

People's Indicator.

OFFICIAL Paper of the Parish and City of Natchitoches

JAS. H. COSGROVE, Editor.

SATURDAY - NOV. 15, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, LOUIS ALFRED WILTZ, Of Orleans.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, SAMUEL D. MCENERY, Of Ouachita.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, J. C. EGAN, Of Claiborne.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, WILL A. STRONG, Of Winn.

FOR AUDITOR, ALLEN JUMEL, Of Iberville.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC EDUCATION, EDWIN H. FAY, Of East Feliciana.

DISTRICT TICKET. FOR SENATORS - M. J. CUNNINGHAM, W. R. MARSTON.

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE - D. PIERSON. FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY - D. C. SCARBOROUGH.

PARISH TICKET. FOR LEGISLATURE - R. E. JACKSON, J. H. COSGROVE.

FOR SHERIFF - SAMUEL P. RAINES. FOR CLERK - GEO. W. KEARNEY.

FOR CORONER - DR. CHAS. HAMLIN. Ward Ticket, (Ward 1.)

FOR MAGISTRATE - C. H. LEVY. FOR CONSTABLE - JAS. T. KING.

WILTZ WAVE! Grand Democratic Boom!!

Will Demonstrate in Natchitoches, Monday, November 17th, 1879.

Governor Louis A. Wiltz, Hon. L. D. McEnery, J. C. Egan, Allen Jumel, E. H. Fay, W. A. Strong, E. A. Burke, H. N. Orden, E. John Ellis, Wm. M. Levy, W. H. Jack, B. F. Jones, and other distinguished speakers will address the stalwart Democracy of this parish.

A grand Barbecue is in contemplation, and a good old Democratic love feast will be indulged in.

Democratic Barbecue. All persons, regardless of past party affiliations are invited to attend a Grand Democratic Barbecue, to be given next Monday, at Natchitoches.

Gov. Wiltz, and many other distinguished speakers will address the people on the issues of the day. Let us give them a reception worthy of the occasion. Ample preparation has been made to entertain all comers. Our friends from the country wards are especially invited to attend. This will be the greatest political event of the present campaign in our parish. Come one, come all.

Southern Cotton Crop. We take the following from the New York Crocker:

Mr. Edward Atkinson, one of the best known writers on political questions, in a recent article on the cotton trade of this country, calls attention to the remarkable facts that the cotton crop of the current year was the largest ever raised in the South; that the ten crops of 1870-79 were nearly six and a half million bales greater than the ten crops of 1850-59, the largest ever raised by slave labor, and that the increase is progressive, the last five crops being nearly four millions greater than the last five crops before the war.

The conclusion is irresistible that the labor which has produced these results has not been abused. Laborers that are cheated, and swindled, and brow-beaten, and oppressed, and robbed, do not, so far as we have ever known, produce such results. Such an increase of crops follows industry, thrift, good treatment, careful management. We are glad to see such clear refutations from the many unkind things that have been said concerning the Southern treatment of the negro. If politicians, interested in keeping the country distracted for their own selfish ends would just let these matters alone, the country would be as amazingly better off.

Natchitoches, La., Nov. 11, 1879. We, the undersigned, appointed at a Mass meeting of the Democratic Conservative Party of Ward One, parish of Natchitoches, a Committee to supervise and make due returns of the Primary Election for Ward One, and one Candidate, as nominees of said party, and by virtue of due notice published, do hereby certify, and do hereby certify that the voters in this ward one, are as follows:

- W. H. JACKSON, J. H. COSGROVE, SAMUEL P. RAINES, GEO. W. KEARNEY, DR. CHAS. HAMLIN, JAS. T. KING, C. H. LEVY, W. A. STRONG, EDWIN H. FAY, ALLEN JUMEL, M. J. CUNNINGHAM, W. R. MARSTON, D. PIERSON, D. C. SCARBOROUGH, R. E. JACKSON, J. H. COSGROVE, SAMUEL P. RAINES, GEO. W. KEARNEY, DR. CHAS. HAMLIN.

