

by fraud and force, because he wanted the electoral vote of the State, which a majority of the voters had given to the other side. That wicked deed has brought forth a full crop of crimes. We have seen him dispersing a legislature at the point of the bayonet, expelling a legitimate government with threats of martial law and reversing the course of justice by the scandalous support of a perjured court. His own friends have exclaimed at the infamy of these proceedings and warned him to desist. The hottest partisans of his administration have denounced the wicked usurpations of Kellogg and Durell with an indignation that does them credit. Seventeen Republican Senators voted in February, 1873, to declare the pretended election of Kellogg null and void, and to turn him out of office. The President himself finally admitted in a special message to Congress that so many forgeries and frauds had been discovered that he was not sure of Kellogg's title; an official investigation proved the rascality of the whole transaction beyond any possibility of denial, but the President would not halt; he must carry out his original crime to its natural consequences, and the inexorable logic of events has led him to this crowning shame. For the first time in the history of the United States the soldier of the Union are employed to drive out a legitimate Governor and place a miserable pretender in the State-house to shoot down in the streets the people who may refuse to obey him. For this disgraceful and disheartening spectacle the Congress which refuses to act on the Louisiana report, and the Republican party which tacitly approved the wrong, are both to blame; but it is upon the President that the chief responsibility must rest; the President, who began the long course of oppression; the President who could have stopped it at any moment if he had chosen, and could stop it now; the President, who is probably the only man in America not ashamed of the whole business, and who comes forward in the midst of it asking for a third term.

The Southern Republican Convention.

REPRESENTATIVE MEN TO BE PRESENT.

The New York Tribune, in speaking of the probable composition of the proposed Southern Republican Convention, designed to inquire into and report upon the condition of the Southern States, says:

It ought not to be difficult to select a few score of eminent Southern Republicans who will fairly represent the men "inside politics," in whose interest they are to be assembled. South Carolina, of course, will send honest John Patterson, formerly of Pennsylvania, who can tell the people of the Union how the South has been affronted by carpet-baggers buying seats in the Senate from her dusky legislators. The Hon. Franklin J. Moses can explain the processes of vulgar peculation, and ex-Senator Sawyer and ex-Congressman Bowen can testify as to the practice of shipping field-hands from the sea islands to vote in the city of Charleston.

Alabama will have an accomplished spokesman in the person of the Hon. George E. Spencer, formerly of Iowa, who knows more, perhaps, than any other statesman in Alabama about those demoralizing bargains with the President which have made Southern politics so unspcakably corrupt. From Arkansas might come the Hon. Powell Clayton, formerly of New York, and what he cannot tell about fraud is not worth knowing. Texas might add to the list of delegates already appointed the name of Senator Planagan, who is one of the best living authorities on the defects of the Southern education system, and she has also a fine assortment of picturesque politicians like the ex-Postmaster of Galveston, who would ornament any select circle happy enough to secure their company. Louisiana breeds Republican statesmen as her bayons breed alligators. Kellogg, Pinchback, Casey, Packard, Durell, War-moth, Herwig—what stories they could tell if the Convention would only resolve itself into an Experience Meeting. What schemes of rascality they could describe; what prodigies of registration, what miracles of counting, what astounding operations of the courts, what novel political uses for revenue cutters, what ingenious devices for fleecing commerce, squeezing tax payers and emptying the treasury into the pockets of the faithful! All the ills that have cursed the South since reconstruction, all the dangers that threaten her future might be illustrated in such a convention as this.

The assemblage would also be a spectacle full of suggestion for the North. There, at one glance, we should see every variety of political parasite that feeds upon the prostrate States, every species of rogue, vagabond and insolent pretender that has made republican government at the South a reproach to all the civilized world.

No Compromise.

There can be no compromise at this juncture, no yielding of principle to any interest. We cannot afford to recognize in any way even the shadow of a right on the part of the Custom-house to negotiate any terms. We publish the Kellogg usurpation to the world as a fraud and a lie, and demand its absolute retirement as the only solution of our difficulties.

