NORTH CAROLINA.

HEAVY RAINS AND MORE DAMAGE TO CROPS.

A Hail-Storm—Interesting Suits—A Pistol that was Loaded—Political Notes—Educational.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 10.—Once again everything is aswim with water. It has rained every day since last Thursday, and the crops are getting too much of a good thing. Streams which had been very low are quite full. Cool nights prevailed up to last night, when the weather again became warm. Rain has fallen nearly all day in this section, and appears to be pretty general.

William Gooch and James A. Smith, murderers, whose sentences were commuted to twenty years each in the penitentiary by Governor Scales, were carried to that institution this morning in a close carriage. A crowd gathered around the jail to see them go. Smith was smoking a cigar. He had been in jail just fourteen months, and Gooch the same length of time less six days.

Quite a sensation is occasioned here by the news of suits of a novel character against all five commissioners of Wake county. The suits are brought by persons whose applications for license to sell liquors outside of Raleigh township were refused by the Board of Commissioners at their recent meeting, and are based upon the provisions of the Code and Acts of the last Legislature, which say that the commissioners shall grant license on proper certificates of good moral character, violation of the section subjecting them to a penalty of $200 each. The liquor-men claim that the law is mandatory. The commissioners say they have the right to refuse license, basing their action on the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Mullen *vs.* Commissioners of Buncombe county. The liquor-men are working hard to get an opportunity to sell it, but the courts are pretty apt to decide against them. A hearing on these suits will be had in a few days.

THE PISTOL WAS LOADED.

Near Shelby two negroes employed on the railroad fought over a pistol. The weapon was discharged. One of the darkies received the bullet in the stomach and died in a few hours.

The Board of Aldermen had a long discussion last night of the matter of the charter of a street railway. It was finally granted after all objectionable features had been carefully eliminated. Work is to begin in thirty days, and by State fair-week the road is expected to be in operation. The charter is for twenty-five years. Horses will be used, no steam being allowed. Only passengers and no freight can be transported.

WATER-WORKS.

This evening the special committee on water-works opened the bids. Two new bids were made to-day, making in all seventeen. The committee has not yet made known its choice. It will make a full report to the Board of Aldermen next week. It is now expected that the work will begin in thirty days.

PHARMACISTS.

The State Pharmaceutical Association meets to-morrow at Fayetteville in annual convention. The meeting of the State Board of Pharmacy, which was at first ordered to be held at the same time, has been postponed. The date has not yet been announced.

A very severe hail-storm passed through portions of Middle Creek and Panther Branch townships, in this county, doing considerable damage to cotton, corn, and tobacco. Some of the hailstones were as large as hens' eggs. A storm very much resembling a cyclone swept through a small section of Wayne county Sunday. It blew down and wrecked several houses and damaged the crops.

Rabbi Marx Moses, pastor of the Hebrew synagogue at Goldsboro', was married to-day at Essing, in Germany, to a young lady of that place.

BURGLARIES.

Depredations of burglars at Wilmington continue almost nightly. A dwelling-house was entered and robbed Sunday night. All the rooms were ransacked, and the clothing of the inmates searched for valuables. Money was taken. The police are meeting with poor success as burglar-catchers.

Senator Vance, loved by Virginians as he is by North Carolinians, is certainly one of the men to whom congressional vacation is a godsend. He has a delightful country home under the very shadow of Black Mountain, and this week he is again settled there comfortably. Mrs. Vance's admirable taste and ample means have made it "a house beautiful." The Senator and Mrs. Vance have many visitors daily.

Rev. Joseph C. Price, one of the most talented colored men in the South, and certainly one of the ablest orators of that race, is making a tour of the State lecturing on education, and is doing good work among his race. His conservatism and well-delivered lectures always attract white auditors. He gives the negroes good advice. The negro speakers have in great part lost their former arrogance of manner and language. They bow to the inevitable, and drop it of their own accord. In some of the negro churches harsh language is sometimes used, and politics, not religion, is the topic of the speakers, who rant and rave and abuse Democrats.

EDUCATION.

