FAMOUS MESSAGE THAT TURNED TIDE OF BATTLE

HERO OF MARNE COMES TO VISIT AMERICA.

Gen. Omar Bundy, Commander of Americans in Battle of Chateau-Thierry.

New York, Nov. 9.—Maj.-Gen. Omar Bundy, commander of the Fifth army corps, who sent the famous messa e which turned the tide in the second battle of the Marne, is enroute for Washington today, after a short stay in this city.

Few people knew that the hero was here. On July 15 he was in command of the American forces near Chateau-Thierry, where he sent the following message which electrified the world:

"We regret being unable to follow the counsels of our masters, the French, but the American flag has been compelled to retire. This is unendurable and none of our soldiers would understand not being asked to do whatever is necessary to re-establish a situation which is humiliating to us, and unacceptable to our country's honor. We are going to counter-attack."

It is understood that Gen. Bundy is to confer with the secretary of war while in Washington.

DEMOCRATS ALL WIN

Returns Show Majorities from 600 to 700 in McMinn County.

McMinnville, Nov. 9.—(Special)—The unofficial returns from the late election place the democratic majority for all nominees at from six hundred to seven hundred votes. J. T. Vinson, regular democrat, was elected to the lower house of the next legislature.

M'MINNVILLE CELEBRATES

Thought Peace Had Been Declared and People Went Wild With Joy.

McMinnville, Nov. 9.—(Special)—This town was the scene of a big rally and public demonstration Thursday night, over the news flashed over the wires that Germany had accepted peace terms laid down by our country, the United States, which would mean the war was virtually over.

Several hundred people gathered in town and there was much rejoicing on the part of all. Bells were ringing and horns and whistles blowing and quite a parade moved through the principal streets. Ringing patriotic speeches were made by a number of citizens. The occasion was a lengthy parade moved through the principle streets. The occassion was one of much rejoicing.

RED CROSS WORK AFTER WAR

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Announcement that the American Red Cross will, in all probability, be called upon to direct rehabilitation and reconstruction work in the war areas following the declaration of peace, was made here yesterday by Geo. E. Scott, of Washington, acting general manager of the red cross, at a conference with central division department heads.

Mr. Scott said the red cross will continue its military relief work after the armistice was signed until demobilization of the American forces is completed.

CANCEL CONTRACTS SLOWLY

Washington, Nov. 9.—Chairman Baruch, of the war industries board, authorized the statement last night that the coming of peace will not result in immediate cancellation of war supply contracts, but that contracts will be cancelled gradually, as requirements are reduced, making it possible to lift curtailments and restrictions upon ordinary industrial activities.

Miss Mary Jones Tells How Cuticura Healed Tetter

"I had been troubled with tetter for twelve months. It was in pimples and my face was very badly disfigured. The skin was sore and red and my clothing would stick to my arms at night so that I had to grease them. The breaking out itched and burned so that I could not rest, and it caused me to irritate the affected parts by scratching.

"Then I used Cuticura. They afforded relief in twenty-four hours and I used one cake of Cuticura Soap and a box and a half of Cuticura Ointment when I was healed." (Signed) Miss Mary Lizzie Jones, R. 5, Box 30, Buena Vista, Ga., Dec. 2, 1917.

Use Cuticura Soap for toilet purposes, assisted, now and then, by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal any tendency to irritation, redness or roughness of the skin or scalp. By using these delicate, fragrant, super-creamy emollients for all toilet purposes you may prevent many skin and scalp troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. B, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

LA GRIPPE (F.L.U.) TAKE GASTRONE

For LaGrippe, Indigestion, Constipation and Biliousness. Ask your druggist for it.

Ruby Boyd,

a colored girl of Atlanta, Georgia, uses

Nelson's Hair Dressing

She says there's nothing to compare with NELSON'S for taking curl out of stubborn, unruly hair.

Is your hair hard to manage? By all means try NELSON'S Hair Dressing.

NELSON'S is the original and genuine; it is sold and recommended by druggists everywhere and is the hair dressing used by particular colored people all over the United States.

