Daily Union & American

DAILY, $8; TRI-WEEKLY, $5; WEEKLY $3.

OFFICE—CORNER CHURCH AND CHERRY STREETS.

G. C. TORBETT & CO.

E.G. EASTMAN, P.C. DUNNINGTON, & G.C. TORBETT.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, '57

ELECTION ITEMS.

KNOX COUNTY.—A Democratic gain of six hundred! Do you hear the thunder? Did the lightning strike anything else? Who cares now for the comet! Anderson, Floater for Knox and Sevier; White, Representative for Knox; and Welcker, Senator for Knox and Roane, all Know-Nothings, of course elected.

BOLUNT COUNTY.—Democratic gain, two hundred and twenty three! Bicknell (k. n.) elected Representative. Fletcher (k. n.) beats Bullen (dem.) for the Senate only 65, the latter believed to be elected. If so, Democratic gain.

ANDERSON COUNTY.—Harris gain about 60. Keaney (k. n.) elected Representative for Campbell and Anderson. Bratcher (k. n.) supposed to be elected Senator.

HUMPHREY COUNTY.—Harris' majority 388. Mickey (dem.) elected to the Legislature.

BENTON COUNTY.—Harris's majority, 260. Ross (dem.) is probably elected Senator, as he has 560 majority in Benton and Humphreys.

DICKSON COUNTY.—A letter dated Charlotte, Aug. 7th, says:

Below I give you the vote of Dickson county.

Harris, 815; Hatton, 362; Quarles, 795; Zollicoffer 375.

Schmittou (dem.) elected Representative over Shelton by 58 majority. Harris makes a nett gain of 19 taking the President's vote as a criterion.

HICKMAN COUNTY.—The full vote of Hickman is as follows:

For Governor—Harris, 998; Hatton, 162.

For Congress—Wright, 1045; McElrath, 9.

For Representative—Williams, 761; Branham, 198.

For Senator—Whitthorne 1050.

HATWOOD COUNTY.—A friend, writing from this county, says: The battle has been fought, and the victory won. And a glorious victory it is! *Bradford, Democrat, elected Representative by a majority of* 111 *votes.* (One hundred and eleven). Glory enough for the present.

Below are the Democratic majorities in this county.

Harris, 138; Avery, 125; Read, 149; Bradford, 111.

Our friends had a grand jubilee in Brownsville last night.

HENRY COUNTY.—How handsomely she endorses her "matured statesman!" A letter from Paris, the 7th, says: The result of the election in this county yesterday was.

For Governor—Harris, 1785; Hatton, 839; Harris, majority 946.

For Congress—Atkins, 1759; Etheridge 853; Atkins majority 906.

For Senate—Travis, 1779;—no opposition.

For Legislature—Lamb, 1800;—no opposition.

For Floater—Smith, 1647; Bullock, 796; Smith's majority 851.

WARREN COUNTY.—Hill (dem.) elected Senator and Smart (dem.) Representative, without opposition. Majority for Harris, 810; a gain of 91. Majority for Savage, 772 a gain of 47.

SMITH COUNTY.—The majority for Hatton is 723, a Democratic gain of 144. For Senator, Stewart's majority, 713. For Floater, Douglas' majority is 733. For the Legislature, Saunders, (k. n.) elected by 694. This gain insures the election of Munday and Turner, (dem.) for Senator and Floater. For Congress, Picket's majority is 744.

WHITE—OFFICIAL.—Hatton, 812; Harris, 740; majority 72, gain over last Governor election 212; Pickett, 810; Savage, 679;—majority 131; Flippin, 773; Dunton, 773—gain; Renshaw (k. n.) beats Rohanon (dem.) 126 votes.

ROANE COUNTY.—We rejoice in being able to announce the redemption of Roane county, and the election of Turner (dem.) as Representative by a majority of 104.

EIGHT DEMOCRATS ELECTED TO CONGRESS!

We think we may safely claim the election of eight members of Congress. From the three close districts the news is not full, but despatches, letters, and verbal accounts claim them certainly for the democrats. The congressional delegation will then stand as follows:

Dist. 1. A. G. WATKINS, dem.
2. W. W. WALLACE, dem.
3. SAMUEL A. SMITH, dem.
4. JOHN H. SAVAGE, dem.
5. CHARLES READY, k. n.
6. GEORGE W. JONES, dem.
7. JOHN V. WRIGHT, dem.
8. F. K. ZOLLICOFFER, k. n.
9. J. D. C. ATKINS, dem.
10. W. T. AVERY, dem.

