STEADILY SINKING.

GRANT GRADUALLY DYING.

The Worst Believed to be Near—He May Die at Any Moment, but May Yet Live Days—His Disease Beyond Control.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, April 1.—At 5 o'clock this morning, Harrison, General Grant's valet, drove in haste for Rev. Dr. Newman, and Dr. Shrady, by call, hurried to the General's residence. Dr. Newman says that General Grant's condition is serious, and that it is believed the worst is near. Dr. Newman and Senator Chaffee arrived at General Grant's residence at 5:50 A. M. At 6:05 a servant went to the drugstore for medicine for Mrs. Grant, who had become nervous. U. S. Grant, Jr., arrived at the house at 6:10, and his wife, who is at the St. Cloud Hotel, was sent for at 6:25.

At 10 o'clock General Grant was failing fast, and it is only a question of hours until the end is reached. He is gradually sinking, but is not suffering pain. At 9:45 o'clock this morning Rev. Dr. Newman left General Grant's house. He was met by several reporters and said: "The General solemnly realizes the fact of his prolonged sufferings, but the strength of his intellect and the calmness and serenity of his mind are wonderful." Senator Chaffee states that the sudden weakness of General Grant this morning was the result of an affection of the heart.

At 12:25 P. M. General Badeau left General Grant's house to send a private message from the telegraph office, and while there he said that General Grant was very low, and was sinking rapidly; that he may die in an hour, and may live three or four days. "The General," said he, "is sitting up all the time, except at long intervals, when he lies down for a little time. He is surrounded by all the members of his family, and Dr. Douglas is in attendance."

General Badeau telegraphed to Colonel Payne at Washington to the effect that at the consultation of physicians of General Grant this afternoon it was doubtful if his throat was in condition to be examined, but that if it should be in condition it was doubtful if any good result would follow, because the disease of the throat is regarded as beyond the control of the physicians.

At 2:45 General Grant was visited by Drs. Barker, Sands, Shrady, and Douglas. His condition is an improvement upon that of last night. He has no pain in swallowing. He takes his liquid food as usual, and is free from accumulation of secretion in the nostrils. He has had no attack of choking and no return of weakness. His pulse is still quite feeble, and his vitality is considerably impaired. He has not been unconscious at any time.

MUCH WORSE THAN THE PHYSICIANS SAY.

General Frederick Dent came out of Grant's house at 5:45 P. M. He said that the General was much worse than the physicians cared to say. The following bulletin was issued at 6 P. M.:

"General Grant bears up nobly. Within the last half hour he has coughed considerably on account of accumulated secretion. He suffers some pain in his throat, which has been somewhat relieved by gargles.

[Signed] "DR. GEO. SHRADY."

BELIEVED TO BE SINKING.

At 7:15 P. M. General Grant was very low and believed to be sinking.

When Senator Stanford came out of the house at 9:15 P. M. he said, in reply to inquiries from an Associated Press reporter: "General Grant is now propped up in two chairs. He is suffering very much pain. The doctors hope he will pull through the night. I believe he will live until morning."

General Dent, on leaving the house this afternoon, left word that he should be called if any material change took place. He is still in the city.

8:30 P. M.—General Grant is resting on his bed. He has taken his usual nourishment without inconvenience. The pain in his throat and his cough are relieved. His general condition is encouraging.

[Signed]

J. H. DOUGLAS, M. D.,
GEORGE F. SHRADY, M. D.

Four detectives from police headquarters are patrolling in the vicinity of the Grant mansion. The windows of the General's bed-room are being opened every now and then, as though to give the patient air.

11 P. M.—Since the last statement the General has been very restless, and has been walking from room to room. Now he is quiet, resting in his chair. His throat has been cleared, and the relief mentioned at 8 P. M. has continued since.

[Signed] J. H. DOUGLAS, M. D.,
GEO. F. SHRADY, M. D.

At 11:30 Drs. Douglas and Shrady and the members of the household were all in the General's room, moving about, when necessary, on tiptoe. From the outside the house seemed quiet and peaceful. Neither of the doctors would be seen.

MAY LIVE TILL MORNING.

At 11:40 P. M. ex-Senator Chaffee left the house. Chaffee said: "I can't give much encouragement. The doctors feel more favorable to the opinion that the General will live until morning. The trouble is that the General is very restless or trying to move about. He is now lying on his cot with his eyes closed, but is not sleeping."

