

Face Peeling Easy—Blonde or Brunette

The blonde's complexion fades early, because her skin is extraordinarily thin and fine. The brunette's skin is the reverse. The skin is thicker and has a tendency to an oily appearance.

HAD A TROUBLESOME COUGH FOR YEARS

Mrs. Staples Says Lung-Vita Now Called L-V a God-Send to Humanity.

"Four years ago I was in very bad health, had a troublesome cough for a number of years. I was advised to go west by a physician."

"I cannot say enough for Lung-Vita. I only wish every one suffering from bronchial trouble would give it a trial. I think it the grandest medicine in the world and a God-send to humanity."

The medicine which Mrs. Staples praises so highly is now called L-V. The change is in name only for the medicine itself is exactly the same.

Relieves BRONCHIAL TROUBLES

DEMANDS OF COAL MINERS

What Operators Must Do to Avert Threatened Walk-Out at Midnight.

HOPE FOR SETTLEMENT

Knoxville, Oct. 31.—(Special.)—Fifteen million tons of coal are produced annually in the Tennessee-Kentucky field which is affected by the strike of miners called for midnight.

A meeting of the district executive board was held in Knoxville Friday morning to discuss the situation.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Method that Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a new method that controls Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 1522 Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.

No. 19, made a report at the meeting on a conference he had with officials at headquarters of the United Mine Workers, in Indianapolis. Mr. Keller went to Washington immediately for the first biennial and twenty-seventh annual convention of district No. 19, which closed here last Thursday.

From Washington Mr. Keller went to Indianapolis, where a conference of executives of the United Mine Workers of America was held. It is announced that the strike order stands, and that officials have no idea of modifying the call for a cessation of work.

Mr. Keller, before going to the conference, had expressed hope that a meeting could be arranged between officials of the miners and operators in an effort to reach an amicable agreement.

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Secretary Reed does not anticipate orders to call off the strike. "We have orders to strike at midnight Friday, unless canceled by officials at Indianapolis; these orders will stand," says Mr. Reed.

Officials of the miners state, however, that the strike order applies to the Tennessee-Kentucky field and not to what I have seen in the papers," he says. "So far as we know, the strike only applies to the central competitive field, which is north of the Ohio river, if it applies to this district we have not been informed."

Alumni to See Tennessean Grapple North Carolina

Knoxville, Oct. 31.—Alumni of the University of Tennessee will turn out on Saturday afternoon for the annual "home coming day" at the "Hill."

The big feature of the program will be the game between Tennessee and North Carolina. Coach Bender states that will be the biggest game at Knoxville this year and one of the best in the south for Saturday.

The team is in "good condition," announces Coach Bender, contrary to the hope that he has previously given out that stars were crippled.

Operators contend that to grant these demands would have the effect of nearly doubling the price of coal. The public will have to pay the increased cost, they argue, and coal is now selling at \$7.00 per ton here, which they believe is the general public consumes to be high enough.

Threatens Invasion of Rights Of Citizens, Says Miners' Chief

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 31.—The full telegram sent Thursday by President Wilson to the miners' workers, to Secretary Wilson, follows:

"Your telegram 29th instant was read by me to assembled conference members of our international executive board, scale committee of central competitive field and presidents of our various districts yesterday. On behalf of conference I am authorized to make you this reply:

"Scale committee representing the United Mine Workers convened with operators of central competitive field at Buffalo, Sept. 25, and presented to operators the wage demands as authorized by our international convention which was thoroughly representative of the views of our membership. Operators declined to consider the merits of our demands, and refused to accept a statement which would be productive of any results.

After one week, adjournment was taken to reconvene in Philadelphia Oct. 1, and joint session of three days was held in the city. Miners' representatives made every effort to negotiate agreement, but were met by uncompromising refusal of coal operators to consider merits of our position.

"At that time no strike order was in effect and none would have been issued had there been any constructive suggestions of a competent nature by our international convention. Later on when we were called into conference by yourself at Washington day by day we reiterated we were anxious and willing to go into joint negotiations with the operators, having in mind only interests of our people, for purpose of negotiating wage agreement which would avert strike in bituminous industry.