Attention Greenbackers. We take pleasure in calling special attention of all Greenbackers to the following resolutions of the Greenback Convention in the parish of Red River. These gentlemen have set an example worthy of imitation by all men of that political complexion throughout Louisiana. They have sense enough to see that the Radical party is the most bitter and uncompromising enemy to the Greenback party on earth. They know that their ideas of finance will never be adopted so long as the Radicals are in power. The first thing for Greenbackers to do is to defeat the party that issued the Bonds. This can only be done by a cordial and energetic co-operation with the Democratic party. Does any member of the Greenback party hope to gather recruits from the Republican ranks? Surely, none are so foolish. They are pre-eminently the party of the bondholders, hard-money and a high protective tariff.

These mighty interests are all entangled in, and working together for the success of Republicanism and against the people. They are never more united; never showed a bolder front, nor were ever more determined to conquer than at present. The recent elections North show most clearly that they are utterly impervious to the Greenback or soft-money idea. It makes no more impression upon their organization than a blister plaster upon a wooden leg. They are determined to enjoy the advantages and reap the fruits of the accursed class legislation which now disgraces our National Statutes, as long as possible. Come friends, Greenbackers, there is our common enemy, there is the mighty Goliath of Gath, that will require our united strength to overthrow. Let us all work together and save our beloved Louisiana from being again trampled beneath the feet of this monster Philistine of Radicalism!

(From the Conshatta Citizen.) We have been handed for publication the following synopsis of the resolution adopted at the mass meeting held by the Greenbackers of Ward three on last, October 27th:

Whereas, we have this day assembled for the purpose of completing the organization of a Greenback ticket; and whereas the Radical party of the Northern section of the Union has made war upon the united forces of the Democratic and Greenback parties and defeated the two combined in California, Ohio and Maine, in which the Greenback idea originated;

Resolved, That the Democratic party is the parent of the Greenback idea, and we will never make a move to encourage the arch enemies of the Greenbackers by voting against the Democrats to the advancement of our common enemies, inasmuch as the Democratic party of Louisiana proposes to advance the best interest of the whole people; nor will we antagonize that party by an independent organization in this campaign.

Open Letter to a Greenback Friend.

NATCHITOCHEs, LA., Nov. 1st, 1879.

My Dear Friend: Having just been informed that you, an old veteran in the Democratic ranks, have to some extent been captivated by the Greenback heresy, I am much surprised, and surprised and sorrow at such information. I have some apprehension that I may be running the risk of offending you, but I trust you will take this letter in the spirit it is intended, which is prompted solely by the interest I feel in you, and is dictated altogether by a spirit of kindness. I have so much respect for your good sense and judgment that I am satisfied you have not posted yourself in, nor reflected upon the wild schemes of this party, and I am firmly persuaded that if I could convince you of the grave error of giving this party any countenance whatever.

In the first place; the recent elections have demonstrated beyond a doubt that the people of these United States will not have any other kind of money than gold and silver, and paper money which represents in value gold and silver, because redeemable at pleasure in these metals. We take Greenbacks and National bank bills at present, as readily as we receive gold and silver, because the faith of the Government is pledged for their ultimate redemption which causes them to be as good as gold.

That kind of money the people of this country have been used to since the establishment of our Government, and I repeat, that the recent elections have demonstrated that they will have no other. Consequently the Greenback party, as a National party, is henceforth as dead as the Know Nothing party after the election of Henry A. Wise in Virginia, in 1854. So the most the party can ever become will be a mere faction, and that only in this State, in a few parishes.

My friend, you have enlisted after the army has been routed and destroyed. But their doctrines are, in themselves, wild and pernicious, and are the death of the South, which is the wealth producing portion of the Union, that I am sure you have not thoroughly examined them. Their clap-trap cry is "more money for the people." But have the leaders here explained what kind of money theirs would be?

It will be impossible within the compass of a letter to fully elucidate this subject, but a statement of a few salient facts will suffice. I think to convince you that their "people's money" will wholly fail for all purposes of trade and become at once utterly valueless.

Do you know; have you been informed, that this party propose to flood this country with more than Three Thousand Millions dollars of paper currency. This amount being about six times as much currency as the demands of the business of the country require, you will perceive that by the laws of demand and supply, which govern money as well as all other commodities, their Greenback dollars would be worth only about 17 cents each, i. e. it would take six of their dollars to make the present value of a one dollar National Bank Note. And this, only provided, their dollars were to be redeemed in some way, and at some time or other.