We have proven to the world that this usurping government of Kellogg cannot exist for one moment without the support of Federal bayonets. We have appealed to the ballot-box only to be defrauded of its results, and having been charged with admitting that Kellogg was supported by

the people. We have appealed to arms, and demonstrated that his government cannot support itself. We swept it away at a single blow, but the Federal power has restored it. We have nothing left save the glorious half-remembered recollection of the two sunshiny days that mark an oasis in the desert of sorrowful years that have come to Louisiana since the war. But we have not lost hope. We have been deprived of the substantial results of our victory by the strong arm of the National Government, but we have faith in the great heart of the American people, and we appeal to their patriotism; to their devotion to liberty; and to their sense of right and justice for such action as will aid us in our dire extremity.

We are loyal to the United States Government. We claim to be as peaceable and law-abiding as any other community. And in support of these assertions we point with pride to the late revolution, which has no parallel in history.

The spectacle of a great people rising in their might and overthrowing a usurping and iniquitous government, without a single act of lawlessness to mar the grandeur of the act, is one not afforded to every generation, and in itself furnishes the strongest commentary on the partisan act of the National Executive in ordering almost the entire army into a peaceful State for the purpose of completing the overthrow of its people in the interests of his own political ambition. The plea of disloyalty is disposed of by the quiet surrender to the United States Government of the legitimate and duly elected officers of the State—at a time when they were in the full possession and execution of their prerogatives—and when no other organized government or claimant was on the soil of the State.

We repeat, we cannot compound with fraud and villainy and retain our own self respect, much less the respect of our fellow-countrymen, who, watching the grand struggle in Louisiana with no ordinary concern, but as men having a personal interest in the result. If we weakly yield to the alluring promises of the base men who have trampled upon us and attempted to strangle free government in this State, we become ourselves parties to a great crime against civil liberty and in reality assist in forging chains for our future enthralment.—N. O. Bulletin.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

W. M. LEVY, the candidate of the People's Party to represent the Fourth Congressional District of Louisiana in the next Congress of the United States, will address his fellow-citizens in said District, at the following time and places, viz:

- Pleasant Hill, Thursday, October 8th
 - Mansfield, Friday, October 9th
 - Keachi, Saturday, October 10th
 - Shreveport, Monday, October 12th
 - Bellevue, Wednesday, October 14th
 - Minden, Thursday, October 15th
 - Sparta, Saturday, October 17th
 - Conshatta, Monday, October 19th
 - Winnfield, Friday, October 23rd
 - Montgomery, Saturday, October 24th
 - Colfax, Monday, October 26th
 - Alexandria, Wednesday, October 28th
 - Natchitoches, Saturday, October 31st
- Conservative papers throughout the 4th District will please copy.
Oct. 3.—5t.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Certain Promissory Note made by T. O. Harrison in favor of W. B. STUTTON, for the sum of One Hundred and Ten (\$110) Dollars, payable January, 1875. All persons are hereby cautioned not to trade for the same.
W. B. STUTTON.
Oct 3.—3t.



THE SINGER, The World's Favorite.

THE SALES of the SINGER last year was the greatest ever attained for any Sewing Machine in a year, and was nearly double the sales of its highest competitor, as may be seen by reference to the account of sales for 1873, from sworn returns made to the owners of the Sewing Machine Patents—from which statistics we select the five leading machines, viz:

The Singer	232,444
" Wheeler & Wilson,	119,190
" Domestic,	46,114
" Grover & Baker,	36,176
" Weed,	21,769

It will be observed that the difference in favor of the SINGER, is the enormous amount of 113,254 over the highest competitor. This result has been obtained after years of competition.

We submit to an interested public if it is claiming too much to say—the Singer is the most popular Sewing Machine in the world.

GEO. W. ROBERTS, Agent,
Singer Manufacturing Co.,
Natchitoches, La.
Oct. 3.—3m.

\$50 REWARD.

I will pay fifty dollars for the apprehension and delivery to me at my residence at Durand's Landing, on Red River, in this parish, of two young negro men, answering to the following description: One named Butler Johnson, about 6 feet high, slim made, long legs, dark copper color, no beard. The other about 5 feet 9 inches high, medium size, black color, named Matt Allen. Said negroes are noted horse thieves.
A. J. CURRY,
Durand's Landing.
Sept. 26.—1m.

Platform of the White People's Party.

