"BLOOD AND IRON"

A Combination That Makes for Better Health This Spring.

Every man and woman who would enjoy good health this Spring, and would have such life and strength as not to be a slacker, but equal to anything, must have an abundance of iron in the blood.

The new iron tonic, Peptiron, combines this valuable metal in medicinal form so that it is easily absorbed and readily assimilated.

Peptiron also includes pepsin, nux, celery, gentian and other tonics,—nerve helps, digestives and carminatives—a health-giving medicine in the form of chocolate-coated pills, convenient and pleasant to take. It has given entire satisfaction in cases of anemia or thin blood, paleness, nerve debility, brain-fag. One or two Peptiron after each meal will quickly tell a story of marvellous results.

Peptiron is prepared by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

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[Just off Fifth Ave. on one of city's quietest streets]
One of New York's most beautiful hotels
Much favored by women travelling without escort.
Within four minutes walk of forty theatres.
Center of shopping district.
Rooms private bath, $2.50 and upwards.
Sitting Room, bedroom and bath, $5.00 and upwards.
W. Johnson Quinn, Pres.

MOTHERS, DO THIS—

When the Children Cough, Rub Musterole on Throats and Chests

No telling how soon the symptoms may develop into croup, or worse. And then's when you're glad you have a jar of Musterole at hand to give prompt, sure relief. It does not blister.

As first aid and a certain remedy, Musterole is excellent. Thousands of mothers know it. You should keep a jar in the house, ready for instant use.

It is the remedy for adults, too. Relieves sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, chilblains, frosted feet and colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

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WILL NOT BLISTER

Noah's Wonderful Spring Tonic

For run-down systems and loss of appetite, try a bottle of

NOAH'S Root-Bark Sarsaparilla

This famous Tonic has no equal—refuse substitutes. Your system needs a tonic in the spring-time. By actual tests, Noah's proved the most effective in building up and purifying the blood.

Get a trial bottle from your druggist right now—notice the improvement in health with the first few doses.

Ask your druggist or doctor.

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Noah's Products Corp.
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

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High Quality
DIXIE HOUSE PAINT
$2.60 Gallon

A No. 1 Stain
HANOVER VARNISH STAIN
$1.40 Gallon

Dixie Paint and Paper Co.
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WILSON WILL AID DOLLAR MARKET

Chairman Owen, of Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, Urges Action.

DEPRECIATION ABROAD

American Exchange Suffers Drop in Neutral Marts. Silver Bill May Help.

(By David Lawrence.)
(Copyright, 1918, by New York Evening Post Co.)

Washington, April 20.—President Wilson has told Chairman Owen, of the senate committee on banking and currency, that he would do everything possible to correct the depreciation of American exchange on the neutral markets.

The Oklahoma senator takes the position that congress has already given the executive branch of the government sufficient power to do a number of things that would tend to restore the position of our dollar in foreign exchange to something like its accustomed status.

The silver bill just passed by the senate will be of great assistance, but since it is desirable to limit the export of both gold and silver, credit arrangements provide the only machinery just now to effect the necessary changes in the price of American exchange.

This situation is due primarily not to adverse trade balances, so far as America is concerned, but to the heavy indebtedness of our European allies to neutral countries. All the neutrals are just now furnishing the entente nations with more goods than the neutrals are able to import from the allies. This has put their own currency at a premium in the entente markets and allied exchange, including the American dollar, at a discount.

The United States ordinarily would overcome this by shipments of gold; but these have been restricted, both in order to prevent Germany's getting it and to protect our own currency; so, the only alternative is to transfer credit.

To accomplish that end, an amendment was tacked on to the war finance corporation bill and to the measure authorizing the third liberty loan, whereby our bonds could be placed in the banks of the neutral countries.

Makes Neutral Certain.

This makes the Spanish or Swedish or Norwegian banker certain that he will get back his principal plus interest no matter whether there is or is not an adverse trade balance against his country later on.

Although the treasury department is unauthorized to issue bonds in terms of foreign currency, it would, of course, be embarrassing for the government of the United States to undertake to place its bonds through any neutral governments, for Germany would surely provoke difficulties with the neutral countries by charging unneutrality, but there can be no protest if the liberty bonds are placed with private banks and bankers.

The treasury department has the power, also, to control the means by which Spain, for example, can get pounds sterling in London, instead of acquiring the American dollar in the United States. If Spain and other neutrals were not permitted to do this, but were compelled to look to the United States, her only route would be by exchange of commodities or by placing her own securities here.