There is righteous retribution in this result, as it exactly reverses the infamous *Henrymander.*

THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

We have postponed commenting on the result in the Fifth District, because we have not yet received the returns of the election. We suppose the majority against Col. GUILD is something upwards of 200. This result, under all the circumstances, shows a brilliant canvass by our indomitable candidate. He entered the canvass late, with the single purpose of strengthening the ticket, and without stopping to count the chances of victory or defeat. He lost the *prestige* of an early canvass, and had a majority of more than six hundred to overcome.—Still, but for an unfortunate accident, which crippled him and prevented a thorough canvass of Sumner, he would have been elected.

In the midst of our rejoicing over the sucess of our ticket throughout the State, the services of those true men who have temporarily fallen under heavy odds should not be overlooked. Col. Guild has for many years been one of our strongest and most self-sacrificing leaders. He was beaten in this race by accidents rather than by his opponent; but he has earned the warmest thanks of our party, and the day is not far distant when his many services will be rewarded.

THE AVALANCHE!

It is a weak word to say that the opponents of Know-Nothingism have achieved a *victory* in Tennessee. A perfect *avalanche* has swept that monstrous deformity from existence.

PUNISH THE DECEIVERS BUT RECLAIM THE DECEIVED.

Many good men voted with the Know-Nothings from the force of personal association and from prejudicies against the Democratic party. Such men may yet be reclaimed to their duty to their county. But the getters-up of Know-Nothingism are to be remembered. Let the records be preserved! Our safety in the future demands the condign punishment of these men.

☞ We have observed in our intercourse with the opposition that the chiefest object of their concern is Hon. Emerson Etheridge. They can bear the loss of everything else, but when the probability of his defeat is mentioned their fortitude seems to fail them.

We confess that we are unable to give the philosophy of this. We cannot see why Mr. Etheridge should be dearer to them than all else besides. He has never canvassed the State for any party. He was never an "intense American." He is not so much as the nominee of a Convention. In his political career as a member of Congress, he has obtained for himself a notoriety in but one particular—in making himself a favorite with the Abolitionists and an object of hostility and reproach at the South. This is all that we know which entitles him to the special favor and affection of his party.

Latest From East Tennessee.

[Despatch from Chattanooga, Monday morning.]

Watkins and Wallace both elected to Congress; Bullen elected Senator; Turner elected in Roane. Burch still in doubt. Smith elected to Congress by his old majority. A. M. JOHNSON.

—A later despatch announces the election of Burch by 75 majority. The victory is become perfect in its details.

THE RESULT.

The Democracy of Tennessee have achieved the most signal triumph which the existence of the party has witnessed. Such details as have reached us in an authentic form will be found elsewhere in our columns. Although the returns are far from complete, we may venture now to sum up the results as being about as follows:

A Democratic Governor by from ten to twelve sand majority.

Eight of the ten Members of Congress.

A majority of not less than five, and probably seven, in each House of the State Legislature, and from ten to fourteen on joint vote of the two Houses. This victory has been achieved in the face of the most desperate efforts by our opponents, who labored with the energy of desperation to prevent it.

The State of Tennessee is again safely and securely in the Democratic fold; and the arch political traitor, who did most to betray the party twenty years ago, is to be crushed forever beneath the weight of this great verdict.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.—The following is the result of the election for member of Congress in this district. The official returns will probably vary the result a little.

	Zollicoffer.	Quarles.
Davidson,	2960	1989
Montgomery,	1145	1038
Robertson,	147 maj.	
Dickson,	375	795
Stewart,		maj. 299
	4627	4121
	4121	
Zollicoffer's majority.	506	

FOR CONGRESS.

There is no doubt of the election of the six Democrats claimed in our paper of yesterday morning; and if the Democratic counties in the first and second Districts have done half as well as the Know Nothing counties, we have carried both those Districts. Messrs. Zollicoffer and Ready are the only Know Nothings who are *certainly* elected to Congress.

THE LEGISLATURE.

We hope to be able, in our paper for to-morrow, to publish returns from most of the counties, giving the names and politics of the members elect to the Legislature. In the mean time, we think it safe to claim sixteen of the twenty-five Senators, and forty-one of the seventy-five Representatives; or a majority of fourteen on joint vote. We think the chances are strong that this majority will be increased in both Houses.

FROM THE MEMPHIS DISTRICT.

We copy the following paragraphs from the Memphis *Appeal:*

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION—TENTH DISTRICT.—The annexed is the correct statement (official) of the majorities given in this Congressional District:

Stephens, Fayette county	20
" Madison "	544
	564
Avery, Hardeman county	702
" Shelby "	209
" Haywood "	124
	1035
	564
Avery's majority over Stephens	471

WALKER'S MAJORITY.—It will be seen by our table that J. Knox Walker, Democratic candidate for State Senator from the counties of Shelby and Fayette, has received a majority of 331 votes. This will seem astounding, when it is remembered that these counties have been for a number of years—one of them near a quarter of a century—opposed to the Democracy.

