SUPPLEMENT.

B. J. WEST,

Wholesale Dealer

—AND—

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.

All standard and late improved Agricultural Implements.

All Plantation Hardware, Harness, Metals, Tools, etc.

PLANTATION WAGONS & CARTS.

AMES & PATENT STEAM ENGINES

Saw and Grist Mills, Sugar Mills, Horse Powers, Shafting, Belting and Pulleys, Iron Pipe and Iron and Brass Fittings, Pumps, Threshing Machines.

"Champion" Reapers and Mowers, Hay Rakes, Machinists' Tools.

"SCUTT'S" FOUR-POINTED STEEL BARBED WIRE FENCING.

Low Prices, Good Quality, Prompt and Careful Attention to Orders, Terms Cash.

115 to 121 MAGAZINE STREET,

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

(ORGANIZED IN 1845.)

346 and 348 Broadway, New York,

—AND—

Carondelet street, New Orleans.

OVER THIRTY YEARS IN LOUISIANA.

ASSETS, OVER.....$43,000,000
SURPLUS..... 9,000,000
January 1, 1881.

It has enriched

NO STOCKHOLDER

And done no "watering."

All the Assets belong to the Policy-Holders.

Premiums the same, North and South.

In their recent annual reports all the prominent Life Companies, except the New York Life, show a falling off, in income and insurance in force, from the highest amounts reached, since the panic of 1873.

Good insurance solicitors can have profitable employment.

J. S. COPES,
General Agent for Louisiana.

THOMPSON'S IMPROVED BUILDING PAPER.

(PATENTED DEC. 7, 1880.)

A substitute for plastering and wall paper combined and for canvas wall paper. It is ready for use in beautiful colors, and makes a very durable, handsome and economical finish for parlors, halls, etc.

Samples and Circulars on application.

EDWARD THOMPSON,
Sole Manufacturer and Patentee,
112 and 114 Poydras street,
New Orleans, La.

METALLIC SHINGLES,

In use in all parts of the world. Gold Medal awarded at Paris Exposition, 1878.

These Shingles make one of the best Fire-Proof and Storm-Proof Roofs known at the present time. Light in weight and easy of application. Circulars giving all particulars, furnished on application to

EDWARD THOMPSON,
Sole Agent for the South,
112 and 114 Poydras Street,
New Orleans, La.

Prepared Windsor Lime,
FOR WHITEWASHING PURPOSES.
In 3-pound air-tight cans.

This is a very white and strong Lime, so prepared that it will not scale and rub off, as is the case with ordinary Whitewash; will keep for any length of time, and economical to use. One can sufficient for whitewashing a room, or for plastered wall or 450 square feet of fence.

Price: 6 cans, $1; 12 cans, $1 75; 1 case (24 cans), $3 50 each.

EDWARD THOMPSON,
Sole Agent,
112 and 114 Poydras Street,
New Orleans, La.

ROOFING PAPER, SHEATHING PAPER, ROOFING PATCH, ROSENDALE CEMENT for sale.

EDWARD THOMPSON,
112 and 114 Poydras Street,
New Orleans, La.

TALES OF THREE CITIES.

More Thrilling than Chaucer's or Dickens's Because they are Stories of Actual Rescue from Yawning Graves.

In a previous issue of this paper a general statement was given of the alarming increase of kidney and liver disease and the only known absolute cure for them. To-day we present epitomized interviews of the Boston, Chicago and St. Louis papers with prominent people of those cities who have been, to their complete amazement and unbounded satisfaction, cured by Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure when all the best physicians pronounced them beyond the hope of recovery.

Boston's Tales.

First hear what B. F. Larrabee, of the New York and Boston Dispatch Express Company, of Boston, tells the Globe of that city. His case is certainly the modern miracle of healing:

A little over a year ago I was taken sick, but I allowed the illness to run along until October 28, 1879, when I fell prostrate while walking along Tremont street. I was carried home and did not go out of the house until the middle of December. I then went down town and attempted to attend to my business until the thirteenth of last January, when I was taken with a very severe relapse. My symptoms were terrible. I was fearfully bloated; I suffered severe pains in all parts of the body, and it was almost impossible to get my breath. For six days I never laid down and never slept. I was constantly attended by my regular physician, Dr. Johnson, and Dr. Bowditch also came to see me nearly every day. There was no doubt that I was suffering from Bright's disease of the kidneys in its worst form and last stage, accompanied by other troubles in liver and heart. In spite, however, of the skill of the physicians, I

