THE
UNION AND DISPATCH
FOR 1868!

A POLITICAL, NEWS, COMMERCIAL AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

The Central Organ of Public Sentiment in Tennessee.

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BY A CONSOLIDATION OF THE NASHVILLE UNION AND AMERICAN and the DISPATCH, and by the generous and united support of the UNION AND DISPATCH by the patrons of both the former papers, the Proprietors are enabled to present a Newspaper hitherto unsurpassed in this city or State.

IN FULLNESS AND ACCURACY OF NEWS, our paper will compare favorably with the best in the entire country; and in saying this we only repeat the expressions of many patrons, who are most capable of judging in matters.

In the Political Interests of the People,

The UNION AND DISPATCH, as heretofore, will take the Constitution and laws for its guide; and in the discussion of all the new and intricate questions and issues arising out of the extraordinary condition in which the country is placed, it will adhere to the principles and teachings of the founders and expositors of our government and institutions. It will endeavor to guard with vigilance and defend with unwavering earnestness and faith the rights and interests of all the States, and the essential principles which constitute the basis of the Republic. We shall oppose all invasions of these, and uphold, to the utmost of our ability, the union of the States under them. Feeling that they are endangered by the revolutionary schemes of Radical politicians who now hold the Legislative power of the Government, we shall abate nothing of our past opposition to their measures. With these views, which are no less than profound convictions, we cannot and will not hesitate to defend the unfortunate South against the aspersions and impositions heaped upon its people, and urge that JUSTICE and RIGHT shall be meted out to them.

Our Manufacturing and Domestic Interests.

We shall constantly admonish the Southern people to be self-reliant, and shall do what we may be able to induce the establishment of manufactories in our midst for our home products. To this end we will pay special attention to the cost and STATISTICS of manufacturing, and exert ourselves to encourage the diversification of Southern industries and the development of Southern resources.

Our Financial and Commercial Column.

Every department of business has an immediate interest in the markets of the country, and in its financial fluctuations and condition. The man who fails to keep himself properly advised as to the rise and fall of the markets, as controlled by the laws of demand and supply, and the relative condition of the currency, is exposed to constant loss, and must necessarily fall behind his more intelligent and enterprising neighbors. In order to make our paper valuable as well as interesting, we shall continue to make this a SPECIAL FEATURE. Our Daily Market Reports, domestic and foreign, by telegraph, and our City Reports, gotten up at heavy expense, have challenged the commendation of our best business men; while our current Financial Reports from all the leading money centre of the country are fuller than have ever published by any other journal in Tennessee

Upon the Subject of Agriculture

And kindred topics, we shall also give an extensive variety of valuable and interesting matter—the best adapted to the farming classes of our State, which will, in a great measure, supply the place of a family agricultural paper.

For the Family Circle,

And for the special pleasure and profit of the young, each week we will give a general literary and religious miscellany. Nothing shall find its way into our columns unfit for the perusal of the mothers and daughters of the land. Deprecating the demoralizing sensationalism of many contemporary journals, we shall eschew that character; striving to give the reader substantial matter, preferring to be useful rather than sensational.

Decisions of the Supreme Court.

In view of the necessities of the legal profession, and the general public interest attaching to the many new questions coming before our judicial tribunals, we will publish all the important decisions of the Supreme Court, from official sources, which may be relied upon as entirely trustworthy.

REDUCTION OF RATES

gratified at being able to state that the very large increase in the number of our Daily and Tri-Weekly subscribers enables us to reduce the price of subscription to these editions We do so the more cheerfully because the necessities of the people, in the impoverished condition of our stricken section, requires such concessions as can be reasonably made in their interests. From and after the 1st January, therefore, our

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NASHVILLE UNION AND DISPATCH.

VOL. XXXIV—NO. 105. NASHVILLE, TENN., THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Union and Dispatch.

THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1868.

Largest Circulation in City and State.

EVANSVILLE, HENDERSON AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

The Evansville Sentiment in Regard to the Completion of the Railroad—The Hopkinsville Meeting—Flattering Prospects.

From the Evansville *Journal* of the 2d, we extract from the report of the commissioners from that city to the Hopkinsville meeting on the 18th ult., and add the report of the committee appointed to audit the treasury statement of the company at the stockholders' meeting. These bear gratifying assurances that the company is in a business-like and prosperous condition, and that the spirit of energy pervading the whole line augurs its early successful completion:

To the Common Council of the City of Evansville: By appointment of a meeting of citizens, held on the 12th inst, and concurred in by the Council on the 14th inst., we attended the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Evansville, Henderson and Nashville Railroad Company, held at Hopkinsville, Ky., on the 18th inst.

The reports of the President and of the Secretary and Treasurer and Engineer were submitted and read, and ordered to be printed—the report of the Treasurer being referred to a committee of stockholders for examination and comparison with the books and vouchers.

