THE DISPATCH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DISPATCH COMPANY.

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SUNDAY.....JANUARY 11, 1885.

A Question Answered.

We regret to see that our contemporary of the Pulaski *People* is opposed to the BLAIR bill. As we are confident that the Democrats of Virginia will put into their platform of this year a resolution declaring in favor of that bill, and will nominate for Governor a candidate who will advocate it upon the hustings, we would be pleased to have in this good work the valuable cooperation from this time forth of our Pulaski contemporary. We are sincerely desirous of saying nothing to originate or continue a controversy that might lead any Democrat to commit himself irrevocably against the beneficent measure under consideration. Trusting that no word that we shall use may have that effect, we answer the following question which has been put to us by the *People*:

"The *Dispatch*, we believe, is earnestly and honestly in favor of an abolition of the internal revenue. Now, we ask it in all candor if it would not be infinitely better for the people of the South generally, and for the people of Virginia particularly, to abolish the internal revenue and their own school funds than to continue the internal revenue and accept a school bounty from the National Government?"

No State, southern or northern, could collect taxes, as the General Government does, from the manufacturers of whiskey. If one State were to lay a tax upon that article, the whiskey-manufacturers would move their plant into another State. The tax in question must either be collected as now, or not at all.

If the *People* means to claim that it would be better to double the school tax on real estate, and leave whiskey altogether untaxed, we reply that the land-owners would most decidedly object. We are anxious to get rid of the entire internal-revenue bureau; but we are not prepared to advocate a school tax of 30 cents on every one hundred dollars' worth of real estate in Virginia as a measure preferable to even the abominable internal taxes. We are confident that the land-owners of Virginia will never consent to bear an additional tax of more than five hundred thousand dollars a year for school purposes alone in order to get rid of the tax on whiskey.

All the money that Congress is asked to appropriate in aid of the public-school systems of the several States is already in the Treasury. The BLAIR bill can be carried into effect without continuing the internal taxes.

As to the conscientious scruples of men who set up their opinions in opposition to those of such profound constitutional lawyers as GARLAND, BROWN, COLQUITT, LAMAR, CURRY, VANCE, RANSOM, WADE HAMPTON, JONES, EDMUNDS, &c., &c., we have not much to say. Such scrupulousness partakes too much of vanity. Nevertheless, if a man has such scruples, that is the end of argument. Every man must obey his conscience. The voters can elect men whose consciences compel them to go the other way.

Besides, the question of constitutionality ought to be considered as having been settled by the facts. We refer once more to some of these facts, and repeat, what we have before said, that the northwestern and western States have grown rich on the school funds which Congress has given to those States in the form of public lands; that millions upon millions of dollars have thus been thrown into their coffers; that their admirable public schools, supported by funds obtained from the National Treasury, have attracted hundreds of thousands of settlers, and have thus been one of the instruments which have caused those States to excel the southern States in population and wealth; and that every State in the Union, including Virginia, has accepted aid from the Federal Government in the work of educating thoroughly the children of every such State.

Finally, the Democratic National Committee last year sent a circular throughout Virginia pledging the Democratic party to the support of the BLAIR bill. We advocated that bill before the presidential election, and we propose to keep faith with the people.

Northern Men in the South.

Our esteemed contemporary the Providence *Journal*, in treating of the new South, says:

"There is another consideration which we will suggest, even at the risk of disturbing the serenity of our vivacious contemporary the Richmond *Dispatch*. It has been cynically said that there is no politics in politics; there certainly is no politics in business. When the New Englander is invited or is disposed to invest his money in a southern cotton-mill he does not ask who is Governor, but whether his investment will be safe and profitable, and whether if his son should be required to live in the South his lines would fall in places such as he could abide. Or the young man who would prefer to farm it in the South, and is perfectly able to pay his way, hesitates

[illegible] he is in the habit of speaking his mind with reciprocation and with impunity."

We assure our contemporary that the above paragraph has not disturbed our serenity in the least. On the contrary, it has had a most composing effect upon us. It gives us an opportunity to inform the *Journal* that if it will take the testimony of any fair-minded northern man who has settled among us it will be convinced that his lines have fallen in places such as he can abide; that he can speak his mind with perfect impunity; and that his neighbors do not care a fig about his politics. The only snag that the *Journal* would encounter in such an investigation would be the discovery that *bona-fide* northern settlers in the South generally wind up by voting the Democratic ticket—in State elections, at least. They pretty soon get enough of the negro, and see that Democratic rule—which in the South means the rule of wealth and intelligence—is necessary to the conservation of the social fabric and to the prosperity of the country. It is only the political agitator whose mission is to array race against race that the South objects to; and that class is as much reprobated by the Republican who comes among us to make a living as by our own people. We know it is hard to make the *Journal* appreciate this at its distance from us, but if we could get its editor down here we could, we believe, make a "howling Democrat" of him, so far as Virginia politics are concerned.