KEPT GROWING WORSE,

and finally they tapped my side in the vicinity of the heart, taking away forty-six ounces of water. This relieved me for the time, but I soon became as bad as before. Then the doctors gave me up entirely, declared I could not live more than twenty-four hours, and my daughter, who was residing in Paris, was telegraphed for. Still I lingered along for several weeks, far more dead than alive, but never giving up hope. One night—it was on the twentieth of April, I very well remember—my attendant, who was reading the paper to me, began an article which described my disease and sufferings exactly. It told how some seven cases of Bright's disease had been cured, and so clearly and sensibly did it state the case that I determined to try the means of cure which it described. So I sent my man to the drug store, procured a bottle of the medicine, unknown to my physicians and friends, and took the first dose at 10 o'clock. At that time I was

SUFFERING INTENSELY.

I could not sleep; I had the short breaths and could scarcely get any air into my lungs. I was terribly bloated from head to foot, and the motion of my heart was irregular and painful. I continued to take the medicine, and to-day, sir, I am as well as ever I was in my life, and wholly owing to the wonderful, almost miraculous power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. It saved my life when I was given up by the doctors and had really been dead for weeks; and it has kept me in perfect health ever since, and has cured many of my friends to whom I have recommended it."

When the Globe interviewed one of the prominent physicians of the "Hub," Dr. D. A. Johnson, in this case, he said: "He was his family physician and expected his death every hour for a number of weeks, and never called to see him during that time, but he was prepared for it." The doctor said the recovery was due to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and if he had friends, male or female, troubled with any kidney troubles, he should certainly advise them to use this remedy.

Chicago's Tale.

The Chicago Tribune, struck by the remarkable cures Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure were accomplishing in that city and under direction of the regular physicians, sent out a reporter, and from its column of interviews with prominent people we extract the following;

A call was made at the extensive store of C. Jevne, Nos. 110 and 112 Madison street. Mr. Jevne introduced the investigator to Mr. Frank A. Cleland, a gentleman in his employ, whose father, Mr. Samuel Cleland, was known to have been very low with kidney disease. Mr. Cleland said: "My father was treated by a host of doctors, and tried any quantity of medicines, but he got so bad that not only he, but all his friends had

GIVEN UP HOPE

of his recovery. He was finally recommended to try Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and all I can say is that he is to-day as well a man as there is in Chicago. We do not, any of us, know anything about the remedy, but it did a wonderful thing in curing my father, and if he was in the city now he would tell you so better than I can, for he is an old journalist, and knows how to talk to newspaper men."

At the first window in the West Division post-office, corner of Halsted and Washington streets, Mr. A. G. Brown, the head of that division, was found. Upon being questioned, Mr. Brown said:

"Well, sir, my wife was in a terrible condition for more than five years. She seemed to have a complication of diseases, culminating in Bright's disease, and she had been doctored all the way from San Francisco to Chicago. I have frequently seen her fall upon the floor insensible, and I never expected she would get up again. Indeed, I never went home but I was prepared to find her laid out dead. She

TRIED EVERYTHING

we could think of, and the doctors were all very kind. At last she began taking Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and the effect was very marked at once. She regained her strength and spirits, has been able to attend to all her duties, and the terrible sinking spells she formerly had have never returned. I consider it a most marvelous cure, and I cannot speak of the remedy too highly. Upon my recommendation my father-in-law, Mr. Lathrop, who was also terribly afflicted with kidney trouble, began using the same remedy, and was not only entirely cured, but also relieved of a most painful stricture."

Dr. T. T. Oliver, who was conversant with Mrs. Brown's case, said that she had been in a

MOST PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

Her heart and lungs were badly affected, owing to the diseased condition of her kidneys and liver, and the liability to sudden death had been imminent. "You consider, then, doctor, that Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure was the efficient element in effecting her cure, do you?" "Most decidedly," answered the doctor, "and her cure seems to be as permanent as it is gratifying.

St. Louis's Tale.