The Public Debt.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The decrease of the public debt for the month of March amounts to $483,000. There is a delay in the preparation of the statement, and it has not at this hour (7 P. M.) been made public. Two statements will be issued—one in the usual form and another in the form suggested by C. N. Jordan, of New York. The latter form will show the reduction in the amount of cash in the Treasury as made up from the following accounts: Gold and silver certificates and United States notes held for certificates of deposit under the act of June 8, 1872. The following accounts are represented as unavailable: Fractional coin, minor coin, Speaker's certificates, and the sum placed to the credit of the reserve for the redemption of the legal tender ($100,000,000). The debt statement will be increased by Pacific railroad bonds and accrued interest about $65,300,000.

Appended to the new debt statement is a table bearing the caption, "Reconciliation," which explains the differences between the old and new methods of stating the debt. By the new form the statement of the debt is increased April 1st by items of the Pacific railroad and interest thereon $65,631,204.68, and decreased by gold and silver certificates and certificates of deposit, all in cash, $69,556,605. The total debt in the new form is stated at $1,885,988,376.18 on April 1st. By the old form the debt, less cash in the Treasury April 1st, is stated at $1,502,439,602.20, and March 1st $1,502,923,350.18, showing a decrease of the debt during March of $483,747.98; by the new form the debt, less cash in the Treasury April 1st, is stated at $1,502,579,184.62, and March 1st. $1,502,489,928.44—making an increase in the debt for March of $89,256.18. The item of cash in the Treasury in the new form is stated at $383,409,191.56. It is understood that future debt-statements will be upon the new form.

The debt statement issued to-day, according to the form heretofore used, shows the decrease of the public debt during the month of March to be $483,747.98; decrease of the debt since June 30, 1884, $44,610,633.60; cash in the Treasury, $484,474,174.30; gold certificates outstanding, $153,337,530; silver certificates outstanding, $143,361,841; certificates of deposit, $27,215,000; refunding certificates outstanding, $248,200; legal tenders outstanding, $346,681,016; fractional currency (not including amount estimated as lost or destroyed), $6,967,099.67.

Extra Session of the Senate.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—After the reading of the Journal the Chair laid before the Senate communications which he had received in regard to the failing health of General Grant, and asked if it was the pleasure of the Senate that the Secretary should read them. Several senators responded in the affirmative, whereupon Associated Press bulletins were read from the Secretary's desk.

Upon motion of Mr. Sherman the Chair was authorized to appoint the committee provided for by the Allison resolution adopted yesterday, to sit during recess and take into consideration the contingent expenses of the Senate. The following senators were named: Messrs. Allison, Platt, Plumb, Miller of New York, Cockrell, Harris, and Payne.

Upon motion of Mr. Miller, of New York, the Senate at 12:10 went into executive session.

When the doors were reopened the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

More Nominations.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: A. Leo Knott, of Maryland, to be Second Assistant Postmaster-General; Macon Bonner, to be postmaster at Washington, N. C.

Nominations Confirmed.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The nomination of General Joseph E. Johnston to be Commissioner of Railroads was favorably reported from the Senate Committee on Railroads to-day. The report was unanimous.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Brown, Shipley & Co., of London, England, to be special fiscal agents of the Navy Department; Captain William J. Valmar, of the Fifth cavalry, assistant adjutant-general with the rank of major; Captain George H. Burton, of the Twenty-first infantry, inspector-general with rank of major.

General Washington Notes.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—A. Leo. Knott, of Maryland, nominated to be Second Assistant Postmaster-General, was born in Baltimore city, Md., and is now fifty-six years old. He was educated at St. Mary's College, in Baltimore, and began life as a teacher of classics. Later he became a successful lawyer, and for three terms of four years each was prosecuting attorney for the city of Baltimore. In 1868 he represented the city of Baltimore in the State Legislature. He has been a delegate to several national Democratic conventions. The nomination of Henry G. Pearson to be postmaster of New York city was favorably reported from the Senate Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads to-day, but was not acted on in the Senate. The Senate Committee on Finance has reported favorably upon all nominations referred to it, the most important being that of John T. McGraw to be internal-revenue collector for the district of West Virginia *vice* Samuel P. McCormack, to be removed. There is a possibility of a contest in the Senate over this nomination, as McCormack has been in office but a short time. The office has no fixed term.

The nomination of Lewis McMullen to be appraiser of New York has not been reported from the Senate Committee on Commerce, there having been no quorum at the meeting this morning. There is an inclination among the Republican senators to make a contest over this nomination. The office has no fixed tenure, and the present incumbent has filled it many years. His friends in the Senate say he has been an excellent officer, and that his removal, without cause, merely to give place to Democratic subordinate, is inconsistent with the spirit of the civil-service reform. The Republicans are, however, not unanimous in this regard, many deeming it best to make no contest except in the case of removals, without cause, from offices to which there is no term fixed by law. The Republicans of the Senate held a caucus again upon this subject.