The several reports seemed to be entirely satisfactory to the meeting, and the opinion seemed to be very general, if not unanimous, that Gen. Boyle had so far accomplished all that was possible with the means at his disposal, and that, if properly aided and sustained, he would carry the work on to final completion.

The road is completed from Nashville, northward, about sixty-nine (69) miles, to a point about four miles distant from Hopkinsville, and from Henderson, southward, five miles, and rails on hand sufficient to complete about one mile and a half additional; the parts completed being about one-half of the entire distance between Nashville and Henderson.

At one end of the line, some fear has been expressed that upon the completion of the line from Nashville to the coal fields, north of Hopkinsville, the friends of the road at Nashville and intermediate points, having secured access to the coal fields, would feel but little interest in the completion of the road to the Ohio river, but at our interview with the stockholders and delegates, especially those from Nashville, we are satisfied that they contemplate nothing short of the completion of the entire line.

Whilst it is true that the citizens of Nashville are deeply interested in securing a supply of coal for fuel and manufacturing purposes, they, in common with those at all intermediate points, look to this road as their only direct Northern route, connecting them with the Northern lines to Chicago and the Atlantic coast.

We are therefore of the opinion, from what we have seen of the spirit which animates its friends over the entire line from Evansville to Nashville, and from our own observation of the importance and absolute necessity of the work, that its completion is an assumed fact; and as the city of Evansville has already agreed to subscribe and take three hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of the company, on terms already agreed upon, we think that without increasing the amount of the investment, we may, by a modification of the terms, materially shorten the time required for its completion. We left Hopkinsville after the adjournment of the meeting, and passed over the line, so far as completed, and arrived at Nashville at about 1 o'clock, A. M., of the 19th inst., and returned home by the Cumberland and Ohio rivers.

JOHN S. HOPKINS,
W. BAKER,
M. J. BRAY.

Evansville, March 23d, 1868.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

OFFICE E., H. & N. R. R., HOPKINSVILLE, March 19, 1868.—The stockholders' meeting met at the office of the company at nine o'clock, March 19th, 1868, in pursuance of adjournment, the Chairman, D. Banks, Esq., in the chair.

Grant Green, Esq., chairman of the committee to examine the books and accounts of the Treasurer, made a report that the committee had made a partial examination, and so far as they had progressed, they found the books, accounts and vouchers correct, which extended to the main and principal items of account, and not having time to complete the examination, the committee recommend that a local committee residing at Hopkinsville, be appointed to make the examination thorough, and certify the same. The report was received and adopted and the committee was discharged. On motion, J. C. Latham, S. E. Trice and E. H. Hooper, or any two of them, be, and they are hereby appointed a committee to examine the accounts, books and vouchers of the Treasurer of the company, and report them, which report is to be published.

Resolved, That the President be and he is authorized to call a meeting of stockholders at Henderson at such time as he may deem best to promote the interests of the company.

Resolved, That the meeting of stockholders adjourn, and that the day and place of the next annual meeting of stockholders be fixed and determined at the meeting provided to be called in the foregoing resolution.

CONTEMPT IN A NEW SHAPE.

A New Contempt Imbroglio—Hunter Attaches Judge Waldran.

Judge Hunter, of the Criminal Court, has issued the following against Judge Waldran, who had dared to hear the petitions of Col. Gallaway and Mr. Campbell for discharge on *habeas corpus:*

The State of Tennessee *vs.* George W. Waldran, Criminal Court of Memphis, Tennessee, February, 1868.

The Clerk of the Criminal Court of Memphis will issue attachment for contempt of this court against George W. Waldran on the following charge: That the said Geo. W. Waldran did, under pretense of action in his official capacity as Judge of the Municipal Court of Memphis, willfully, falsely, knowingly, unlawfully and contemptly impede, set aside, unlawfully interfere with the process, orders, judgments of this court in a matter in which he knew at the time of said unlawful interference, he had no lawful right, authority or jurisdiction whatever in contempt of this court within the 5th, 13, and 14th civil districts of Shelby county, and during the present term.

The Sheriff will hold to bail in the sum of $250. The writ returnable on the 13th instant. WM. HUNTER,
Judge of the Criminal Court of Memphis.

Issue subpœna for D. S. Griffin and P. D. Beecher. WM. HUNTER, Judge.

Indorsed: Filed April 6, 1868, at half-past two o'clock P. M. Received from J. E. Richardson. R. S. CAPERS, D. C.

In obedience to the order, the Clerk issued the attachment. The Memphis *Avalanche* of the 7th inst., says:

"We learn that the attachment was served on Judge Waldran yesterday evening. That Judge Hunter should have issued such a process, when, as the records show, the court stood adjourned until the 13th, will strike none with surprise, though there are *others* who doubtless understand the why and *wherefores*, which may form an interesting chapter hereafter. It is reported that Waldran intends to "see" Hunter, and go "one better," i. e., return the compliment."