The United States had a trade balance against Spain in the seven months ending January last of $31,000,000, and yet America is compelled today to pay a high price for Spanish exchange.

Decision in Near Future.

Members of the federal reserve boards have not been entirely in agreement as to the best means of handling the situation, some of them, indeed, believing to have the American dollar at a discount is an advantage, because it tends to decrease American imports at this time.

Secretary McAdoo, however, is in favor of bringing neutral exchange back to par, principally because under present arrangements the American importer is suffering enormous losses.

Particularly is this considered unjust, because it is the adverse trade balance of Great Britain which is affecting the price of American exchange and not any inherent weakness in American credit or exchange.

The prospects are that the treasury department will reach a decision within the near future and that President Wilson will be influenced by the position taken by Secretary McAdoo and Senator Owen.

LIVERPOOL LEADS IN SOLVING FOOD PROBLEM

England's Second Largest City Develops Model Municipal Kitchens—Coal Saved.

Liverpool, March 21.—(Correspondence Associated Press.)—Liverpool, the second largest city in England, is leading the whole country in solving the food shortage problem. It has municipal kitchens which are models and work more efficiently than those in any other part of the kingdom. It sets every other city in the country an example by maintaining a municipal potato-peeling plant and cooking the potatoes for the bakers to mix with their flour.

Its latest enterprise is supplying householders with boiling water for cooking and washing purposes and thereby causing a great saving in fuel.

Liverpool's city fathers are very proud of their efforts to make their people the most comfortable in the country in these days of enforced economy. With a display of pride they gladly show visitors these new ways of meeting the food shortage. They take them along the streets where butchers' shops are shut for want of meat. A sign on the meat market reads "Why buy meat from the butcher when you can get it ready cooked at the food depot?" The argument is unanswerable, particularly when there is no meat to buy at the butcher's.

There are eleven municipal cookshops where a family of four might buy and take away a satisfying dinner for 75 cents. Stewed steaks, potatoes and puddings are the principal articles.

An enterprising city engineer has set up an engine which runs a machine that peels tons of potatoes in a few minutes, and also supplies steam to great cauldrons in which the potatoes are cooked. This enterprise supplies a clean and wholesome flour to the bakers, which is mixed with wheat flour and helps to produce a delicious bread.

At the food depots a person can buy for a cent a great bucket of boiling water, and the population is being encouraged to come for their boiling water in order to save coal. Instead of buying coal to boil a kettle for cocoa or tea people can get as much water as they want for a cent.

Those responsible for Liverpool's enterprise declare that results have already shown that a workman's family can live much beter and more economically by buying its meals at the food depots than by doing its own cooking.

REGISTRANT HELLER CHARGED MAKING FALSE STATEMENTS

Alleged He Sent Photograph to Wife With Military Uniform on, Claiming Was Already in Army.

Cleveland, April 20.—Registrant Edward Heller was held to federal court yesterday by Commissioner W. O. Taylor on the charge of making false statements in his questionnaire.

Heller, who is an employe of the Hardwick Stove company, is charged with falsely swearing that he contributed about $84 per month to the support of his wife and family of three children.

Heller was unable to make the bond of $1,000 and was committed to jail to await action by the federal district court, which convenes at Chattanooga next Monday.

The state introduced as evidence against him the testimony of his wife's mother, Mrs. Reynolds, of Nashville, who stated that Heller did not contribute regularly to the support of his family, but that she had supported her daughter and the three children almost wholly by working in a cotton mill at Nashville. She further swore that Heller was neglectful of his wife, as when one of the babies was born Heller was away all day and until late in the night, and did nothing to secure the necessary attention for the mother.

It was charged that Heller sent his questionnaire to his wife, together with a photo of himself in soldier clothing, with the statement that he was already in the army, but if she would sign certain statements he would be discharged and would support her. The photo was introduced as evidence against Heller.

NEW RECORD FOR TRACTOR PLOUGHING SET IN ENGLAND

London, March 21.—(Correspondence Associated Press.)—New English records for tractor ploughing were set in the annual spring tests at the new government "tractor school of instruction" at Mossley hill. Two types of light tractor plough of the model adopted by the British government as most suitable for British requirements worked for twelve consecutive hours in the tests.