Take this advertisement to the drug store and be sure to get the genuine NELSON'S. The price is still 25 cents.

NELSON MFG. CO., Inc. RICHMOND, VA.

"Nelson's will make you proud of your hair!"

AMERICA'S ROLL OF HONOR

Two Casualty Lists Issued for Today Contain 981 Names—Of This Number 180 Are Southerners. Tennesseans, 26; Georgians, 20; Alabamans, 22. Total Number Killed in Action, 363.

SECTION 1.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces. (Only the names of those from southern states are republished in these lists):

Killed in action	177
Died of wounds	101
Died of accident and other causes	8
Died of disease	31
Wounded (degree undetermined)	100
Wounded slightly	19
Prisoner	1
Total	438

Killed in Action.

Sergeants—Marion L. Daniels, Goldsboro, N. C.; James W. Hudgill, Critz, Va.; CORBIT RICHARDSON (Mrs. Mary Richardson), Livingston, Tenn.

Corporals—Allen G. Bussey, Jacksonville, Fla.; Pearlie H. Harris, Smithfield, N. C.; James L. Hessee, Durham, N. C.

Privates—Robert Lee Alston, Littleton, N. C.; Robert L. Andrews, Roanoke Rapids, N. C.; Robey Edward Campbell, Lenoir, N. C.; Hubert Cates, Louisburg, N. C.; Larkin Clay, Wellsville, Va.; George T. Dixon, Franklins, N. C.; James O. Driver, Selma, N. C.; Otho Eason, Rockymount, N. C.; Everett M. Guynn, Price, Va.; George P. Hogwood, Norfolk, Va.; Edgar L. Johnston, Sylvarina, Miss.; GUY R. OLNEY (Mrs. Josephine Olney), Nashville, Tenn.; Robert Sutton, Graham, N. C.; Martin Taylor, Paintrock, N. C.; Joseph L. Green, Gary, N. C.; PAUL SAMUEL KILLINGSWORTH (John Samuel Killingsworth), Ashgrove, Ga.; GEORGE W. KNIGHT (Lem H. Hemhill), Griffin, Ga.; Gaither Miller, Johnlen, N. C.; CLAUDE L. MOSS (Morris T. Moss), Jasper, Ga.; James Porter, Tomahawk, Ky.; JOHN S. RIVES (Miss Florence Rives), Mulberry, Tenn.; Lonnie J. Thomas, Pelkton, N. C.; WILLEY S. TOWRY (Mrs. Prinnie T. Towry), Taft, Tenn.; JAMES ZEIGLER (Charlie Zeigler), Sylvania, Ga.; Philip Wilkinson, Union Church, Miss.

Died of Wounds.

Sergeant—Edwin Goodson, Smithfield, Va.

Corporals—George C. Dunlap, Staunton, Va.; Carter Haskins, Burkeville, Va.; Ralph E. Williams, Comerstock, Va.

Privates—LEGN ANDERSON (Mrs. Texas V. Anderson), Millery, Ala.; JAMES A. COOPER (Osie O. Cooper), Elba, Ala.; Leonard C. Duncan, Irish Creek, Va.; David Brower England, Paducah, Ky.; James C. Glover, Zebulon, N. C.; Robert E. L. Hart, Hazel, Ky.; Lee Hoskins, Brookhaven, Miss.; WILLIAM N. JOHNSON (Alvis Craig), Athens, Tenn.; WILLIAM P. LAWSON (Henry Lawson), Eidson, Tenn.; JOSEPH A. LONG (Joseph B. Long), Bremen, Ga.; John D. Misel, Williamston, N. C.; ARTHUR M. ROGERS (Mrs. Amy Sanders), Memphis, Tenn.; Leitch W. Stallings, Concord, N. C.; Eugene Wilburn, Alexandria, Va.; George A. Woodall, Leatherwood, Va.

Died of Disease.

Lieutenant—Roy E. Moorman, Glendon, Ky.