But is not the intelligent business man appalled and confounded when he contemplates the fact that every dollar of this Three Thousand Millions of currency is to be, and remain wholly, and forever irredeemable. Do you not at once ask, what is to be the basis of such a currency as this? This question was asked and answered returned in Pomeroy's Democrat of October 25th, 1879.

What shall Greenbacks be based on? "William McMillan writes from Zanesville, Ind., saying that some one there has offered him ten Greenbacks would be based on what he in turn, asks the question of the Democrat. They shall be based on the same thing that the United States Postage Stamps shall be based upon. The law of this country declares that the postage stamp is a legal tender for the carrying of a letter. The law of this country declares that the Greenback dollar is a legal tender for the payment of debt. Then so far as the currency is concerned, the stamp is a legal tender for the purpose for which it was created, and so is the Greenback dollar shall be a legal tender for the payment of debts, or for the purpose for which it was created.

It needs no redemption. As though the Government could, by law, make the dust of the streets money. It is true, that the Republican Administration, by pushing their funding scheme too far, did contract the currency of the country too much, and did thereby cause stringency in the money market and great damage to business. But the last Congress, which was Democratic, remedied this evil by passing over the President's veto an act ordering an increase of from two millions to four millions of dollars per month in the volume of the currency of the land. See Act Oct. 1878, February 25th, 1879. Under this act, \$50,000,000 has been issued, and ample relief has been afforded the business interests of the whole country, as we see by the general revival of trade every where. This \$50,000,000 is real money, not the irredeemable paper money which the Greenback party would give us, and this increase in the circulating medium has proven to be amply sufficient for all the demands of trade.

Suppose, however, that the doctrines of this new party were as sound as Democratic dollars, and could be demonstrated to be for the best financial interests of our State, are we yet in a position to give our attention to such matters? Have we yet fought out to a successful and final issue our struggle for the right, even to enjoy private property, personal liberty and the security of our lives?

Our oppressors have been beaten and driven off for the time being, it is true, but do you believe, can you believe, with the evidence before you, that they are finally annihilated? My honest conviction is that this Greenback movement is itself a part of their strategic tactics to divide the Democratic ranks so as to enable them to return and recapture their former strongholds; but whether I am correct in this, and it is obvious that they will not encounter so strong an opposition from a divided, as from a united foe.

Has the reign of plunder, misrule and terrorism of the past fourteen long and dark years in this State, and especially in this parish, left no lasting impression on your mind? Do you not remember the armed police raids into St. Martin and other parishes of this State?

Has the recollection of the Grant

varish persecutions already been effected.

Have you forgotten that scarcely one year ago, you yourself were aroused from your bed at midnight to shoulder your gun to protect your firebrand from rapine and murder, and that scarcely half a year ago, more than fifty of the citizens of this parish were prosecuted as felons for this protection of their lives and their homes; and do you not know that it was solely the ultimate triumph of the Democratic party in this State, and in the Nation, which at last brought relief from all these woes?

Is not then this grand old party entitled to some remembrance and gratitude from our people, and is it not entitled, as a reward for its long, continued, heroic, and successful struggle to be intrusted with the administration of the government for at least a few years?

"Alas; and do our friends so soon forget us?" Yours, sincerely, BEE.

GRANT PARISH, LA., Nov. 1st, 1879.

Dear Friend: It has been some time since we dotted a single line to you, but your reference to the nominee for Senator in the District composed of Grant, Catahoula and Winn, rather amused us and we decided as soon as time would permit to drop you a note in reference to this subject. It is indeed, a very "some nominee" a large, but light-headed one on the most recent calling of Cox and somehow or rather no one can tell how he got himself endorsed. Yet after all this, here comes a call from the Executive Committee of Winn parish asking that there be another convention at White Sulphur Springs on Nov. 10th to try and take in the slack on this nominee. There is much dissatisfaction among the people and how it will terminate remains yet to be seen. It is charged and pretty well sustained that one Levell from Winn Parish sold his vote for 100 dollars. If he cannot prove his innocence it is high time that he should hide his face from the sight of all honest men. Taking it all in all Mr. Lee had better withdraw altogether from the race. As sure as fate the Independent candidate Brian will be elected. Many who do not wish to vote for an Independent will not vote for Lee.