Judge Waldran is to appear before Judge Hunter on the 13th inst.

K. K. K.

Beaumont, Metropolitan Superintendent of Memphis Finds a Hare's Nest—Catches Ku-Klux, But Graciously Lets Them go Scott Free—Shows the Nest Egg.

From the Memphis Bulletin, April 7.

EDITORS BULLETIN.—An organization known as the Ku-Klux Klan has for some time caused much excitement in this State. By some it has been treated seriously, but a large majority of people have supposed it a myth. In order to satisfy myself of the objects of the organization, I have for several weeks tracted its members to their place of meeting, and becoming convinced that it was my duty to break it up in this city, I to-night captured about twenty young men as they came from their Den on Beal street. Upon one of them I found papers which may be of interest to the public, and which I hand you for publication.

The names of the members of the "Grand Cyclopean Council" found among the records, are for the present withheld. I have no comments to make upon the records furnished for publication, but leave the public to judge of the effect upon the State if such an organization is permitted to carry out the objects set forth in the oath. S. B. BEAUMONT,
Superintendent M. P.

ORGANIZATION.

The name of this den shall be the Supreme Cyclopean Council, and its officers shall consist of a Grand Cyclops, a Vice Grand Cyclops and a Secretary. All funds coming into the association shall be under the control of the three officers above named, and two directors to be elected, who shall act as a supervising council, and their decision upon all questions shall be final. The meetings shall be called by the Grand Cyclops, when he deems it necessary, and shall be done through the papers in the cipher of the organization.

OBJECT.

The object of this organization is for the purpose of protecting the people of the South from the band of murderers and robbers now preying upon them, even to the last resort—assassination—and we pledge ourselves one to the other that nothing shall be allowed to deviate us from this noble object.

ENTRANCE.

Entrance to the lodge room will be obtained through the medium of two raps in quick succession, to be followed by two slow ones. The Inside Sentinel will say "our trust;" the outside applicant will answer, "is in God." He will then be admitted, and upon giving the grip as detailed in another place, he can take his seat."

INITIATION.

All candidates shall be balloted for in open council, and if any applicant receive three black balls he cannot be admitted. As soon as a candidate is elected, he shall be introduced by a brother appointed by the Grand Cyclops. The members of the lodge, all shrouded, will rise and receive him and conduct him into the middle of the room. Each member of the order shall have a drawn dagger or other weapon in his hand, pointed toward the candidate, and each member will be required in the presence of the candidate, to swear that should said candidate prove recreant to the oath which he is about to take that he will kill him, and make it his special duty to do so on the first *safe* opportunity. As soon as the shrouded brothers have taken the above oath, the following charge and oath shall be administered by the Grand Cyclops, or, in his absence, the Vice Grand:

"Here in the presence of this skull and the members here assembled, I solemnly swear to be true to the order, to its members individually and collectively, and should I ever, by sign, word, or deed, betray a secret, or a member of the Brotherhood, that the skull upon which I now look may be a counterpart of mine, and I hope that all the social relations which I now enjoy may be sundered, that honesty in men or virtue in females may not be known in my family and generation, and that all who own my name shall be branded as dogs and harlots. I further swear to obey implicitly the orders of the Grand Cyclops, regularly issued through his Council, and as soon as I receive an order to fulfill it. I again swear that, should a member of this order be in danger, that, even at the risk of my life, I will defend and endeavor to save him; that I will give no outward sign or hint that a person may know of the existence of the K. K. K., unless authorized by the Grand Cyclops, and that each member of this order, as soon as the sign is given, I will recognize, defend and protect as a brother. I further swear that I will, under and in all circumstances, bear true allegiance to the South and her interests, as interpreted by the Supreme Cyclopean Council, and when I receive its orders, should I be even in the embraces of my wife, I will leave her to obey them. I further swear that all Radicals and negroes, who have placed themselves opposite to the interests of the owners of the soil of Tennessee shall forever be my enemy, and that under no circumstance will I have other connection with them, if I can help it than to 'welcome them with bloody hands to hospitable graves.' That my family, and the family of a Radical shall never interchange visits, and I further pray that the God of the Southland, whom I now invoke, shall strike me dead should I ever, either in letter or in spirit, infringe upon the things set forth in this oath. To all of which I swear in honesty of heart and sincerity of purpose. So help me God."

In regard to the grip, your committee would report that the simplest plan, and at the same time the best, would be a common meeting of palms,—at the same time using the interlocking of little fingers, and a pressure of thumbs on the back of the hand. Your committee will practically explain it. The word of danger we would suggest to be for the present, "*Eli Lami Sabacthani*," which we would recommend to all members to commit to their memory. In regard to other things submitted to your committee, we would ask for further time, and would excuse ourselves, upon the plea that one of our members has been sick. All of which is respectfully submitted.