We, the white people of Louisiana, embracing the Democratic Party, the Conservative Party, the White Man's Party, the Liberal Party, the Reform Party and all others opposed to the Kellogg usurpation do solemnly resolve and declare:

1. That the government now existing in Louisiana originated in, and has been maintained by force and fraud, in opposition to the will of a large majority of the voters of the State; in opposition to the principles of the Constitution of the United States and in violation of every principle of justice and liberty.

2. That the dominant faction of the Radical party in this State has, by false and fraudulent representations, influenced the passions and prejudices of the negroes, as a race, against the whites, and has thereby made it necessary for the white people to unite and act together in self-defense and the preservation of white civilization.

3. That the rights of all men under the Constitution and laws of the land must be respected and preserved inviolate, irrespective of race, color or previous condition, but we deny that Congress can Constitutionally enact laws to force the two races into social union or equality.

4. That the white people of Louisiana have no desire to deprive the colored people of any rights to which they are entitled, but we are convinced that the reforms imperatively demanded, can be effected only by electing to office white men of known capacity and integrity, and we believe that large numbers of colored citizens will vote with us to secure a government which must be beneficial alike to both races.

5. That we disclaim earnestly any intention of carrying, or attempting to carry, the approaching election by violence, and that charges to this effect emanating from our Radical enemies, are without foundation and are falsely made for the purpose of obtaining the aid of the military force of the United States in order to over-awe the people, perpetuate the existing usurpation and subvert the true principles of the government.

6. That W. P. Kellogg is a mere usurper and we denounce him as such, that his government is arbitrary, unjust and oppressive; and that it can maintain itself only through Federal interference.

7. That the election and registration laws under which this election is being conducted were intended to perpetuate the usurpation by depriving the people and especially our naturalized citizens of an opportunity to register and vote, but we announce, distinctly, that it is the determination of the people to have a fair and free election and to see that the result is not changed by fraud or violence.

8. That we extend to all our race in every clime the right hand of fellowship and a cordial invitation to come and settle among us, and unite their destinies with ours.

9. That while we are in favor of meeting punctually the payment of the legitimate debt of Louisiana, we are innately opposed to the recognitions issued in the name of the State, and we pledge ourselves to make a searching investigation in the matter.

We advise our people to vote against the amendments to the Constitution proposed by the usurping Legislature and pledge ourselves on the restoration of the government to honest hands, to provide for the payment of all honest indebtedness of the State.

THE DUTY OF SUPERVISORS.—The Democratic and Conservative Supervisors of Registration have important functions to perform.

1. They must be present at the opening and closing of the office, and be certain to check off the last registered voter, so as to prevent any addition in the night time.
 2. They must keep a list of all the registered voters as fast as they are being registered on the books, and this list must mention: 1st, the name, 2d, the age, 3d, the color, 4th, the residence, including name of street and number of house.
 3. As soon as they qualify and enter the office, they must make out a list of all those previously registered, as above stated.
 4. When a voter is refused registration his name and residence must be taken down.
- The above should be submitted every day to the Parish Committee, to be used to ferret out any frauds committed.

Duty of U. S. Supervisors.

EXTRACT FROM STATUTES OF 1871, 28TH FEBRUARY.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the supervisors of election, appointed under this act, and they and each of them are hereby authorized and required:

1. To attend at all times and places fixed for the registration of voters, who, being registered, would be entitled to vote for a Representative or delegate in Congress; and
2. To challenge any person offering to register.
3. To attend at all times and places when the names of registered voters may be marked for challenge, and to cause such names registered as they shall deem proper to be so marked.
4. To make, when required, the list, or either of them, provided for in section thirteen of this act, and verify the same; and
5. Upon any occasion, and at any time when in attendance under the provisions of this act, to personally inspect and scrutinize such registry, and for purposes of identification to affix their or his signature to each and every page of the original list, and of each and every copy of any such list of registered voters, at such times, upon each day when any name may or shall be received, entered, or registered, and in such manner as will, in their or his judgment, detect and expose the improper or wrongful removal therefrom, or addition thereto, in any way, of any name or names.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having entered upon the duties of the office of Tax Collector of State and Parish taxes of the Parish of Natchitoches, notifies all persons who owe such taxes, that he is prepared to receive the same, and may be found at his office, in the Court-house, in the city of Natchitoches.

B. A. TERRETT,
Collector.
Sept. 26.—1m.

NORMAN L. UNDERHILL,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
FIRST WARD, CITY OF BATON ROUGE.
Depositions promptly attended to.
July 4.—4t.