The interviews and information herein given are from the Globe-Democrat's own reporter's account:

Mrs. H. M. Alvord, upon being questioned, frankly said: "For the past five years I have suffered greatly; and, previous to last August, part of the time intensely, from a disease pronounced by Dr. Papin abscess of the bladder, and by another physician catarrh of the bladder. I grew steadily and rapidly worse until all the inner coating of the bladder was gone, and I have used an injection of water and morphine as often as twenty-seven times in one night. Finally, at a consultation,

PHYSICIANS SAID I MUST DIE,

as they could do nothing for me. It was at this time I began the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and after the second dose my relief was so great that I could dispense with the morphine injections. I would sooner be without food than to be deprived of this remedy, and I have advised many of my friends to use it also."

At the office of W. R. Cottrill, city bill poster, 413 Walnut street, the reporter found Mr. Benjamin Letson. Mr. Letson stated that for two years he had been on the threshold of death's door from dropsy in its worst form. This was undoubtedly the result of diseased kidneys, as large black spots had appeared on his side and back in the vicinity of the kidneys. He was treated by the medical talent of this city and also at the East, but

GREW STEADILY WORSE.

His ankles became swollen until they measured twenty-two inches in circumference. Finally, the doctors declared that he must die, and that, too, very speedily, and he had himself given up all hopes of recovery. Within three days after beginning the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, however, the bloating began to decrease, his appetite returned, and to-day he is a well man.

Dr. E. L. Metcalf stated that Mr. Letson had been in a terrible condition, but had been cured wholly as the result of the Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure he had taken.

Mrs. Caroline F. Fleming, whose art studio is in the Lindell Hotel, said: "I have been troubled with kidney disease since my childhood, and it finally culminated in chronic catarrh of the bladder. It would be impossible for me to describe how much I have suffered, and I

HAD ABANDONED ALL HOPE

of ever being cured. I was recommended to try Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and it has done me more good than the combined skill of all the physicians I have ever tried during my entire life."

The impression produced upon the mind of the writer by the earnest and sincere manner of Mrs. Fleming was very powerful, and fixed the conclusion which the preceding testimonials had awakened. That conclusion, which every candid reader will admit, is as follows: First, that kidney, liver and bladder diseases have greatly increased in this country within the past few years; and, secondly, that a remedy which has proven so valuable in so many serious cases may be well considered a blessing to the thousands who are suffering from one or more of these terrible diseases.

Continued from Second Page.

with its eight pages of matter, furnishing items of general interest, one of the largest, if not *the largest* country weekly in the State, still retains its original size, with its twenty-eight columns to devote exclusively to home topics and local advertisements. That the people are more directly interested in local affairs, is evinced by the increased demands for those journals which furnish a variety of this class of reading.

The Donaldsonville *Chief*, if we mistake not, was the pioneer in this laudable work of advocating LOCAL NEWS to the exclusion of pretentious editorials upon living topics which would eventually ruin any paper, if given to the public at the expense of the local items, and our ASCENSION *confrere* has been closely followed by the *Vindicator*. Other journals have rapidly wheeled into line, until it seems as if both the rural and cosmopolitan press were united in one grand combination, and in friendly rivalry are striving for the same goal.

To make a good, live, reliable newspaper the publisher must devote a large amount of space to local interest, says an exchange: "Its columns are his stock in trade and as 'every house or barn, in town or country, every fence, road, shade tree,' every new manufacturing establishment erected, every railroad built, every new business opened, enhance the value of property in our midst, so should it not be forgotten that the local newspaper adds materially to the general wealth and prosperity of a State or town, as well as increases their reputation abroad. It benefits all who have business in these localities, augments the intrinsic worth of every species of possessions, turns thitherward the tide of immigration, infuses a spirit of enterprise, thrift and activity among all classes. It increases trade, it protects against impositions, it saves the people from loss, it warns against dangers, it points out different advantages and increases profits, and, in fact, is the great motive power, the main lever which moves society, communities and States. How important, then, that every encouragement should be extended to any enterprise which will augment the influence, sway and efficiency of the "*local press*," and furnish it with additional advantages for carrying on the great work of ushering humanity into light and freedom. Such are some of the multitudinous advantages of "READY PRINTS."

It is useless to preach against innovations in any particular trade, profession or occupation. So long as man possesses the God-like attribute of mind, so long as his brain is ever alert to reach outward and onward towards even the unattainable, just so long will his genius grasp and his spirit of invention embrace and accomplish marvels, and almost miracles, until there seems no limit to his power. Our forefathers of half a century ago were pigmies in enlightenment compared to what we witness daily around us, and look upon as the natural results of a progressive civilization. Who shall say, that in another half-century our descendants will not look upon us in the same light?