Tht ground was a light soil and the tractors were required to putt four-furrow ploughs, the depth of the furrow being six inches and the land fairly level but slightly rocky. The work accomplished by the ploughs averaged 11.75 acres each, and the fuel consumption was 2.46 gallons per acre. The engines were run continuously for the allotted twelve hours.

GIFTS OF THINGS TO EAT AND WEAR MOST DESIRED

Amsterdam, March 11.—(Correspondence Associated Press.)—The most desirable gifts nowadays in Germany are things to eat and wear. The following is a list of the gifts presented by the people of Salzburg at a benefit recently to Herr Bratt, the leading tenor of the local opera company: Seven pairs of boots, three suits of clothes, eleven pounds of coffee substitute, fifty-one packages of food, one sausage four feet long, $400 in cash.

RESUMED DUTIES AFTER RETURN TO CAMP

Forty-eight Men Return From Camp Leon, Texas, and Are Ordered to the Ranks.

(Special to The News.)

Greenville, S. C., April 20.—Forty-eight enlisted men of the Thirtieth division, in charge of Regimental Sergeant-Major M. Bowen, headquarters company, 115th field artillery, returned Friday to Camp Sevier from the officers' training camp at Camp Stanley, Leon Springs, Tex., and resumed their duties with their respective organizations. The order under which they were relieved from further duty at Camp Stanley and returned here gave no clue as to their status, other than they had resigned.

Most of the party has been in the Third battery at Leon Springs. Several have been in the Third infantry company, one in the Seventh infantry company and two in the Second battery. Besides Sergt. Bowen, those who returned were Sergt. Charles M. Thompson, quartermaster corps; Sergt. William F. Danieley, 113th field artillery; First Sergeant Claude H. Calvert, 115th field artillery; Sergt. Hugh B. Potterfield, medical corps; Private Franklin J. Malone, 114th field artillery; Sergt. Clarence J. Blume, Battery F, 113th field artillery; Sergt. Barton B. Brown, 114th field artillery; Sergt. Edward C. Lenior, 105th trench mortar battery; First Sergeant Guy Mason, 115th field artillery; Corporal William G. Hutcheson, 115th field artillery; Corporal Clay Stacker, 115th field artillery; Private Green C. Chandler, 115th field artillery; Corporal Franklin G. Davis, headquarters detachment, 55th field artillery; Brigade Sergeant Paul Capps, 115th field artillery; Sergt. Frank King, 115th field artillery; Sergt. Wallace L. Higginbotham, 114th field artillery; Corporal Roy D. Cooper, 114th field artillery; Sergeant George B. Hellen, 113th field artillery; Private (first-class) Robert L. Hill, 113th machine gun battalion; Private William B. Huskey, 114th machine gun battalion; Private Arthur L. King, 105th sanitary train; Corporal Henry E. Brockhaus, 105th field signal battalion; Sergt. Michael H. Jones, 113th field artillery; Sergt. William M. Reynolds, headquarters troop supply; Sergt. William Kleeman, 114th field artillery; Battalion Sergeant-Major Andrew P. Talley, 105th ammunition train; Corporal Roll H. Phillips, headquarters detachment, 55th field artillery; Brigade Sergeant John G. Hudgins, Jr., 113th field artillery; Corporal Leland C. Shepard, 113th field artillery; Battalion Sergeant-Major Harley Laskew, headquarters, Thirtieth division; Sergt. Nero T Bobbitt, 113th field artillery; First Sergeant Oscar W. Newman, headquarters detachment, 55th field artillery brigade; First Sergeant Granville G. Wyrick, 105th engineers; Regimental Supply Sergeant William W. Holmes, 114th field artillery; Sergt. Fred M. Patterson, 113th field artillery; Corporal Henry G. Varnell, 114th machine gun battalion; Sergt. Charles B. Wills, 113th field artillery; Private (first-class) Allen G. Laudenberg, 114th machine gun battalion; Ordnance Sergeant Charles R. Staton, ordnance department; First Sergeant Harry Dodd, 115th field artillery; First Sergeant Oscar H. Brown, 119th infantry; Private Harry S. Frear, 117th infantry; Corporal Samuel Light, quartermaster corps; Private Aubrey E. Meyer, Jr., infantry, unassigned; Private John B. Hill, headquarters, 60th infantry brigade; Private Thomas N. Beisinger, field artillery, unassigned, and Private (first-class) Arthur Erickson, field artillery, unassigned.