—THE SECOND—

GRAND FAIR

—OF THE—

RAPIDES AGRICULTURAL FAIR

ASSOCIATION.

TO BE HELD AT THEIR

Fair Grounds,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA,

—commencing—

OCTOBER 19th, 1874,

—AND—

CONTINUE FOUR DAYS.

\$2000 In Premiums!

\$1900 In Purses!

\$5920 In Lottery Prizes!

\$200 In Premiums for Cotton.

Tickets for sale at Leopold Caspari and office of Vindictor.

For full particulars, see "premium list" or address.

J. C. FRENCH,
Secretary, Alexandria, La.

Aug. 29.—4t.

ACADEMY

—OF THE—

Sacred Heart,

NATCHITOCHEs, LA.

The situation of this Institution is healthy, and agreeable. Spacious grounds afford facility for exercise. The buildings are commodious and well ventilated. In sickness, the pupils are kindly and assiduously attended to.

The course of instruction comprises all that constitutes a good English Education, with French, Instrumental and Vocal Music, Drawing, Painting, Needle-work, etc.

Terms per Annum.
(Payable in Currency, and always in advance.)

Board & Tuition, in English & French	\$50 00
Washing	30 00
Books and Stationery	10 00
Summer Baths	2 00
Lessons on the Piano or Guitar	60 00
Use of Piano	12 00
Drawing and Painting	25 00

The Scholastic session begins on the first MONDAY of October, and ends on the first of August. Pupils are admitted at any time during the session, and are charged only from date of entrance. No deduction is made for absence, unless caused by serious illness of the pupil. An extra charge of \$35 is made for those remaining in the Institution during vacation. Day scholars are also admitted. For further particulars, apply to the Mother Superior.

Sept. 19.—1m.

D. WALLACE, G. W. BASKELL,
U. S. Marshal, Jno. WALLACE,
JAS. WALLACE.

WALLACE & CO.,

—Importers and Wholesale Dealers in—

DRY GOODS,

11 & 13 MAGAZINE Street, and

79, 81, 85, 87 & 89 COMMON Street,

NEW ORLEANS,

Aug. 1.—1y.

Notice of Registration.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with Act No. 155 of 1874, offices of Registration will be opened at the following named points, in the different wards, and will be kept open for the periods stated for the registration of the voters of the Parish of Natchitoches, to wit:

WARD 12—Natchitoches (Court House) from Monday Aug. 31, to Saturday Sept. 12, inclusive.

4—Campt, Monday and Tuesday Sept. 14th and 15th.

2—Leonard Trichel's, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 16th and 17th.

2—H. H. Isthorne, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 18th and 19th.

3—Grapp's Bluff, Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 21st and 22d.

5—Boulah Church, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 23 & 24.

6—W. A. Ponder, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 25 & 26.

6—John A. Dules, Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 28 and 29.

7—Friendship Church, Wednesday & Thursday, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1.

8—James Beazley's, Friday & Saturday, Oct. 2 and 3.

10—Cloutierville, Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 5 and 6.

9—E. Rost, Wednesday & Thursday, Oct. 7 and 8.

11—Carroll Jones, Friday & Saturday, Oct. 9 and 10.

12—From Monday, Oct. 12 to Friday Oct. 23—inclusive.

And all qualified voters of this Parish are notified to come forward and register at one of the points designated, as no one will be allowed under the law to vote at the coming election who does not register at this time.

P. W. HOLMES,
Superior of Registration, Parish of Natchitoches
Aug. 29.—4t.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored, Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa., an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.
Nov. 15.—1y.

J. C. DENIS,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

57 Carondelet Street,

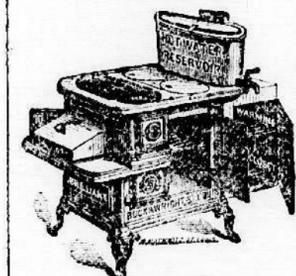
NEW ORLEANS.

REFERS to Dr. J. S. STEPHENS, who will act as his agent and representative.
Sept. 12.—2m.

HENRY GENIUS,

Worker in Tin, Copper and SHEET IRON.

Corner FRONT & TRUDEAU STS., NATCHITOCHEs, LA.