Nearly all the graded schools in the State have been reorganized and put in perfect order for the fall campaign against ignorance. A decision of the Supreme Court affected the schools at Durham, Fayetteville, Goldsboro', and Wilson, but it is now assured that all these will be well maintained by the generous private subscriptions already made. At Charlotte T. J. Mitchell, principal for several years, has resigned, and J. C. Corlew succeeds him. All the schools at Raleigh will be conducted on an even more extensive scale than last year. Raleigh having graded schools for both races, is not affected by the Supreme Court decision, which only affects places where negroes had been given no graded schools while the whites had the benefit of them.

POLITICS.

To-morrow will be an exciting day at Elizabeth City. The First District Congressional and the Judicial Conventions will both meet there. There is an abundance of candidates for all the offices. For solicitor there are several. For Congress Louis C. Latham and Thomas G. Skinner are the chief aspirants, with an abundance of willing dark horses. It will be a hot fight, it is thought. Some persons who claim to be well informed claim that Latham is in the lead. He served as congressman from that district several years ago. Skinner is the present incumbent. Another Congressional Convention with equally interesting features is that of the Third district, which will also be held to-morrow at Clinton, Sampson county. Wharton J. Green, present incumbent, is in the lead for renomination. His most formidable competitors are William T. Dortch (ex-Confederate Congressman), of Goldsboro', and Charles W. McClammy, of Pender. Swift Galloway, of Wayne, is an aspirant for the position. It is claimed by Green's friends that he will be nominated on the first ballot. A hard fight is being made for Dortch, who is a man of marked ability. These Conventions to-morrow will complete the list of those in the State save in the Second and Twelfth districts. The former is the Black district. O'Hara will most probably be again chosen there for Congress, while in the Twelfth there appears to be no opposition to Johnston, present member.

To-day the Republican State Executive Committee met here, J. J. Mott presiding as chairman. Six members were present. It was decided by a vote of 5 to 1 to call no State Convention this year, and to issue an address to the people of the State setting forth the policy of the Republican party. This was the only business transacted. The discussion was rather lively. The action of the committee means an endorsement of all independent candidates.

Spoke-Factory Burned.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

GREENSBORO', N. C., August 10.—The North Carolina spoke- and handle-factory, together with the machinery, lumber, &c., was consumed by fire this morning at 2 o'clock. The origin of the fire is unknown, but supposed to be incendiary. Loss about $8,000; insurance, $2,000.

A joint-stock company has been formed, and the factory will at once be rebuilt.

THE ANARCHISTS' TRIAL.

The Evidence Closed—The Argument to Begin To-Day.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, August 10.—In the Anarchists' trial to-day the State put upon the witness-stand ex-Governor Samuel Merrill, of Iowa. He said he had employed Harry L. Gilmer off and on for five to six years. His reputation as to truth and veracity was good. Several other witnesses swore to the same effect, though many of them were compelled to admit that they did not know Gilmer personally.

A policeman who was at the Haymarket meeting was then asked, "Before the bomb was thrown did you have anything in your hand which shone like the barrel of a revolver?"

Defence objected, but were overruled, and the witness answered, "I did not."

Ten other police officers who were in the squad which quelled the Haymarket riot were asked the same question, gave the same answer, were not cross-examined, and Mr. Grinnell announced that the case for the State was closed. Upon this the counsel on both sides entered into a discussion as to the number and succession of the speeches to be made.

Judge Gary said presently—counsel not being able to agree as to the succession of speeches—he should allow but two speeches on each side. Their being eight defendants, he would allow eight speeches on a side, if counsel insisted on that number. Meantime the counsel must agree among themselves as to the order of the speeches.

The court then adjourned till to-morrow morning.

Anarchist Perjury.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, August 10.—The *Daily News* to-day charges August Spies the Anarchist with having committed wilful perjury during his testimony yesterday. In its leading editorial the *News* says: If the remainder of August Vincent Theodore Spies's testimony is as false as that relating to his age and to the bomb he gave to the reporter of the *Daily News* last January, the whole is as audacious a piece of perjury as was ever uttered in a court of justice. The bomb, a cut of which was printed in the *Daily News* of January 14th last, was brought direct from the hands of Spies to this office. The writer handled it and examined it, and inquired as to the circumstances under which it was obtained, and ordered an artist to make a cut of it, which subsequently appeared in the paper. Any testimony that such a bomb had lain in the *Arbeiter Zeitung* office "about three years," as sworn to by Spies is absolutely and umistakably perjury. It bore upon its leaden sides proofs that it was fresh from the hands that made it. It was composed of the same mixture of lead and tin found in the bomb exploded at the Haymarket massacre. Such bombs come from a mold, in which they are cast with a rough, dull-colored exterior.