Information comes through private channels to senators that the President does not intend to make removals from offices which have fixed terms.

The question of final adjournment hinges upon the decision of the caucus. The opinions of Republican senators were divided as between adjournment on Thursday or Friday and a prolongation of the session into next week.

Secretary Lamar had so far recovered from his recent indisposition to-day as to be able to visit the Interior Department during the afternoon.

Secretary Manning has addressed a circular-letter to collectors of customs, appraisers, naval officers, collectors of internal revenue, assistant treasurers, custodians of lighthouse boards, superintendents of life-saving service, chief of revenue marine division, and surgeon-general of the marine-hospital service, requesting them to report to him in writing as soon as practicable to what extent, in their opinion, the force employed under their direction can be reduced without detriment to the public service, and whether the method of doing business can be simplified, and in general to make such suggestions and recommendations as may occur to them whereby the efficiency of the service may be improved and expenses curtailed.

It is generally expected the Senate will adjourn without day to-morrow. It is likely that several pending nominations will be protested against by individual senators, but it is not known that the opposition to any will be made upon party lines. It is not probable that any of the important nominations will be rejected, but action upon some may be postponed until December. Mr. Beck is credited with the purpose to resist with all his vigor the confirmation of Pearson to be postmaster of New York.

Should General Grant die before noon to-morrow, the Senate would adjourn over as a mark of respect to his memory; in which case final adjournment will probably take place Friday.

Suit Against Butler Mahone.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—A suit at law for $2,000 damages has been entered against Butler Mahone, son of Senator Mahone, by John Willis, a colored employé of Welcker's Hotel, for alleged injuries sustained in a shooting affair of Mahone at the hotel on the 11th of February last.

BARRIOS'S REBELLION.

Aspinwall Burned by Insurgents—Thousands Destitute and Shelterless.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The following dispatch from Commander Kane, of the Galena, has just been received by the Secretary of the Navy: "Aspinwall is in ashes. It was burnt by the insurgents to escape capture by the Government troops. The Pacific Mail dock railroad property, on the north end of the island, and the canal property at Crispol, are the only buildings saved. The shipping is safe. I have all my force on shore protecting property. My ship is crowded with refugees. Thousands are destitute and without shelter."

NEW YORK, April 1.—A dispatch has been received at the office of the Panama Railroad Company in this city which gives the following account of the destruction of Colon: "The revolutionists have destroyed Colon by fire. The wharf of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company is the only one which remains standing. The shops and property on the beach are saved. Stop all freights. We need six wharf-building gangs, material for construction of wharves, pile-drivers, etc. Charter a steamer and supply it with ample provisions to sustain the gangs while at work. Communication with Panama has been entirely cut off."

LIBERTAD, *via* GALVESTON, April 1.—On March 30th General Barrios attacked the Salvadorian frontier position El Poco, thus breaking the promise given by him to the United States Minister not to invade Salvador, and commencing operations without a declaration of war. The battle lasted fiercely until nightfall, when the Salvadorian forces concentrated upon Chalchuada. At daylight on the 31st fighting commenced around San Lorenzo. After a severe engagement, which lasted ten hours, the Gautemalan forces were completely routed. Their losses were heavy.

The War in Manitoba.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WINNIPEG, April 1.—A *Free Press* dispatch just received at 12:30 A. M. from Battleford says that the Indian instructors, James Payne and George E. Applegarth, of Eagle Hills, and two settlers, were killed by Stony Indians. The settlers coming in were robbed of horses, wagons, and loads. Others are coming in from distant settlements in a destitute condition, and are collecting in barracks, where all are awaiting help. They have plenty of provisions there, and can stand a siege for some time. The half-breeds are reported to be going towards Clark's Crossing to cut the telegraph wires. The wires will probably be cut and communication from Battleford broken by to-morrow. The Indians in western Manitoba are showing signs of disquiet and will probably join the rebels.

The latest dispatch received from Battleford last night briefly announces the killing of ten citizens and the burning of the town. No particulars.

French Movements in China.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

PARIS, April 1.—General Brierre De Lisle telegraphs from Hanoi under date of yesterday: "After a fresh encounter with the enemy at Dong Hong yesterday evening General Herbinger continued his retreat in good order along the Kep and Deo Quam routes. General Negrier's present condition is favorable. After seeing him I hope to rejoin the second brigade in defence of the rivers."

