

# WINCHESTER DAILY BULLETIN.

"THE WILL OF A PEOPLE RESOLVED TO BE FREE IS LITTLE LESS THAN OMNIPOTENT."

VOL. 1.

WINCHESTER, TENN., MAY 19, 1863.

NO. 170

## The Daily Bulletin.

W. J. SLATTER, Proprietor.

Terms:  
\$1.50 per month, 3 ms. \$4.

### Notice to Subscribers.

WHEN you find X before your name on your paper, please renew your subscription, as it is a notice that the time for which it has been paid will expire in a few days. Articles of much length, intended for publication, must be handed in in the forenoon to insure publication next day.

### Rates of Advertising.

ON AND AFTER FRIDAY THE 15th of this month, the terms of casual advertising in the Daily Bulletin, will be as follows:

First Week—\$1.00 a square each insertion.

Second Week—75 cents a square each insertion.

Third Week—50 cents a square each insertion.

Fourth Week—25 cents a square each insertion.

Second Month—At the rate of \$5 per month.

Third and Each Succeeding Month—At the rate of \$4 per square a month.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

Obituaries, Editorial Notices and Communications for individual benefit, will be charged 20 cents per line.

Advertisements inserted once, twice, or three times a week, charged as new advertisements each time.

25 per cent will be added to the above rates for Special Notices.

10 lines make one square. No advertisements less than 1 square. Advertisements that make over 10 lines and under 15 lines counted as one-and-a-half squares. Advertisements that make over 15 lines and under 20 lines counted as two squares.

It will be a favor if advertisers will please mark on their advertisements the number of squares they wish them to occupy.

erties, the better;" declaring "that he was at all times, and upon all occasions, resolved to do what he could to defeat the attempts now being made to build up a monarchy upon the ruins of our free Government;" asserting "that he firmly believed, as he said six months ago, that the men in power are attempting to establish a despotism in this country more cruel and more oppressive than ever existed before."

All of which opinions and sentiments he well knew did aid, comfort and encourage those in arms against the Government and could but induce in his hearers a distrust of their own Government and sympathy for those in arms against it, and a disposition to resist the laws of the land.

J. M. CURTS.

Captain in 11th infantry, Judge Advocate, Department of the Ohio.

### MR. VALLANDIGHAM'S PROTEST.

Arrested without process of law, without warrant from any judicial officer, and now in military custody, I have been served with a charge and specification as from a Court Martial or Military Commission. I am not in either the land nor the naval service of the United States, and, therefore, am not tryable for any cause by any such court, but am subject, by the express terms of the Constitution, to arrest only by due process of law, or warrant issued by some officer of a court of competent jurisdiction for trial of citizens. I am subject to indictment and trial on presentment of grand jury, and am entitled to a speedy trial, to be confronted with witnesses, and to compulsory process for witnesses in my behalf, and am entitled to counsel. All these I demand, as my right, as a citizen of the United States, under the Constitution of the United States. But the alleged offence itself is no known to the Constitution, nor to any law thereof. It is words spoken to the people of Ohio in an open public political meeting, lawfully and peacefully assembled under the Constitution, and upon full notice.

It is the words of a citizen, of the public policy, of the public servants of the people, by which policy it was alleged that the welfare of the country was not promoted. It was an appeal to the people to change that policy, not by force, but by the elections and the ballot box. It is not pretended that I counseled disobedience to the Constitution, or resistance to law or lawful authority. I have never done this.

I have nothing further to submit,  
(Signed.) C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.  
May 7, 1863.

The Judge Advocate simply remarked that the accused had the privilege of counsel and of witnesses. It did not become him to enter into any discussion as to the jurisdiction of the Court. That the case had been referred to it was sufficient.

### Dispatches to the Richmond Press.

CHATTANOOGA, May 12th.—There is nothing stirring in front. Nashville dates of the 5th have been received.—The steamer Bard has been sunk in the river above Nashville, by the Confederates. The passengers and crew were captured. Thos. E. Bromalette has been nominated as a candidate for the office of Governor of Kentucky.

Five thousand persons, chiefly free negroes, have taken the oath of allegiance, at Nashville, under orders.

In a raid by guerillas, eight miles from Nashville, on the 30th ult., the Federal pickets were captured and wood-cutters driven in.

Two daughters of Rev. C. D. Elliott, at Nashville, have been arrested for carrying Southern letters, and have been sent North.

The Nashville Press News says that Nashville must be Union in sentiment, or the population must be decimated.

Fifteen prisoners from De Kalb, Smith, and Wilson counties, have arrived at Nashville, and transportation North furnished by the authorities.

### FALL OF JACKSON, MISS.

#### Fighting All Yesterday.

#### THE ENEMY OCCUPY THE TOWN.

MOBILE, May 14.—Jackson is occupied by the enemy. We fought them all day but could not hold the city.

We take the foregoing, flaming head and all, from the Chattanooga Rebel which reached us this morning. It was placed in that journal the first item under the head of "Associated Press Dispatches." We will simply remark that no such dispatch was received in this city, and the telegraph operator here informs us that no such dispatch passed through the office, without which it is impossible for it to have reached Chattanooga. The Rebel has been imposed upon.—*Atlanta Confederacy.*

We failed to get any such dispatch, and grumbled about it like the d—uce. But it was a good joke upon us, and we acknowledge the corn. The Rebel must explain how it come by an associated press dispatch which no other paper but the Rebel received. It has misled many.