The *Bedford Sentinel* has been merged into the *Bedford Star and Sentinel*, with Messrs. HOFFMANS & HARRISON as editors and proprietors. Messrs. W. P. HOFFMAN & LACY T. STEELE, of the *Sentinel*, have retired. In Liberty there is not sufficient patronage to justify the publication there of two weeklies, though Bedford is rich in sound Democrats, and rolls up at every election a rousing majority for the Democratic party—a fact which speaks well for its papers. We wish for the *Star and Sentinel* a prosperous career.

The Washington *Post* is lending its valuable aid to the BLAIR bill. In its issue of yesterday it says:

"Considering the measure from a partisan standpoint, however, we are firmly of the belief that it ought to be taken up and passed—that such action would be in the line of true Democratic policy, as well as of sound public policy—and there is no reason why it should not be done at the present session of Congress. There are many reasons why it should not be postponed for another year."

The Atlanta *Constitution* is right. The poem "All Quiet Along the Potomac To-Night" bears unmistakable evidence of its northern origin.

New Books.

Part 21 of *Stormonth's Dictionary of the English Language*. Price 25 cents.

Under Which King? A Novel. By COMPTON READE, author of "Hard Lines," &c. Price 20 cents.

Both belong to *Harper's Franklin-Square Library*.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSTON & CO.

BRIEF COMMENT.

Governor HILL is opposed to hanging. Most people are.

An exchange heads a telegram, "Cleveland at a Ball." CLEVELAND can get the best of a BALL every time.

"A Cincinnati phrenologist has examined MARK TWAIN'S head and found it to be genuine." Genuine what?

If the German Reichstag don't quit fooling with BISMARCK somebody will get kicked out—and it won't be BIZZY.

The Boston *Advertiser* says: "The Republican party has no recognized 'bosses' now in power." No, they all went under in November.

The New York *Sun* suggests that JAMES G. BLAINE deliver an oration at the dedication of the Washington monument. The *Sun* must have private advices to the effect that Citizen BLAINE intends to remain in the Union.

The Philadelphia *Times* says: "HAWLEY wants a paper-mill." We hope HAWLEY will get a paper-mill and work up the ensanguined nether garment he has waved so often and so long. That would be a good way to get rid of it.

Well Said.

[Tidewater Index.]

High protective duties do not lead to an increase, but to a decrease, of revenue, and, so far from the abolition of the internal-revenue taxes rendering "high tariff inperative," it must necessarily lead to reduction to a revenue standard of the existing tariff rates, many of which are now so high as to be almost if not entirely prohibitory. The tariff which will raise the largest amount of revenue is neither a high tariff nor a low tariff, but a mean between the two extremes, the rate being so fixed as not to discourage or prevent importations and yet being high enough to yield sufficient revenue to meet the expenses of the Government. Such is the tariff which we understand Mr. Randall to advocate—a tariff for revenue, under which protection will be incidental. Such is the tariff to which the Democratic party is pledged by the Chicago platform, and on which Mr. Randall stands.

The South is honoring herself in honoring Mr. Randall, for she had no better friend when she stood sorely in need of friends, and gratitude alone should induce her to show a proper appreciation of his labors in her behalf. But Mr. Randall is also one of the ablest and most distinguished statesmen in this country, who has done as much to shape its legislation for the last quarter of a century as any one else, and it should be especially gratifying that he came among us to acquaint himself more fully with the resources and wants of our section.—*Danville Register.*

Tom, Dick, and Harry are now appearing with their grandfather's recipes for coughs, etc., and seeking a fortune through advertising, but the people know the value of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and will take no other. Price, 25 cents a bottle.

THE WRONG BY LARGE.

DANVILLE.

Sale of Big Property—The Peremptory Mandamus—Site Prices.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

JANUARY 10, 1885.

Mr. James B. Pace, of Richmond, has sold to Mr. W. P. Hodnett and and Charles H. Conrad the building on Main street called the Pace Block for $40,000. This block consists of three stores on the first floor, and on the second and third stories offices, rooms of other kinds, and the Opera-House. Mr. Pace paid for this property about $27,000 when a part of his father's estate.

