situated at the corner of 11th and Market streets.

At 10 o'clock this morning the court issued its order rescinding the strike order of October 15, 1919.

The order to rescind was presented to the court by Henry Warrum, Indianapolis, attorney for the miners. After the court proceedings, Mr. Warrum, G. L. Grant, Fort Smith, Ark., and F. C. Huebner, Albion, Ia., associated counsel, issued a statement in the presence of the government attorneys, in which the position of the mine workers was stated.

Attorneys' Statement The statement of the attorneys follows:

"The operators have repeatedly declared that they were ready to enter into negotiations with the miners. The strike order was withdrawn. The government has taken the position that in the vindication of its own supremacy, the strike order must be withdrawn before they would take any steps to compel the resumption of such negotiations. This issue has been submitted to the court and in compliance with the court's ruling, the strike order has been canceled and withdrawn. It seems to me that good faith on the part of the operators requires me to enter into negotiations at once for the purpose of negotiating a settlement of this wage controversy and that good faith on the part of the miners requires me to procure a joint meeting of operators and miners at which negotiations for a wage agreement would be reopened.

The general committee, composed of international officers, district presidents and members of the executive board and scale committees, reached its decision at 4:10 this morning and adjourned five minutes later, to reconvene at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Cannot Fight Government "Gentlemen, we will comply with the mandate of the court. We do it under protest. We are Americans. We cannot fight our government. That is all."

This was the statement of John L. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers, announcing the decision, and other members of the conference apparently worn out by their long hours of discussion, declined to add to the statement of their chief and soon dispersed.

The general committee had been in session since shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning taking only brief recesses for lunch and adjournment, issued Saturday, and returned to the session in the afternoon by the appearance of United States Marshal Mark Storen and his deputies, who served 33 of the officials with copies of the temporary injunction, issued Saturday, and returnable December 1. The writs in the restraining order were made returnable November 20.

Cancelling Order

Indianapolis, Ind., November 11, 1919. "To the Officials and Members of the United Mine Workers of America:

"Dear Sirs and Brothers—In obedience to the mandate issued on November 8, by the United States Court, district of Indiana, Judge A. B. Anderson presiding, the undersigned hereby advise you that the order of October 15, directing a cessation of operations in the bituminous coal fields of our jurisdiction, is withdrawn and canceled.

"Yours fraternally, "WILLIAM GREEN, "Secretary-Treasurer. "JOHN L. LEWIS, "President."

WILL CALL BOTH SIDES TOGETHER

Secretary of Labor to Make Effort to Negotiate New Wage Agreement—Congress Proposes Investigation

Washington, Nov. 11.—I shall immediately call the miners and operators together to negotiate a wage agreement," Secretary of Labor Wilson said today after a meeting of President Wilson's cabinet.

Attorney General Palmer on leaving the cabinet meeting made this statement: "Palmer Speaks

"My information is that the miners have submitted to the court the form of an order canceling and withdrawing the strike order, and the strike order having been withdrawn, therefore, the Secretary of Labor will today invite the operators and miners to meet immediately in conference to negotiate an adjustment of their controversy.

"I have been assuming at all times that the miners' organization would obey the law when it was called to their attention in the way it has been, and I am glad they justified this assumption.

"The way now is open to a settlement by the peaceful processes which should always be employed.

POLICIES OF NATION ARE UP BEFORE LEGION

Spirited Contests Being Fought Out by Veterans; Many Recommendations In

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 11.—Spirited contests over the attitude of the veterans of the great war on many important national policies were on the program to be fought out today on the floor of the first convention of the American Legion in the second day's session.

Reports of twenty committees to consider speakers were limited to five minutes, as today's session was broken by the armistice day parade, in which legion delegates were joined by veterans of previous wars and several patriotic societies.

Among the important recommendations submitted to the convention today in the committee reports are:

War service adjustment bonds granting each service man and woman one dollar a day for time in the Federal service.

Proposing Minneapolis as permanent national headquarters.

Committee endorsement of universal military training.

Important changes in the converted war risk insurance policies offered to discharged veterans by the Government.

Revision of the constitution to create a new set of national officers.

Increase in national dues to support the American Legion weekly.

Extending membership to State Troops and others not composed of and also auxiliaries Federalized of women relatives of veterans.

With 60 votes distributed among the various State delegations, which number nearly twice as many representatives, leaders in the convention are doubtful whether all business can be disposed of within the two remaining days on the program.

Massachusetts with 65 has the State vote. Pennsylvania has 50.