COUNTY REPRESENTATIVES.—Dunlap and King are certainly elected, the latter by 23 votes over his next highest competitor, and the former by a much larger majority. Shelby, therefore, has—for the first time in her history—a full Democratic representation in the Legislature—a Democratic Senator and Floater, and a Democratic Congressman. The Governor elect is also a citizen of Shelby. Haywood has elected the first Democratic Representative she has had since the days of Jackson. The gallant *Bradford* has nobly won the race. Old Hardeman has increased her vote. She deserves the name of the Gibraltar of Democracy in West Tennessee.

NOTICE TO THE RETURNING OFFICERS OF THE STATE.

The returns of the Gubernational and Congressional elections as received by the Executive Department have not been made in strict conformity with the laws. We would therefore most respectfully call the attention of retuaning officers to the 2d Sec. 3d Art. of the Constitution, directing how the returns of election for Governor should be made. It says:

"The returns of every election for Governor shall be so added up, and transmitted to the seat of Government by the returning officer, *directed* to the *Speaker of the Senate.*"

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

The 3d Sec. of an Act passed Feb. 20, 1852, entitled "an Act to apportion the Representation in the United States," page 294, acts of 1851-2, says

"That the several Sheriffs, in the different counties in this State shall on the day succeeding the day of election for members of Congress in the several districts as organized in the preceding portion of this Act, make out triplicate certificates of the number of votes for each candidate, one of which shall be retained by the Sheriffs respectfully, and the other two certificates shall be transmitted by them in different mails immediately thereafter to the Governor," &c., &c.

Sec. 4th fixes a penalty of $500 on any Sheriff who neglects to make his returns within twenty days after the day of election.

We are led to make these remarks from seeing returns of the election of the 6 inst., made to the Governor, in which the vote for Governor is alone given, and which should have been addressed to the speaker of the Senate. Whilst the congressional vote is omitted in others, which, alone should be addressed to the Governor.

THE FRUITS OF HATTON'S "GREAT VICTORY" AT CAMDEN!

We have two letters from friends in Camden, both of which we print, omitting the details in the second:

CAMDEN, Aug. 7, 1857.

We have met the know-nothings and they are ours, but we have used them up so completely they are hardly worth having. The vote was as follows:

Harris, 630; Hatton, 371; Wright, 708; Ross, 586; Morris, 400; Mickley, 641; Johnson, 398. Harris' majority over Hatton 259; Ross' over Morris 186; Mickley's over Johnson 143. This is a gain for Harris over Buchanan's majority of 80. In the Presidential election there was 1090 votes cast in this county, and in the present election 1001. We are quite sanguine of Ross' election by from two to four hundred. This will be a gain. This county is the home of W. P. Morris, an old officer of the county, and a fine stumper. He gives up the hunt.

CAMDEN, August 7, 1857.

You recollect how much ink was shed and paper spoiled about Hatton's triumph over Harris at this place, upon the opening of the canvass for Governor. Below I send you the vote of this county, which is a clear gain over the Presidential vote of 80, and 281 gain over Gentry and Johnson's vote two years ago, when Know Nothingism was in its youth.

"Oh, Sam! Oh, Sam! thee'll get thy farrin,
In hell they'll roast thee like a herrin!"

MONEY HOARDED.—According to the treasury estimate, there are in this country about $250,000,000 in gold, of which little more than a fifth is in the banks—leaving little short of $200,000,000 to be found elsewhere. The treasury hoards very commonly from twenty to twenty five millions, leaving probably $175,000,000 to be sought among the people. Allowing $50,000,000—a liberal estimate—to be in actual use, there remains $125,000,000 which is hoarded by the people, and to an extent six times exceeding the treasury.

☞ Our neighbors of the *Patriot* seem to take it a little hard, that the Democracy of Davidson did not think fit to cast their votes for Maj. Goff, the Know Nothing Senator elect from this county. They seem to regard it as an evidence of the proscriptive spirit of Democrats that they did not insert the Major's name in their tickets. It may be comforting to the *Patriot* thus to find what it regards as evidence that Democracy is as bad in this respect as Know Nothingism. It may not be amiss however to remind our neighbors that Democrats are not *sworn* and are therefore not obliged to proscribe a man with whose political sentiments they do not agree unless they choose. In this particular case, if it be true that, as a general thing, they did not think proper to cast their votes for Maj. Goff, we suppose it was because he chose to be severe and even denunciatory towards them and their party and principle, and this although he had no opponent to answer him.

Although we found other and we trust, more profitable employment than listening to the Major's speeches, and cannot therefore say of our own knowledge, yet numbers of Democrats who did hear him say that he was quite as severe and unjust towards the Democratic party as an other aspirant before the people. Where then the sense of expecting democrats to vote for him? As a body they could not so vote consistently with their self-respect. All the *Patriot* says of Maj, Goff's amiability in the intercourse of private life, we dare say is true; and had *that* been the question in his election we can safely say that nineteenth-twentieths of the democrats of Davidson would have cheerfully voted for him to *remain* a private citizen—a post for which all must agree he is eminently qualified.