BASKET-WEAVING REVIVED TO CARE FOR BIG FRUIT CROP

London, March 13.—(Correspondence Associated Press.) — A bumper fruit crop, probably exceeding even the record crop of last year, is indicated in the agricultural forecasts. The chief difficulty this year, as last, will be the provision of the 5,000,000 baskets required to handle the crop. Before the war practically all fruit baskets were imported, but under the spur of necessity the old English basket-weaving industry has been revived to a considerable extent. The government is now encouraging the opening of basket-making centers as village industries in all the willow-growing districts, and in some places German prisoner labor is being extensively employed.

FIRING SQUADS FOR CONVICTED SPIES

Opposition of Determined Character Raised in Congress Over Chamberlain Bill.

(International News Service.)

Washington, April 20.—Opposition of the most determined character made its appearance in congress today against the Chamberlain bill declaring the United States a part of the military zone and providing firing squads for spies and disloyalists.

Despite much impatience in congress over the government's inability to cope more successfully with espionage and treason, prediction was made today that the Chamberlain bill would not pass. Members opposing it declared that it represents Prussianism raised to the nth degree and that it violates the fundamental principles of the Constitution.

Loyal Americans from both Minnesota and Wisconsin have warned congress that unless more effective steps are taken by the government to root out disloyalty, Ku Klux Klans will be organized and that anarchy will ensue in some sections of the country where German propagandists are most active. Nevertheless, canvass today showed that the majority of congress is still unwilling to take the prosecution of espionage and disloyalty out of the hands of the department of justice and transfer it to the military authorities.

Officials of the war department and the navy department having charge of the work of running down spies and traitors have indorsed the general principle of the Chamberlain bill. They feel that their work cannot be brought up to the highest standard of efficiency as long as the military authorities are powerless to administer quick and summary justice to convicted German agents. The practice of admitting spies to bail, they declare, practically nullifies their work.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, has taken the lead in announcing his opposition to the measure. He said it is unnecessary and unconstitutional. He let it be known today that he would fight it to the last ditch when it comes up in the senate as menacing the free institutions of the United States.

Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, the sponsor of the measure, declared he would use every means to bring it to a vote in the senate. He believes that the American army in France cannot be adequately protected against disloyalty at home without the measure.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

"Meet Your Appetite at Our Tables"
The Read House
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
J. BAYLIS RECTOR, Manager
WHERE SERVICE COUNTS

Order Now — COAL — Don't Delay
STEAM AND DOMESTIC
For Immediate Delivery
Order now before you are out and avoid inconvenience.
Ogden Coal & Supply Co.
BUILDING MATERIALS — COAL — M.W. EASTLAND President
OFFICE AND YARD 706 E. NINTH ST. TELEPHONES MAIN 376 & 213

Change of Schedules Southern Railway System

Effective Sunday, April 21, 1918

Northbound

Train No. 2 for Lexington, Cincinnati and points north will leave Chattanooga 10:30 a.m. instead of 10:45 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 12 for Lexington, Cincinnati and points north will leave Chattanooga 12:05 noon instead of 11:30 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 10 for Lexington, Cincinnati and points north will leave Chattanooga 10:45 p.m. instead of 10:30 p.m. as at present.

Train No. 4 for Lexington, Cincinnati and points north will leave Chattanooga 12:30 a.m. instead of 11:05 p.m. as at present.

Southbound

Train No. 3 for Birmingham, New Orleans and points south will leave Chattanooga 6:50 a.m. instead of 6:20 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 5 for Birmingham and intermediate points will leave Chattanooga 7:00 a.m. instead of 6:50 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 9 for Atlanta, Macon, Jacksonville and points south will leave Chattanooga 7:30 a.m. instead of 6:50 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 1 for Birmingham, Shreveport, New Orleans and points south will leave Chattanooga 7:00 p.m. instead of 6:50 p.m. as at present.

Train No. 11 for Atlanta, Macon, Jacksonville and points south will leave Chattanooga 7:00 p.m. instead of 6:20 p.m. as at present.

Eastbound

Train No. 26 for Knoxville, Washington, New York and points east will leave Chattanooga 4:15 a.m. instead of 5:15 a.m. as at present.