ONE of that curious class of men, the statisticians, has taken the pains to ascertain the number of persons struck by lightning in several countries in Europe. In France the average number of persons struck each year is eighty-one out of a population of 38,000,000; in Germany, seventy-two out of 47,000,000; in Sweden, eleven out of 4,000,000; in Saxony, six out of 2,000,000. He ascertained also that the lightning is so ungallant as to strike more women every year than men.

A HEART-RENDING affair occurred at Bloomvale, New York, at seven o'clock on Tuesday evening, March 31. At that hour a little girl between three and four years of age, was observed running from a tenement house enveloped in flames, which were not extinguished until her clothing was entirely consumed. The poor little thing was literally roasted alive. She retained her senses to the last, and expired singing, "Mama, I'm going home to a better land." She was a daughter of Mr. Daniels. The mother had left the child alone to go for a pail of water.

TENNESSEE NEWS.

McGaw's stable, two miles from Memphis, on the Raleigh road, was burned Saturday night, the 4th inst.

It is said that Mr. H. G. Smith will serve as special Judge of the Supreme Court during the April term, which commenced at Brownsville on the 6th inst.

The Memphis *Avalanche* of the 7th inst., says: It is reported that Mr. J. E. Bigelow, an attorney of this city, has received the appointment of Supreme Judge, vice Hawkins, resigned. We give the rumor for what it is worth.

Col. Landon C. Haynes, of Memphis, has been elected to deliver the annual address before the Lebanon Law School of Cumberland University in June next. Mr. Haynes has also been complimented with an invitation to deliver the annual address at the Clarksville Female College in the latter end of May.

DROWNED.—Two negroes were drowned at Harrison on Sunday, the 5th inst. They were crossing the river in a canoe for the purpose of fishing. When nearly in the middle of the river, the canoe upset and the parties were drowned before assistance could be rendered.

IN FOUR SPIRITS.—The County and Chancery Courts brought a large number of our farmers to town yesterday. We were glad to note the fact that they all seemed to be in excellent spirits in regard to the prospect of their crops. Were the money market a little easier and the side-show at Washington over, they would all be happy. *Knoxville Press and Herald, April 7.*

THE FROST.—The nights and mornings for a few days past have been disagreeably cool. Yesterday morning the small ponds were covered with a perceptible coating of ice. To what extent the fruit has been damaged we cannot say, but the general opinion is that the injury is not serious. The garden crops show but little sign of damage.—*Knoxville Press and Herald April, 7th.*

SUDDEN DEATH.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mrs. S. H. McClanahan, familiarly known as "Aunt Polly," one of the oldest residents of the place, without a moment's premonition, dropped dead from her seat in her porch. She was conversing with one of her tenents on business at the time of her death.—*Knoxville Press and Herald, April 7.*

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—On Sunday night as the down mail train on the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad was proceeding from Cleveland to McDonald's, the tender ran off the track near McDonald's. The engineer barely succeeded in stopping the train in time to prevent it going over the stone bridge at Kennedy's creek, twenty-five feet high. The train was unable to get to Chattanooga, and returned. —*Knoxville Press and Herald, April 7.*

BURGLARY—AUDACIOUS COOLNESS.—On Saturday night last the smoke-house of Mrs. Sally McBath, residing on Beaver creek, in this county, was broken open and some three hundred pounds of bacon stolen. The thieves, after securing the meat, then went to the dwelling house, entered the dining room by raising the window and made quite a hearty meal taken from the cupboard. They lighted a candle, used sugar in their coffee and seem to have made a "square meal" with perfect coolness. After stealing a quantity of butter and eggs from the house, they proceeded to the stable of Capt. J. C. Chiles, who resides about two hundred yards from Mrs. McBath's, and took therefrom a very fine sorrel mare, on which they evidently loaded their plunder and decamped. The animal was found near Knoxville, covered with grease and evidently in a nearly worn out condition. There is no clue as yet to the thieves. About two weeks ago a quantity of bacon and the horse of James R. McBath, who resides in the same neighborhood, were stolen. The horse in this case was found the next day in the direction of Knoxville, almost ruined from hard traveling and over-loading.—*Knoxville Press and Herald, April 7.*

The Gallatin *Examiner* fears that the fruit crop has been greatly injured in Sumner county.