#### From Gen. Jones.

The Lynchburg Republican has intelligence that Gen. Jones was entirely successful in his raid upon the enemy, which has been already noticed.—Gen. Jones has returned to the Valley, bringing with him two thousand horses and mules, one thousand head of cattle and five hundred head of sheep, and six hundred prisoners who reached Staunton Saturday. Fifty-two of them were sent to Richmond Saturday by way of the Central railroad.

During his raid Gen. Jones visited both Maryland and Pennsylvania, tore up and destroyed the track of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in several places, and also seriously damaged the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, so much so as to make it useless for several months to come.

In conjunction with the destruction of the trestle work across the Cheat river, accomplished by Gen. Imboden, the damage done to the railroad is great, and will embarrass the enemy's means of transportation on that line for a long time to come. The Yankees after this exploit of General Jones, when contrasted with their abortive efforts at raiding by Stoneman, had better quit the business. They are not fitted for it.

A PRIZE TO BE FOUGHT FOR.—The death of Gen. Jackson creates a vacancy in the roll of Lieutenant Generals. We hope the President will be in no hurry to fill it. There is at present no officer whose merits and achievements so far transcend all others as to indicate him to the popular as well as the Executive judgment as entitled to this distinction. It would be difficult to make an appointment now that would not produce heartburnings. Better leave it as a prize to be fought for, in the battles that are soon to come on.

From the first moment General Jackson received the wound which caused his death, he exhibited that calm resignation and patient endurance for which he was so remarkable. It is related that during the amputation of his arm the General swooned, and was for some minutes unconscious. When he partially recovered from this, one of his aids asked him how he felt, when his reply was, "Very comfortable.—Order forward the infantry to the front!"

GOOD JOKE.—That renegade scoundrel, Gen. Frank P. Blair, jr., of St. Louis, being taken prisoner in the late battles in Virginia, has taken the oath of allegiance to the Confederacy, hoping thereby to save his neck. The rascal is willing to take any oath but Cobb's—which is said to be very, very binding round the neck. Good dodge, Mr. Blair, but it won't win.—*Jackson Mississippian.*

### TELEGRAPHIC.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

#### NORTHERN NEWS!

Vallandigham Sentenced to Dry Tortugas!

WHAT THE HERALD SAYS!

Peace Meeting to be Held in New York!

Great German Meeting in St. Louis!

THEY ASK THAT HALLECK BE REMOVED!

STONEWALL JACKSON'S DEATH!

WHAT NORTHERN PAPERS SAY!

&c. &c. &c. &c.

RICHMOND, May 18

Northern dates to the 14th have been received. The Washington Chronicle learns that Vallandigham has been sentenced to Dry Tortugas, off the coast of Florida, for two years. The minority of the court favored the sending of him South until the end of the war.

The Herald says the report is premature, but that if the proposed sentence is carried out, Vallandigham is sure to be elected Governor of Ohio.

A call for a mass meeting and State Convention of peace rumors is published. The meeting to be held in New York city the 3d day of June. The address says: We are now for a vigorous prosecution of peace, and whilst for no dismemberment and no terms not justified by every principle of honor, will go far in the spirit of conciliation to restore the Union.

Eight thousand Germans held a meeting in St. Louis, on the 16th, and adopted resolutions recommending the removal of Halleck, and promoting Fremont, Butler, and Sigle.

General Davidson, commanding the Department, notified them that no discussion would be allowed—that their duty was to support the President and his appointed agents. Nevertheless the resolutions were adopted and interference, by the military authorities, with freedom of speech, was denounced.

The Herald, alluding to the death of Gen. Jackson, says he resembled Napoleon in his earthly career, and more than any other General of modern times. Thinks our victory at Chancellorsville was dearly bought. Says that Jackson, a universal favorite in the rebel army, was popular even in our own. It gives a lengthy sketch of Jackson's military career.

The Washington Chronicle says: While only too glad to be rid of so terrible a foe, our sense of relief is not unmingled with emotions of sorrow and sympathy for so brave a man. Stonewall Jackson was a great general, a brave soldier, a noble christian, and a pure man.—May God throw these virtues against the sins of the secession advocates.

RICHMOND, May 16

The Tax bill was approved by President Davis on the 27th of April, the ad valorem tax on merchants dates from that day, inclusive. Commissioners of Taxes not yet appointed by the President.

#### Concert.

We were highly gratified to meet, last evening, with Mrs. Nicholson, and gratified to learn that she will give one of her interesting concerts, in Winchester, next Thursday evening, for the benefit of our sick and needy soldiers. This consideration alone ought to secure a crowded house, but aside from this we believe no lover of music, and the beautiful and refined, could be more delightfully entertained. Mrs. Nicholson is a refugee from the Lincoln tyranny at Nashville, while her husband is a prisoner, yet she allows not these troubles to dim the nobleness of heart in its wishes and labors for the good of our cause.—Let us appreciate such devotion, and prove the sincerity of our professions, by giving a large audience on the interesting occasion. Tickets one dollar.

There is much talk at the North of another attack upon Charleston. It is said that Lincoln is determined that Charleston shall be taken, or the Monitor destroyed in the attempt.