In the case of the one given to the *Daily News* reporter by Spies this rough rind had been rasped or filed away until the whole shone with the brightness of newly-cut metal. It sides bore the trace where the teeth of a file had bitten into the metal. For any man to pretend that a bomb bearing such palpable evidence of recent manufacture had been knocking about in an Anarchist newspaper office for three years is to insult the general intelligence. When he goes further and swears to such a pretence he commits wilful perjury.

New York City Officials Indicted.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, August 10.—The grand jury to-day returned indictments against Commissioners-of-Public-Works Squire and Maurice B. Flynn, to whom Squire gave his resignation, and who is said to "own" Squire. Squire was soon arrested, and Flynn surrendered to the district attorney.

Mr. Flynn was released on bail about 4 o'clock, but the Commissioner did not gain his freedom until an hour later. The bond in each case was for $10,000.

Death of William W. Fitz.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

STAUNTON, VA., August 10.—William W. Fitz, clerk at the Hale House, in this city, died to-day. He was sick two weeks of bilious intermittent-fever and liver-complaint. He will be buried to-morrow near Keswick depôt, Albemarle county. He was a brother of J. M. P. Fitz, proprietor of the Hale House, and Captain Fitz, of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway.

Fell Four Hundred Feet.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

KANAWHA FALLS, W. VA., August 10.—This morning as Abe Henry, a German peddler, was crossing New river on a cable, which is used for bringing plank from the opposite mountain to the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, the anchor broke and he fell a distance of four hundred feet upon a rock, and was killed.

For Congress.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

ST. LOUIS, MO., August 10.—The deadlock which has existed in the congressional nominating convention at Charleston, Mo., for a week, was broken last night on the six-hundred-and-forty-first ballot by the nomination of James Walker.

Death of Ex-Governor Stevenson.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CINCINNATI, August 10.—Ex-Governor John W. Stevenson, of Kentucky, died this morning at his residence, Covington, after a short illness; aged seventy-three years.

WASHINGTON.

THE MOST UNPOPULAR ACT OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

What is Said About the Reappointment of Matthews—The Western Congressional Elections—Personal.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, August 10.—A gentleman who has to-day talked with more than fifty business-men of this city of both parties says that the reappointment of Matthews as the register of deeds is the most unpopular act of the Administration. He did not meet a single man who approved the appointment. This gentleman says that the objection is not personal and not to the color of the new register, as the latter supposes, but solely to the fact that he is imported to fill an office the District people think belongs to them. On the other hand, the people applaud the appointment of Dorsey Claggett as register of wills. It is said that if the President had given Claggett the former and Matthews the latter place the objection would not be so great. Claggett succeeds a man (Ramsdell) the signing of whose commission was the last official act of the late President Garfield.

An ex-State senator from Illinois says that the western elections will not change the complexion of the present House more than two or three votes either way. He expects the loss of Judge Ward's district, in Chicago, and probably one other. One or two other close observers state their opinion that one or two seats in Indiana are in danger. One of these is Mr. Bynum's. If the faction quarrel is not soon composed, and there seems to be no prospect of it, the Republican candidate will be elected. Some gentlemen think that Mr. Kleiner's district is in doubt.

Upon the whole, it is safe to say that there will not be any considerable loss in the West, except in Iowa and the extreme Northwest.

The appointment of McGowan as Hedden's successor is regarded by New York men as satisfactory, for the reason that the appointee is from the interior of the State and has no special affiliation with the present city factions. He is, however, known as a friend of the late Mr. Tilden, and may therefore be accepted as not unfriendly to the County Democracy.