It has ever been thus. From the day that printing first shed its enlightenment and refulgence o'er a supertitious world, down to the present time, this particular calling has not failed to furnish its full quota of martyrs. Fortunately, now, martyrs are no longer needed "to augment the deep and sweeping thoughts which overpower all others and conduct the world at last to freedom."

Such is our mission in the State of Louisiana. To unbind the shackles which have so long hampered her fair limbs; to bring her forth from the spirit of complaint and discontent into the day-dawn and effulgence of a brighter destiny, and by every means within our grasp whether by our own unaided exertions or by reason of extraneous assistance, elevate her on the pedestal of fame, the admiration, wonder and peer of her sister States, within the broad radii of this land of *free people* and a "*free press*."

Gen. Jastremski offered the following resolution as a proposed amendment to the constitution:

Resolved, That the Association may elect to honorary membership contributors to journalism in this State who, in the judgment of the majority of the members, will have deserved such an evidence of high appreciation.

Adopted by a vote exceeding two-thirds of the members present, there being one nay.

Major E. A. Burke submitted the following resolutions and statistics relative to

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC FACILITIES.

Resolved, That the President be and he is hereby authorized to appoint a committee, to be composed of two members of the press from each Congressional District of the State, for the purpose of considering the postal and telegraphic facilities, with instructions to report recommendations for the improvement of the postal service in Louisiana, and for the extension of such telegraphic lines as will best promote the interests of journalism.

Resolved, That said committee be authorized and requested to confer with the management of the Western Union and American Union Telegraph Companies, with the view of ascertaining if such rates may not be obtained over their respective lines to points throughout the State as will encourage the extension of telegraphic service.

LIST OF PAPERS PUBLISHED IN THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Meridional, Abbeville, Vermilion.
Democrat, Alexandria, Rapides.
We the People, Alexandria, Rapides.
Advertiser, Algiers, Orleans.
Independent, Amite City, Tangipahoa.
Cotton Plant, Bastrop, Morehouse.
Clarion, Bastrop, Morehouse.
Daily Advocate, Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge.
Weekly Advocate, Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge.
Louisiana Capitolian, Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge.
Banner, Bellevue, Bossier.
La Meschacebe, Bonnet Carre, St. John Baptist.
Patriot-Democrat, Clinton, East Feliciana.
Southern Watchman, Clinton, E. Feliciana.
Chronicle, Colfax, Grant.
Herald, Columbia, Caldwell.
Le Louisianais, Convent, St. James.
Citizen, Coushatta, Red River.
St. Tammany Farmer, Covington, St. Tammany.
Madison Journal, Delta, Madison.
Donaldsonville Chief, Donaldsonville, Ascension.
Gazette, Farmerville, Union.
Gazette, Greensburg, St. Helena.
Courier, Gretna, Jefferson.
St. Charles Herald, Hahnville, St. Charles.
Catahoula News, Harrisonburg, Catahoula.
Claiborne Guardian, Homer, Claiborne.
Echo, Lake Charles, Calcasieu.
Herald, Lake Providence, East Carroll.
DeSoto Democrat, Mansfield, DeSoto.
Bulletin, Marksville, Avoyelles.
Review, Marksville, Avoyelles.
Democrat, Minden, Webster.
Webster Tribune, Minden, Webster.
Bulletin, Monroe, Ouachita.
Ouachita Telegraph, Monroe, Ouachita.
Review, Morgan City, St. Mary.
Free Press, Morgan City, St. Mary.
Assumption Pioneer, Napoleonville, Assumption.
People's Vindicator, Natchitoches, Natchitoches.
Iberia Journal, New Iberia, Iberia.
Louisiana Sugar Bowl, New Iberia, Iberia.
Iberia Star, New Iberia, Iberia.
New Orleans—Christian Advocate.
City Item.
Country Visitor.
Democrat, daily.
Democrat, weekly.
Deutsche Zeitung, daily.
Deutsche Zeitung, weekly.
Familien Freund.
Independent.
Jewish South.
(Bee) L'Abeille, daily.
(Bee) L'Abeille, weekly.
Republican, weekly.
Ledger, weekly.
Le Propagateur Catholique.
Louisianian.
The Medical and Surgical Journal.
Planters' Journal, monthly.
Morning Star and Catholic Messenger.
Observer.
Picayune, daily.
Picayune, weekly.
Price Current.
Southwestern Christian Advocate.
Southern Knight.
Southwestern Presbyterian.
States.
Times, daily.
Times, weekly.
Pointe Coupee Banner, New Road, Pointe Coupee.
Opelousas Courier, Opelousas, St. Landry.
St. Landry Democrat, Opelousas, St. Landry.
St. Landry Real Estate Journal, Opelousas, St. Landry.
Observer, Pointe-a-la-Hache, Plaquemines.
Iberville South, Plaquemine, Iberville.
Gazette, Ponchatoula, Tangipahoa.
Sugar Planter, Port Allen, West Baton Rouge.
Livingstonian, Port Vincent, Livingston.
Richland Beacon, Rayville, Richland.
St. Bernard Eagle, St. Bernard, St. Bernard.
Feliciana Sentinel, St. Francisville, West Feliciana.
North Louisiana Journal, St. Joseph, Tensas.
Observer, St. Martinsville, St. Martin.
Shreveport, Caddo—Evening Standard.
Standard, weekly.
Times, daily.
Times, weekly.
Rural Times, Sparta, Bienville.
Sentinel, Thibodaux, Lafourche.
Advertiser, Vermilionville, Lafayette.
Cotton Boll, Vermilionville, Lafayette.
Concordia Eagle, Vidalia, Concordia.
Sentinel, Vienna, Lincoln.
Franklin Sun, Winnsboro, Franklin.