In the report of the proceedings of the Supreme Court of Appeals given in yesterday's *Dispatch* it is said that in the case of "The Town of Danville *vs.* Blackwell, Judge," a peremptory *mandamus* was awarded. Green Banister had sued the town for $500 as damages caused by work on the streets. The town wished to carry the case up to the Circuit Court from the Corporation Court, and Judge Blackwell refused to allow it to be done on the ground that the act of March, 1879, which allows cases to be removed to the Circuit Court from the Corporation Court as of right, is unconstitutional. A writ of *mandamus nisi* from the Supreme Court of Appeals was presented in the Corporation Court on the 7th of October by Mr. Peatross, the city attorney. And a peremptory *mandamus* has been issued, and that point has been settled. It was argued here that a removal from the Corporation Court to the Circuit Court was not in reality a "moving forward" as the law now stands.

At the annual meeting of the Presbyterian church the superintendent of the Sunday school reported 125 names on the roll of scholars and the collections $109.23. The Sunday-School Missionary Society had collected during the year 1884 $160.16, and was proposing to give $18.45 for an evangelist for the Roanoke Presbytery and $25 for a church lot in North Danville. The church had raised for sustentation $183.75; for publication purposes, $27.25; for foreign missions, $76.78; for the widows' and orphans' fund, $91.55; the evangelistic fund, $51.37; education, $45.37; the Tuscaloosa Institute, $16.59. And the total of these church collections was $492.61. The Ladies' Aid Society had raised about $200; the Little Gleaners, $150 for a church lot in North Danville. The amount raised on account of salary for the pastor was $1,924.59; for incidental expenses, $535.60. And so the collections for all church purposes amounted in the year 1884 to $3,572.19. The number admitted on examination was 5; on certificate, 4; infants baptized, 3; adults baptized, 2; lost by death, 2.

Mr. Thomas L. Shields, from near Chatham, sold yesterday 3,833 pounds of tobacco at an average, for lugs and all, of $27.50. A lot of about 300 pounds of wrappers brought $74 per hundred; another lot of about 500 pounds, $42 per hundred; and a lot of about 700 pounds of bright smokers, $25 per hundred.

Mr. F. W. Ferrell has recently bought the home-house of his father, the late Byrd L. Ferrell, near Brooklyn, Halifax county, with about 40 acres of land attached, for $2,800—about $70 per acre "for house and land."

What is known as the Clark land, near Pineville, in this county, a body of about 700, acres has been sold for $12.21 per acre. ALPHA.

CHARLOTTESVILLE.

Week of Prayer—The University Professorships—Gone South.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

JANUARY 10, 1885.

The Young Men's Christian Association observed the week of prayer by holding meetings every night during this week.

A man named D. Mayo was brought here yesterday by an officer from Lynchburg, where he had been arrested upon the charge of burglary at Scottsville.

Very naturally our people feel considerable interest in the action of the Board of Visitors of the University at its meeting on the 15th with reference to the two important chairs to be filled. It seems that a good deal to the University and to the community depends upon that action. There are a good many applicants for the chair of the late Professor Southall, and from information which I do not consider absolutely reliable it is thought that a man outside of the State will be selected. It is also believed that Dr. Mallet will be reinstated in his old position.

At a meeting of the University faculty resolutions were adopted expressive of the great public loss sustained in the death of the late Professor Stephen O. Southall.

Mr. John H. Bibb and lady and Mr. Hugh W. Bruffy left Thursday evening for Thomasville, Ga., where they will pass the winter.

Quite a number of our citizens are attending the Moody meetings in Richmond. QUIP.

THE CITY BY THE SEA.

Case of Mistaken Identity—Robbery—Floating Saw-Mill.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, January 10, 1885.

The *Dispatch* a few days ago noted the arrest at Franklin of Henry Moore (colored), for the murder of Littleton Stewart, in Greensville county, last July. Moore was carried to Greensville county, when it was found that it was not Henry Moore, but Henry Moore's brother. The resemblance between the two is said to be remarkable. The prisoner was discharged from custody.

On Wednesday night a negro committed a violent assault on an old white man named Charles Ford, at his store, in Norfolk county. The old man was left for dead in a pool of blood, and the negro stole every cent in the store, amounting to about $34. He escaped, but is known, and will probably be arrested. Ford is in a critical condition.

There is in this harbor a novelty in the way of a floating saw-mill. It came from Annapolis, Md., and is *en route* to North Carolina, where it will saw the timber right on the water.