PARIS, April 1.—The War Office has received a dispatch from General De Lisle, commander of the French forces in Tonquin, stating that Chinese troops in large numbers are continually harassing the French troops in their retreat from Langson.

PARIS, April 1.—A dispatch dated Hanoi, this morning, states that the situation of the French army there is critical. A large Chinese force under European leaders, the dispatch says, is endeavoring to cut off the French retreat. General Negrier has arrived at Hanoi. He is making good progress towards recovery from his wound.

Forming the New French Ministry.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

PARIS, April 1.—M. De Freycinet has resumed his task of forming a new French Ministry. He expects to conclude the work to-morrow. It is now stated that M. De Freycinet will act as Minister of the Interior in the new Cabinet, and that the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs, which had been occupied by M. Jules Ferry, will be filled by the present French Ambassador to Germany, Baron De Courcel.

From the Soudan.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

SUAKIM, April 1.—A detachment of cavalry was sent out this morning to reconnoiter in the neighborhood of Tamai. They found Tamai occupied by a large force of the enemy. A general advance of the British force will begin to-morrow morning at daybreak. The troops will stop at a zereba to-morrow night, and will march on Tamai Friday morning.

Russia and England.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, April 1.—The *Pall-Mall Gazette* this afternoon states that Russia's answer to England's proposals on the Afghan question amounts to a cordial acceptance of the proposals as made by Earl Granville, the British Foreign Minister. The only point to be discussed is the Russian suggestion that it would be more practical if the zone of survey overlapped the roughly-defined zone of debatable land in order to allow for topographical and ethnographical conditions. It is not expected that this suggested extension of the zone of survey to the south of the boundary-line run by M. Lessar, Russian commissioner to arrange the Afghan boundary dispute, will be serious enough to cause further difficulty.

Belligerent Women in Constantinople

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 1.—The Government is in arrears to the soldiers for several month's pay, and to-day the wives of the soldiers attempted to secure attention to their husbands' demands by appearing in force at the office of the Minister of Finance. Bands of women appeared at an early hour on the street. These collected to the number of 2,000 or more at a point near the building occupied by the Cabinet officials. At an appointed hour they marched in a body to the office of Minister of Finance, and pushing past the guards, they entered the office, and confronting the Minister, demanded the pay due their husbands. Policemen were called in and tried to expel them, but the women turned on the officers and forced them to retire. The Finance Minister made a plausible excuse for delay in paying the men. The women declared his answer unsatisfactory and made a rush for him. He, however, escaped by jumping out of a back window.

Bismarck's Seventieth Birthday Anniversary.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

BERLIN, April 1.—This being the seventieth anniversary of the birthday of Prince Bismarck, the day is being celebrated throughout the empire as a holiday of extraordinary interest. The Emperor and his son, the Crown Prince Frederick William, attended by all the resident princes of the Imperial family, called upon the Chancellor at 10 o'clock in the morning and congratulated him. The Kaiser was especially warm and earnest in his expressions of regard. During the visit the Emperor personally presented a wonderful oil-copy of the great portrait of himself to Prince Bismarck as a personal memento.

LATE WEATHER REPORT.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2—1:15 *A. M.—For the Middle Atlantic States, fair weather in northern portions, local showers and partly cloudy weather in southern portion, winds shifting to east and south, slightly colder, lower barometer.*

For the South Atlantic States, generally fair weather, east to south winds, lower barometer, slight changes in temperature.

The Weather in Richmond Yesterday was clear and warm.

Range of Thermometer Yesterday.

6 A. M.	52
9 A. M.	60
Noon	81
3 P. M.	83
6 P. M.	79
Midnight	70
Mean temperature	70 5-6

Dismissing Legislative Employees.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., April 1.—The House this morning was in an uproar. After the reading of the minutes Speaker Haines arose and explained that there had been dissatisfaction regarding the employees of the House, and he had come to the conclusion that the best thing he could do would be to dismiss all those who had been appointed by him, and he did so. This announcement fell like a bombshell among the employees, and consternation reigned supreme amongst them.

Mr. Keyes offered a resolution declaring that the Speaker had no right to discharge the employees. The whole subject was tabled.

Mr. West offered a resolution citing that the Speaker and Representative Miller had placed the stock-yards bill with the Committee on Corporations, thereby perpetrating an indignity on the House, and that both gentlemen should be reprimanded.

It was further declared that the Speaker was an unsafe person to conduct the affairs of the House, and should be deposed.