The resolutions were adopted and the following committee appointed by the Chair, in accordance therewith:

First District, H. J. Hyams, A. J. Padron; second district, E. A. Burke, W. H. Smallwood; third district, J. W. Bryan, Chas. A. Brusle; fourth district, Drayton B. Hayes, H. G. Goodwyn; fifth district, J. T. Walker, W. E. Dixon; sixth district, Leon Jastremski, Leonce Sandoz.

Mr. Bryan, of the Lake Charles *Echo*, stated that he had voted against the constitutional amendment offered by Gen. Jastremski under a misapprehension of its terms, and now desired to withdraw his vote.

The chair ruled, that there having been no record of the vote a motion to change it was unnecessary.

The following special committee was appointed by the chair to consider the resolutions and schedule of rates presented by Mr. Lambert, of the Clinton *Patriot-Democrat*:

Messrs. Lambert, Bailey, Mangham, Brusle and White.

The reception of a beautiful cake, accompanied by the following card, was announced: "For the lady members of the Press Convention, with compliments of *Country Visitor*."

The Secretary read an announcement that Col. Dan. Rice invited members of the Association to attend the circus tomorrow, and tickets would be supplied in due time.

On motion of Mr. Lambert thanks were tendered Col. Rice for the courtesy.

Col. Hayes, of the Claiborne *Guardian*, offered this resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the members of this Association place the two Bethels in the city of New Orleans upon their free list, and furnish them with the papers connected with the Association.

On motion of Gen. Jastremski, seconded by Mr. Bryan, Mrs. Mary Ashley Townsend was unanimously chosen an honorary member of the Association.

Mr. H. T. Henry moved that Judge Michael Hahn be elected an honorary member. Referred to the Executive Committee by 17 yeas to 4 nays, on motion of Gen. Jastremski.

The committee on

ADVERTISING RATES AND RULES

submitted the subjoined report:

We, the undersigned committee, appointed to consider the resolutions and rates suggested by S. Lambert, of the *Patriot-Democrat*, relative to advertising agents and advertising rates, beg leave to report as follows:

Resolved, That the Press Association of Louisiana make the following suggestions to editors and publishers of newspapers throughout the State—

1. The propriety of refusing in the future to grant by contract to advertising agents special positions for advertisements or special notices.

2. An adherence to the schedule of advertising rates adopted by this Association in the acceptance of advertisements from advertising agents.

3. That we urge upon our brethren of the press, whether members of this Association or not, and of whatever State, the necessity of cautioning as soon as possible, either by publication or otherwise, the fraternity generally against dishonest and unscrupulous advertising agents or advertisers.