The proceeds from the recent fair for the Confederate veterans' benefit will approximate $8,000—a very creditable showing. ELIA.

To be Hailed—Tobacco.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA., Jan. 10, 1885.

George Fortune, who shot and killed the Mitchell lad in Amherst county sometime ago, and who has been confined in jail here, was brought before Judge Latham on a writ of *habeas corpus* and application made for bail on the ground of ill health. The Judge granted the request and fixed the bail at $5,000, which will be given Monday.

The sales of tobacco for the week ending to-day were 419,100 pounds.

The Wise-County Sufferers—Assistance Asked For.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA., Jan. 10, 1885.

The committee appointed by the Court of Wise county to investigate the condition of the sufferers from the late plague report that there is more destitution than at first supposed, and the outside assistance heretofore declined is asked for.

The Romer Raised.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, VA., January 10, 1885.

The steamer John Romer was raised to-day and will be repaired at once.

HOLTNORTH MAD.

His Attorney Says Somebody Has Done Tell Yarnes.

[National Republican.]

Ex-Sergeant Holtnorth, of the Signal Service, who received his final-discharge papers and was paid off yesterday, is one of the most thoroughly indignant men in Washington. He was found last night by a *Republican* reporter, but beyond indignantly asserting that he had been basely treated by those who employed and used him in what has taken place, he refused to talk further on the subject, and referred the news-finder to his attorney. The attorney was found at his cosy home surrounded by his children, and asked about the case. He said that if the Secretary of War and General Hazen think that the matter is ended with the discharge of Holtnorth from the service they will find themselves decidedly mistaken. The attorney says that before Mr. Lincoln took action on the recommendation for Holtnorth's discharge he asked him to withhold his approval until evidence could be laid before him about the case. The Secretary rudely refused, and approved the recommendation for discharge at once. The attorney one day this week called upon General Hazen, who repeated to him the same protestations of admiration for Holtnorth's value to the signal corps and his friendship for the sergeant, which were published recently in a *Republican* interview, and at that very time, as the attorney learned later, General Hazen had already forwarded to Secretary Lincoln the recommendation for discharge "for cause," which the Secretary had asked for. "There has been some awful tall lying done," said the attorney, "by a big shoulder-strapped man, and before this matter is through with he will be exposed so that he will, or at least ought to, be ashamed to show his head."

DECKED WITH HAIR.

Street-Loafers Array Themselves in $1,000 Worth of Stolen Human Hair.

A Boston special says: A lot of South-Cove hoodlums fairly revelled in human hair this afternoon. L. C. Weilli, a travelling salesman for Julius Becker, of No. 28 Howard street, New York, came to this city last Saturday, and gave a trunk containing $6,000 worth of hair to a transfer company to deliver at a hotel. The trunk was stolen yesterday. Two men were seen carrying suspicious packages up South street, and when chased by the police they dropped the packages and escaped. The contents proved to be about $1,000 worth of the stolen hair. This morning a Utica-Street house was raided, another lot found, and Michael and Andrew Presby were arrested for stealing it.

In some unaccountable way upwards of $4,000 worth of the hair got into the possession of the hoodlums, who paraded the streets with flowing wigs and elegant moustaches measuring almost a foot from tip to tip. Some of it was gray hair and valued at $10 an ounce. None who had it knew the value of it, and it was stuck on to poles and carried up and down the street, and, finally, thrown into the gutter or so damaged that it was dead loss.

Words of Warning.

[Page News.]

If no bill at all is passed at this session of Congress, the Democratic party in Virginia will have to make an authoritative declaration in favor of an appropriation by the Federal Government in aid of education in the States when the State Democratic Convention of this year assembles. A failure to do so would put a most effective weapon into the hands of Mahone and his followers. No one need be told that it would be used for all it was worth, and with telling effect, against us.

Mahone will make a last desperate effort the coming fall to refasten his grip upon the State. No one knows better than he that defeat this fall means political annihilation for him and his party. Entire abolition of the capitation tax, less frequent elections, free books for free schools, a protective tariff—all these will attract voters, and a good many of them, to the Mahone party. Now if we leave any loose joints in our armor, Mahone is just the man to find them and pry them open. A mistake about the Blair bill will give him a much-coveted opportunity for effective assault upon us. It is plainly the duty of Congress to pass the Blair bill at this session. The Democratic party cannot afford to let it fail.