SUMNER COUNTY FINANCES.—A report was made on Monday last by the Commissioners appointed by the County Court in charge of the railroad inferests of Sumner county. Messrs. W. S. Munday, J. J. Turner and Geo. W. Allen were the Commissioners. The report shows that they have received $80,969 77, and paid out $76,997 94. They have redeemed the county and railroad bonds to the amount of $277,300, leaving outstanding $22,700. To pay this the county has in Louisville and Nashville railroad bonds $41,564. It will thus be seen that we are in good financial condition, and can complete our courthouse repairs and have something still on hand.—*Gallatin Examiner, April 7.*

Counterfeit nickel five cent pieces are in circulation in Memphis.

THE LATE EXCITEMENT AT GALLATIN.

The Gallatin *Examiner* of the 9th inst. refers to the late exciting scenes at that place as follows:

"The ring-leader, Phillips, on Thursday last was busy recruiting. He was in the lower portion of the county, on the Fairview and Franklin plantations, and several negroes were seduced from their plows by his promises of two dollars a day and employment until the Presidential election. He had gotten his roll up to about one hundred, we learn. No higher proof of the peaceful disposition of our citizens could be given than the fact that this breaker of the peace, accompanied by another bummer, was permitted to ride about through the county actively engaged in raising a force of negroes to murder our citizens, and not be knocked in the head or shot down by some of our outraged and insulted people. The fellow must certainly have the confidence of Napoleon in his luck, or is devoid of brains, but so it is, he goes unharmed. On Friday, our neighbor Simon, the butcher—and a good Conservative—who owns the fort, gave Phillips notice that he must be paid two dollars per day for the occupation of his fortifications, or leave, and, thinking the price asked too high, we imagine, left, and moved his negroes over into the fields about it. They would disperse at night to their lodging places about the town and vicinity, and reassemble next morning. On Saturday an order came from Nashville from Brownlow, or his deputy son-in-law Boynton, or his deputy somebody else, to disband and return the arms, and they were boxed up and sent. This did not, however, embrace a good lot of muskets which was already here in the hands of the militia of last year, and had been given to them by McKinly. They hold these yet.

"And thus ended occurrences which came very closely upon bloodshed. But for the extraordinary prudence and forebearance of our citizens we cannot estimate the amount of bloodshed which would have resulted. The Radical ringleaders have learned a lesson, we trust that will last them many a day. If they dare again to trifle with and openly insult our people when they are quietly pursuing their avocations, harming no one—submitting to the unjust laws, as galling as they are, and presume to thrust bayonets at their throats, in hands of negroes, we warn them that the consequences will be fearful. Not all the outside power on the continent will avert a catastrophe which will be short, sharp, fearful and decisive"

The Senate has passed the new city charter for Washington, which establishes the equality of negroes with the whites, and takes away from the Mayor the power to appoint subordinates. The object is to place the monies of the corporation in the hands of the Republican Council for partisan purposes.

INTERESTING ANECDOTES RELATING TO KISSING.

From the Galaxy.

When the Cardinal, John of Lorraine, was presented to the Duchess of Savoy, she gave him her hand to kiss, greatly to the indignation of the irate churchman. "How, madam," exclaimed he, "am I to be treated in this manner? I kiss the Queen, my mistress, and shall I not kiss you who are only a Duchess?" and without more ado, he, despite the resistance of the proud little Portugese princess, kissed her thrice on the mouth, before he released her, with an exultant laugh. The doughty cardinal was apparently of one mind with Shelden, who thought to "kiss ladies' hands after their lips, as some do, is like little boys who, after they eat an apple, fall to the paring." When Charles II, was making his triumphal progress through England, certain country ladies who were presented to him, instead of kissing the royal hand, in their simplicity, held up their pretty lips to be kissed by the King—a blunder no one would more willingly excuse than the red-haired lover of pretty Nell Gwynn. Another poet, the countryman of Chartier, had, two centuries later, the honor of being publicly kissed in the stage box by the young and lovely Countess de Villars; but in Voltaire's case, the lady gave the osculatory salute not of her own free will, but in obedience to the command of the *claqueurs* in the pit, mad with enthusiasm for the poet's "Merope."

Georgiana, Duchess of Devonshire, as our readers will remember, gave Steel, the butcher, a kiss for his vote nearly a century since, and another equally beautiful woman, Jane, Duchess of Gordon, recruited her regiment in a similar manner. Duncan Mackenzie, a veteran of Waterloo, died in Elgin, Scotland, December, 1866. He delighted in relating how he kissed the Duchess in taking the shilling from between her teeth to become one of her regiment—the Gordon Highlanders, better known as the Ninety-second. The old Scottish veteran of eighty-seven has not left one behind him to tell the same tale about kissing the blue-eyed Duchess in the market place of Duthill. The late Daniel O'Connell hit upon a novel mode of securing votes for the candidates he had named at a certain election, which test, considering the constitutional temperament of his countrymen, is said to have proved effectual. He said in reference to the unfortunate elector who should vote against them, "Let no man speak to him. Let no woman salute him!" Gilbert Stuart, the portrait painter, is said to have once met a lady in the streets of Boston, who accosted him with: Ah! Mr. Stuart, I have just seen your likeness, and kissed it because it was so much like you." "And did it kiss you in return?" "Why, no." "Then," said the gallant painter "it was not like me."