"Our position remains the same today. We shall hold ourselves in readiness to attend any joint conference which may be arranged by you upon fair basis and stand ready to reconvene international convention of our organization whenever our scale committee has received an honorable proposition for presentation to such convention.

"Permit me to say to you, sir, the unprecedented and unwarranted action of cabinet and president of the United States in issuing statement of Saturday, Oct. 25, does more to prevent satisfactory settlement of impending strike and working out of wage agreement than any other element which has entered into situation. The president's statement is a fiercely partisan document because it attacks the intention of the mine workers without even suggesting that the operators may have brought about this unhappy situation, and further, because threat is made to exercise full force of government to prevent stoppage of work without any corresponding threat to avert strike in bituminous industry.

"The president's edict threatens to deny mine workers protection of both the thirteenth and fourteenth amendments to the constitution. They are threatened with involuntary servitude by the presidential attempt to make a refusal to work individually or collectively a crime.

"This, despite the supreme court, has repeatedly held that under the amendments a laborer can not be forced, even under guise of a contract obligation, to render in voluntary service. Supreme court of the United States has always asserted there is no more important concern than to safeguard the freedom of labor upon which alone can enduring prosperity be based.

"It is difficult to believe that the president would have issued such a document had he been physically capable of obtaining first-hand information and of exercising his own unimpaired intelligence in this most important problem. Yet his statement of Oct. 25 threatens the mine workers with a sanctified pogrom; demands that they perform involuntary service; proclaims a refusal to be a crime when no such crime exists, nor can such a crime be defined under the constitution.

"The right and the duty rests upon free American labor to maintain unimpaired the constitutional privileges and guarantees of all American citizens. The United Mine Workers of America believe the great majority of our citizenship will resist any trespass upon these principles.

"JOHN L. LEWIS, President United Mine Workers of America."

"The president of the United States is the servant and not the master of the constitution. The constitution is the supreme law of the land, and whose interpretation and application of the constitution, the decisions of the supreme court are final authority.

"The presidential statement announced as his excuse for threatening invasion of constitutional rights 'that the war itself is still a fact.' Two days later, however, in a veto message to congress, the president refused to approve of enforcement of an act which he said 'was passed by reason of the emergency of war and whose objects have been satisfied in the demobilization of the army and navy.' If the president was right on Monday, he is wrong on Saturday.

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Tennessee Named Assistant to Secy. Glass

Norman H. Davis Earns Widespread Fame as Economic Expert.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special.)—The nomination of Norman H. Davis, of Tullahoma, to be assistant secretary of the treasury, which was sent to the senate Thursday, was no surprise to his friends in Washington, who have known for some time that he was being tried to take this appointment to wind up various details with respect to our financial commitments in Europe. He was representative of the treasury department in Europe during the war and took a prominent part in all financial negotiations between this government and its allies.

He was one of President Wilson's advisers at the peace conference and was one of the small group of financiers who wrote the financial and reparations clauses of the peace treaty.

Although only 40 years old, Norman Davis is one of the big figures of the war period. Next to Herbert Hoover, he is probably the best known economic expert in the country. Mr. Davis went to Cuba from Tullahoma some eighteen years ago and engaged in banking and various other enterprises in all of which he was very successful. Soon after the United States entered the world war, Mr. Davis volunteered his services to the government and they were accepted.

For many months he was associated with the treasury department in Washington as an adviser on loans to the allied governments. Later, he was sent on an important mission as special delegate from the United States to Spain and after negotiating with the king and cabinet of Spain, fully accomplished the purposes of his mission. Soon after returning to the United States he was sent to Paris in the capacity of special representative of the United States treasury. When the international food council was created, he and Herbert Hoover were appointed the American members of the council. Later, he was appointed finance commissioner of the United States and official financial adviser to President Wilson and the American peace delegates, in which capacity he attended meetings of the supreme war council and the peace conference. He was also appointed the American member of the allied armistice commission and accompanied Marshal Foch and the other members of this commission to meet the German armistice commission.