Privates—ASHLEY D. COLLINS (James Collins), Dudley, Ga.; GEORGE W. ELROD (Mrs. Alder M. Elrod), Habersham, Ga.; Ballard Miller, Winston-Salem, N. C.; LEWIS RENFROE (Miss Anna B. Renfroe), Oconee, Ga.; ALBERT E. STANTON (Philip E. Stanton), Cause, Ala.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined).

Corporals—HOLZEN K. LOARD (Mrs. P. A. Loard), Montgomery, Ala.; Horace Smith, Pensacola, Fla.; PETER T. MARTIN (Mrs. W. W. Martin), Greensboro, Ala.

Privates—MAT RYAN (Mrs. Annie Waddle), Celina, Tenn.; BURNEY HARDY (Bill Hardy), Brewton, Ala.; JOSEPH T. HICKEY (Bird Hickey), Rossville, Ga.; EMMIT M. HIRES (Mrs. Susie Hires), Beatrice, Ala.; LEE MARTIN (Mrs. Dorothy Martin), Coalfield, Tenn.; Andy Stephens, Frankfort, Ky.; Garfield Dunning, Autlander, N. C.; WALTER McGOWAN (Mrs. Lidia McGowan), Limrock, Ala.; ROY STOKES (Mrs. J. C. Snellgrove), Enterprise, Ala.; WILLIAM A. WALKER (Mrs. Laura H. Walker), Alpharetta, Ga.; Thad B. Watkins, Bryson City, N. C.

Wounded Slightly.

Privates—John Wesley McDaniel, High Point, N. C.; CURTIS L. SCOTT (W. H. Scott), Reform, Ala.; Oscar Warren, Pittsburg, Ky.; COLEMAN B. WOODARD (Lennie Woodard), Newell, Ala.

SECTION 2.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

Killed in action	186
Died of wounds	159
Died of disease	139
Wounded severely	22
Wounded (degree undetermined)	19
Wounded slightly	27
Total	543

Killed in Action.

Lieutenant—AULS FAGG (Mrs. Florence Russell), Maryville, Tenn.

Corporals—Fred Bass, Edenton, N. C.; RICHARD H. DICKSON (Mrs. Mary J. Dickson), Knoxville, Tenn.; Henry L. Foster, Brookneal, Va.; Herbert M. Miles, Warrenton, N. C.; JOSEPH PATTON (Mrs. Susan A. Patton), Peavine, Tenn.; Frank Weaver, Warrenton, N. C.

Mechanic—Charlie V. Wilkins, Durham, N. C.

Privates—Thomas G. Adams, Gainesboro, Va.; WILLIAM AUSTIN (Mrs. Mary Austin), Knoxville, Tenn.; John R. Avant, Albemarle, N. C.; Ivey D. Buchanan, Elizabethtown, Ky.; Lawrence Bigbee, Oakridge, Miss.; William J. Correll, Kennapolis, N. C.; JOHN CROWDER (John Crowder), Brownsville, Tenn.; Leslie Foy, Verona, N. C.; OSCAR FRANKLIN (Mrs. M. A. Franklin), Montgomery, Ala.; John L. Garland, Monroe, N. C.; Franklin Godfrey, Simpsonville, S. C.; Broadus B. Hames, Gaffney, S. C.; Walter L. Monteith, Genville, N. C.; DAVID OTT (Charlie Ott), Rickford, Tenn.; Robbie H. Hiske, Leasville, N. C.; James Burleson, Boonford, N. C.; Arkansas R. Chalmers, Raleigh, N. C.; William T. Dodson, Sandyridge, N. C.; John H. Easter, Linwood, N. C.; Arthur L. Edmundson, Snowhill, N. C.; Garcie Calvin Edwards), Highlands, N. C.; Adrian H. Grantham, Mount Olive, N. C.; Milton Asbury Green, Blowing Rock, N. C.; Muck Hill, Smithfield, N. C.; Ransey B. Little, Stanfield, N. C.; John E. Lynch, Durham, N. C.; WILLIAM T. McCOLLISTER (Mrs. Joe McCollister), Phoenix, Ala.; HENRY R. MacMAHAN (Gibb MacMahan), Sevierville, Tenn.; Willie Ernest Macy, Kernersville, N. C.; David M. Meggs, Camden, N. C.; Olon C. Skinner, Beaufort, N. C.; William C. Upchurch, Albany, Ky.; Lucian L. Vaughan, Orange, Va.