Major H. Van McCain for Representative, Charlie T. Dill for Sheriff, and S. H. Shackelford for Clerk of Court are the nominees of the Democratic party of Grant, and he it is said that it is one of the strongest and best selected ticket the party here has ever put out. Success is certain.

Winn Parish is having a hurdle race and although it is several miles to the Parish lines, the candidates are so numerous we can almost hear them buzzing the voters of the "State of Winn." She would fare badly should they all be elected.

The Greenback movement in your parish is exciting a great deal of interest. We have no Greenbackers in Grant but Independents plenty. The State ticket is all O. K. and by the way our friend Strong ought to feel highly complimented at the vote received by him at Baton Rouge.

LEESVILLE, LA., Nov. 3rd, 1879.

Pursuant to a call of the Democratic Executive Committee issued on the 18th October, 1879, ordering an election of five delegates from each ward, said election of delegates to be held on the 1st of November, 1879, to attend a Parish Convention to be held in the town of Leesville, Nov. 3rd, 1879, said election was held and delegates chosen who assembled at Leesville on the 3rd November, 1879. The Convention was called to order by Major H. Smart, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, and on motion of C. K. Oakes was chosen as temporary chairman and George W. Self as temporary secretary and Rev. J. W. Williams as assistant.

On motion, a committee on credentials was appointed viz: S. J. Smart, A. Wright, James Cavanaugh, Ed. Cooper, B. Lacaze and Dr. W. B. Helm.

On motion, a recess was taken of fifteen minutes. After which the Convention was called to order by the temporary chairman. The committee on credentials reported as follows:

Ward 1 - M. H. Stanley, Dr. S. J. Smart, Geo. W. Self, Wm. H. O'Branon and Madison West. Ward 2 - J. P. Mitchell, J. J. Hughes, Rev. A. Wright, Sam McConey and W. A. Youngblood.

Ward 3 - James Cavanaugh, M. N. Hughes, Robert D. Cain, W. H. Craft, and Jas. O. Frank.

Ward 4 - M. V. Johnson, O. Cole, Johnson's Box, Williams's Mills; Ed. Cooper, C. K. Oakes, Wm. M. Holloydy, J. M. Jeans Sr., Julius Dew and L. A. Perkins on half vote.

Ward 5 - Bellaire Lacaze, Soullage Lacaze, and N. B. Johnson on 1/2 votes each.

Ward 6 - Washington Mayo and Dr. W. B. Helm on 1/2 votes each, which report was adopted. On motion, C. K. Oakes was elected permanent chairman and Major H. Stanley secretary.

On motion, resolved that any person receiving a majority of the whole vote cast by the Convention for any office be declared by this Convention as the nominee for said office. On motion, the Convention proceeded to ballot for representative. C. K. Oakes, Major H. Stanley and J. I. Kirk were placed in nomination.

On motion, proceeded to ballot which resulted as follows: J. I. Kirk received 16 1/2 votes. Maj. H. Stanley received 9 votes. C. K. Oakes received 4 1/2 votes. On motion of Jas. Cavanaugh, the nomination of J. I. Kirk was made unanimous.

On motion, proceeded to the nomination of Clerk Dist. Court. On motion of Julius Dew, Wm. H. Smart was nominated by acclamation. On motion, proceeded to nomination for Sheriff. James Cavanaugh placed in nomination Wm. L. Martin; Julius Dew placed in nomination Soullage Lacaze. Proceeded to ballot with the following result: Soullage Lacaze received 21 votes, W. L. Martin 7. On motion, the nomination was made unanimous. On motion of Dr. S. J. Smart, Dr. W. B. Helm was nominated by acclamation for Coroner. On motion, the present Executive Committee was chosen as the Executive Committee of the Parish of Vernon. On motion, adjourned.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In obedience to instructions from the Hon. D. Pierson, District Judge 17th Judicial District, the regular term of the District Court in and for the parish of Natchitoches, will be opened on the 1st day of December, 1879, and adjourned until Monday Dec. 8th, 1879 at 10 a. m. Witnesses and Jurors summoned, will not be required to attend until that date. L. A. DEBLIEUX, Sheriff. Nov 15-3t

