The Daily Bulletin.

BY W. J. SLATTER.

Winchester:

FRIDAY, ... JAN. 23, 1863.

A SET-TO AMONG OFFICIALS.—The latest arrival from the North states that a fisticuff recently took place on Pennsylvania Avenue, in Washington, between Halleck, the Commander-in-Chief, and the Young Napoleon, McClellan The story is that McClellan met Halleck on the street and accused him of having published a tissue of unblushing falsehoods in his recent report, when the latter pitched into McClellan, who defended himself to decided advantage. It is further stated that with reference to the affair, that one of the city papers had a paragraph noticing it, but before half a dozen copies were struck off, the police interfered and had the whole matter suppressed.

GENERAL CHEATHAM.—The Yankee report that this office was wounded and taken prisoner at Murfreesboro' is a falsehood. He announces himself, "right side up with care,' in a dispatch to his brother.—*Richmond Whig.*

We saw Gen. Frank Cheatham a few days ago, and we take pleasure in announcing that he is "right side up with care," looking the personification of extra fine health. Strange that he should be enjoying uninterrupted health after being killed at Perryville, and mortally wounded in the Murfreesboro' difficulty! Hurrah for General Frank Cheatham!

☞ There is evidently great confusion in the North, if the Press of that section of the country is to be believed. The Lincoln dynasty is becoming more and more unpopular with the masses. Abe's emancipation proclamation, together with the toleration of Beast Butler's insane and inhuman programme is the "bone of contention" with a large portion of the inhabitants of Yankeedom. Time will develope matters and things in its true colors, and so sure as God reigns, Lincoln sees the "handwriting on the wall."

PENMANSHIP.—We would call special attention to the card of Prof. AUG. J. HABICH, to be found by consulting our advertising columns. Those who wish to be proficient in the art of Penmanship should take lessons under the immediate supervision of Prof. Habich. He is competent in every respect.

☞ The burnt bridges over the Holston and Watauga Rivers, on the East Tenn. & Va. R. R., are being rebuilt as speedily as they possibly can. The Bristol Advocate says, the one across the Watauga will be so nearly finished that the car, it is thought, will pass over it in six or ten days.

Governor Coburn, of Maine, was inaugurated on the 8th inst. In his address, he was very bitter on the "rebels," and said "the institution of slavery ought to wither in the storm it had raised."

☞ Confederate vessels are constantly "running the blockade;" and the Alabama, 290, is paying her respects to Old Abe's cruisers.

☞ We are gratified to learn that the sick and wounded soldiers in the Hospitals at this place are doing well.

☞ Richardson, of Illinois, is creating a sensation at the North. Read his resolutions in to day's issue.

☞ Yesterday was a beautiful day, spring-like.

WILMINGTON Jan. 15th.

The Columbia went to sea last night from a Confederate port.

The Senatorial Contest in Illinois.

Mr. Richardson, who has received the nomination for the vacant senatorship in Illinois, the Washington "Chronicle" says is to be judged by the resolutions of the caucus which nominated him, therefore the policy he will pursue is foreshadowed in the following abstract of some of the resolutions:

Second—That the administration, in suspending the writ of *habeas corpus* in arresting private citizens and incarcerating them in bastiles, issuing the proclamation of emancipation, and in other instances usurping power, has violated the Constitution, infringed upon State sovereignty, and disregarded the popular wish. Its perversion of the war into a war of abolition, deserves our unqualified reprobation, and justly entitles it to the condemnation of all true lovers of constitutional liberty and States' rights.

Fifth—That peace, fraternal relations, and political fellowship should be restored among the people of the States, that the best interests of all, and the welfare of mankind, demand this should be done in the speediest and most effective manner.

Seventh—Favors a national convention of all the States at Louisville, Ky., at the earliest practicable period, to adjust our national difficulties

Eighth—Recommends that the Legislature now in session appoint commissioners to said national convention, and invite other States to do so.

Ninth—That we earnestly recommend a cessation of hostilities for such period as may be necessary to allow the people of the South and North to express, through a national convention, their wish for peace and a maintenance of the Union as it was, under the Constitution as it is.

Rev. E. W. Sehon.

This able and learned Divine, who was so long imprisoned by the minions of Lincoln for his adherence to the cause of the Confederate States, and whose release and arrival in this city was announced by us some time ago, has at last succeeded in getting his family through the lines from Nashville, and they are all now residing near this city.