The late postmaster at Alexandria is a thrifty man. Failing under a Democratic Administration to make Mahoneism pay, Mr. David A. Windsor has opened an office here and turned his attention to real estate and house-building. This season he has put up, so I am informed, seventeen houses on Capitol Hill. He owns five houses on P street, near Dupont circle. This fall it is his intention to erect a block of twenty buildings on Capitol Hill. He is also building a fine residence for his married daughter on Dupont circle not far from the Blaine residence. During the past six years, it is said, Mr. Windsor has built about two hundred houses in Washington. He seems to be a sort of Boss Shepherd in private life—that is, since he has been in private life. Here is one instance wherein it could be truly said that it paid to follow Mahone. If this enterprising citizen got his start by a henchman's service recompensed by the United States, he is now, at least, showing how a man can get rich out of Government service.

Marshall D. Settle, of North Carolina, and W. W. Carraway, travelling correspondent of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, are here.

Mr. J. J. A. Powell, of Fluvanna county, Va., was in the city yesterday.

Mr. J. T. Darden, of Virginia, is here.

Thirty members of the House are yet in town.

Official Crop Report.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 10.—The spring wheat returns to the Department of Agriculture for August 1st show improvement in its condition in Iowa, small decline in Wisconsin and Nebraska, and a heavy reduction in Dakota. The causes of deterioration are drought and chinch-bugs. The heat has been excessive in many districts that have produced a fair yield, notwithstanding. Harvest is two weeks earlier than usual and quite good, except in sections where heavy loss from blight has occurred.

The general average of the condition is reduced from 88.2 to 80.1. At the time of harvest last year the average was 86. Part of the loss last season occurred after August 1st. As the present harvest is nearly over, with improving meteorological conditions, the final estimate cannot be much further reduced. The present average is 97 per cent. for Iowa, instead of 90 as last month. No less than twenty-five counties, each producing from 200,000 to 1,000,000 bushels, report the condition 100 or over. In Minnesota there is an increase of from 78 to 80. The reduction in Wisconsin is from 75 to 72 per cent., in Nebraska from 83 to 82, and in Dakota from 85 to 62. Winter wheat previously harvested is not reported this month. There has been a heavy decline in the condition of corn since the 1st of July. The average, which was then 95 per cent., is reduced to 81. The heaviest decline is in Illinois, Wisconsin, and the States west of the Mississippi. In the Eastern Middle States the condition is well maintained. It indicates not much exceeding 22 bushels per acre, though future conditions may increase or decrease the ultimate yield. The average of spring rye is 88. There has been no material decline in oats, the average being 87. Barley has maintained its condition, and nearly an average crop is assured. The condition of buckwheat averages 94; tobacco, 82; potatoes, 88.

Our agent in London cables to-day that the European harvest will be 10 per cent. less than last year—France below one hundred million hectolitres, Italy fifty-one, England 10 per cent. reduction in rate of yield of reduced area.

The cotton crop has suffered from wet weather in all States east of the Mississippi and in Louisiana. The average condition has been reduced from 86 to 81. Virginia, 75; North Carolina, 74; South Carolina, 67; Georgia, 80; Florida, 86; Alabama, 77; Mississippi, 79; Louisiana, 75; Texas, 88; Arkansas, 96; Tennessee, 95. There has been a slight advance in Arkansas. The decline is heavy in the Carolinas.

The New Postmasters.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 10.—The President has appointed the following postmasters: Hiram Hieubert, at Quituran, *vice* S. M. Griffin, suspended; Martha J. Tucker, at Okalona, Miss., *vice* R. M. Tindall, commission expired; Mary B. Johnson, at Clarksville, Tenn., *vice* William T. Green, suspended; William Groome, at Vicksburg, Miss., *vice* John D. Tenney, commission expired; Jefferson B. Browne, at Key West Fla., *vice* W. T. English, commission expired.