Died of Wounds.

Lieutenant—TOM REED BEASLEY (Mrs. Tom R. Beasley), Reesdsville, Ga.

Sergeants—William R. Willifred, Moriah, N. C.; Gilbert B. White, Trinity, N. C.

Corporals—Russell T. Beatty, Bluemont, Va.; Sanford Cain, Westminster, S. C.; Robert E. Huntley, Rutherfordton, N. C.

Privates—Ira Vandora Gray, Austinville, Va.; William H. Grogran, Price, N. C.; CLAUDE L. MINGLE (Jake Mingle), Knoxville, Tenn.; John M. Montague, Elm City, N. C.; CLINTON REEVES (Mrs. Virgil Reeves), Crandall, Tenn.; Raymond Rodgers, Accotink, Va.; Lewis Brown, Portsmouth, Va.; Elbert T. Burns, Conley Springs, N. C.; OLLIE DAVIS (Mrs. Sue W. Davis), Hollytree, Ala.; HOWARD R. HAMILTON (Mrs. Lora L. Hamilton), Big Sandy, Tenn.; George A. Harper, Bumpass, Va.; William L. Jenkins, Bena, Va.; ROBERT L. KIRKLAND (Mrs. Ella M. Kirkland), Clinton, Ala.; THURMAN J. LEACH (John C. Leach), Johnson City, Tenn.; Ernest L. Mashburn, Judson, N. C.; ABNER T. SPEER (Thomas M. Speer), Atlanta, Ga.

Died of Disease.

Sergeant—Holton Bracht, Dryridge, Ky.

Wagoner—NICHOLAS BERRENS (Mrs. James Berrens), Cullman, Ala.

Privates—Edward Anderson, Charlotte, N. C.; William Aiken, Hollybill, S. C.; Jim Bennett, Wadesboro, N. C.; LUCIAN T. BERRY (Mrs. Eunice H. Berry), Vanleer, Tenn.; JAMES W. BLACK (William M. Black), Banner Springs, Tenn.; Webb D. Broom, Prentiss, Miss.; Ezra Brown, Richardson, N. C.; Jesse T. Bunting, Oak City, N. C.; William H. Dixon, Jacksonville, Fla.; Edwin Patton Dowdle, Prestiss, N. C.; JOHN D. GAINES (Roy Gaines), Elisville, Ga.; Julius Gosney, Butler, Ky.; DAVID M. GOURLEY (Charles M. Gourley), Rasar, Tenn.; Glenn D. Hartin, Wilmington, N. C.; Abraham Heyword, Frogmore, S. C.; BISHOP BOATWRIGHT (Mrs. Susie B. Boatwright), Louisville, Ga.; FRANK FLOYD (Mrs. Dona S. Floyd), Jeffersonville, Ga.; WILL FOWLER (John Fowler), Iron City, Tenn.; Rufus E. Garrett, Greensboro, N. C.; WILLIAM MANSFIELD (Wilson Mansfield), Preston, Ga.; MARSELIOUS MAYFIELD (Mrs. Josie Mayfield), Commerce, Ga.; Earnest Moffett, Laurel, Miss.; James C. Reynolds, Ocala, Fla.; WILL ROUNTREE (Simon Rountree), Boston, Ga.; EGGE SHEPHERD (Mrs. Florence T. Shepherd), Boston, Ga.; MACK WALTHOUR (Mrs. Love Walker), McBean, Ga.; Floyd Wilkins, Heathsville, Va.; Barney Williamson, Bannockburn, S. C.

Severely Wounded.

Sergeants—John W. McClain, Inman, S. C.; CLAUDE M. NORRIS (W. O. Norris), Honorville, Ala.

Privates—SAM J. FERGUSON (Mrs. Maggie Nolan), Nashville, Tenn.; Norman Franklin Loftis, South Boston, Va.; Warton Noble, Ned, Ky.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined).

