

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

RUSSIAN TROOPS MOVING.

Late News Advancing Toward Herat... Great Excitement Along the Frontier...

A telegram dated February 24th, says: "Communications between strangers here and people in the outside world are closely restricted. Troops and stores are going forward daily en route for Herat. The soldiers are previously blessed by priests, who tell them to fight valiantly against the Czar's enemies. Civilians and military men openly discuss the likelihood of a declaration of war against England. Great excitement prevails here. It is stated that several thousand troops are being ordered to Herat. Work on the railway from Kandahar to Herat is being pushed with the utmost rapidity. Great difficulty is experienced in inducing workmen to go to Herat, as they fear they will be killed by the British or the Afghans."

A letter from Sarakhs, dated March 23, states that five battalions of Russian infantry and three batteries of artillery are en route from Bokhara to Herat, and that a small party of Cossacks recently attempted to traverse the Zulfikar defile, but was prevented by force.

It is reported that Sir Peter Lumsden has arrived at Herat, and that the Afghans are actively fortifying the city. Small bodies of Russians hold the wells and roads between Sarakhs and the Murghab river. There are several hundred Cossacks near Pul-i-Khatun, which is the most strongly fortified position to Herat occupied by Russians. The Russian forces occupying Herat consist of a battalion of infantry, a regiment of dragoons, and some Cossacks. At Askabad there are about 8,000 troops of all arms. One Russian brigade and a company of military stores are en route from the Caucasus to Askabad. The Afghans here believe that an offensive and defensive alliance between England and Turkey would have the effect of alienating the Turkoman from the present Governor of Khorassan which is recalled, and that his place will be taken by Ruk-ed-Douleh, the Shah's second brother.

A London special says: M. Lassar, the Russian member of the Afghan Boundary Commission, in an interview yesterday, stated that Russia desired a frontier boundary line, starting at Heri Rud, a little south of Zulfikar, there running east to Chamant, then to the Kushk river; thence to the north, leaving the Murghab to the Afghans, to a point five miles south of Penjeh, and thence in a direct line northeast to Khoja Saleh. Russia, he said, had never admitted that the frontier line due east from Sarakhs to Khoja Saleh was the correct one. The Russians had only advanced in order to protect the Turkomans, who were quitting their towns in fear of an Afghan invasion. England had obtained information in regard to the Russian movements long before the meeting of them, because Sir Peter Lumsden was nearer to a telegraph station. M. Lassar declared that Russia had no designs upon Herat, which belongs to the Afghans according to the terms of the treaty of 1873. He hoped to see a pacific solution of the difficulty, and had no fear of a collision.

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND.

Expected Collision Between the Russians and Afghans.

CALCUTTA, March 16.—There are reports here that an actual collision has occurred between the Russians and Afghans. The Government is very reticent concerning frontier news. LONDON, March 16.—The Times expresses the belief that General Komaroff has gone from Askabad to the disputed territory, and says if Russia is allowed to gain the territory by trickery we shall have a little later only, with the Amer of Afghanistan disgusted with our folly, and Russia strengthened by valuable positions gained.

Will Not Submit to Barrios.

LIBERTAD, SAN SALVADOR, via GALVESTON, March 16.—The decree issued by General Barrios, of Guatemala, proclaiming the confederation of the Central American States was kept secret, and was only brought to the knowledge of the other four republics March 15th, when it created the greatest indignation. On March 14th the Congress of San Salvador authorized the Government to employ all possible means for the defence of the country, which it proclaimed in a state of siege. On account of the attitude of San Salvador, which has 8,000 men on the frontier and plenty of artillery, and also because of the action of Mexico in advancing her forces toward Guatemala, the excitement here is subsiding. The enthusiasm in San Salvador, both of the inhabitants and the Government, is increasing, and they are resolved to die rather than accept the decree of General Barrios.

Will Not Submit to Barrios.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Senate to-day confirmed John C. Black, of Illinois, to be Pension Commissioner. A delegation of about two hundred Christian workers, mostly ladies, composed of the National Temperance Alliance of the District, called at the White House shortly before 1 o'clock to-day. Miss Cleveland received them in the Blue parlor. The call was not for the purpose of making any request regarding temperance matters, but Mrs. L. Feta, who addressed Miss Cleveland in behalf of the visitors, stated that they simply desired to pay their respects and to express their confidence in her Christian character, and that as mistress of the White House she would perform her duty. A small party of railroad telegraphers, and in the afternoon, was presented to Miss Cleveland, in which sentiments of the visitors were inscribed. Miss Cleveland, in reply, expressed her appreciation of the delicate manner in which the visit was made and her pleasure at meeting the visitors. The members of the delegation then passed into the East room, where they were introduced to the President. The Navy Department to-day instructed Commander Wildes, of the steamer Yantic, north to New Orleans, to see as soon as possible and go to Livingston, Guatemala. On arrival there he is instructed to communicate immediately with the American officials at that place, and to use every exertion to protect American interests.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

THE OLD NORTH STATE.