SILVER DOLLARS WORTH \$1.30

To-day's financial dispatches show that, with a plethora of silver dollars, a smelter and an expert salesman, any man can hope to become rich. Silver bullion is quoted at more than \$1.30 an ounce, and local bankers say a silver dollar weighs approximately one ounce. The only fly in the ointment for the purchaser of silver dollars for sale as bullion is that the dispatch concludes: "Little business is being transacted and the quotations are largely nominal."

CHILD WIFE MAY NOT BE CALLED TO GIVE STORY

Youthful Defendant Kisses Relatives Greeted in Courtroom

ATTORNEY MAKES PLEA Tells Jury Girl-Wife Has Been Epileptic Since She Was 13

When court was adjourned shortly after noon to-day counsel for Catherine Stewart, the 17-year-old child-wife charged with murdering her baby son, had not decided whether she would be called as a witness in her own defense.

Many relatives and friends of the girl were present in court again today and came forward at adjournment and spoke to her just before she was taken from Court room No. 1. She kissed a number of them and shook hands with a few others, smiling much of the time.

Throughout the morning session, although slightly nervous, the girl-mortally listened attentively as witness after witness was called and examined by District Attorney Michael E. Stroup. He announced that the Commonwealth rested at 11:20 o'clock, and Moe Baturin, one of Mrs. Stewart's attorneys then rested the jury.

Mother Testifies He told the jurors that the defendant had been subject to epileptic fits since she was 13 years old, and had suffered from two to four each day. He explained that in defense it would be shown that she had spilled the baby's milk when she was 13 years old, and that she had suffered an attack of epilepsy.

The girl's mother, Mrs. Bessie Heinbach, was called first by the defense. Earlier in the morning she was called by Mr. Stroup. Testifying to save her daughter from conviction, Mrs. Heinbach told the jurors that the child, before the baby was born, had suffered from fits and fits and again that morning.

She also said that her daughter appeared to be dependent during the morning.

Cries at First When brought into court this morning the young wife cried for a moment, but soon she composed herself and listened to Mr. Stroup addressing the jury. Shortly after 10 o'clock Dr. C. R. Phillips, the first witness, was sworn in and took the stand.

He told of receiving a call to the Heinbach home, 904 Capital street, June 10. Upon reaching the home he found the three-week-old baby dead in the crib and the mother, Mrs. Heinbach and a

Strikers and Deputies Battered Each Others' Heads With Clubs and Bricks

Somerville, N. J., Nov. 11.—Striking workers of the H. W. Johns-Manville Companies general manufacturing plant at Manville, near Denver, today clashed with police deputies under Sheriff Brokaw, of Somerset county and George E. Totten, of the county prosecutor's office.

A scuffle which began when the strikers halted motor trucks in which the deputies were being sent to town to preserve order ended after five minutes with many heads battered.

Armed with riot guns, the deputies were ordered to Manville to put down disorders growing out of the strike yesterday of 2,000 unskilled workers seeking increased wages and shorter hours.

At Raritan bridge the vanguard of the motor trucks was met by a group of fifteen pickets, and a husky leader of the strikers who carried a brick in his hand, struck him in the face.

The deputies leaped from the machines and a fight ensued. No shots were fired but riot clubs were used freely. Subsequently the deputies were placed about the plant to protect the men who still are at work.

1919 WARM The year 1919 is establishing a record as one of the warmest years in the history of the Harrisburg Weather Bureau.

Thus far a total excess of 707 degrees has been recorded by Forecaster E. R. Demain and his assistants at the local bureau. November temperature is continuing as the weather of most Novembers.

What Harrisburg has been visited with an unusual number of rainy days thus far in November, the excess rainfall has not been large. The rainy excess for the year has not been large when the number of rainy days have been taken into consideration.

Thus far the excess is 3.21 inches, a common record.

HOUSES DYNAMITED Pittsburgh, Nov. 11.—Houses, occupied by foreigners employed in steel plants where the strike is still on, were damaged by explosions early to-day but none of the occupants were injured.

G. S. REINOEHL PROMOTED FOR IMPORTANT TASK

Division Manager of Bell Telephone Company Goes to Philadelphia

20 YEARS IN THE SERVICE C. F. Brisbin, of Wilkes-Barre, to Succeed Harrisburg Man



GEORGE S. REINOEHL

George S. Reinoehl, division manager for the Bell Telephone Company in the Harrisburg division, was today appointed division manager of the combined Atlantic Coast and the Philadelphia divisions, one of the most important in the country, comprising all of Philadelphia, the lower half of New Jersey, all of Delaware and the counties of Bucks, Chester, Delaware and Montgomery counties in Pennsylvania. Mr. Reinoehl will be succeeded here by C. F. Brisbin, district manager of Wilkes-Barre.