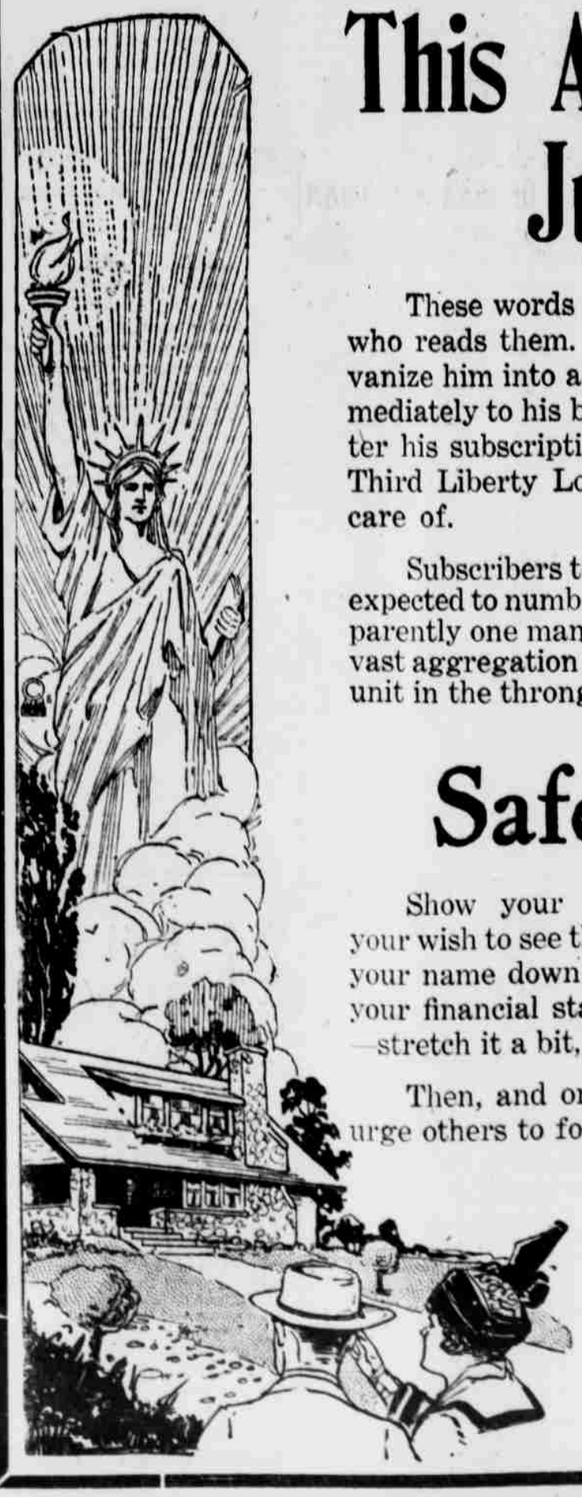
Westbound

Train No. 35 for Huntsville, Decatur, Sheffield, Memphis and points west will leave Chattanooga 6:45 a.m. instead of 6:30 a.m. as at present.

Train No. 25 for Sheffield, Memphis and points west will leave Chattanooga 12:35 a.m. instead of 11:35 p.m. as at present.

No Change in Time of Other Trains Leaving Chattanooga.

J. R. MARTIN, Division Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.
J. L. MEEK, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.



This Advertisement Is Directed to Just ONE Person: YOU!

These words are aimed solely at the man who reads them. They are intended to galvanize him into action, to impel him to go immediately to his bank or banker and there enter his subscription to as many bonds of the Third Liberty Loan as he can possibly take care of.

Subscribers to this Third Liberty Loan are expected to number five million and more. Apparently one man will not be missed from this vast aggregation of persons. Yet every single unit in the throng counts in the total. Every man who comes in will help — every one who stays out will be missed, and missed badly.

This matter of subscribing to the Liberty Loan is one that bears directly on every human being in the great United States. There is no exception. There can be no shifting of responsibility. No one can feel that his neighbor's subscription takes the place of his own. To be a citizen of this country is to be obligated to participate in this loan, whose gigantic proportions represent an expression of the loyalty and devotion of the American people to the cause of humanity.

Safeguard Your Home--

Show your unqualified patriotism and your wish to see this loan successful by putting your name down today for the amount that your financial status warrants you in taking —stretch it a bit, if necessary.

Then, and only then, you will be free to urge others to follow your worthy example.

The eyes of our fighting men are upon you.

The million and more of our nation's fighting men are looking at YOU. There is a question in their eyes. They are asking you: "Will you be more sparing of your dollars than we are of our lives?"

Your subscription today will answer that question — the best and only way.

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