Democratic congressmen will make a grave mistake if they fail to take up and enact into a law at the present session of Congress what is commonly spoken of as the Blair bill. We believe a large majority of southern Democrats are heartily in favor of it. We feel satisfied that this is true of Virginia Democrats. In the campaign in this State last fall our enemies charged the Democratic party with hostility not only to the Blair bill, but to all schemes for giving aid to the cause of education in the States by the General Government. That these allegations caused us to lose votes which, but for them, we would have got we think is undeniable. Now, if the present House of Representatives refuses or neglects to take up and pass the Senate bill which lies upon the Speaker's table, the charge which our enemies brought against us last fall will be urged with ten-fold effect in the coming canvass for State officers next fall, and we will enter upon the campaign heavily handicapped. We regard the Blair bill as a very proper measure in itself, and think its passage would be productive of much good to the South.

[Chatham Tribune.]

This fall we will have to elect a State ticket, and in our opinion, unless our representatives in Congress vote for the Blair school bill, we will not stand a very good chance of carrying the State. A large majority of our people—in fact, everybody we know—is in favor of the bill except a few *before-the-war constitutional States'-rights Democrats*. Away with such nonsense. It is just as constitutional to distribute the surplus in the Treasury according to the Blair bill as it is to create the surplus by collecting high internal taxes. Virginia pays four or five million dollars every year. She is poor, she wants money, and don't want any constitutional States'-rights nonsense—that don't pay worth a cent! This county under the Blair bill will get $75,000 for her schools. Just think of it. We think the Virginia congressman who votes against it ought to be requested by the people to resign his seat. We are glad to see that Colonel Cabell is in favor of the bill.

The memory of Martin Behaim, the navigator, will be honored in Nuremberg by the erection of a fine marble monument, modelled by Professor Roessner.

AN EMPTY COFFIN.

Louisville Hebrews Hunted as the Disappearance of Morris Goldsticker's Body.

A Louisville (Ky.) special says: Many leading Hebrew residents are agitated by the discovery that the body of young Morris Goldsticker is missing from its grave in Potter's field. The deceased, a youth of nineteen, came to this city from New Orleans a year since with a capital of $1,800, which he lost in business. On January 1st he died at the City Hospital. The disease from which he died was of a peculiar nature, and after a *post-mortem* was held on the remains they were given burial by the city. Yesterday S. Heyman, a rag-dealer, who lately employed young Goldsticker, endeavored to find the whereabouts of the body. The grave in the city buryin-gground where it was said he had been buried was opened. The coffin was found a few feet beneath the surface. The lid was screwed down, but when it was pried off, to the great horror of the committee in search, the coffin was found to be empty. The matter has been put into the hands of a committee of Hebrews, who will not cease in their search till they find the body or learn what disposition has been made of it, and who is responsible for the outrage. It is understood that a search-warrant will be taken out, and all the vats and dissecting-rooms of the various medical colleges of the city searched by the committee having the matter in charge. It is rumored that the Potter's field never contained young Goldsticker's body, the coffin having been interred for mere appearance-sake, while the body was smuggled off to some dissecting-room.

Attractive and Useful.

The Brown Chemical Company, Baltimore, Md., the owners of the celebrated Brown's Iron Bitters, have just issued a beautiful *Hand-Book and Almanac* for ladies, and a complete and useful *Memorandum-Book* for men. These publications are attractive, containing a great many valuable and interesting things. They are furnished free of charge by druggists and country storekeepers, but should they not have them the Brown Chemical Company will send either book on receipt of a two-cent stamp to pay postage.

Now, we have repeatedly told our patrons where to get the best and most reliable goods in the liquor line. Montrose and B Select Whiskeys, sold by W. D. Blair & Co., 1109 east Main street, will satisfy any one who needs a good and pure whiskey. Also, imported liquors of all kinds.

MARRIAGES.

TUCKER—TENNANT.—Married, in this city, at Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, December 30th, by Rev. J. C. Reed, Mr. EDGAR B. TUCKER and Miss ROBERTA L. TENNANT; both of Richmond, Va. *

DEATHS.

BERRY.—Died, suddenly, January 10, 1885, at 9 o'clock A. M., RICHARD A. BERRY, in the twentieth year of his age.

His funeral will take place THIS (Sunday) EVENING, January 11th, at 3 o'clock, from St. Peter's Cathedral. *

HENDERSON.—Died, at 5:10 o'clock Saturday afternoon, January 10th, ELIZABETH A. HENDERSON, after a suffering illness, which she bore with Christian patience.

Truly she sweetly rests with Jesus.