Member of Supreme Council. He was made a member of the supreme economic council, the other American members being Bernard M. Baruch, Edward N. Hurley, Vance McCormick and Herbert Hoover. Mr. Davis was chairman of the financial section of the supreme economic council. He and Thomas W. Lamont were appointed the American members of the commission on finance, which commission, together with the financial section of the supreme economic council, drafted the financial provisions of the peace treaty. Davis was later appointed by the peace conference to membership on the reparations commission.

Entertained by King. The king and queen of the Belgians entertained Mr. Davis at luncheon at the Hotel Commodore in New York a few days ago, according to New York papers, out of gratitude for his work in behalf of Belgium.

The new assistant secretary of the treasury is a brother of Congressman Edwin L. Davis, of the Fifth district, and Paul M. Davis, first vice-president of the American National bank, Nashville.

Oklahoma Governor Pledged to Operators

Oklahoma City, Okla., Oct. 31.—Gov. Robertson, it became known, has pledged "protection in the fullest extent" to Oklahoma miners who wish to keep their mines in operation or to miners desiring to work, in a letter to Dove T. Carter, president of the Oklahoma Operators' association. Gov. Robertson, it is also learned, has wired Atty.-Gen. Palmer informing him that a strike in Oklahoma was inevitable.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens So Naturally Nobody Can Tell.

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush, with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive.—(Adv.)

STOP PAIN! RUB NEURALGIA AWAY

Instant Relief from Nerve Torture and Misery with Old "St. Jacobs Liniment."

Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sore, inflamed nerves, and like magic—neuralgia disappears. "St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain. It is a harmless "neuralgia relief" which doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Don't suffer! It's so needless. Get a small bottle from any drug store and gently rub the "aching nerves" and in just a moment you will be absolutely free from pain and suffering.

No difference whether your pain or neuralgia is in the face, head or any part of the body, you get instant relief with this old-time, honest pain destroyer—it can not injure.—(Adv.)

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MEN! Buy Your Clothes FROM AMERICAN CLOTHING CO. CHATTANOOGA'S LEADING CREDIT STORE FOR MEN AND WOMEN WEAR THE BEST IN CLOTHES YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD HERE

WOMEN! Buy Your Clothes FROM AMERICAN CLOTHING CO. CHATTANOOGA'S LEADING CREDIT STORE FOR MEN AND WOMEN WEAR THE BEST IN CLOTHES YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD HERE

Our Showing Is Complete Never has our stock shown such a wonderful assortment to choose from as right now. Every garment is of the latest styles and of the best quality.

OUR PRICES MOST MODERATE

Men's Suits and Overcoats SMART, SNAPPY STYLES IN ALL MATERIALS, SIZES AND COLORS \$25 & UP

Women's Apparel In FALL and WINTER'S NEWEST MODELS

Dresses ... \$19.00 and up Suits ... \$19.00 and up Coats ... \$19.00 and up Waists ... \$2.98 and up Millinery ... \$8.95 only Sweaters ... \$6.50 and up Skirts ... \$2.98 and up

AMERICAN CLOTHING CO. Chattanooga's Leading Credit Store FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Volunteer State Life Building—The Daylight Corner Corner Georgia Avenue and Market House Square L. J. HACKWORTH, Sales Manager B. H. FINCH, Credit Manager

A BLACK-DRAUGHT FAMILY An Interesting Record



A Letter From the Mother of the Family

Winchester, Tenn., September 17, 1919.

I am the mother of seven boys and seven girls, all about grown. We, I suppose, are one of the healthiest families in the South. . . We are a large family; you will see very few families, mother and father, with fourteen grown children, who can say that their health is better than ours, and we have used for our family medicine THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT, and very little of anything else.

BLACK-DRAUGHT is the best liver tonic I have ever seen. We have used it for headache, torpid liver and constipation, and it is just as recommended.

MRS. PEGGIE ROSE.

Insist on Thedford's Black-Draught Powdered Liver Medicine. The Original and Genuine. L. A. 5