By the way did the *Patriot* hear nothing of a ticket with the names of John A. McEwen and Jackson B. White upon it as the candidates for Congress and State Senator? We did, and if there was any considerable number of them voted, this may account for some of the falling off in Maj. Goff's vote.—Some of them were cast, and our "dukedom to a beggarly dernier," not one was given by a Democrat.

From the Memphis Morning Bulletin.

THE LATE POLITICAL AVALANCHE.

The returns which reached us yesterday, confirm the impression that there has been a complete and universal route of the American or Know Nothing organization. It is more in the nature of an accomplished Revolution, an emphatically pronounced verdict of popular Condemnation, than of an ordinary triumph of political party. It is the death-knell of the peculiar and distinctive organization which assumed to guide, direct and control the elements of Opposition to the democratic party. The "experiment" has worked out to its end and consummation, and the result is wide-spread and irretrievable disaster. In tumbling to *its* "ruins," it has dragged down, we fear, some good men, whose talents would have been useful in the public service, and whose personal worth, under any circumstances, would have enabled them to overcome the ordinary oppugnation of political party.

The result in this Congressional and Senatorial District, has astonished all. Something of it is doubtless due to the virulence of special opposition towards the successful candidates, in arousing their personal and political friends to unwonted interest in their behalf; but over and above this, there is a change of so decided a character as to be unaccountable, except upon the assumption of a marked mutation in sentiment and opinion as between the two contending parties.

Gen. Harris' majority in the State, from present appearances, cannot be much less than 10,000, while it may leap up, for aught any one can calculate from the present aspect of the political battlefield, to 15,000. It is the most remarkable result of a political contest in Tennessee that has transpired since the Harrison whig deluge of 1840; and like that marks a new era of the party politics of the State.

The readers of the *Bulletin* will probably be less surprised than those of the partisan journals of the State generally. Inflexibly maintaining its integrity as in political sentiment an independent "Old Line Whig" *newspaper*—independent, rather than neutral—sincere rather than partisan—we have endeavored to make it a truthful and reliable *news* journal, in political as in other events of the times. Eventualities have vindicated its fidelity to current history; and now that the hurly burly s done, we can look its pages in the face without a blush, in the consciousness that, however, much misconceived or misrepresented while the heat of party strife was raging, if they have not *enlightened* they have at least not *misled* its readers.

Hereafter we may have something to say touching the philosophy taught by the political experiences of the last three years.

SENATOR RUSK.—This distinguished gentleman, whose death by suicide was mentioned a few days since, was a native of South Carolina, and not more than sixty years old. He went to Texas while it was a province of Mexico; took an active part in all the movements directed towards separation from that Republic; was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence; served with gallantry in the war; was chosen Secretary of War and afterwards President of the Republic. After the annexation to the United States, he was, together with Gen Houston, elected to the Senate, and has since then been twice re-elected. His third term would not have expired till March 4th, 1863. He was a most useful member of that distinguished body, and had the respect and confidence of his associates. His talents were excellent, and his views were moderate and conservative. Both as a soldier and a statesman he stood high in the estimation of all who knew him.

☞ We sincerely hope that Mr. Bell will now find time to write out the conclusion of his Market House speech. We are anxious to know if he said anything about resigning, in the event that the people did not approve his votes on the Kansas-Nebraska bill. Once, in the Senate, he said something on this subject. We want to hear from him again!

ROMANCE STILL LIVES FOR DIVERS REASONS.—A young lady, possessed of beauty, accomplishments and having $45,000 in hard cash on deposit at St. Louis, started recently on a trip to New York, in company with her aunt. She took passage on the Tennessee Bell from Keokuk to Cincinnati. On the same boat was a young man who had plenty of everything but money; he had importuned her at home, and kept up his ardent courtship on board the boat. The lady, however, was hard-hearted, and refused to him the least hope. The boat stopped awhile at Carrollton, Kentucky, and the lady and her aunt concluded to take a stroll on shore. As she was going down the gangway plank it tilted, and the lady fell into the water; she was drawn by the current under the wharf boat; the suitor jumped in, went under the boat after her, succeeded in catching her, and finally rescued her. In two hours she was perfectly retsored, and sending for her deliverer, and a clergyman being on board, they were married forthwith.—*St. Louis Republican.*

LAW OF BANKS.—The New York *Courier* reports the following cases, which are of interest to business men:

There are new phases in banking occurring almost daily, and requiring great watchfulness on the part of tellers and other bank officers. A case occurred a few weeks since among two up town banks which is somewhat novel. Bank A discounted a note for one of their customers, purporting to be made by a merchant, a customer of bank B, where it was made payable. At its maturity the note was sent to bank B for payment, and was duly certified by the paying teller, and then paid in exchanges. After a lapse of three weeks or a month, the note being charged to the customer's account it was discovered that the maker's name was a forgery.—Bank A was called upon to refund the money therefore; but declined on the ground that bank B in certifying and paying the note, assumed the validity of genuineness, and thus guaranteed the signature of their own customer.