Some of our readers, who are not so young as they have been, may remember the famous Yankee kiss, and kiss of the last King of England before he came to his estate. While in New York, the Prince called at a barber's shop to be shaved. When the operation was completed, he stepped up to the barber's wife, who chanced to be present, and giving her a kiss, remarked: "There, now you can say you have been kissed by a member of the royal family." The barber, greatly incensed by what he chose to receive as an insult, seized the prince, and helping him out of the shop with his foot, exclaimed: "There, now you can say that you have received a royal kick from an American freeman."

Chevalier Bunsen, who rose from an humble position in life to great honor, was a man of vast *savoir*, but little erudition. As a theologian, the character to which he most aspired, he was severely criticised by the celebrated Dr. Merle D'Aubigne. The two savans met at Berlin at the Evangelican Alliance held several years ago. Bunsen kissed Merle; of course the polite Genevan could not return the compliment. Great was the ado about the "kiss of reconciliation," as the Germans called it, much to the annoyance of Dr. Merle, who had no idea of compromising the solemn writers of theology by a kiss? Besides, he said, he preferred the English custom in kissing to the German. A delicate insinuation that, but the Professor meant nothing wrong.

The Rev. Sidney Smith says: "We are in favor of a certain amount of shyness when a kiss is proposed, but it should not be too long, and, when the fair one gives it, let it be administered with warmth and energy—let there be a soul in it. If she close her eyes and sigh immediately after it, the effect is greater. She should be careful not to slobber a kiss, but give it as a humming-bird runs his bill into a honeysuckle—deep but delicate. There is much virtue in a kiss when well delivered. We have the memory of one we received in our mouth, which lasted us forty years, and we believe it will be one of the last things we shall think of when we die."

At Bologne, during the reception of Queen Victoria, June 1855, a number of English ladies, in their anxiety to see everything, pressed with such force against the soldiers who were keeping the line, that the latter, in some instances, were obliged to give way, and generally were—to use the expression of our policemen—impeded in the execution of their duty." The officer in command observing the state of affairs, shouted out, "one roll of the drum—if they don't keep back, kiss them all." After the first sound of the drum, the English ladies took to flight. "If they had been French," said a Parisian journal, "they would have remained to a woman."

IN a recent conflagration at Waterford, Pennsylvania, an old blockhouse, a relic of ante-revolutionary times, was destroyed. It was the last of the old line of forts which, one hundred and twenty years ago, reached from Erie to Pittsburgh. In 1753 it was visited by Washington, who was sent by Governor Dinwiddie, of Virginia, on a mission to the French commander, St. Pierre, to inquire the designs of the French in occupying a territory which belonged to the English government.

PRICES OF STOCK.

A paper prepared at the Agricultural Department at Washington shows that the prices of farm stock, compared with last year's estimates, have decreased throughout the West, except in the item of cattle. The reduction is generally less, however, than in the Eastern States, and a few of the Southern States. The most marked decline is in sheep, as follows: In Ohio, $2 65 from $3 35 last year for sheep more than one year old; Indiana, $2 04 from $2 63; Illinois, $2 39 from $3 39; Missouri, $2 35 from $2 52; Iowa, $2 29 from $3 25; Minnesota, $2 89 from $3 94; Wisconsin, $2 86 from $3 86; Michigan, $2 70 from $3 72. The decline in numbers is also noticeable but is greater in Ohio and Michigan than further West. The aggregate decline in the year averages thirty million dollars. In horses and mules, a decrease in prices appears, varying in the principal Western States from $2 to $7 per head. The present average in round numbers: for horses above three years old, is $107 in Ohio, $96 in Indiana, $105 in Illinois, $113 in Iowa, $143 in Wisconsin, $126 in Michigan. As heretofore, the prices of stock are higher in newer and more Northern and Western States, than in the Ohio Valley. In Missouri, Illinois and Indiana, the average for oxen and other cattle is a little higher than last year. The difference is not so apparent in cows. In Ohio, Wisconsin and Iowa, prices are substantially the same as last year, except a slight decline in cows in Ohio, and a fall of $3 per head in Wisconsin, on the average. A fall of from 12 to 20 per cent. in stock hogs, is reported in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin, with a very slight decline in Iowa and Missouri.

TENNESSEE
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Tennessee Penitentiary.

WARD & BRIGGS.

SINCE THE DESTRUCTION OF OUR Work Shops in June last, we have rebuilt our establishment, put New Machinery of the latest style and improved quality, enabling us to offer to the trade, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, the following articles of our own manufacture, of the most superior quality and finish:

Agricultural Implements.