Mormons Indicted for Wife-Murder.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 16.—It is positively stated that the Mormons will build a church in Rutherford county, this State, and that two of their elders will conduct it, while three others work as missionaries in North Carolina, Georgia, South Carolina, and East Tennessee. The grand jury of Moore county has found a true bill against G. B. Cole for wife-murder. His wife died very suddenly last November. Suspicion pointed to the husband as the murderer. Cole is seventy-six years of age. DEATH OF A PROMINENT METHODIST MINISTER.—A MYSTERIOUS CASE. This afternoon Rev. B. C. Phillips, pastor of the Methodist church at Durham, died there of cerebral fever, and pneumonia; aged forty-three years. He was one of the brightest members of the North Carolina Conference. The Methodists of the State feel the loss very keenly, following as it does so upon the death of Rev. W. C. Dalet, which occurred last week. A rumor is current that Governor Jarvis is to be appointed president of the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad, which is practically owned by the State. Nearly a year ago a girl named Pearson, aged fourteen, was in a most mysterious manner abducted from her home in this county. Though telegrams were sent in all directions they failed to find her. To-day detectives put in jail here John George alias John Green, charged with aiding in the abduction. The evidence implicating him is of recent discovery.

MILTON NOTES.

Corner-Store Laying The Tobacco Coc.

MILTON, N. C., March 16, 1885. Golden-Piece Lodge, No. 74, A. F. and A. M., laid the corner-stone of Lebanon Christian church, about six miles from this place, on Saturday the 14th inst.—Worshipful H. O. Kerns, praying master; S. Stevens, master; J. W. Lewis, senior warden; Samuel Holder, junior warden; and J. Morgan Smith, chief marshal. A large concourse of people from the surrounding country were gathered together to witness the beautiful and impressive ceremonies. A bountiful repast was prepared by the good people of the neighborhood, and all fare sumptuously. This church is in a very prosperous section of Caswell county—the lowlands of Hyno creek producing an abundance of grain, and the highlands being well adapted to the raising of fine bright yellow tobacco, from which the farmers reap a large revenue. Very little of last year's crop of tobacco has been marketed, owing to the fact that there has been no market suitable to buying tobacco in order for handling. The crop is a good one, and a large percentage of it being very fine, and will command a good price.

The Virginia Coupon Cases.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Four cases, entitled Poindexter against Greenhow, White against Greenhow, Carter against Greenhow, and Moore against Greenhow, which are known as Virginia coupon-tax cases, and which were assigned for argument at the foot of the call in the United States Supreme Court to-day, will probably not be reached before Wednesday or Thursday. In view of the importance of the questions involved the Court to-day gave notice that twelve hours would be allowed for argument. So that the cases will consume the remainder of this week and perhaps one day of next. It is expected that there will be a notable array of distinguished counsel, including William L. Royall, Walter D. H. Chamberlain, General Wager Swayne, and Senator Exvarts for the bondholders, and B. T. Merrick, Attorney-General, of Virginia, and J. A. H. Garland (now United States Attorney-General, but appearing in his private capacity), for the State of Virginia. One of the cases comes from the Richmond City Hustings Court, two from the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern district of Virginia, and one from the Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.

The Railroad Strikes.

ST. LOUIS, March 16.—The Missouri Pacific railway officials here state that the strikers at Sedalia, Parsons, DeWitt, and Atchison refuse to return to work unless a written guarantee is given that none of the strikers will be discharged within a year from date. At other places the men all returned to work. No action has yet been taken by the railroad officials. The general manager of the Missouri Pacific telegraphed this morning to the heads of the machinery and car departments of the road stating that the wages will be restored at once to the figures existing before the cut.

Springfield, Ill., March 16.

The strikers on the Toledo and Wabash road tried to stop the switch-engine this morning, but a United States deputy marshal was immediately on each car, and ended the trouble. The company has offered to restore the general managers, and at 2 o'clock this afternoon was set for a conference on the proposition.

Atchison, Kan., March 16.

The local committee, after meeting this afternoon, declared terms of settlement with the strikers, and the railroad strike ended.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

White-House Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The constant rush of visitors to the Executive mansion at all hours of the day has so encroached on the time of the President that he has felt impelled to make a set of rules for the reception of visitors. Hereafter he will limit his office hours to from 10 to 11 o'clock, except on Tuesdays and Thursdays (6 to 7 o'clock), when they will be from 7 to 8 o'clock. During these hours he will receive all persons who call on official business. An hour will also be set aside every afternoon for the reception of visitors who have no business with the President, but who merely call to pay their respects. The President desires to reserve the afternoons and evenings to considering business of his office, and will receive no persons outside of the hours above specified, except by special appointment.

TILDEN EAST FALING.

Winning in Revere His Presidential Preference—A Hint for the President.