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Sheriff. We are authorized to announce JAMES E. PROTHRO, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

For District Attorney. We are authorized to announce the name of J. H. CUNNINGHAM, of Natchitoches, as a candidate for District Attorney of this, the Eleventh Judicial District.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT. NOTICE OF ELECTION. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Parish of Natchitoches, Natchitoches, Nov. 7, 1879.

Pursuant to a proclamation of his Excellency Lieut-Governor Louis A. Wiltz, acting Governor of the State of Louisiana, bearing date the 31 day of July, A. D. 1879, all the qualified electors of the parish of Natchitoches are hereby notified that an election will be held on

TUESDAY the 24 day of December, 1879, for the purpose of taking the sense of the good people of this State in regard to the adoption or rejection of the State constitution, and for the purpose of electing -

A Governor; A Lieutenant-Governor; A Secretary of State; An Attorney-General; A State Auditor of Public Accounts; A Superintendent of Public Education; Two Senators to represent the 19th Senatorial district, composed of the parishes of Sabine, Natchitoches, Red River and DeCade.

One District Judge and one District Attorney for the 11th Judicial District, composed of the parishes of Natchitoches and Sabine. Two Representatives; A Clerk of District Court; A Sheriff; A Coroner;

Two Justices of the peace for the 4th ward, and one for each of the other justicewards in the parish of Natchitoches. A Clerk of the 4th ward, and one for each of the other justicewards of the peace wards in the parish of Natchitoches.

Each voter shall express his opinion by depositing in the ballot box a ticket whereon shall be printed or written: "For the Constitution," or "Against the Constitution," or such words as will distinctly convey the intention of the voter.

At the election held for the ratification or rejection of said constitution, it shall be lawful for each voter to have written or printed on his ballot, "For ordinance relative to State debt," or the words, "Against ordinance relative to State debt."

The polls will be open in each election precinct in said parish of Natchitoches, from the hour of 7 o'clock in the forenoon until 6 o'clock in the afternoon, on the day and date above mentioned, to-wit: Tuesday, the 24 day of December, A. D. 1879, for the purpose of receiving the vote of the qualified voters of the parish of Natchitoches, under the supervision of the commissioners of election, appointed by the authority designated by law. The election to be conducted and returns made according to law.

L. A. DEBLIEUX, Sheriff ad ex-officio Returning Officer for the parish of Natchitoches.

GREENBACK CANDIDATE.

At the solicitation of many friends of the Greenback Party. WILLIAM P. MORROW, has consented to become a candidate for Clerk of the District Court, at the ensuing election.

New Goods!

MOURNING GOODS, Choice line of DRESS GOODS, BLACK SILKS, HOUSEHOLD LINENS, CLOAKS & SHAWLS, GENTS' FURISING GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, AND SHOES, At J. A. DUCOURNAU, Corner Front and Church Streets.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE undersigned is now opening a large and complete assortment of Winter Goods: DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS, AND Provisions.

Prices very low for cash. Cotton bought at highest market price, or fair advance made on consignments. till may '80. L. CASPARI.

180 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE. I AM offering to sell 80 acres of my plantation known as "Closeau Pt., on Red River, all cleared, with four good houses and cisterns, and under good fence. Also 100 acres of hill land, well timbered. Now is a chance to get a bargain. For terms, address or call on the Editor of this paper, or

JAMES H. HILL, 1 1/2 miles below Camp, Natchitoches Parish, La. Sept. 27.

CARPENTER JOINER.

THE undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of Carpentery and Joining on the shortest notice, and in first-class, workman-like manner. He has permanently located in Natchitoches, but will work at any point in this vicinity when called. Best of references given. Terms moderate. JOHN LARK, Feb. 2-ly.

Now Advertisements.