Privates—Ellen H. Clement, Miakka City, Fla.; SAM SMITH (Pete Smith), Birmingham, Ala.; WILDE SMITH (Minnie Cross), Hartford, Ala.

Wounded Slightly.

Privates—Robert E. Lee, Greenville, N. C.; JAMES T. SMITH (George W. Smith), Rhea Springs, Tenn.; ROBERT S. SMITH (Mrs. M. Jones), Birmingham, Ala.; FRED L. YARBROUGH (W. H. Yarbrough), Dothan, Ala.

TOTAL CHAOS FOR GERMANY IS NOW WRITER'S PREDICTION

Efforts of Militarism Are Concisely Told by German Who Signs Himself "Artabanus."

Amsterdam.—(N. E. A.)—The German Review Friendenswarte published, for the fifth anniversary of the beginning of the war, a special number, in which the most prominent German pacifists collaborated, most of them taking a position against militarism.

One of them, a German known as the author of the "Letters of a German Farmer," who signs himself "Artabanus," gives the following description of the situation of his country, concluding by predicting chaos:

"In Germany, the essential characteristics of the four last years are:

"10. A people which lacks political maturity.

"20. A dynasty that takes all means to oppose the democratization of the government.

"30. A foreign policy that has raised the hostility of the whole civilized world; that relies on inferior elements (Turks, Bulgars), and that keeps in good terms with the most dangerous enemies of humanity, the bolsheviki.

"40. A powerful caste of noblemen and military men, reinforced by the upper middle class and the faithful supporter of the dynasty.

"50. A shadow of parliament.

"60. A press that is at the same mental level as the people and his chiefs.

"70. A sort of mental disturbance that has come over both learned and ignorant men and that has made university professors sustain the old sophism of Carneade: 'There is no right; might is right.'

"80. A financial policy based on the principle 'we should worry.'

"90. An army which runs blindly to death.

"100. A perfect co-operation between all these evil forces.

"The results of this co-operation may be summed up as follows:

"1. The power of the government has increased enormously. It draws near to oriental despotism, summary execution, imprisonment on suspicion.

"2. The parliament loses more and more of its prestige.

"3. Everybody lies, those who do not lie are considered as rascals.

"4. Material losses are incalculable—millions of dead and mutilated men, $139,000,000,000 of war credits, the loss of the German colonies, ruin of the navigation and foreign trade.

"5. Moral losses are still heavier. Honesty is dead; the German name s discredited for centuries in four-fifths of the civilized world.

"And this may still go on for a long time unless Germany suffers a military defeat. Such a defeat is evidently possible, notwithstanding the German victories. The German armies are weakening, while Germany's enemies still have at their disposal the immense man-power of the United States.

"The slower defeat will come, the more terrible it will be for the defeated. If it happens, it is probable that the German proletariat will turn against its masters, under the influence of its misery and not, unfortunately, for moral reasons. The power of evil by their union have been the cause of the world war. When they will be disrupted, it will be the reign of chaos."

There is Beauty in every Jar

Morrisons PHARMACISTS

3—Stores—3

"Just a Whisper From Market Street"

FEED PIPE BURSTS

Memphis Gas and Electric Plant Put Out of Commission.

Memphis, Nov. 9.—The bursting of a steam feed pipe at the plant of the Memphis Gas and Electric company early today, the second accident of its kind in two weeks, put the plant virtually out of commission for some hours today and led to reports that a serious explosion had occurred. It was stated later, however, that other than wrecking some machinery essential to the operation of the plant, the property damage was small. No one was injured.

WILL FORCE PASSAGE

Von Mackenzen Determined to Take German Troops Through Rumania.

London, Nov. 9.—It was reported today that Field Marshal Von Mackenzen, commander of the German troops in Rumania, plans to march through Hungary, forcing a passage if necessary.

The telegraph lines in Germany have been reopened, said a dispatch from the frontier.

Hungary had previously closed her frontiers against German troops in Rumania.