This is in accordance with the recent decisions of the English and American Courts, whereby a bank paying a forged check of one of their own customers, guarantees its genuineness. In the present case bank B has recourse upon the eddorsers of the note in question, but not upon bank A, and if the endorsers are men of straw, the loss falls upon the former.

Another highly important case has been decided by the Supreme Court of this State, viz: Where the holder of a promissory note sent it when due to the bank at which it was payable, and the bank erroneously supposing the maker to be in funds, credited the holder with the amount, on discovering its mistake next day, corrected, and served the endorsers with notice of non-payment. It was held by the Supeme Court of New York in an action on the note against the endorsers, that it had not been paid, and that due steps had been taken to charge them, so as to render them liable.

Whre the note is payable at a particular place, a personal demand is not essential. It is the business of the maker to furnish funds at the place, ready to take up the paper on the day it falls due; and if the holder, or any one for him, is there with it, so that he may be in a situation and ready to receive the money and give up the note, it is sufficient.

THE NEW INCIDENT IN THE BURDELL CASE.

[From the New York Post.]

The Fifth Act in the Tragedy—Mrs. Cunningham Attempting to Palm off a Child—She is arrested.

The general report that Mrs. Cunningham, whom everybody has supposed to have been pregnant for months, was safely delivered of a child this morning who would claim as heir to the Burdell estate, created good deal of excitement throughout the city, which was increased by the announcement that Mrs. Cunningham was under arrest, for what cause was unknown.

The following statement of the facts in the case, which was procured at the District Attorney's office this morning, and elsewhere, by our reporters, will shed some light upon the mystery, and disclose the history of a crime almost without parallel in the city.

Dr. Uhl has been in attendance, with Dr. Cathn, of Brooklyn, upon Mrs. Cunningham. Dr. Uhl had been led to believe that Mrs. C. was soon to bear a child. She had presented all the external appearance of one about to be a mother—as he expressed it, "growing larger every week." But Dr. Uhl remarked, about a month ago, that as yet there was no positive evidence of pregnancy, and told her that, under the circumstances, he thought it his duty to make a medical examination. Mrs. Cunningham appeared very reluctant, and put the matter of from time to time. Generally she told him plainly that she was not pregnant at all; that she had been playing a game, and (Dr. Uhl) must help her out with it.

Dr. Uhl, previously to this time, had had confidence in the lady, but this bold proposition took him completely aback. He immediately consulted counsel, and upon legal advice stated the whole matter to District Attorney Hall. Mr. Hall told him it was his duty to carry out the matter in order to develope a great crime, and supply the proof for the criminal's conviction. Dr. Uhl finally consented.

He told Mrs. Cunningham that he was acquainted with a California widow, who was, he feared, about to be confined, and it would be necessary to dispose of the child altogether as the lady was going on to join her husband in California,

Mrs. Cunningham was delighted. It was arranged that neither party was to know anything of the other. The "widow" was to be confined at a house in Elm street, and the infant to be taken thence to 31 Bond street.

Mr. Hall then imparted the matter to Dr. De la Montagnie, and engaged him to assist in the counterplot, whenever the critical time should arrive. Yesterday morning Dr. Del la Montagnie went to Bellevue Hospital, and with the consent of Gov. Daly, selected a baby of Elizebeth Anderson, a beautiful little blue eyed girl, born on Saturday last. The mother kissed her baby, and consented to part with it on condition that it should be well taken care of and returned within twenty-four hours.

Dr. Uhl visited Mrs. Cunningham by appointment at half-past 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and told her he was prepared to carry out the thing at once; that the California widow was about to be confined at No. 190 Elm street, and she must be prepared to receive the little stranger with proper ceremonies.—Then she said she would be confined that night, if he would produce the child by nine o'clock. He was to come over and let her know at a quarter before nine o'clock, and she would send a woman to bring the child in a basket.

No time was to be lost. Mr. Hall hired a room of a respectable lager beer seller at No. 190 Elm street, and immediately sent down suitable furniture from his own house, including the basket for the baby. Dr Uhl took possession when Mrs. C. was seen passing the house and eyeing it closely.

Policemen were now judiciously posted, and every thing was arranged. Dr. Montagnie immediately posted to Bellevue Hospital, and succeeded in getting a pint of blood, as well as the assistance of an intelligent fresh girl, named Mary Regan, who was to act as nurse to the fictitious widow. A physician was also engaged to lie in bed with a nightcap on, and to do groaning for the "widow." This party arrived at 190 Elm street just in season.