CAST AND WROUGHT PLOWS,
DOUBLE SHOVELS,
BULL TONGUES,
PLOW POINTS,
CLEVICES,
COTTON SCRAPERS,
COTTON CHOPPERS,
CULTIVATORS,
STRAW CUTTERS,
CORN SHELLERS,
Railroad and Garden Wheelbarrows,
Etc., Etc. Also,

CEDAR WARE,

In endless variety, consisting in part of

BRASS AND IRON BOUND BUCKETS,
CHURNS, latest styles,
WASH TUBS, FOOT TUBS,
KEELERS, WATER CANS,
PAILS, SUGAR CANS,
BISCUIT TABLES, NOGGINS, PECK, HALF PECK AND BUSHEL MEASURES.

Also, the celebrated MOTH PROOF CEDAR CHEST.

CASTINGS.

HOLLOW WARE of the most superior quality and finish. WAGON BOXES, CLEVICES, etc., etc.

Hemp Bagging.

We are the sole manufacturers of Z. WARD'S celebrated Hemp Bagging, and are prepared to fill orders in any quantity.

Stone Work.

We have on hand Rough, Dressed and Broken Stone, which we offer at unusually low rates.

Our work guaranteed in all cases.

We are still enlarging our Work Shops and adding Machinery. We have now a large Foundery, well stocked with Patterns, and the best Machine Shops West of the Mountains, and offer and propose to do ALL KINDS OF MACHINE WORK, such as MILL WORK, ENGINES, AND OTHER KINDS OF MACHINERY. We are also prepared to do all kinds of Castings and other work, AT LOWER RATES THAN CAN BE DONE ELSEWHERE.

P. S.—We have added additional force to our Cedar Ware Factory, and have a large stock on hand. We have heretofore been unable to fill orders promptly.

WARD & BRIGGS.
feb2 tf [B., G., P.&T.]

INSURANCE.

THE TENNESSEE
Marine and Fire
INSURANCE COMPANY,

Under the new charter, is nowopen for busine
AT NO. 34 NORTH COLLEGE STREE
Next door to corner of Union street.

JOSEPH W. ALLEN, President
A. W. BUTLER, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

John M. Hill, Watson M. Cooke,
C. A. R. Thompson, D. Weaver,
Daniel F. Carter, H. L. Jones,
R. B. Cheatham, John W. Terrass.
G. W. Hendershott, A. G. Adams,
Joseph W. Allen.
dec4—1y

FERTILIZERS.

BONE DUST
AND
LAND PLASTER
FOR SALE BY
WM. STOCKELL & SON,
NO. 88 BROAD STREET.
☞ Call and get a Circular.
mar14 2w [Banner and Demokrat.]

CHEATHAM, WOODS & CO

Bonded Warehouse No. 2,

Corner College and Church Streets,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

ON HAND:

600 Barrels Pure Copper-Distilled

ROBERTSON COUNTY WHISKY

Made on the old plan, prior to the stoppage of the Distilleries in the Fifth Collection District.

Seventy-five Barrels Genuine

NEWSOM WHISKY,

The celebrated DDDD brand—the last of this article in the market.

75 bbls. S. Manning's Whisky.

Also, out of Bond, a large supply of the different brands of all the rectifiers of Whisky in Robertson and Davidson counties.

Dealers are notified that we are enabled to ship our Bonded Whiskies to all points at which bonded warehouses are located.

Also, always on hand, a large assortment of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES,
BRANDIES,
AND
CIGARS.

N. B. All articles guaranteed as represented.
jy20 tf (P.&T.)

Money! Money! Money!

MONEY, FROM ONE DOLLAR TO THOUsands, to loan on
WATCHES, DIAMONDS,
JEWELRY, PISTOLS,
GUNS, CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED WARE, ETC.,
If you are in need and want a loan.
Call at the old stand.
H. COHEN,
45 South Market,
N. B.—Unredeemed Pledges for Sale.
jan12 3m

NASHVILLE
Commercial Insurance Co.
OFFICE, 39 NORTH COLLEGE ST.
FIRE AND MARINE RISKS TAKEN AT fair rates, and losses promptly paid.
R. C. McNAIRY, President.
E. D. HICKS, Secretary. mar12 6m-sp.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
NATIONAL SAVINGS' CO.

THOS. S. MARR Pres't
L. G. TARBOX, Cash'r.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED,
LOANS NEGOTIATED,
Interest Allowed on Deposits
COLLECTIONS MADE,
And a General Banking Business Transacted.