NORMAND'S BALM. A HOME REMEDY - AND - SURE CURE. For the immediate Relief and permanent Cure of CUTS, BRUISES, WOUNDS, EAR ACHES, and all Skin Diseases or Eruptions, we place before the public a preparation which is of the highest standard of excellence, second to none, for the class of diseases for which it is intended. We claim it to be a specific for this class of diseases, having submitted it to a rigid test, extending over a period of thirty-five years, in the treating of the most obstinate cases which have come under our observation with it successfully.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE IN ITS COMPOSITION, and may be applied to the most delicate children with impunity. As a specific for PILES and HEMORRHOIDS, it has no superior; it is very effective to prevent lockjaw in children when applied to the jaw-just out.

Read the Following Testimonials to its Virtue. NATCHITOCHEs, LA., Aug. 21, 1879. I had my ankle badly bruised, by my horse stepping upon it. I applied Normand's Balm and experienced immediate relief and a final cure. I take great pleasure in recommending its efficacy. JOHN L. GILL.

NATCHITOCHEs, LA., Aug. 21, 1879. I hereby certify that I have used Normand's Balm on my little daughter, who was scalded. A few applications of the Balm cured it readily and left no mark. L. CASPARI.

TEN BROOK LIVERY STABLE, Natchitoches, La., Aug. 23, 1879. I have used Normand's Balm for sore backs, galls, cuts, foot evil, &c., &c., in horses, and found it very efficacious. It is less troublesome to use than other remedies and it is a sure cure. R. P. HUDSON.

NATCHITOCHEs, LA., August 22nd 1879. Mr. Jules Normand

I have been afflicted for several years with painful inflammation and ulceration of my leg, resulting from an injury sustained by my horse while running over it. I have tried many remedies without avail, until several months ago I commenced the use of "Normand's Balm," which has been of great benefit and is the only application, of the many I have tried, which has afforded substantial relief. I regard it as invaluable and cheerfully recommend it for the certain cure of bruises, wounds, cuts, inflammation and ulceration.

Yours Respectfully, WILL M. LEVY.

RED RIVER, Natchitoches Parish, Sept 6 1879. Mr. J. H. NORMAND, Cloutierville, La.

Dear Sir - After suffering for thirty years from a running ulcer in the ear occasioned by a wagon passing on my head and after having been operated upon by Dr. Logan in New Orleans and not being cured, I tried some of your balm and I am happy to say that after a few applications of it I got entirely well and was radically cured.

A negro boy on my place cut his foot with a plow and it was thought once that it would have to be amputated but after applying your balm on the wound for a few days it healed up and the boy is now well. Again, George Cole, a neighbor of mine, whilst shooting a gun, a piece of the cap flew in his eye, he tried the balm again and with success. His eye got well after two applications of the balm.

I conclude by stating that in my opinion your balm is an invaluable medicine and I will take pleasure in recommending it to the public. Very respectfully, W. A. CURRY.

CLOUTIERVILLE, LA., Sept. 9, 1879. Messrs. NORMAND & CHOPIN:

Gents - I take pleasure in recommending your Balm. I have always found it efficacious. Some four years ago an old colored servant of mine was confined to her bed with an ulcer on her leg. My wife believing strongly in the virtue of your Balm, concluded to use some of it and in a very short time effected a cure. The old woman is now well and able to testify to the same. V. S. BENOIST.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE. Prepared and Compounded by NORMAND & CHOPIN, CLOUTIERVILLE, NATCHITOCHEs PARISH, LOUISIANA. Aug. 23-1y.

\$20 REWARD. STRATED OR STOLEN.

ONE fine, large brown mare Mule, eight years old left my plantation 4 miles below the city of Natchitoches, about the 20th September last, and is supposed to be stolen. She is a fine and dle mule, branded with the letter O on one shoulder. Any one giving information that will lead to her recovery will be paid \$20. Oct. 11.-tf. C. CHAPLIN.

J. SMITH PROPRIETOR. Come and See me. Choice LIQUORS. Fine Harming CIGARS. Cheerful Company. St. Denis St. NATCHITOCHEs.

JOSEPH C. KEYSER, Brickmaker and Layer.