Officer Wm. B. Walsh, of the Court of Sessions, was posted in the street opposite, and Inspectors Speight and Dilikes in Bond street. The physician who was to personate the "widow" assisted Dr. Montagnie in certain operations necessary to give the child the appearance of a new born babe, and then went to bed. Some private marks were also made on the child's head, with nitrate of silver. A messenger was send to 31 Bond street.

Shortly after Capt. Speight saw Mrs. Cunningham leave her house; followed her into a Fourth avenue car, where she was recognized by the conductor and some passengers, who spoke to Capt. Speight about her. She was disguised in a *quasi* nun's dress. The Captain followed her into Elm street until she disappeared into the lager beer saloon.

He then returned to his post. In a few moments Dr. Uhl came out and asked the officers opposite whether they had seen the woman leave the house. She had passed out so quietly that they had failed to perceive her.

The officers next repaired to No. 31 Bond street, where they learned that Mrs. Cunningham had gone out, but had not returned, and that a man with a white hat had gone in. [This was Dr. Catlin, of Brooklyn, who was assisting Mrs. C. in good faith.]

Dr. Montagnie at once went to the corner of the Bowery and Bond street, where he met Mrs. Cunningham, in the nun's dress, with a large basket in her hands, in which he had placed the baby. She went into her house.

It had been arranged between her and Dr. Uhl that she should send in urgent haste to his house. Accordingly he had appeared and went.

He soon came out and walked down the street. The officers then went up, by the District Attorney's direction, rung the bell, and entered. They were met by two women at the door, who informed them that Mrs. Cunningham was very sick and could not be seen. They found her in bed with the baby by her side—one of the "nurses" giving her warm drink from a dish over a lamp from time to time.

Dr. Montagnie asked if that was Dr. Burdell's baby. Mrs. Cunningham replied: "Certainly—whose else could it be?" The officers at length told her that she must be arrested, that the game was played out.

She was apparently under the influence of opium, in order to create artificial paleness. One of the nurses was taken to the station house, and the other remained at No. 31 Bond street with Mrs. Cunningham, in charge of the officers.

To day affidavits were submitted before Justice Flandreau, and warrants were issued for the arrest of Mrs. Cunningham, her nurses, Dr. Cutler, and others.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 10, 1857.

Editor Union & American:

DEAR SIR: Having recently visited the Montgomery White Sulphur Springs, in the Mountains of Virginia, I deem it a duty to the public as well as the enterprising proprietors of this delightful watering place, to add my mite in bringing it into notice.—The Springs are situated on the line of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, near the summit of the Allegahany Mountains. The buildings are beautifully and conveniently arranged, and furnished in fine style, capable of accomodating 1000 persons comfortably. The Cottages are large and airy, and so arranged as to give families any number of rooms. The Hotel accommodations are superior to any I have ever seen at a watering place. The table is provided with every comfort and luxury, and served in a style to please the most fastidious. The servants of the old Virginia stock, numerous, sprightly and very attentive. Now sir, these Springs are now by railroad accessible to Nashville or Memphis in 48 hours, with a gap of only 40 miles by stage in East Tennessee. This gap in the Virginia and Tennessee railroad will be completed this fall, which will give us the next season access to the Montgomery White Sulphur in thirty hours, all the way by railroad from Memphis or Nashville, to the Hotel door. This must make this the watering place of our Southern country.

A CITIZEN OF NASHVILLE.

CHURCH BUILDING IN NEW YORK.—The rage of church building is very great this season. On the Fifth Avenue, near 48th street, the Dutch Reformed Church is about to erect a new white marble church, on a bit of land costing $120,000. This church is the richest corporation in New York, after Trinity Church. A new Presbyterian church is to be reared on Murray Hill; this edifice springs out of the society of Rev. Mr. Alexander. Rev. Dr. Spring's new church will be of brick, with a stone steeple, 220 feet high, with clock and bell; it will hold about 2000 people, and cost $140,000. Rev. Mr. Thompson, of the Tabernacle Church, will have a church of white marble, which will cost $120,000. On the Fourth Avenue, the Methodists are to erect a magnificent church, and they go for white marble, with the best. They have just sold their house in Mulberry street, and "go up town." This church will have a steeple 200 feet high. The Baptists are to build an elegant church on Eighth Avenue and 43d street. This will be composed of brown stone and iron. And the Catholics, under the lead of Archbishop Hughes, are to put up, on the Fifth Avenue and 51st street, one of the most magnificent churches in the city.—*american Presbyterian.*

[*From the Memphis Enquirer of Election day.*]

The morrow will bring joy either to the Americans, or Anti-Americans. The native American or the Alien will be cast down. We, the Americans, will be successful in defending the integrity of our institutions, or the alien invader will sap them and ultimately take courage to invade our fire-sides, and, by the aid of the Democratic party, subject us and our children to the terrors of a foreign despotism. Oh, men of Memphis, think what will be the condition of your boys and girls twenty-five years from this day!