The new division is one of the biggest in the Bell Telephone company and formerly was in charge of two managers. He will have a large number of friends in Harrisburg, having been very active in the affairs of the city ever since his removal here. He is a member of the public affairs committee of the Rotary Club and has just retired as president of the Harrisburg Chamber of Commerce after an active and successful year.

He was at one time president of Harrisburg Council, Boy Scouts of America, is a member of the board of governors of the Harrisburg Club, was a team captain in the first two Liberty Loan campaigns and placed in the City of the Red Cross campaign. As president of the Chamber of Commerce he

was arrested. Those taken into custody included John O'Mahony, John Hayes and Frank Lawless, Sinn Fein members of the British Legion and the Commons. Many documents were seized by the raiders.

MUSEUMS OF MARTYRS' CELLS Brussels, Monday, Nov. 11.—The cells occupied by Edith Cavell and Gabrielle Petit previous to their execution by the Germans are to be transformed into miniature museums. This has been decided upon by the court of justice. Clothes worn by the two women, their books and other belongings have been collected and placed in the cells. Plaque bearing appropriate inscriptions will be attached to the doors.

TWO MORE REDS ARRESTED Youngstown, O., Nov. 11.—Two more alleged radicals were arrested here to-day by agents of the Department of Justice. The men are Russians. Thirty-two prisoners are now held at the county jail as a result of the anti-rad campaign here. Government agents maintained their silence as to the charges against the men or the evidence obtained.

GET TWO LEADERS Akron, O., Nov. 11.—Two more alleged radical leaders are under arrest here to-day. Close guard was maintained around county and city buildings. One man of the twenty-seven arrested Sunday afternoon has been released. The others are being held for deportation.

NEGRO IS BURNED Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 11.—Jordan Jameson, negro, who last Friday shot and killed Sheriff Greer, of Columbia county, near Magnolia, was taken from officers at Magnolia early to-day and burned in the public square at Magnolia.

STEEL OUTPUT GROWS Youngstown, Ohio, Nov. 11.—Steel operations have been increased from 50 per cent. of capacity to 75 per cent. as a result of the opening of new departments with the beginning of the week, according to industrial observers here.

EMPHASIZES WAR'S GRIM TRAGEDY

Washington, Nov. 11.—In the midst of the celebration to-day of the anniversary of the signing of the armistice, the tragedy of war again was emphasized by announcement of a revised list of American casualties, showing a total of 293,089.

The list includes 34,625 killed in action, including 382 lost at sea; died of wounds, 15,355; died of disease, 23,692; died of accident and other causes, 5,328; wounded in action, 215,409, missing in action two.

PRISON LIFE IS DRIVING INSANE ILL-TREATED MEN

Warden Francis Scores State For Neglect of Convicts in Penitentiaries

PUNISHMENT SECONDARY Lack of Decencies Turns Released Prisoners Into Enemies of Society

"Men are going insane in the State prison at Pittsburgh every day, and its because of the lack of attention that people of this State pay to prison legislation."

This was the statement of John Francis, warden of the western penitentiary who spoke to a large audience at the luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce in the Pennsylvania Hotel to-day. After his talk the members of the Chamber kept Mr. Francis busy answering questions about his system in the penitentiary.

After introduction by Spencer C. Gilbert, who told of the success Mr. Francis was having by his application of humane methods to prison work, the warden began his story of prison reform.

Mr. Francis explained that he was not really an expert, giving his

experience as a basis for his statements.

He said that he had been in the State prison at Pittsburgh every day, and its because of the lack of attention that people of this State pay to prison legislation.

This was the statement of John Francis, warden of the western penitentiary who spoke to a large audience at the luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce in the Pennsylvania Hotel to-day. After his talk the members of the Chamber kept Mr. Francis busy answering questions about his system in the penitentiary.

After introduction by Spencer C. Gilbert, who told of the success Mr. Francis was having by his application of humane methods to prison work, the warden began his story of prison reform.

Mr. Francis explained that he was not really an expert, giving his

experience as a basis for his statements.

He said that he had been in the State prison at Pittsburgh every day, and its because of the lack of attention that people of this State pay to prison legislation.

This was the statement of John Francis, warden of the western penitentiary who spoke to a large audience at the luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce in the Pennsylvania Hotel to-day. After his talk the members of the Chamber kept Mr. Francis busy answering questions about his system in the penitentiary.

After introduction by Spencer C. Gilbert, who told of the success Mr. Francis was having by his application of humane methods to prison work, the warden began his story of prison reform.