Her friends and the Daughters of Zion are requested to attend her funeral at the First Baptist church MONDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock.

MILLHISER.—Died, on Friday afternoon, January 9, 1885, at 2:45 o'clock, after a brief illness, in the twenty-ninth year of her age, EMMA, beloved wife of Charles Millhiser and daughter of the late Rev. M. J. Michelbacher.

The funeral will take place from the residence, 1001 east Marshall street, THIS (Sunday) MORNING at 11 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend. *

NENZEL.—Died, in Petersburg, Va., January 9th, of diphtheria, FRANK M., infant son of C. F. and J. E. Nenzel; aged two years and seventeen days.

Buried Saturday, the 10th, at half-past 3. *

WILES.—Died, at the residence of Wallace Shelton, on the 10th instant, JOSEPHUS WILES (colored), in the fortieth year of his age.

WILSON.—Died, at his residence, at Clover Hill, Chesterfield county, Va., on Thursday, January 8, 1885, EDWARD H. WILSON; aged forty-one. *

REV. GEORGE C. NEEDHAM, the distinguished evangelist, who is aiding Mr. Moody in his meetings, will preach THIS MORNING at 11 o'clock at the GRACE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.

THE SERVICE CONDUCTED BY MR. MOODY TO-DAY at the EBENEZER CHURCH is exclusively for the colored people.

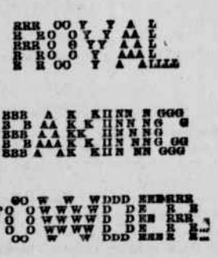
TRINITY CHURCH (corner of Broad and Twentieth streets)—Rev. J. C. REED, pastor.—Preaching by pastor at 11 A. M. and at 7:30 P. M. SUNDAY.

The pew-rent system being abolished, all seats in the church are free. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Preaching at 11 A. M. by Rev. J. WILLIAM JONES, D. D., and at 3 P. M. and 7:30 P. M. by Rev. GEORGE C. NEEDHAM.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Main and Sixth streets)—Rev. WILLIAM W. LANDRUM pastor.—Morning service at 11 A. M. No evening service. Congregation invited to union service at the First Baptist church. Sermon by Mr. NEEDHAM.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.



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DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF RICHMOND PERPETUAL BUILDING, LOAN AND TRUST CO., No. 1200 MAIN STREET, (UNDER PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK.) RICHMOND, VA., January 1, 1885.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. (free of tax) out of the net earnings of the company for the past six months, payable at this office on and after January 5th.

WILLIAM LOVENSTEIN, Cashier. ja 1-10t

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LEND UPON REAL ESTATE OR COLLATERAL SECURITY.

CITY AND COUNTRY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

DEEDS WRITTEN AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TAKEN.

HOUSES SOLD, BUILT, AND REPAIRED UPON MONTHLY INSTALMENTS.

Apply for *Virginia Land Guide*. GEORGE E. CRAWFORD, Real Estate Agent, Auctioneer, and Broker. oc 22-eod3m 1005 Bank street.

FOR SALE, RICHMOND CITY BONDS, STATE BANK OF VIRGINIA STOCK, VIRGINIA STATE INSURANCE COMPANY STOCK, STATE and RAILROAD BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD by EDWARD COHEN, ja 7-1w 1323 Main street.

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

AS THE BEST TONIC,

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely CURES DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, MALARIA, WEAKNESS, IMPURE BLOOD, CHILLS and FEVER, and NEURALGIA.

By rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood, it reaches every part of the system, purifies and enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles and nerves, and tones and invigorates the system.

A FINE APPETIZER—BEST TONIC KNOWN.

It will cure the worst case of Dyspepsia, removing all distressing symptoms, such as Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc.

THE ONLY IRON MEDICINE THAT WILL NOT BLACKEN OR INJURE THE TEETH.

It is invaluable for diseases peculiar to women and to all persons who lead sedentary lives.

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Persons suffering from the effects of overwork, nervous troubles, loss of appetite, or debility, experience quick relief and renewed energy by its use.

IT DOES NOT CAUSE HEADACHE OR PRODUCE CONSTIPATION—OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO.

IT IS THE ONLY PREPARATION OF IRON THAT CAUSES NO INJURIOUS EFFECTS. PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT AS THE BEST. TRY IT.

The genuine has Trade-Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md. jy 11-eod1y

WOOD AND COAL.