A New York special says: The resignation by Samuel J. Tilden of directorships in three stock companies in which he is a heavy owner has caused some talk among financiers. He has always been so careful to be a controller of his own investments that search has been made for a reason for the change of policy. The true one undoubtedly is that he can no longer hope to regain sufficient strength for the highest activity. For the first time in his life he has wanted to withdraw entirely away from this city. His sumptuous mansion in Gramercy Park, complete in all its decorations and luxuries, furnished, even to the paintings on the walls, has no other occupant than a watchman. Tilden has not come down from Greystone, his country place on the Hudson, since last summer—September—nor has he been aboard his yacht, though it was fitted up in the fall with the means of comfort for a cruise which his owner was understood to contemplate. Nobody is permitted to enter his mansion. He has been seen only by John Biglow, who says: "Mr. Tilden is no-day. The best advice which the managers of Mr. Cleveland's campaign got in the canvass was from him." But he would tell nothing concerning Tilden's physical condition. A man in the equally favorable position to know the truth says: "Tilden will never leave Greystone alive. He knows it, and this is the cause of his retirement from the directorates of railroad companies. His health began to fail alarmingly during his presidential campaign of 1876, and he has steadily lost strength. I remember that on his departure for a European trip in the ensuing year a notable reception was given to him, on which occasion he had to be literally carried into the house where the ceremonies were held. That was his last attempt to make a public speech. He has since been steadily growing weaker, only as an auditor. He is now helpless to an extent appalling to the very few who get the opportunity to see him. Still, he firmly believes that he will improve in health—so much so that he believes that he even hopes to be a presidential candidate in 1888. It was reluctantly that he became convinced of his physical inability to take the nomination last summer, and his willingness to be an adviser to President Cleveland is due to an anxiety to contribute to a successful Administration in order to strengthen the party for his own ensuing campaign." Such talk may be purely speculative, but it comes from a source which makes it interesting. The more important fact is that Tilden is very low, and in spite of any possible expectation of future political activity, is getting his financial affairs in shape for death.

NEW SURGICAL OPERATION.

An Instrument for the Treatment of Dislocated Joints Tried on a Sheep.

A New York special says: Dr. Milton J. Roberts performed a new operation at the New York Post Graduate Medical and Hospital, No. 226 east Twentieth street, yesterday afternoon. The operation, being experimental, was performed on a sheep with Dr. Roberts' new instrument, called the electro-osteotome. This instrument is designed for the treatment of dislocations in the joints, such as hip-disease. The instrument is similar in its mode of operating to the instruments used by dentists in scraping out the diseased cavities of teeth. It is operated by electricity and is capable of making 12,000 vibrations per minute. Its object is to scrape out the diseased portion of the bone without injuring the articular surface of the joint. The old operation removed this surface and left the patient with a permanently stiff joint. The new operation is designed to leave the patient's joint as useful as it was before being attacked with the disease. The sheep used yesterday was put under the influence of ether. Then the doctor laid aside the muscles covering the left hip-joint and exposed the bone. The osteotome was hanging by an elastic rope from a stanchion fastened to the operating-table. Near by was a battery to supply the electricity, operated by an assistant. The doctor inserted his osteotome, an instrument like a small augur, and the electric current was started. The augur revolved with tremendous rapidity, and Dr. Roberts soon bored a hole in the upper surface of the joint. He then inserted into the hole a drill with a circular blade on the end, inserted it into the cavity of the bone and scraped out the inside of the joint without destroying the articular surface. With a small electric lamp three eighths of an inch in diameter he illuminated and examined the interior of the cavity and found that he had accomplished his purpose. A drainage pipe was then put into the cavity, the wound sewed up and properly dressed. The sheep was kept for six weeks and then killed, in order that the result of the operation might be ascertained. It is expected that the cavity will be filled up with a new growth of bone. In the case of a human patient operated upon this would be healthy bone, taking the place of the diseased bone scraped away and making the joint to use a familiar expression, "as good as new." Dr. Roberts expects that if his new method of treating joint diseases is successful, it will be required for the treatment of the hip-joint from several years to several months, with the added advantage of leaving the patient with a sound and freely-moving joint. Several physicians who were present yesterday regarded the operation as successful.

WHAT WE ARE NOT DOING.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even this late in the season. We are not OVERSTOCKED. Our stock is well down, which is the best evidence that we have sold lots of goods this late in the season. We are not going to try to DECEIVE YOU by telling you what wonderful bargains we have got, but only ask you to step in our place and convince yourself that the prices we put on goods are as good as any that can be had. We do not want you to buy anything of us, as it doesn't please you, why bring it back and have your money refunded without any question. March is the month for PANTS. And if you need a pair, come in and see how well we are prepared to serve your wants.

WE ARE NOT GIVING GOODS AWAY.

So many stores are doing this that we have decided to be a little selfish and make just a little bit of money on our goods, even