A Diplomatic Fight.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 10.—It is stated at the War and Navy Departments to-day that while the fighting branches of the Government are in their customary condition of readiness for action—offensive or defensive—the present difficulties with Mexico are as yet the exclusive concern of the diplomatic branch, and that no movement of troops or vessels has yet been ordered with a view to possible warfare. At the State Department it is said that there is nothing new which it would be proper to make public at present, but that there is still no reason to doubt an amicable adjustment of the Cutting affair. It is unofficially learned that the correspondence now in progress is expected to bring about definite results of some kind within a few days, and that the direct objects sought to be accomplished by this Government are—first, the release of Cutting; and, second, the renunciation of the claim by Mexico of extra-territorial jurisdiction.

FEARFUL FOREST FIRES.

Two Thirds of Wooded Wisconsin Ablaze—Disastrous Results of the Fire.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MILWAUKEE, WIS., August 10.—Inquiries at the general offices of roads centering here in regard to forest fires in the interior of the State show a state of things not at all dissimilar to a powder magazine with lighted fuse leading directly to it. In nearly every part of the central, northeastern, and northwestern parts of the State the forests are burning with more or less disastrous results. The forests in every part of the State are so dry that destructive fires are liable to be reported at any moment where there is a continuous belt of timber to carry the flames. B. H. Graves, land-hunter of Eau Claire, has just returned from an exploring trip through the forests on the Upper Chippewa and toward the Superior region. He reports destruction of standing pine and hardwood beyond calculation. The fire extends in many places to the roots of trees two and three feet below the surface, and burns with the animation of tinder. The smoke in the woods is next to unendurable. He says the fire is making great havoc along the river twelve miles this side of Superior, and what few cultivators on farms there are in that direction are completely swept over, and the crops and considerable other property destroyed, in many instances leaving the owners dependent. The fire extends from that point along the Superior and Omaha road nearly to Chippewa Falls, ten miles north of here. The grain-fields are pitiable sights, all of them having a sombre appearance.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Eau Claire (Wis.) special says: Last night a short but brisk shower was effective in dampening and impeding the progress of the running fires in this district, and passengers on the late evening train over the Omaha and Wisconsin Central lines report but few fires observed from here for fifty miles down the line in the direction of the pineries. Northward, however, the country is enveloped in black smoke, and the odor from burning leaves, grass, and *debris* is nauseating. Reports from the pineries on the Eau Claire river, thirty to forty miles from here, received this evening are to the effect that the worst is over, though the amount of standing pine, railroad-ties, cordwood, and other property destroyed is quite large. W. P. Waterbury, of Augusta, twenty-five miles east of here, loses considerable, among which is two hundred thousand feet of logs, several logging outfits and camps, and cordwood. The people along the railroad have no further fears of destruction of property.

Opportune rains this morning at many points where the forest fires are raging in Northern Wisconsin have impeded their progress, and to-night advices are that the danger is greatly lessened.

In other places the fires remain unchanged. The village of Hansen is doomed. It is surrounded by walls of flames, and, while women as well as men are fighting the fire, the water supply is becoming exhausted.

Brillion and Rantoul, in Calumet county, are surrounded by fires, and the farmers are flocking into the village for safety.

Saratoga Races.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 10.—First race—three quarters of a mile—Lord Lorne won; Tambonette second, Peconic third. Time, 1:16¾.

Second race—one mile and five hundred yards—Barnum won; Aretino second, Free Knight third. Time, 2:15¾.

Third race—for two-year-olds, five eighths of a mile—Laredo won; Lizzie Kropps second, Grisette third. Time, 1:02¾.

Fourth race—one mile—Falconer won; Pettycoat second, Little Minnie third. Time, 1:43.

Base-Ball Yesterday.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Boston: Bostons, 7; Kansas Citys, 3.

Philadelphia: Philadelphias, 2; Chicagos, 3.

Cincinnati: Cincinnatis, 14; Baltimores, 7.

Pittsburgh: Pittsburghs, 14; Athletics, 7.

Washington: Washingtons, 6; St. Louis, 3.

New York: New Yorks, 10; Detroits, 7.

Louisville: Louisvilles, 16; Brooklyns, 0.

The Augusta (Ga.) Labor Troubles.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 10.—The mills all closed down to-day, as the Augusta factory-hands did not return to work. The Knights of Labor are holding a large meeting to-night, with representatives from other States offering aid. Four thousand hands are out. The master workman to-night made an address counselling peace and good order during the lockout. Many operatives are said to have left the city. There is no prospect of a settlement.