4. That we especially direct their attention to the justice of charging at regular advertising rates for all political notices, and of demanding payment therefor in advance.

Resolved, That the Press Association of Louisiana recommend the adoption of the following rates of advertising by the publishers of country newspapers in the State:

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient advertising, one inch, one time, $1 50; each subsequent time, 75 cents.

Space.	1 mo.	3 mos.	6 mos.	9 mos.	12 mos
1 inch	$3	$5	$7	$9	$10
2 inches	5	7	10	13	16
3 inches	6	10	13	16	18
4 inches	7	11	14	17	20
5 inches	8	12	18	22	25
6 inches	10	14	21	28	35
10 inches	17	27	38	44	50
15 inches	25	43	70	80	75

FEE FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For members of Congress	$25
For Governor	10
For Secretary of State	10
For Auditor of Public Accounts	10
For Superintendent of Public Education	5
For State Treasurer	10
For Representatives	10
For parochial officers	10

To be paid for invariably in advance.

S. LAMBERT, Chairman;
CHAS. A. BRUSLE,
JONA C. WHITE,
THOS. J. MANGHAM,
W. B. BAILEY.

Gen. Jastremski submitted a motion, amended by Major Burke to take up the report section.

Mr. Bentley moved, seconded by Mr. Woodson, that the report lay over until to-morrow.

Mr. Lambert suggested that as it was not decided the Association would be in session next day, the report might be printed and considered at the next annual session.

Mr. Mangham favored immediate action.

Major Burke suggested that the motion be amended so as to consider the report at the next meeting of the Association before final adjournment of present session.

Thus amended, the motion was adopted.

Major Burke moved that when the Association adjourn it be until 5 o'clock this evening.

Mr. Goodwyn moved as a substitute that the time to which the Association will adjourn shall be 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. Adopted by a vote of 16 yeas to 9 nays.

The following report was read:

REPORT OF SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., February 28, 1881.

To the President and Members of the Louisiana Press Convention:

I have the honor to submit the following report of my official actions since your late session at Baton Rouge, on the 12th of October, 1880:

In accordance with the authorization of the Association, the proceedings of that session, together with a brief synopsis of the proceedings of former Press Conventions held in this State, were published under my supervision in the form of newspaper supplements and pamphlets, for distribution among the members of the Association. Of the supplements an edition of 10 000 was printed, about 6000 of which were mailed from the city to the newspapers composing this Association, and the balance distributed among the other country papers of the State. By soliciting advertisements from the newspaper and other business establishments of New Orleans, I was enabled to secure sufficient patronage in this line to cover the cost of printing and mailing the supplements, postage prepaid, besides a small margin for my personal expenses and time; in consequence of which the supplements were furnished to the newspapers of the State free of cost to them, and without any tax upon the funds of the Press Association. The cost of the supplements, exclusive of my services, was about $35; the advertising amounted to $130.

Of the pamphlets 500 were printed, at a cost of $14 50, as per vouchers in my hands. These have been distributed *pro rata* among the members of the Association, the price being fixed by me at the rate of seventy-five cents per dozen, which will cover the cost of publication and leave a margin of five or six dollars. Members are now indebted to the Association for the pamphlets received. Two publishers not yet members also received packages of the pamphlets, by special request, and will pay for same. Having a number of the books left after supplying the papers of the Association, I took the liberty a fortnight ago of mailing a copy to each of the editors of the State not than members of our organization, thinking thus to secure renewed and favorable attention to the objects and purposes of the Association, and an increased attendance of editors and publishers at our present session. The expense of mailing the pamphlets is not included in the amount above stated, but appears in the report of receipts and disbursements hereto annexed.

On the 14th and 15th of February, by direction of Col. M. Crane, our President, I prepared and issued a circular address to superintendents of railway lines and masters of steamboats throughout the State, soliciting an extension of the usual press courtesies to editors and publishers visiting New Orleans to attend this meeting. To this circular only two replies were received by me, one from Capt. H. W. Pennywitt, of the Baton Rouge and Donaldsonville daily mail packet Morning Star, the other from Mr. H. S. Moses, Superintendent New Orleans Pacific Railway Company, tending free passage to members of the press traveling on that boat and road upon the occasion referred to.