Before discussion was possible the Senate was announced in joint session. Only one ballot was taken for United States senator. Two votes were cast—one for Logan and one for Merrit.

Lease of a Railroad.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, April 1.—It is learned from authentic sources that the whole of the line of the Central Pacific railroad, and the branch north of Goshen, has been leased for a term of ninety-nine years to the Southern Pacific Company, the same corporation which recently leased the line of the Sunset route between San Francisco and New Orleans. The contract takes effect April 1st. The lessees agree to maintain the property in good order, and to assume all obligations in respect thereto and pay all taxes, charges, and interest on its bonded and floating debt as the same may mature. The lessee is to receive as rental a minimum sum of $1,200,000 per annum, and so much more as the surplus earnings may justify up to the sum of $3,600,000. This latter sum is equal to 6 per cent. upon its present capital stock of $59,275,000.

Big Fire in Cincinnati.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CINCINNATI, April 1.—The candle-works of Emery Brothers took fire to-day. The fire started in the eastern portion of the large structure, where candle-manufacture was carried on. Two fire-walls with iron doors divide the building into three sections. The Fire Department succeeded in confining the flames to the eastern section, where from 100 to 150 employes were engaged. Many being girls, they were thrown into panic, but were all safely removed. The loss will reach from $80,000 to $100,000, with ample insurance.

An Order Rescinded.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

ANNAPOLIS, MD., April 1.—On the last day of Governor McLane's administration the Board of Public Works passed an order to extend the term five days beyond the lawful limit for taking oysters from the waters of Chesapeake bay and its tributaries. To-day the Board again met with Governor Lloyd and the order was rescinded, the Board having no right to interfere with an act of the Legislature. The order created general dissatisfaction.

Failure in Louisiana.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 1.—A special to the *Picayune* from Minden, La., says: Alfred Goodwill, one of the largest country merchants in the State, doing business here, suspended to-day. He filed a schedule asking respites from his creditors of one, two, and three years. Assets, $172,000; liabilities, $71,000. The people have the greatest confidence in Mr. Goodwill.

Easter Cards.

Easter Cards are now in great demand. The stock of L. LEWIS, No. 912 Main street, is one of the most complete ever seen here. Give him a call at once and supply yourself.

PRETTY CLOTHES

FOR THE LITTLE FELLOWS.

IT IS A NOTICEABLE FACT IN THE CLOTHING BUSINESS THAT THE FIRST RUSH EACH SEASON IS MADE FOR THE CHILDREN'S SEASONABLE GARMENTS. PARENTS SEEM TO THINK THAT THEY CAN BETTER DELAY THEIR OWN CHANGE OF CLOTHING RATHER THAN THEIR CHILDREN'S, AND SO WHEN SPRING COMES THE LADS ARE HURRIED IN FOR LIGHTER CLOTHES, AND THE BOYS ARE DRESSED, EVEN IF THE FATHER WAITS FOR HIS NEW SUIT OR OVERCOAT UNTIL A MORE CONVENIENT SEASON. IN OUR WELL-SELECTED STOCK YON WILL FIND A LARGE VARIETY OF STYLES AND A LIBERAL ASSORTMENT OF FABRICS, WITH ALL GRADES AND PRICES.

OUR LINE OF CHILDREN'S SHIRT-WAISTS IS AS EXTENSIVE AS ANY HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY CAN SHOW. DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THE SAKS SHIRT-WAISTS IN PERCALES AND FLANNELS.

A. SAKS & CO.,
THE BOYS' CLOTHIERS,
1013 MAIN STREET.
[mh 31]

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The general market opened strong at first, prices showing in nearly every case a gain of ¼a½, while Central Pacific was up 2½, and during the first hour there were further advances in the active list. This was followed by extreme dullness and only slight changes in quotations, which continued until after 1 o'clock. Pacific Mail closed with net loss of 1½; Central Pacific advanced 1 from the opening, fluctuated, and closed 1½ higher; Union Pacific closed ½ lower; Vanderbilts were quiet; New York Central ½ higher; Lake Shore ¾ lower. No other stocks on the list than those above mentioned fluctuated as much as 1 per cent. Sales, 190,000 shares.

Noon.—Stocks dull and steady. Money, 1 per cent. Exchange—Long, 484¾; short, 486¼. Governments neglected. States steady.

Evening.—Exchange, 484¾. Money, 1 per cent. Sub-Treasury balances—Gold, $146,289; currency, $22,851. Governments quiet and strong; 4 per cents, 121½; 3 per cents, 101 bid. State bonds dull.

Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5	88
B, 5's, sm'll	103
Georgia 6's	100½
Georgia 7's, mortgage	104
North Carolina's	30
North Carolina's, new	18
North Carolina funding	10
South Carolina Brown con	107
Tennessee 6's	48
Virginia 6's	38
Virginia consols	42½
Chesapeake and Ohio	5
Chicago and Northwestern	94
Chicago and Northwestern p'f'd	130
Denver and Rio Grande	7½
Erie	12
East Tennessee Railroad	3
Lake Shore	59¾
Louisville and Nashville	31¾
Memphis and Charleston	36½
Mobile and Ohio	8
Nashville and Chattanooga	39½
New Orleans Pacific 1st mort	55
New York Central	89½
Norfolk and Western pref	21
Northern Pacific	17¾
Northern Pacific pref	39½
Pacific Mail	50½
Reading	13¾
Richmond and Alleghany	1½
Richmond and Danville	47
Rich. and West Point Terminal	22½
Rock Island	113
St. Paul	70
St. Paul preferred	107¾
Texas Pacific	11
Union Pacific	42½
Wabash Pacific	4½
Wabash Pacific preferred	10
Western Union	56¾

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, April 1.—Virginia 6's, consols, 44; new 3's, 52¼. Bid to-day.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

WEDNESDAY, April 1, 1885.

SALES.—1,000 North Carolina 6's at 108½; 1,000 Richmond city 5's at 105; $408 Virginia 3 per cent. script at 52¼, $100 do. at 52½.

STATE SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asked.
Virginia 10-40's	36	..
Virginia consols	43	...
Virginia peelers	34	...
Virginia new 3's	52½	52¾
Va. con. tax-rec. coup., '82	55½	57¼
Va. con. tax-rec. coup., '83	40½	44
North Carolina 4's	85¾	86¼
North Carolina 6's	108½	109
CITY BONDS.		
Richmond city 8's	132	133
Richmond city 6's	113½	114
Richmond city 5's	104½	...
Petersburg city 6's	100	...
Petersburg city 8's, sp. tax	116	...
Petersburg city 8's	115	...
Lynchburg city 8's	120	...
Lynchburg city 6's	103	...
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Va. and Tenn. 3d mort. 8's	124	..
Col. & Greenville 1st 6's	96	98
Col. & Green. 2d 6's	68	70
Va. Midland income 6's	57	59
Piedmont R. R. 1st 8's	104	...
Southside 2d mt. pref. 6's	101	...
Petersburg Class A, 5's,	95	...
Pet. Class B, 6's	87	87½
Rich. and Pet. first 6's	109	..
Rich. and Pet. con. 7's	116	...
Rich., York Riv. & C. 8's	108	...
R. and D. con. 6's, 1885	102½	...
R. and D. con. 6's, 1890	104½	...
R. and D. gold 6's	99	101
R. and D. debentures	62½	66
R. and Alle. 1st mort. 7's	53	..
Atlanta and Charlotte 7's	110½	111½
A. and C. inc. 6's, ex	85	86
C., C. and A. 1st mort. 7's	107	...
C., C. & A. 2d mort. 7's, ex. 92		95
Western N. Carolina 7's	108	109
Western N. Carolina 6's	76	77½
Georgia Pacific 1st 6's	94¾	95½
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Par.	
R., F. & P. common	100 64	70
R., F. & P. div. scrip	100 45½	47
R., F. & P. 6 p. c. guar.	100 116	...
R., F. & P. 7 p. c. guar.	100 135	...
Col. & Greenville pref.	100 17½	19½
Rich. & Petersburg	100 78½	79¾
Petersburg Railroad	100 29	29½
Rich. & Alleghany	100 1	...
Atlanta & Charlotte	100 67½	68½
North Carolina	100 84	88
Norfolk & W. pref	100 22	23
BANKS.		
National Bank of Va	100 84	87
State Bank of Va	100 ...	106
Pet'b'g Sav. and In. Co.	20 18½	19
INSURANCE CO'S.		
Virginia State	25 ...	34½

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, April 1, 1885.

OFFERINGS.

WHEAT.—Mixed, 1,000 bushels. Red, 1,104 bushels. Total, 2,104 bushels.

CORN.—White, 200 bushels. Mixed, 2,300 bushels.

OATS.—800 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—Red, 104 bushels good Shortberry at 91c.

FLOUR.

We quote: Fine, $2.25a$2.50; superfine, $2.62½a$3.25; extra, $3.50a$3.90; family, $4.25a$5; patent family, country, $5a$5.50. Market dull.