Exchange on London, Dublin and all parts of Germany for sale.
The Highest Price paid for Gold, Silver, Land Warrants, Government Securities, Compound Interest Notes, etc., etc.
State and County Bonds and Railroad Stocks Bought and Sold.
The Very Highest Price paid for Southern Bank Notes.
Davidson County Jury Tickets Bought.
Exchange on New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and Memphis for sale.
nov8-1y

THE SECOND
NATIONAL BANK,
OF NASHVILLE.
College Street, near Union,

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States,

it is prepared to transact a regular Banking business, and furnish Exchange on
NEW YORK,
NEW ORLEANS,
LOUISVILLE, AN
CINCINNATI,
Government Securities, Gold and Silver, bought and sold on Commission.
JOHN LUMSDEN, President.
W. J. THOMAS, Cashier.
oct24-1y.

KLINE & SHERMAN

PAINTS, OILS,
Varnishes,
Window Glass,
Putty,
Landreth's Garden Seeds,
AND
DREER'S FLOWER SEEDS.
White Lead and
Window Glass,
We buy largely from manufacturers only. Prices reasonable.
KLINE & SHERMAN,
MASONIC BUILDING,
No. 85 Church street, Nashville.
feb16 3m

Pure Robertson County
WHISKY!

WM. MOORE. JNO. WOODARD. THOS. L. GREEN
MOORE, WOODARD & CO
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN AND
Rectifiers of Whisky.
ALSO,
BONDED WAREHOUSE KEEPERS,
SPRINGFIELD,
ROBERTSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE,
Four Hundred Barrels Warranted Genuine
COPPER DISTILLED,
Fifty Barrels Pure Apple Brandy,
Two Hundred Barrels
Double Refined Rectified Whisky,
Which we offer at the lowest wholesale prices
FOR CASH.
Orders from a distance promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Prices regulated according to grade. Address,
MOORE, WOODARD & CO.,
jan25 3m Springfield, Tenn.

TO THE LADIES.

A CELEBRATED
STECK PIANO
WILL BE RAFFLED AT THE
LADIES' FAIR,
TO BE HELD AT
MASONIC HALL,
DURING EASTER WEEK.

COMMENCING APRIL 13, FOR THE BENefit of St. Mary's Orphan Asylum. Tickets Five Dollars each, to be had of any of the Cathedral Sunday School Teachers: Mrs. Winbourn, City Hotel; Mrs. Barry, 44 Public Square; and R. Dorman, at his Music Store, Masonic Hall building, where the Piano will be on exhibition till the Fair opens. Persons at a distance may procure a ticket by addressing either of the above and inclosing the money. The raffling will take place, under the supervision of Mr. R. Dorman, Capt. J. M. Thatcher and E. E. Jones, the public being previously notified through the press of the day and hour.

The following certificate speaks for itself:

Having had the pleasure of repeatedly playing the "Geo. Steck & Co.' Piano, we do unhesitatingly pronounce it among the most perfect instruments of its kind. Especially is it remarkable for its evenness of tone, which, although wonderfully powerful, is exceedingly rich and smooth. The promptness with which its dampers operate, I have never seen equalled.

Henry Weber, Wm. Herz, Emil Kratch, J. W. Von Strontz, J. M. Thatcher, Dr. J. C. Minor, Miss L. A. Fitzhugh, A. E. Reese, and Mrs. H. Priestly, Teachers at Rev. W. K. Ward's Seminary. mar8

UNION BANK NOTES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN ACT OF THE Legislature of Tennessee, passed December 12th, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks, which have or may make assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of THE UNION BANK OF TENNESSEE to file them with the undersigned, at the Bank in Nashville, between now and the 1st day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, (1869) and receive certificates therefor, or they will be forever barred from any participation in the assets of the Bank. The certificates will be received AT PAR in payment for debts due the Bank, whether tendered before or after the 1st of January, 1869. JOS. W. ALLEN, Trustee.
Dec. 20, 1868.—21-6m.

MILLINERY, HATS, ETC

MRS. S. G. HAWTHORNE, NO. 100 Church street, opposite St. Cloud Hotel, has just returned from the East with a carefully selected stock of Millinery Goods, Laces, Hats, Dress Trimmings, etc., etc., and respectfully solicits an examination of the same by the ladies of Nashville.
apr2 1m

NO OWNER OF
BUILDINGS
OR
MERCHANDISE
In this part of the country should go to sleep without holding
A FIRE POLICY
With the well tried and reliable
State Insurance Company
OF NASHVILLE.
OFFICERS:
JNO. LUMSDEN, President.
W. J. THOMAS, Vice President.
JOSEPH NASH, Secretary.
jan25 6m—sp.

Louisville and Nashville
RAILROAD.

WINTER SCHEDULE, 1868-9.
COMMENCING MARCH 3d, 1868,

Trains will run as follows:

Leave Nashville	4:30 A. M.	6:30 P. M.
Arrive at Louisville	1:00 P. M.	4:00 A. M.

Both Trains make direct connection at Louisville with the Je