Dr. S is in good health, though his races and persecutions have told pretty heavily upon him since we saw him last. His family, we also learn, is quite well, though they are here almost without the comforts that are indispensable. They are, however, all happy at being able at last to escape the clutches of the tyrant with their lives. —*Atlanta Confederacy.*

COTTON CARDS.—We have received a number of letters inquiring the price of cotton cards manufactured at the Penitentiary, and the chances of purchasing. In reply, we state that the machinery is running day and night, which will soon be increased, and that the cards (No. 10, the only size manufactured) are sold daily at six dollars per pair, to the widows of deceased soldiers, and to the wives of soldiers now in the army; but that preference will be given to those persons who may bring sheep and goat skins (raw or tanned) for which an exchange of cards will be made. Mr. Jones, the head machinist, has informed us that he is doing all in his power to supply the demand, in relation to which we design to make weekly reports for the benefit of all interested.—*Milledgeville Recorder.*

A NEW YEAR'S ANECDOTE.—"Cuffy," said a Federal Captain at Fortress Monroe, to a contraband who was lounging in front of his tent on New Year's morning, "Come in and take a drink."

"Don't kere if I duz," responded Cuff. —"Some of dese niggars too stuck up to drink wid white ossifers since Massa Abe guv 'em freedom; but, for my part, I tink white ossifers jis as good as nigga, specially if de ossifer don't git drunk and make a beast o'hisself."

☞ C. H. L. W. Bent, formerly a clerk in the city Bank, at Nashville, and more recently a boot lick in the Yankee Provost's office, in that city, was, we rejoice to learn, shot in the head and killed, at the close of the Murfreesboro' battle.— *Chattanooga Rebel.*

The Yankees Repulsed at Vicksburg—What they Say of It.

In the matter of Vicksburg the Yankees confess to a defeat, and their joy over the victory (?) first claimed by them has been turned into mourning. The New York Herald says:

The news of the repulse of General Sherman's army at Vicksburg produces a very depressing sensation in this city. Our dispatches say that it is thought he "could maintain his position," but this is not very suggestive of success; for we remember that it was thought, last September, that Gen. Miles would hold his position at Harper's Ferry.

We think that the details of this bloody repulse of our army at Vicksburg shows very clearly that it was the result of another budget of blunders at Washington. Why were not the gunboats of Farragut and Porter in this Vicksburg fight? Where were the land force of General Banks and the army of General Grant? But Sherman ought not to have made a premature attack. He ought to have waited until the combination was complete. The skill, courage and endurance of Sherman and his troops have failed in their first approaches at Vicksburg, because of some radical mistake in the combinations of the War Office.

The greatest blunder of the administration from the beginning has been a too contemptible opinion of the strength and strategy of the rebels in every important movement against them. Hardly second, however, to this fundamental mistake is the policy which appears to govern the War Department of holding and guarding every section of the country captured from the rebels, instead of advancing their armies. But we can tell the Government that under this system of territorial occupation and protection against guerillas, we can never bring this war to a successful issue.

The New York World, starting under the reverse, says:

Vicksburg must be taken, and that soon, for if we cannot capture this stronghold with the enormous armies and material of war in the West, there is this great conflict is useless one. It is not at all impossible that the decisive battle of the war may yet be fought at or near Vicksburg. As we have seen, Sherman is trying to get possession of the heights commanding the approaches to that vicinity and the next time it is attempted no doubt but that an army of over 100,000 men will dispute its possession with the Union forces. General Banks will have as much as he can do for some time to come to reduce Port Hudson and the other Southern strongholds between that point and Vicksburg. From last accounts at New Orleans it did not seem likely that he would be able to operate against Port Hudson before the 10th inst.

NOTICE.

AUG J HABICH,

TEACHER OF PENMANSHIP AND CARD WRITER.

Twenty Lessons sufficient to make a good Penman. Terms $10. Ladies instructed at their residences. Visiting Cards written at short notice. For particulars enquire at Wm. M'Nab's residence. ja23-3t

NOTICE!

ON THE 24TH OF JANUARY I will sell a lot of condemned HORSES AND MULES, at Winchester, Tenn., to the highest bidder, for cash.

W. B. ECTOR,

ja20 5t* Maj. and A. Q. M., C. S. A.

State of Tennessee--Franklin Co.

J. H. Young, et. als., vs. Wm. M. Ramsy, a'm'r et. als. } Petition.

County Court, January term, 1863. It appearing to the Court now in session that Nancy Eskridge and infant son John, J. B. Morris, Samuel W. Morris, Francis M. Morris and Mary J. Morris, and Mary Murphy, are non-residents of the State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Daily Bulletin, a newspaper published in the town of Winchester, Tenn., four consecutive weeks, requiring said non-residents to be and personally appear before the worshipful County Court, to be held at the Court House in Winchester, Tenn., on the first Monday in February, 1863, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the petition, or the same will be taken for confession, and set for hearing ex parte as to them.

jan7-w JOHN G. ENOCHS, Clerk.