MINUS FOOT AND LEG

Albany, Ore.—(I. N. S.)—Loss of his left leg and right foot has failed to dampen the patriotism of David Edgar Hunt, who has asked the local board to assign him to duty as a gas engine expert. The board is going to do it.

WARNING OF DANGER

Mansfield, O.—(I. N. S.)—Automobilists and pedestrians are warned by J. W. Jacobs, trainmaster for the Richland Public Service company, against taking any chances on trying to cross street car tracks in front of approaching cars lest leaves falling from trees on either side of the street prevent prompt stopping of street cars.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT NOTIFIED OF CONFERENCE

PREMATURE CELEBRATIONS GRAVE MENACE.

Lives Already Lost—Surrender of Huns Cannot Be Long Delayed.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The American government was notified just before noon today that Marshal Foch had received the German delegates seeking armistice terms behind the French lines at 9 o'clock this morning, Paris time.

In announcing that the conference which may end the war had begun, the state department disclosed that the German envoys, after reading the surrender terms handed them, would be allowed a brief time to consider whether they must communicate with Berlin, and then would be given seventy-two hours in which to reply if they required a decision from Berlin.

Anxiety among officials of the government today over the renewal of wild premature peace demonstrations started yesterday by the false report of the signing of an armistice almost equaled interest in the outcome of the conference.

Germans Are Beaten.

Everywhere it is believed that the Germans are beaten, and that their surrender cannot long be delayed. Word that the drastic conditions under which the American and allied advance may stop have been accepted is awaited with calm confidence.

But it is realized that the premature celebration, in which lives already have been lost and property destroyed, may create a grave situation, resulting in material interruption of business and industrial activities. President Wilson himself has taken cognizance of the danger, and at his direction Secretary Lansing issued an official statement denying persistent statements that news was being withheld and promising an announcement as soon as the government received information that a narmistice had been signed.

GIVES LIFE FOR COUNTRY

Sergeant Robert Hilton Pace Killed in France on September, 30.

McMinnville, Nov. 9.—(Special)—Messages received from the war department by relatives at this place, brought news that Sergt. Robert Hilton Pace, had been killed in action in France, on Sept. 30. Young Pace was one of the first of three men to leave McMinnville for the training camps at Camp Gordon, Atlanta, on Sept. 5, 1917. He was a member of Company G, 117th infantry. He proved himself a good soldier and was soon made sergeant. He was 21 years of age and the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Pace, of this place. He is survived by his wife and one little daughter.

OPERATORS GET INCREASE

Nearly $200,000 More Goes to Southern Railway Telegraphers.

Knoxville, Nov. 9.—(Special)—Approximately 500 railroad telegraph operators on the Knoxville and Coster division of the Southern railway and Knoxville division of the L. & N. are affected by the average increase of $30 per month in wages, announced to be approved by Director-General McAdoo within the next few days. The increase will mean about $180,000 more per year to them.

American Periodicals in Spain.

(United States Commerce Reports.)

The display of American trade, industrial and technical journals in its reading room is a marked feature of the work of the Madrid consulate. In looking over these copiously illustrated and in many instances highly artistic publications, Spanish visitors are impressed with the enormous productive power of American workshops, the excellence of American industrial methods and the constant and rapid progress being made in science and technical research in the United States. The influence exerted upon visitors in this way is not less potent for being unconsciously experienced. Furthermore, when more recent issues of publications arrive in the office the superseded numbers are presented to the various chambers of commerce and industry throughout central Spain and to firms and associations interested in the same branch of trade, industry or science as that which forms the subject matter of the particular journal or periodical. Such action on the part of the consulate has invariably elicited from the recipient an expression of appreciation and increased interest, and the sphere of influence of the publication has thus been materially enlarged and American prestige enhanced. Any notable reduction in the number of periodicals now received in the consulate would necessitate a discontinuance of much of the valuable propaganda above outlined, and it is feared that locally this might be falsely interpreted to denote a slackening in the national effort at a time when it is more important than ever to impress upon neutral opinion not only the military resources and intellectual vigor of the United States, but also the immense manufacturing capacity of American industry and the exceptionally advantageous position American commerce will be in when peace again permits it to expand freely in world markets.