CHEAP, CHEAP, IS THE CRY, One should not on a neighbor lie; If he sells short weight and dirty coal, Then his name should be told. But who is it? the people ask; To tell it is an easy task— Throw a rock in the dark, And if you hear a dog bark You may bet your bottom dollar That you have got him by the collar. You had better pay a living profit. It will save you money in your pocket, by buying NICE, FREE-BURNING COAL; also, seasoned HICKORY, OAK, and PINE WOOD, as sold by W. J. McDOWELL, corner Seventh and Main streets. ja 11-1t

THE BRIGHTHOPE RAILWAY COMPANY, Office, 703 east Main street. Telephone No. 215. BEST GRATE COAL, $4.25 per ton delivered. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Ask your dealer for BRIGHTHOPE GRATE COAL, and take no other, as it is the best and cheapest. E. B. THAW, Commercial Agent. ROBERT N. NORTHEN, Soliciting Agent. de.21-eod3m

CHEAP, CHEAPER IS THE CRY, about others not to lie; short weight, dirty coal, by his neighbors' slanderer only sold—enough to make a good wife scold taking money from your pocket by paying 40 or 50 per cent. profit. But your wife will not scold if you purchase the BEST COAL, also BEST SEASONED WOOD—Hickory, Oak, and Pine—from C. H. PAGE, 1905 Cary street, or Broad above Elba. je 9-3t

CHRISTMAS FIRES.—CROWN-HILL SPLINT, best mined; PURE KANAWHA CANNEL COAL; ANTHRACITE COAL, suited for furnace, Latrobe, and base-burning stoves; SAWED, KINDLING, and LONG WOOD; WEST VIRGINIA STEAM COAL; BEST COAL at lowest prices. S. P. LATHROP & CO., Seventeenth street, at Drawbridge. de 12

BEST FUEL IN THE CITY.—First-class ANTHRACITE, all sizes, $5.25; COALBURG SPLINT, $4.50 and $5 per ton; SOFT LUMP, $3.75 and $4; BRIGHTHOPE, $4.25. PINE and OAK WOOD, long, sawed, and kindling. Lowest cash prices. Yards: Broad and Norton and 1905 Cary streets. Telephone, 165. C. H. PAGE. [de 24]

CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.

THE SUN DO MOVE. The largest line of SUN LAMPS in the city. SUN STAND LAMPS, SUN BRACKET LAMPS, SUN LAMPS for Chandeliers, SUN LIBRARY LAMPS, SUN HALL LAMPS, SUN STUDENT LAMPS. All of these Lamps in both brass and nickel. The Sun gives 20 per cent. more light than any other lamp. Call and see them at E. B. TAYLOR'S, ja 11 1011 Main street.

STAFFORDSHIRE, LIMOGES, DRESDEN. DINNER-, TEA-, AND DESSERT-SETS. HEADQUARTERS FOR CUT-GLASS. CHINA FROM ALL COUNTRIES FROM FIRST HANDS. GEORGE GIBSON, JR., de 23 1207 Main street.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

ORGANIZED 1832.

VIRGINIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, RICHMOND.

INSURES AGAINST FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

HALF CENTURY IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.

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THIS OLD VIRGINIA INSTITUTION OFFERS SOLID SECURITY TO THOSE DESIRING INSURANCE. THE COMPANY ISSUES A VERY CONCISE AND SIMPLE POLICY, FREE OF PETTY RESTRICTIONS AND LIBERAL IN ALL ITS PROVISIONS.

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WM. H. MCCARTHY, Secretary. CHAS. K. WILLIS, Solicitor. se 12

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE, AN ESTABLISHED RETAIL BUSINESS on Broad street, paying a very handsome return on capital invested. Apply to R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., ja 11-1t Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE, A FIRST-CLASS RETAIL BOOT AND SHOE BUSINESS, doing a fair business, centrally located. Good reasons for selling. A bargain to be had by applying to or communicating early with T. F. H., ja 11-8t,W,&Sa3t* 920 east Broad.

LIBRARY AND READING-ROOM.

CHRISTMAS HAS COME AND GONE, AND THE NEW YEAR IS HERE, and we hope that all of us will enter on it with good intentions at least, and even try to carry those good intentions into practice, and we shall be glad to know that one of them is to SUBSCRIBE TO OUR CIRCULATING LIBRARY AND READING-ROOM. We have now almost one thousand volumes, and daily adding to it, and pronounced by our subscribers to be a very good selection. Come and see. Respectfully, ja 11-5t BECKWITH & PARHAM.

ORANGES, LEMONS, &c.