WANTED.

$20,000 worth of stock in the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Company. Apply to JOSEPH CARTER,

Jan. 17—d1m. Decherd.

Exchange Notice, No. 4

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 10, 1863.

The following officers and men have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared:

1. All officers and men captured in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, and South Carolina, up to December 10th 1862.

2. All officers and men captured in Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas and Louisiana, up to January 1st, 1863.

3. The two foregoing sections apply not only to officers and men of the Confederate service, but also to all persons captured in any hostile array against the United States, whatever may have been the character of the military organizations to which they were attached, and whatever may have been the terms of the paroles given by them. If any are in Federal prisons, they are to be immediately released and delivered to the Confederate authorities.

5. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at City Point up to January 1st, 1863.

6. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at Vicksburg up to December 23rd, 1862, and including said date.

7. All paroled Confederate officers and men receipted for at Vicksburg up to December 23rd, 1862, and including said date.

8. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Fredericksburg, Va., in December, 1862.

9. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Goldsboro, N. C., in December, 1862.

10. Other miscellaneous and minor exchanges of which the appropriate officers will be duly informed.

Jan. 18—6t ROBERT OULD, Exchange Agent.

☞ All Southern papers are requested to copy, and send bills to the War Department.

HOUSE FOR RENT.

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING in the suburbs of Winchester for rent for the year. A nice garden, orchard, stable, kitchen &c., attached. Apply at this office.

Jan. 11. dtf*

FOR SALE.

A LARGE BAY HORSE AND A FINE rockaway. The horse is sound and gentle and the rockaway nearly new. Enquire at this office. jan. 8, '63—dtf.

GOLD WATCH FOR SALE

A NO. 1 GOLD CASE FULL JEWELED Watch for sale, warranted a good time keeper. Apply at this office. jan 7 '63.

POTATOES!

POTATOES!!

POTATOES

at T. J. Denson's store in Winchester.

Sep. 11, 1862—dtf.

Splendid Chewing Tobacco

TO BE HAD AT DANIEL BRAZILE'S Shop in Winchester.

Nov. 29—tf.

Wanted at Anderson Hospital

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE WILL be paid at this Hospital for any of the following articles: Potatoes, turnips, cabbage, chickens, turkeys, butter and eggs and milk.

R. P. BATEMAN,

Surgeon in Charge.

TANYARD NOTICE.

I WILL TAN HIDES INTO SOLE leather for twenty five cents per pound, and into upper leather for forty cents per pound. Or I will tan on the shares for one-half. Or I will give sian thread, leather or money for green and dry hides delivered to me at Stone Mills or at my tanyard.

W. S. CRIDDLE.

Jan. 5. d1m

WANTED.

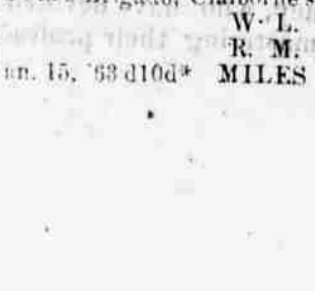
1000 POUNDS OF PORK, FOR WHICH the highest market price will be paid. Apply at this office. jan. 15—dtf.

W. J. Slatter,

FANCY, BOOK AND JOB

PRINTER,

Winchester, Tennessee



All kinds of blanks for the use of the army printed as neatly as can be done in the Confederacy. A good lot of fine colored inks and bronzes, for

Fancy Printing,

on hand. Orders promptly filled.

NEGROES LOST OR STOLEN.

THREE NEGRO MEN LEFT US BETWEEN Murfreesboro and Winchester. They were either stolen or they runaway

EDMUND is a dark mulatto, about six feet high, twenty-three years old, and was dressed in Yankee uniform when he left. Is quick in speech.

GRANVILLE is about five feet nine inches high, is a mulatto, and was dressed in homespun. Is slow in speech.

JOHN is a boy about sixteen years old, five feet high, mulatto, and stammers in his speech. Was dressed in homespun, and had on a grey cap. We will pay a liberal reward for the apprehension or delivery of said negroes to us at the Camps of the 2nd Tenn. Regiment, Polk's Brigade, Claiborne's Division.

W. L. RUCKER,
R. M. RUCKER,
an. 15, '63 d10d* MILES FURGERSEON.