FINISH COTTON PICKING

Fine Weather Helps Farmers in Gathering Crops.

Lyerly, Ga., Nov. 9.—(Special.)—The fine weather prevailing over this section during this week has enabled the farmers to practically finish up the picking of the cotton crop, which has matured wonderfully well this fall. While the price being paid for the staple has been tempting to many and induced them to sell, it is surprising the amount of cotton being held by the farmers for better prices, which it is generally believed will come later.

The farmers are gathering their corn this week, after last week's high waters had threatened to destroy the entire crop on the river bottoms land. Chattooga's chief corn crop is raised along the Chattooga river, and the loss of that greatly hurts.

FAIL TO AGREE

Platform Men of Knoxville Railway to Submit Grievance to War Board.

Knoxville, Nov. 9.—(Special.)—Failing to reach an agreement adjusting the wage scale of the motormen and conductors, a committee representing the street car men's union and representatives of the Knoxville Railway and Light company will submit the case to the war labor board at Washington for final adjustment next Wednesday. A conference was held in the office of Col. C. H. Harvey, president of the company, and although the employes were promised an increase it did not meet with the satisfaction of the committee.

CROATS WILL BE LOYAL

New York, Nov. 9.—A Swiss report that the Croation parliament in Agram, capital of Croatia and Slavonia, had declared the Croats would join an Austrian kingdom, is denied by Dr. Bogumil, member of the Jugo-Slav committee.

April, 1918.

SOCIALISTS THREATEN KAISER

Basel, Switzerland, Nov. 9.—The Correspondence Socialist, the official organ of the German socialist party, sent to the chancellor at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon an ultimatum demanding the abdication of Emperor William and the renunciation of the throne by the German crown prince before noon yesterday. If these demands were not acceded to the socialists said they would retire from the government.

RATIFY DRAFT TREATY

Washington, Nov. 9.—Ratifications of the draft treaty between France and the United States were exchanged today by Secretary Lansing and Ambassador Jusserand.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

His Mother Needed Money —and She Got It!

AN American soldier hurries along the street of a shell-torn village, keeping close to the shelter of the crumbling walls, and runs up the steps of a battered chateau.

He climbs to a room where sandbags are piled high to the ceiling. Behind a rough counter stands a man of middle age—a man with an emblem on his arm and a smile on his face.

"In a hurry this morning, buddie?" he asks.

"You bet I am," pants the soldier. "We're going into the trenches at noon."

"Can I help you?"

The boy thrusts one hand into his pocket and with the other points to a sign on the wall. It reads:—"SEND YOUR MONEY HOME—ASK THE SECRETARY HOW."

"Can I send this to my mother?" he asks, and draws out a roll of French bills. "She needs it."

"Of course you can," says the secretary. He counts the money carefully—twice—and then does a little figuring.

"That makes $84.60 in American money."

"And will you see that my mother gets it?"

"We will," is the answer. "I'll give you this receipt and I'll send your money to the nearest headquarters. They will forward it to Paris, and Paris will tell New York to mail your mother a check for your $84.60."

"How much will it cost me to have you do that?"

The answer is it won't cost him one cent. His mother will get the whole $84.60. Every week the War Work organizations are transmitting more than half a million dollars from the boys over there to the home folks over here.

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at $170,500,000.

By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their:

3,600 Recreation Buildings	2,500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1,000 Miles of Movie Film	85 Hostess Houses
100 Leading Stage Stars	15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
2,000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club, and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

From the time your fighter starts for a cantonment until he reaches a front-line dug-out the seven organizations are ministering to him in big ways and little ways, to take the worries off his shoulders and to carry cheer and comfort to him. One aim—one need—now, altogether!

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

Y.M.C.A. Y.W.C.A. NAT'L CATHOLIC WAR COUNCIL—K. of C. JEWISH WELFARE BOARD WAR CAMP COMMUNITY SERVICE AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION SALVATION ARMY

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.