Tired of Walking.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—Captain R. W. Anderson, of Sumter, S. C., who is ninety-six years old, and is making a pilgrimage to Boston on foot, applied at police-headquarters here to-day for transportation on the cars. He says he would walk but his money has given out. He had a little dog with him.

Cholera in Italy and Austria.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, August 10.—To-day's returns from the cholera-infected districts in Italy are: Barletta 119 new cases, 51 deaths; Bologna 11 new cases, 9 deaths; Ravenna 34 new cases, 10 deaths; Pescantina 19 new cases, 5 deaths; Bendola 13 new cases, 3 deaths; and 59 new cases and 18 deaths elsewhere.

The Austro-Hungarian reports are: Trieste 8 new cases, 2 deaths; Fiume 3 new cases, no deaths.

Friendly Emperors.

GASTEIN, August 10.—Emperor William took his departure to-day for Ems. Emperor Francis Joseph accompanied him to the station, and the two monarchs, amid the cheers of the large crowd which had assembled, bade each other farewell with much profusion of affectionate demonstration. They embraced and kissed each other several times.

CUTTING'S CASE.

THE IMBROGLIO WITH MEXICO AND THE STATUS YESTERDAY.

Prospects of Possible Warfare—The Fighting Branches of the Government Ready for Action—Cutting Granted an Appeal.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

DENVER, COL., August 10.—An El Paso special to the Associated Press says: During the afternoon Editor Cutting was called before the court and notified that he had been granted an appeal to the Supreme Court of Chihuahua, and that the lawyer who had been officially assigned to his defence had forwarded the necessary papers in the case. He also fears that he will be assassinated as soon as he leaves Paso del Norte, and that the Mexicans will give as an excuse that he tried to escape. It is learned that Cutting sent the following telegram to Governor Ireland last evening: "As a citizen of the State of Texas I ask of you the protection that my friends assure me you can and will extend to me."

This dispatch was sent against the urgent advice of Consul Bingham, and it is the first time Cutting has failed to follow implicitly the suggestions of the Consul, who thinks that at the present juncture dispatches are ill advised. There is only one small company of infantry at Fort Bliss. The citizens of El Paso yesterday formed three volunteer companies to protect the city and guard it against surprise from the other side. Paso del Norte is full of Mexican soldiers and rumors are in circulation that more are coming. In fact there are all kinds of exciting rumors floating through the town. One is to the effect that 300 Mexican horsemen are stationed at Saragossa, on the Mexican side of the river, about thirteen miles below El Paso, opposite the Texas town of Ysleta. The commander at Fort Bliss has sent down to investigate the rumors.

Yesterday a number of copies of the legal brief in the Cutting case, in pamphlet form, reached El Paso from Chihuahua. The brief is the work of Jesus Maria Palacios, a leading lawyer in the State of Chihuahua, and may be regarded as official. It makes an elaborate defence of the Mexican side of the question, and attempts to prove that Article CLXXXVI. of the Chihuahua Penal Code, which provides for the punishment in Mexico of offences committed in other countries, is not only in accord with the Mexican Constitution, but also with international law and treaties with the United States. Among the authorities on international law it quotes Heffler, Felix, Ahrens, Bluntschilitz, and more particularly Ortalan. It comes to the following conclusions: First, that Article CLXXXVI. is perfectly applicable to the case of Cutting; second, that the Article is in perfect accord with the Mexican Constitution and treaties with the United States; and third, that the Article is fully justified by the doctrines and precedents of international law.

The brief calls the demand to deliver up Cutting perfectly ridiculous. Article CLXXXVI., referred to, reads as follows:

"Crimes committed in a foreign country, by a Mexican against a Mexican, shall be punished in the republic either when the offender shall come into the country of his own free will or have been brought there by process of extradition. Second. If a person offending is a foreigner, and complaint be made against him by a proper party. Third. If the accused has not been definitely tried in the country where the offence was committed, and if he has not been released, absolved, or pardoned. Fourth. If the offence he is charged with be considered by him as an offence punishable in the country where it was committed and also in the republic of Mexico. Fifth. If in accordance with the laws extant the penalty imposed upon conviction would not allow the prisoner admission to bail."