FRESH LOT NEW YORK APPLES AND MESSINA ORANGES now arriving by steamer Roanoke, for sale low to close consignment. LEMONS, MALAGA GRAPES, NUTS, ITALIAN CHESTNUTS, GERMAN FRUITS and PRODUCE, DATES, DRIED PEARS, CURRANTS and SARDINES, HOLLAND HERRINGS, IMPORTED SAUER KRAUT. E. HOLZINGER, Manager. 1428 Main street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth. ja 10-3t

TOBACCO.

CAUTION.—CONSUMERS OF "DILL'S BEST" TOBACCO will please notice carefully the yellow tag on same, and see that it has the wording, in black letters, "Dill's Best." Other tobaccos are being placed on the market with a tag similar in coloring to the "Dill's Best" tag, and may mislead consumers of this celebrated brand of tobacco. To be genuine, the little yellow tag must have on it "Dill's Best." In buying do not ask for the little yellow tag, as formerly, but "Dill's Best," and see that you get what you ask for. no 4-3m

REMOVAL.

H. M. SMITH, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his office to ELEVENTH AND MAIN STREETS, over Thomas Branch & Co. ja 9-10t

THE GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF THE SEASON, GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF THE SEASON, GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF THE SEASON, GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF THE SEASON.

AMAZING BARGAINS, AMAZING BARGAINS, AMAZING BARGAINS, AMAZING BARGAINS.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS, SWEEPING REDUCTIONS, SWEEPING REDUCTIONS, SWEEPING REDUCTIONS, AT HEXTER'S.

In order to reduce our stock before taking inventory, we have made EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS IN PRICES ON ALL GOODS. A careful perusal of the following goods is respectfully solicited:

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, MERINO WEAR, LACE CURTAINS, DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS, CLOAKINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, TOWELS, TABLE DAMASKS, GINGHAMS, &c.

We have a large stock of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS on hand, which must be sold, and will offer them regardless of cost or value. L. HEXTER, ja 11-2t 307 Broad street.

CARDOZO & CO.

ONE HUNDRED CLOAKS, consisting of SEAL, PLUSH, SILK, BROCADE VELVET, and CLOTH—all to be sold at great reduction to close.

We have just received a large invoice of BLACK SILKS and SILK RHADAMER, consigned by an overstocked New York importer, to close at great advantage to the purchaser. The prices will be the lowest ever named on similar goods. They are first-class goods, and the prices at which we shall sell them are decided bargains.

We have, during the depression in trade taken advantage of the low prices prevailing and bought largely of BLANKETS, MARSEILLES QUILTS, LINEN SHEETING, TABLE-DAMASK, NAPKINS, and OTHER HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, all of which we will offer at real bargains.

The best MARSEILLES QUILTS at $2, $2.25, and $3 ever seen.

25 COMBINATION WORSTED SUITS to be sold at a sacrifice. ja 4-eod CARDOZO & CO.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

1885.—AFTER THE RUSH OF CHRISTMAS SALES we yet have a GOOD STOCK OF BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.—indeed, of ALL ARTICLES which we have usually kept—to which we invite the attention of our friends and the public. Respectfully, ja 11-eod&w BECKWITH & PARHAM.

NEW-YEAR'S, 1885.—WEST, JOHNSTON & CO. have for sale Diaries and Physicians' Visiting-Lists for 1885; Virginia Almanacs 5c. each, 50c. a dozen; Episcopal Church Almanacs, 15 and 25c. each; Family Expense-Book; Calendars for pocket and desk use without change; Blank-Books and Stationery of all kinds. Orders by mail promptly attended to. ja 1

1885. 1885. CALENDARS, four kinds—free to all; DIARIES, PHYSICIANS' VISITING-LISTS, RICHARDSON'S ALMANACS, 50c. per dozen, and HAGERSTOWN 60c. per dozen, by mail; BLANK-BOOKS in endless variety, BOOKBINDING in any style and price. ja 3-d&w RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

STEAM-ENGINES, SAW-MILLS, &c.

TANNER & DELANEY ENGINE COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA. WILLIAM E. TANNER, President; WILLIAM R. TRIGG, Vice-President; ALEXANDER DELANEY, Superintendent. MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM-ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, GEARING, CASTINGS, TOBACCO-FIXTURES, GAS-APPARATUS, and other machinery. Agents in the southern States for the celebrated Armington & Sims AUTOMATIC ENGINE, which is particularly adapted to driving electrical machinery, cotton- and woollen-mills, and other work requiring great accuracy and