Mr. Francis explained that he was not really an expert, giving his

experience as a basis for his statements.

He said that he had been in the State prison at Pittsburgh every day, and its because of the lack of attention that people of this State pay to prison legislation.

This was the statement of John Francis, warden of the western penitentiary who spoke to a large audience at the luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce in the Pennsylvania Hotel to-day. After his talk the members of the Chamber kept Mr. Francis busy answering questions about his system in the penitentiary.

After introduction by Spencer C. Gilbert, who told of the success Mr. Francis was having by his application of humane methods to prison work, the warden began his story of prison reform.

Mr. Francis explained that he was not really an expert, giving his

experience as a basis for his statements.

ARMISTICE DAY USHERED IN BY GREAT CLAMOR

Whistles Shrick and Bells Ring on First Anniversary of War's End

EXERCISES IN SCHOOLS Trolley Cars Stop For Minute at Stroke of Eleven O'Clock

Harrisburg to-day commemorated the first anniversary of the signing of the armistice which brought to an end the world's greatest war.

Entirely informal, Harrisburg's part of the nation-wide observance of the day, was none the less reverent. National colors were flown, despite the unfavorable weather.

Church bells clearly pealing forth, first announced the arrival of the hour on which the guns on the western front ceased firing just one year ago to-day. The din of railroad bells and whistles added to the clamor.

Trolley Cars Stop Harrisburg, generally, in accordance with Mayor Keister's proclamation, ceased activity for one minute starting at 11 o'clock. All trolley cars in the city, both those of the Harrisburg Railways and Valley Railways, ceased operation at that time for a full minute, when all power was turned off.

Activity in city stores, banks, industrial establishments and other business places, was suspended for a period of several minutes following the striking of the hour. No complete suspension of business prevailed in any establishment.

Aerial exercises by flyers from the Middletown Aviation Depot, were prevented by reason of the unfavorable weather. Several birdmen

participated in the exercises. [Continued on Page 12.]

FOUR DIE IN RIVER CRASH Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Four men were killed and a dozen persons injured when a tug crashed into a crowded Philadelphia and Reading Railway ferryboat on the Delaware river here to-day. The dead were crushed almost beyond recognition. About one hundred and fifty persons were rescued from the ferryboat.

IOWA WILL NOT RETURN TO WORK Des Moines.—Iowa miners will not return to work in spite of the rescinding of the strike order, in the opinion of Joseph Morris, vice-president of District No. 13, United Mine Workers of America, expressed here to-day.

MUST PREPARE TO SHOULDER SHARE London.—Arthur J. Balfour, former foreign minister and now lord president of the council, opening the League of Nations campaign to-day, declared that the future of the league would be dark indeed unless all the powers and particularly Great Britain, were prepared to take an equal share in the burdens the league cast upon them.

FREIGHT WRECK BLOCKS TRACKS Boiling Springs.—A number of freight cars were piled up here this morning when several cars on a Reading railway trainleft the rails. All tracks were blocked and traffic was tied up for several hours.

Berlin.—A plot to depose the Sultan of Turkey has been discovered, says a Constantinople dispatch dated Monday, received here to-day.

DENIES LEVER ACT ASSURANCE New York.—Former Attorney General Gregory denied in a statement here to-day he had given assurances to labor leaders that the Lever act would not be enforced against their organizations in attempts to better working conditions, as claimed by officers of the American Federation of Labor.

RESTRICTIONS ON COAL ARE TIGHTENED Philadelphia.—Restrictions on the distribution of soft coal were tightened to a wartime basis to-day by L. W. Baldwin, regional director for the Allegheny region of the United States Railroad Administration, despite dispatches indicating an early return of the miners to work.

WETS WIN IN OHIO Columbus.—Ohio last Tuesday voted against ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment by a majority of 641, according to complete official returns received to-day by the Secretary of State. The vote was: For ratification, 499,879; against, 500,520.

MARRIAGE LICENSES Frank Smith, Harrisburg, and Barbara Rupp, Steelton; Harry L. Farnsworth and Olin Snyder, Sunbury; Walter W. Denner and Alma B. Fox, Harrisburg.

THE WEATHER

Harrisburg and Vicinity: Fair and colder to-night and Wednesday. Lowest temperature tonight about 40 degrees. Eastern Pennsylvania: Colder and generally fair to-night and Wednesday. Moderate south to west winds. River: The Susquehanna river and all its branches will rise slightly or remain nearly stationary. A stage of about 5.2 feet is indicated for Harrisburg Wednesday morning.