ST. LOUIS, August 10.—A special from Minneola, Texas, says: The friends of Governor Ireland here are jubilant over the endorsement of his policy by the old States, and the city is full of excitement in favor of the United States taking a decided stand against Mexico. There could be one thousand men raised here for a Mexican war. At a mass-meeting last night resolutions were passed favoring immediate war with Mexico.

EL PASO, August 10.—There are no new developments to report in the Cutting case. Both sides of the river are quiet to-night and are awaiting further developments from their respective capitals, both State and national. It is reported many Mexican soldiers are trying to desert, but their officers watch them very closely. El Paso has three volunteer companies fully armed and equipped with the best improvements in fire-arms, contributed by local merchants.

Grand Trunk Troubles.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, August 10.—Trouble is brewing between the Grand Trunk authorities and their switchmen. During the recent troubles a man named Beyer, in the employ of the Lake Shore road, had a quarrel with one Hernett, a Grand Trunk switchman, in which the latter was shot by the former. The Lake Shore people requested Hernett's discharge on the ground that he provoked the quarrel, and their request was promptly complied with. At the preliminary hearing of the case before the Town-of-Lake justice, Hernett was exonerated from all blame and Beyer held for the Criminal Court.

The switchmen's union now demands the reinstatement of Hernett, threatening to strike if they are refused. A committee from the union will wait upon the Grand-Trunk authorities today in reference to the matter. It is reported that the Louisville and New Albany people are having a similar difficulty with their switchmen.

An Arkansas Tragedy.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MEMPHIS, August 10.—An *Appeal's* Helena (Ark.) special from Thrilling says that a tragedy occurred yesterday at Holly Grove, Ark. Thomas Mull, a wealthy planter, shot and killed Frank Thomas, a well-known contractor. The difficulty between the two grew out of a dispute regarding some work done by Thomas for Mull, which he declared he had not been paid for. The lie was passed, and Mull struck Thomas with a heavy buggy whip, which felled him to the ground. On arising, Thomas, it is alleged, put his hand behind him in such a manner that he led Mull to believe he was going for his pistol. Mull drew his pistol at once and sent a bullet through the heart of Thomas, who dropped dead to the ground. Mull then mounted his horse and rode off. Fully forty people witnessed the killing. Mull owns several plantations in Tennessee and Mississippi, and it is thought he crossed the river and is now making for one of his plantations in Mississippi.

Fatal College Dispute.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MEMPHIS, August 10.—H. M. Sullivan, secretary of the Board of Trustees, of the State University, at Oxford, Miss., was shot and killed Sunday night by J. M. Howey, law professor of the University. The cause of the difficulty is said to be differences that have existed for some time between the professors and trustees.

Fire in Michigan.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH., August 10.—The entire block bounded by Water, Cross, Portage, and River streets was consumed by fire last night. All the buildings east of the Chippewa House to Cross street were also burned. About half the property in the stores was saved, though in a damaged condition. The buildings burned include hotels, stores, and private dwellings, and were all in the centre of the town. Owing to faultiness in the construction of the buildings, but little insurance will be received. There was a strong wind blowing from the southwest at the time of the fire. The telegraph is so disabled that regular business is impossible. The loss will probably be heavy, but cannot now be given.

Fatal Railroad Collision.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

LOUISVILLE, August 10.—The Cincinnati midnight express, south-bound, and a freight train, north-bound from Louisville, collided near Sulphur station, on the Louisville and Nashville road, this morning, resulting in the killing of Frank Weber and the fatal wounding of A. S. Heol, postal clerk, and J. L. Taylor, conductor.

A Chance Shot from a Man-of-War.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

DUBLIN, August 10.—The British ironclad Shannon, during her gunnery practice to-day off Donegal, accidentally fired one shot ashore, which smashed an outhouse attached to a dwelling. The inmates of the dwelling and their neighbors fled inland, panic stricken.

LATE WEATHER REPORT.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 11—1 *A. M.—For Virginia, local rains, southerly winds, nearly stationary temperature.*

For North Carolina, local rains, followed by fair weather, southerly winds, slightly warmer.