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

RICHMOND, April 1, 1885.

The tobacco market was dull to-day. Breaks small and unattractive, and few sales were made. At auction a good many were rejected.

NEW TOBACCOS.

Dark Lugs: Common, $5a$5.50; medium to good, $5.50a$6; very good working, $6a$6.50; red and colory, $6.25a$6.75.

Bright Lugs: Common, $7.50a$8; medium to fair, $8.50a$10; good to very good, $11a$13; bright cutters, $15a$18; fine and fancy cutters, $18a$25.

Dark Leaf: Common, $6.50a$7.50; medium, $7.50a$9; good to very good, $10a$11.50; very good to fine, $12a$16.

Wrappers: Common, $12a$15; medium, $15a$22.50; good bright, $25a$30; very good bright, $32a$40; fine to fancy, $45a$60.

RICHMOND MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, April 1, 1885.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter, Eggs, Fowls, Lard, Corn Meal.

Butter: Choice fresh, 23a25c., active; good to prime, 18a20c.; poor to fair, 13a15c.; cooking, 10a12c.

Dressed Hogs: Small, 6½a7c.; large, 5½a6c. per pound.

Eggs: Fresh, 12½c., weak.

Live Turkeys: 11a12c. per pound.

Live Fowls: Hens, large, 35a45c.; cocks and small hens, 30a35c.

Dressed Fowls: Chickens, small, 14a15c. per pound; large, 12c. per pound; turkeys, 16a17c.; ducks, 15a16c.

Lard: Country, 8½a9c.

Corn Meal: 55a57c. per bushel for country; 60c. for city mills.

Vegetables.

Cabbage: 5a10c. per head.

Potatoes: Irish choice potatoes, $2 per barrel; choice per bushel 60a65c. active.

Onions: $4a$5 per barrel.

Navy Beans: $1.80 per bushel; other grades, $1.25a$1.50.

Black-Eye Peas: $1.60a$1.70 per bushel and scarce.

Green and Dried Fruits.

Apples: Choice eating, $3a$3.50 per barrel; cooking, $2a$3 per barrel.

Dried Fruits: Apples—Bright-sliced, 3ac.; fair to good, 2½a3c. Blackberries, 7a7½c.; cherries, 10c. Peaches—Peeled, 9a10c.; unpeeled, 5c.

Raspberries: 20a22c.

Miscellaneous.

Beeswax: 28c. per pound.

Black-Oak Bark: Rossed, $13.50 per 2,240 pounds; black oak and chestnut, rough, $9 per 3,000 pounds.

Feathers: Prime live-goose, 50a52c.; common, 25c.

Flaxseed: $1.10a$1.15 per bushel.

Hay: No. 1 timothy, $16a$17; No. 2 timothy, $14a$15; mixed clover and timothy, $13.50a$14.50; clover, $13a$14.

Mill-Offal: Brownstuff, $17 per ton; bran, $17 per ton; shipstuff, $18 per ton for city mills.

Baled Oats: Nominal.

Roots: Ginseng, $1.50a$1.60 per pound; Seneca, free of tops, 40a45c. per pound.

Peanuts: 3a4c., as to quality, and dull

Rye: 60a65c. per bushel.

Sumac: Prime, $1.

Shucks: 50c.

Baled Straw: 35a40c.

Tallow: 6a7c. per pound.

Wool: Washed, 27a28c.; unwashed, 20c.; burry wool will bring from 3 to 5c. per pound less than the above rates.

CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, &C.

Cement: Rosendale, $1.40a$1.45 per barrel; James River, $1.40a$1.45.

Lime: Agricultural, 8a10c. per bushel; Rockland, $1.10a1.20 per barrel, according to quantity; Virginia, $1a1.10.

Plaster: Lump, $4 per ton; ground, $7.50; calcined plaster, $1.75.

Tar: Large size, $3.50.

DRUGS, DYESTUFFS, OILS, &C.

Alum: 4c.

Alcohol: $2.50 per gallon.

Concentrated Lye: $2.75a$3.50 per case of four dozen.

Copperas: 2c.

Cochineal: 50c. per pound.

Extract of Logwood: 16c.

Indigo: 80a90c.

Madder: 14c.

Oils: Linseed, 60c.; machine, 25a75c.; sperm, $1.50.; whale, 75c.; straits, 45a50c.; Labrador-cod oil, 50a60c.; lard, 75a85c.; sweet, $6 per dozen; best salad, $8.50; castor, $1.60 per gallon; Virginia lubricating, 15a40c.; kerosene, 9c., cash per gallon.