Also, constantly on hand all kinds of HEATING AND COOKING STOVES

of the most improved patterns.

All my stoves sold at city price and guaranteed to be as represented. Liberal advantages offered to the trade. Also, a fine stock of Tinware, Metallic Roofing, &c.

Gutters and pipes promptly and carefully repaired.

HENRY GENIUS,

Corner Front and Trudeau Sts., Natchitoches, La.

Jan. 17, 1874.—1y.

DANIEL PRATT'S

IMPROVED COTTON GIN.

PRICE REDUCED

To \$4 Per Saw.

C. L. WALMSLEY, Agent,
July 25.—4t. NATCHITOCHEs, LA.

The Saturday Evening Post.

The Oldest and Best Story Paper Published.

Founded August 4, A. D. 1821.

For more than half a century the Saturday Evening Post has been the

GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY

of the Country, and has ever borne a widespread and unblemished reputation for the unsurpassed purity, refinement and excellence of the Serials, Sketches and Miscellaneous reading matter.

It is pre-eminently

The Best Family Paper

that is published in this country, from its never containing anything that would offend the feelings of any one, either in a religious or political sense, or that could not be read at any bedside without objection from the most fastidious.

The circulation of the Saturday Evening Post, through not quite so large perhaps, as its younger contemporaries, is not, like that of some of them, fluctuating, and too often short-lived, but

SURE, SOLID AND SUBSTANTIAL,

based upon the intrinsic merit of the paper itself and not dependent on any extraneous influences, such as the popularity of individual writers, &c.

Good, however, as the Saturday Evening Post has been in the past, it is our intention to make it still better in the future, and with this object in view we will effect a marked improvement in every department of the paper, and will call to our assistance writers of admitted ability and known reputation.

By increasing its former attractions, and adding many judicious and pleasing novelties, by studying how to please and cultivate the popular taste, by increasing industry and enterprise, and by enlarged facilities, we hope to make new friends with each and every issue, and continue to maintain the claim of the Saturday Evening Post to its title of THE OLDEST AND THE BEST of Family Story Papers.

Terms to Subscribers:

One year 1 copy \$3.00 One month 25

" 2 copies 5.00 Two months 50

" 4 copies 10.00 Three mo. 75

" 9 copies 20.00 Four mo 1.00

To any one sending \$20 for a Club of 9, an additional copy will be sent FREE.

Specimen copies can be had on application. We employ no Traveling Agents. All communications must be addressed to

R. J. C. WALKER, Proprietor,
727 Walnut Street,
Philadelphia.

DR. C. E. HAWLEY,

Surgeon Dentist,

NATCHITOCHEs, LA.

OFFICE on Second street. Sept 5.—4t.

DENTISTRY.

I RESPECTFULLY beg leave to inform the citizens of Natchitoches and its vicinity, that I will be absent upon a professional tour in the country, from the 1st of September until the 20th of October.

C. E. HAWLEY,
Dentist.
Aug. 29.—5t.

J. F. DITTRICH,

—Importer and Dealer in—

RIFLES, GUNS & PISTOLS,

Gun Materials, Ammunition and Cutlery, breech-loading double guns, of the latest improved patterns.

Sole agent for the "Bismark Double-barrel Needle Gun.

No. 82 Chartres Street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Muzzle loaders altered to breech loaders

Also repairing done with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted.
March 7.—1y.

NEW ORLEANS AND GRAND ECORE

PACKET COMPANY.

PEOPLE'S LINE.

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000

Divided into Shares of \$100 00 Each.

BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION for Stock in the above Company, organized according to the laws of Louisiana, relative to corporations, are now open in Natchitoches, at the office of L. D. SINE, Esq., who is duly authorized and empowered to receive subscriptions. Twenty-five dollars (\$25) per share will be required to be paid in cash by subscribers when called on, say in three months. The balance when required, in installments of 10 per cent of which three months notice will be given.

JOHN HEINEN,
Natchitoches, La., April 4, 1874.—4t.

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the country.

\$100,000 00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS

To be distributed in

D. D. SINE'S

45TH SEMI-ANNUAL

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

—TO BE DRAWN—

MONDAY, Oct. 12th, 1874.

One Grand Capital Prize

\$10,000 in Gold!

One Prize \$5,000 in Silver.

Five Prizes \$1,000 00