In connection with the circular aforesaid, I issued another address soliciting the editors and publishers in the State, calling their attention to the reduced rates of fare which would be accorded to all persons journeying to and from the city during the carnival period, and soliciting a full attendance at the present meeting of the Association in order that a liberal measure of beneficial results may inure to the press of Louisiana from our deliberations.

At our meeting last October a resolution was adopted providing that a copy of each issue of the newspapers belonging to the Press association be forwarded to the Secretary and Treasurer, to be by him filed for reference, and that the expense of filing the same be defrayed from the funds of the Association." Of the twenty-two papers belonging to the Association, three have complied with this resolution by mailing copies to me regularly, one other has accorded a copy occasionally, and a fifth has discovered the existence of the resolution within the past three weeks. I beg leave to suggest that, unless there is some well-defined advantage to be derived by the operation of this resolution, it should be rescinded. Besides entailing no inconsiderable labor and expense upon the Secretary and the Association the rapid accumulation of papers under the requirements of the resolution, especially with the increased membership which we anticipate, will necessitate the providing of a special office or storage room for the accommodation of these files.

Such applications for membership as have been received by me, were referred to the Executive Committee under the constitutional rule.

A fair copy of the constitution has been prepared, to which I have annexed the signatures of the members who joined the Association at Baton Rouge. I suggest that the new members to be admitted at our present session affix their signatures to the document.

Annexed hereto I have the honor to submit a statement of receipts and disbursements of Association funds. Trusting this report will meet your approval, I respectfully submit it for your consideration.

L. E. BENTLEY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

STATEMENT

Of Receipts and Disbursements of Funds of the Louisiana Press Association.

NEW ORLEANS, February 28, 1881.

RECEIPTS

October 12, 1880—Membership fee of G. W. McCranie, Mrs. Ava H. Hildebrand, Mrs. M. R. Field, Mrs. Ella Bentley, W. M. Smallwood, E. A. Burke, Leon Jastremski, W. B. Bailey, O. F. Woodcock, Robt. Benefield, W. C. Annis, L. A. Sandoz, G. W. Reese, L. E. Bentley, Chas. A. Brusle, A. J. Lafargue, J. B. Cosgrove, S. Lambert—eighteen, at $5 each	$90 00
December 16, 1880—From C. A. Brusle, 4 doz pamphlets at 75 cents per dozen	3 00
February 27, 1881—Membership fee of H. T. Henry	5 00
February 28, 1881—Membership fee of J. W. Bryan, J. T. Walker, Leonce Sandoz, Page M. Baker, L. B. Claiborne, Jona C. White, H. J. Hyams, H. G. Goodwyn, W. E. Dixon, W. G. Gayle, Thos. J. Mangham, A. V. Fleming, C. J. Smith, T. S. Jones—fourteen, $5 each	70 00
Total receipts	168 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

November, 1880—Printing 500 pamphlets (proceedings Press Association of October 11 and 12, 1880)	14 00
Freight and drayage on pamphlets	50
Minute book for Secretary	1 25
February, 1881—Postage on pamphlets	2 13
February 15, 1881—Printing circulars—No. 1 and 2	2 50
February 15, 1881—Stamped circular envelopes (50)	60
Total disbursements	20 98

RECAPITULATION.

February 28, 1881—Total receipts	168 00
February 28, 1881—Total disbursements	20 98
Balance on hand	$147 02

Respectfully submitted,
L. E. BENTLEY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. Maurin the report was received and adopted.

The following resolutions were successively offered by the members named, and were adopted:

By Gen. Jastremski—

Resolved, That the special committee on rates be requested to report regarding charges for matrimonial announcements.

By Major Burke—

Resolved, That members of the convention be requested to hand to the committee on postal and telegraph facilities such recommendations as will, in their opinion, benefit their respective journals.

By Mr. Jones—

Resolved, That in future no requests be made by this Association for a reduction of traveling or other rates to or from the meetings of this Association.

By Mrs. Ella Bentley—

Resolved, That the thanks of the Association, and particularly the lady members, be tendered Mr. Meyrier, of the *Country Visitor*, for the handsome cake presented by him, and also to Major E. A. Burke, of the *Democrat*, for the champagne, which has formed such an appreciated adjunct to the *Country Visitor's* gift.

Mr. G. W. Reese offered the following—

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Association that the use of patent outsides and inside

Continued on Fourth Page.

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