Race Ginger: 12½c.

Soda: Sal., 1½a2c., in kegs; English soda, 5c.; American, 3¼a4c.

Spirits Turpentine, 45c.

DRY GOODS.

Prints: Merrimack, 5½c.; Merrimack Shirting, 5c.; Richmond, 5½c.; South Bridge, 5½c.; Pacific, 6c.; Dunnel's, 5½c.; Allen's, 5½c.; Manchester, 5½c.; Washington, 5½c.; Mallory Pink, 6½c.; Mallory Purple, 6½c.; Simpson Mourning, 6c.; Simpson Gray, 6c.; Simpson Black, 6c.; Harmony, 5c.; Ashland Solid, 5½c.

Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 7-8 Security, 5c.; 7-8 Jack Horner, 5½c.; 7-8 Edward Harris, 6½c.; 4-4 Fairmont, 6½c.; 4-4 Pelham Q, 6½c.; 4-4 Gladiator, 8c.; 4-4 Barker, 8c.; 4-4 Farewell, 9c.; 4-4 Wauregan, 10c.; 10-4 Monadnock, 22½c.; 10-4 Pequot, 30c.

Brown Cottons: Manchester ¾ A., 4½c.; Manchester 4-4 A. A., 5c.; Rockbridge 4-4 R. R., 6c.; James River ¾ O. O., 4½c.; James River H. H., 5½c.; James River D. D., 6½c.

FOREIGN FRUITS AND CANDY.

Candy: 10a11c. per pound, as to quality.

Lemons: Messinia, $2a$2.50 per box.

Oranges: Florida, $3.50a$5 per box, choice; other grades, $2a$2.50 in good demand; Messina, in cases, $5a$6.50; Jamaica, in barrels, $5a$7.

GROCERIES, &C.

Bacon: Clear-ribsides, 8a8½c.; shoulders, 7c.; Virginia shoulders, 9c.; Virginia hams, fancy, 18a20c.; sugar-cured, 12a12½c.; bulk-sides, 7½a7¾c.; bulk shoulders, 5½a5¾c.

Buckets: Painted, two hoops, $1.25a$1.75; three hoops, $1.50a$2.

Brooms: Two strings, $1a$1.50; three strings, $1.50; four strings, $2a$4.50.

Baskets: Willow, $1.15a$1.30 per nest; split, 65a90c. per dozen.

Coffee: Rio, common, 10a19½c.; fair to prime, 11a11½c.; Laguayra, 11a11½c.; Java, 18a22c.

Candles: Adamantine candles, 11½a11½c.; per set, 14½c. per pound; half-boxes, 11½c.; tallow, 14c.

Cheese: Northern and western prime cutting, 12½a13c.; common, 9a11½c.; English dairy, 18a20c.; pineapple, 25c.

Fish: Herrings—North Carolina Gross—New, $5; North Carolina cut, $7.50; eastern, $3.25a$4. Mackerel—No. 1 Bay, half-barrels, $15; No. 2, in barrels, $18; No. 3 fat rimmed mackerel, $4.50; No. 1, in kits, $1.50; No. 2, in kits, $1.25; No. 3, small, $3.50a$4.

Lard: Prime barrels and tierces, 8a8½c.; 20 and 50 pound tin cans, 8½c.

Matches: 60's, 75a85c. per pack; 200's $2a$2.50 gross: 300's, $3.25a$3.75; 500's, $7.50a$9 gross.

Molasses: Common syrup—Hogsheads, 13c.; tierces, 15c; barrels, 16c.; genuine golden syrup, 25a30c. per gallon; New Orleans prime, 40a45c.

Rice: Carolina, 6½a7c.

Salt: Liverpool, from store, $1.35. Ground alum, from store, 85c. per sack.

Sugar: Crushed, 7½c.; powdered, 6½c.; granulated, 6½c.; A, 6½c.; off A, 6c.; yellow, 5½a6c.; cut-loaf, 7½c.

Soap: Common, 4a6½c.; best washing, 7½a8c.; toilet 15a20c., and fancy prices; country, 4a5c.

Teas: Black, 25a50c.; imperial, 25a75c.; gunpowder, 35c.a$1.

Tubs: Cedar, $1.75a$5 a nest; pine, $2.25a$2.50 a nest.

HIDES, LEATHER, &C.

Hides: Green, 4a5c.; wet salted, 7a8c.; dry salted, 11a12c.; dry flint, 13a15c.

Leather: Rough leather, 20a25c.; city finish harness, 30a35c.; country finish harness, 25a30c.; light upper,