FOR ST. LOUIS.

THE light drought steamer ELLA.—A. Master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Friday, the 14th instant, at 5 o'clock. For freight or passage apply on board, or to A. HAMILTON, Agent.
aug11—3t

Statement of Nashville Building Association. Three Years.

DR.		
1857—Aug. 1. To am't due Treasurer,		371 89
Instalment account,		189,485 00
Interest received,		31,443 69
Officers' Fines.		1 75
Premium account,		143,664 12
Fines,		2,060 60
Profit and Loss,		185 40
		358,161 27
CR.		
By expense account,		4,569 89
Loan, "		352,000 00
Interest paid,		108 88
Real estate,		1,482 50
		358,161 27
Value of Shares at close of third year—		
Loans,		352,000 00
Real estate,		1,482 50
		353,482 50
Deduct amount advanced more than delinquents,	311,70 00	
" Amt. due Treas.,	331,20 00—	643 90
		352,839 06

Which divided by five thousand shares makes each share, upon which $36 has been paid, worth $70.57.

E G EASTMAN, Sec.

We have examined the books of the Secretary and Vouchers of Treasurer of the Nashville Building Association, and find the above statement to be correct. W J TURBVILLE, JNO W TS BASS, Auditors.
Aug. 11, '57—1t eeao

PROCLAMATION.

ANDREW JOHNSON, Governor of the State of Tennessee, to all who shall see these presents—Greeting:

Whereas, it has been made known to me that a certain JOHN OWEN, charged with having committed a foul and atrocious Murder on the — day of June 1857, upon the body of MICAIAH WHITLEY, late of our county of Williamson, has fled from justice and is now running at large.

Now therefore, I Andrew Johnson, Governor as aforesaid by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred Dollars, to any person or persons who may apprehend the said John Owen, and deliver him to the Sheriff or Jailor of our county of Williamson, in order that justice in that behalf may be had and executed.

L.S. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at Nashville, on the 10th day of August 1857. ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the Governor:
P. N. W. BURTON, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Said Owen is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches in hight, weighs about 135 lbs. and is well formed. He is quick spoken, dark complection and dark hair, and has a heavy beard. It is presumed he has gone in the direction of East Tennessee or Alabama. [aug. 11w1t.

Messrs. Stewart & Duncan,
MITCHELLSVILLE,

GENTS:—Accept my thanks for the present of a fine sack of Family Flour manufactured by you, and in justice I must say that it is the finest specimen of flour that I have used in my family since I have been in Tennessee. It is perfectly white, and bakes delightfully.

Respectfully,
aug. 11 dtf CATHARINE D. FRENCH.

SAM'L D. MORGAN | CHARLES J. CHENEY | ST. CLAIR R MORGAN.

FALL IMPORTATIONS! 1857.

Morgan & Co.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
No. 49, Public Square, Nashville,

WE have the pleasure of informing our customers and the trade generally that we are now daily receiving and opening our usual FALL STOCK, which will be ready for exhibition by the 20th inst.

We invite the attention of the trade to the examination of this stock—as we feel that with our long experience and the facilities we enjoy, we have succeeded in bringing out an assortment of goods which can not fail to please, as regards styles and prices, all who may favor us with a careful examination. [aug 11 tawsw] MORGAN & CO.

Philadelphia College of Medicine.

FIFTH ST., BELOW WALNUT, SESSION 1857 8.—The faculty of this Institution has concluded to hold hereafter but one collegiate Session in the year; beginning in October, and terminating in March. Examinations are given daily by the Professors at the college. Hospital instruction and Material for Practical Anatomy, gratuitous to the advanced students. Supplementary Lectures are also given during the summer.

FEES: Matriculation, $5, one full course, $100; Perpetual Ticket, $150 Graduation, $30.

A limited number of students, of moderate means, and well recommended, will be received on the Beneficiary list. For further information, address

B HOWARD RAND, M.D., Dean.
aug11-4.

Fire Association.

A REGULAR meeting of the Fire Association of Nashville will be held this evening at 8 o'clock, at Firemen's Hall, upper end of market house. Members are requested to be punctual in their attendance

August 11, 1857.—It. M D A NOLEN, Sec.

Just Received,

HARPER'S Weekly, and New York Ledger, by
aug 11 JOHN YOUK & CO.

Gold Pens.

HAGAN & BRO. have just received an assortment of Sheppard's superior Gold Pens. aug 11

Southern Portable Plantation

Corn-Feed and Flouring-Mill Establishment.