IS PREPARED to do all work entrusted to him quickly and in a workmanlike manner. Tomb, Chimneys, Cisterns and other work solicited. Orders left at BULLARD & CAMPBELL'S will be promptly attended to. Jan. 27. 1y.

PIANOS Stools, Cover and Case. \$25. ORGAN 15 Stops, 3 set Reeds, 2 Keco Swells, Steel, Book, only \$38. Holiday Newspaper Free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

NOTICE. Succession of Theob. Schuman, Dec'd. BY virtue of an order of the Hon. the Parish Court in and for the parish of Natchitoches, and to me directed, I will sell on the premises at the corner of Front and St. Denis streets in the city of Natchitoches, on

Wednesday, the 3d day of Dec., 1879, the following described property belonging to said Succession, to-wit: A certain lot of ground with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the City of Natchitoches, at the corner of Front and St. Denis streets, measuring about fifty-eight feet front on Front street, and about thirty-nine feet front on St. Denis street.

Terms and Condition of Sale. On a credit of twelve months from day of sale, purchaser to give his twelve months bond, with approved security, payable to the order of the Administrator, bearing eight per cent interest from date, with special mortgage and vendue privilege granted on the property sold to secure the payment of purchase price. JAMES GENIUS, Administrator. Nov. 1.

NOTICE. Succession of Jacques Boulet. THOS. P. CHAPLIN, Dist. Att. pro tem, having filed his final account of administration in the succession of Jack Boulet, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons interested in said estate within ten days, why the said final account should be homologated and the administrator discharged. Witness the hand of J. M. B. Tucker, Parish Judge, this 6th day of November, 1879. JOHN LAPLACE, Deputy Clerk. Nov. 8, 24.

HENRY A. WALMSLEY, (Successor to M. H. CARVER), - DEALER IN - DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, SHOES, CROCKERYWARE, & C., Also a general line of Plantation and Family supplies. May 4, 1878.

Grand Ecure WAREHOUSE. WM. FRENCH, Proprietor. HAVING purchased the business of Chambers & Barbee at this point, and secured their services, I am prepared to store and forward promptly, all freights and cotton consigned to my care. Rates of storage in future will be as follows: Fifteen Cents per barrel for freights, Thirty-five Cents per bale for Cotton. March 24-tf. WM. FRENCH.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to the firm of A. Caspari & Dietrich are respectfully requested to call on the undersigned and make immediate settlements. Prompt attention to the above will be to the interest of those so indebted. L. CASPARI, Liquidator. June 7-tf.

JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS. SHERIFF'S SALE. Payne, Dameron & Co., vs. J. P. Broadwell. 4th District Court, Parish of Orleans. No. 20661.

BY virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued in the above entitled and numbered suit and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale to the last and highest bidder at the door of the Court House in the city and parish of Natchitoches, on

Saturday, the 6th day of Dec., 1879, at 11 A. M., the following described property, to-wit: A certain plantation known as the Pros Aux Carres plantation, together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, situated on the right bank of Red river descending in the parish of Natchitoches, about twenty miles above the town of Natchitoches, bounded above by lands, now or lately belonging to E. L. Hyams, and containing 630 98-100 acres.

A tract or parcel of land in the rear of land attached to said plantation, containing 134 57-100 acres, bounded north-west by lands now or lately of E. L. Hyams, east by section 35, township 11, range 9, and south by section 2, township 10, range 9.

The undivided half of a tract of land in section 35, township 11, range 9, formerly owned by H. L. Bennett and S. M. Hyams, containing 229 70-100 acres, bounded northeast by lands now, or formerly belonging to Benj. Grappe, east by section 36, township 11, range 9, and south by section 5, township 10, range 9.

A tract of parcel of land, being lot No. 2, and east half of northwest quarter of section 2, township 10, north of range 9, west, containing 114 70-100 acres. The two last mentioned tracts being more fully described in Act of sale and acquittance from R. W. Simmons to J. P. Broadwell of date 8th February, 1879, of record in Recorder's office, parish of Natchitoches.

Terms of Sale: Cash - Subject to appraisal. L. A. DEBLIEUX, Sheriff. Oct. 25.-1ds.

SHERIFF'S SALE. W. C. JACK vs. G. E