BUHR Millstone of all sizes on hand and made to order, smut mills, mill irons, mill gearing, belting, hoisting and regulating screws, screen wire, damsel irons, Plaster parts, Dutch anchor brand belting cloth of all numbers.

We also contract for the erection of flouring and sawmills. Also all kinds of repairing done in the most substantial manner, being both practical mechanics, we can safely promise general satisfaction. All articles sold by us are warranted to be of the best quality. Millers, Millwrights and others are respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing.

☞ All orders and communications promptly attended to. WARNE & RYAN,
aug 11-d a w cor. College and Broad st, Nashville.

T B RAINS, J H BROWN.

RAINS & BROWN,

Druggists and Prescriptionists,

No. 19, South side Public Square,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

A COMPLETE assortment of English and American Chemicals, pure and unadulterated Drugs, fresh and genuine Extracts, select powders, etc., always on hand,

Flavoring Extracts, etc.

Lemon, Rose, Vanilla, Pine Apple, Strawberry, Celery, Almond, Raspberry, Peach and Orange extracts for flavoring. Best Bermuda Arrow Root, Isinglass, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, etc., at RAINS & BROWN'S.

TANNER'S OIL—100 gallons Tanner's oil, best quality; just received and for sale low at RAINS & BROWN'S.

BRISTOL BRICK DUST and Mount Eagle Tripoli, for polishing gold, silver, brass, glass, etc. A new article for sale at RAINS & BROWN'S.
aug 11

NASHVILLE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

TRUST SALE.

BY virtue of a deed executed to the Nashville Building Association by J. H. L. Weaver, which is of record in the Register's Office of Davidson county in book No. 39, page 68 the said Nashville Building Association, by its Treasurer, will, on Saturday the 8th day of August next at the court yard gate in Nashville sell at auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property therein described, being a lot in South Nashville, fronting forty feet on Market street and running back 121 feet, on which is situated a comfortable family residence. The equity of redemption is waived in said deed.—Sale to take place at 12 o'clock. M

CHAS. A. FULLER, Treasurer.

Postponement.—The sale of the above property is postponed until Saturday, the 15th day of August, '57, at the same hour and place. aug9 C. A. FULLER, Treas.

AUCTION SALE OF GROCERIES,

BY

H. S. French and Son.

ON TUESDAY, August 11, we will offer for sale in front of our warehouse, on Clark street, at 10 o'clock, the following articles, some of which we desire to close out without reserve, viz:

30 hhds Sugar, from fair to 5 30 doz. Painted Buckets;
primes; 2 0 reams Wrapping paper,
100 bags N. O. and Baltimore 25 bbls. Domestic Brandy;
Coffee; 25 bbls. Holland Gin;
1000 kegs Nails choice brands; 50 obls Julius Smith's Old
500 boxes Star Candles, full 5 George Whisky;
weights; 90 cases Matches;
2000 bbls. Whisky, various 100 boxes Corn starch;
brands; 100 " Wheaton starch;
100 boxes Tobacco; 1 0 " Cheroot Cigars;
1000 sacks coarse and fine Salt; 150 " Tallow Candles;
150,000 Cigars, assd'd brands; 50 " Blacking, large and
1 0 doz Brooms; small.
250 boxes Fine Brandy

With other articles in the grocery line too numerous to mention. aug6 H. S. FRENCH & SONS.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Freesoil Property.

WE offer for sale that large and commodious brick dwelling corner of Vine and Demumbrane streets. The dwelling contains eleven rooms, kitchen, servants' rooms, &c. The lot fronts 115½ feet on Demumbrane and 162½ feet on Vine street. This property is exempt from taxation for twenty-six years, which gives a value to it of 100 per cent over taxable property in the corporation.

J. L. & R. W. BROWN.
aug5 44½ Cherry street

Painting Establishment.

BUILDERS, Householders, &c., are requested to take notice that the undersigned, having made the necessary arrangements, and secured the services of competent workmen, is now prepared to take

Large Contracts

in the line of his vocation, in all its various branches.

In the department of

House Painting,

The subscriber is prepared to execute with the greatest promptness, all contracts, no worse large which may be tendered, in a style and upon terms which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

He is also prepared to execute all manner of

Sign and Ornamental Painting, Graining and Marbling.

Having in that department secured the services of the most expert and experienced artists.

The subscriber would request persons having work in his line to give him a call before making final arrangements.

R. T. FLEMING,
march5-dtf No. 62 Union st., between Cherry & Summer

PITTSBURG ALE—100 bbls for sale by
feb24 R. O'KEEFE.

Auction Sale of Groceries by Kirkpatrick, Nevins & Co.,

ON WEDNESDAY, 12th of August, we will offer for sale in front of our store:

25 hhds N O Sugar;	40 boxes Tobacco ass'd Brands;
300 bags Coffee;	50 bbls Loaf Sugar;
200 bbls Rectified