The weather in Richmond yesterday was damp, misty, very close, and warm.

Range of Thermometer Yesterday.

6 A. M.	72
9 A. M.	74
Noon	77
3 P. M.	83
6 P. M.	78
Midnight	74

Mean temperature 76½

STOCK-TAKING

is about over and the result reached is

$4.35 VERY GRATIFYING.

The thorough examination of goods incident to stock-taking developed instances of benefaction to our friends and customers. We will give you a few examples:

WORTH $7.00. We found, after matching up our suits, about 300 pairs of Pants extra. The best portion of these are worsteds, in black and colors. The majority of these are worth $7—none are worth less than $6. If you want a pair come and get them at $4.35. We have small and large sizes, so your chances of being fitted are good provided you come now. A. SAKS & CO.

SLIGHTLY SOILED.

WORTH 42 CENTS, $1.00. We also came across about sixty White Vests, slightly soiled from laying on our counters. These vests are in large sizes only, for men weighing from 200 to 300 pounds. The price for them was $1—any fat man can have his pick for 42c. A. SAKS & CO.

SEERSUCKER COATS AND VESTS.

WORTH $3.50, SELLING FOR $2.50. Of these, owing to recent cool weather, we have quite a large stock. It is our intention to close them out, so offer you the choice of twenty patterns for $2.50. We are going to have lots of hot weather yet, so you had better provide yourself now and be ready for the onslaught.

A. SAKS & CO.,

THE RELIABLE CLOTHIERS,

1003 MAIN STREET.

[au 11]

EXCURSIONS, PIC-NICS, &C.

MOONLIGHT.

STEAMER ARIEL—DUTCH GAP.

TUESDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 17, 1886,

under the auspices of

RESCUE LODGE, No. 582, I. O. G. T.

String Band. Plenty of Refreshments. Go down with the Good Templars and spend a quiet evening.

Tickets: Adults, 50c.; children, 25c.; under five years old, free.

au 11-W,Su&Tu3t

PIC-NIC, FAIR, AND FEAST.—The ladies of Shady-Grove Methodist Episcopal church will hold a FEAST, FAIR and PIC-NIC at the church on WEDNESDAY, August 11, 1886, commencing at 9 o'clock P. M. Come and enjoy yourselves. Refreshments at city prices.

au 7-Sa&W2t*

PIC-NICS—BOATING.

YOUNG'S POND.—This fine sheet of water has been restored, and boats are ready for the parties who have been waiting for them. Apply on grounds or address W. Y. MORDECAI, care Colonel John B. Young, Shafer's Building, city. au 8-eod4t*

LOW EXCURSION RATES by which CHURCHES, SOCIETIES, AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS CAN PAY OFF THEIR INDEBTEDNESS, WITHOUT RISK.

For parties of twenty-five persons and over this company will accept the VERY LOW RATE OF $1 EACH FOR ROUND TRIP TO NORFOLK OR OLD POINT, and organizations can charge $1.50 or $2, thus securing a handsome profit without any risk of loss. TICKETS GOOD ONE WEEK.

The same arrangement can be made to VIRGINIA BEACH by adding 50c. to the above rates.

VIRGINIA STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

Up-town Office, 1109 east Main street.

jy 28-1m

"TUESDAY AND THURSDAY MOONLIGHTS."

DUTCH GAP.

STEAMER ARIEL

EVERY TUESDAY AND THURSDAY NIGHT.

Leave at 7:30 P. M. sharp; return at 10:30 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The THURSDAY MOONLIGHT of August 12th will be under the management of the Young Ladies' Aid Society of Manchester.

See advertisement.

VIRGINIA STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

Up-town Office, 1109 east Main street.

my 1c

SUNDAY EXCURSION.

STEAMER ARIEL TO UNITED STATES MONITOR FLEET AND CITY POINT.

EVERY SUNDAY AFTERNOON.—Leave 3 P. M.—Arrive 6 P. M.

Beautiful Family Trip—All by Day-Light. No improper persons allowed aboard. Tremers Band, Grand Piano, and Refreshments. NO BEER OR LIQUORS SOLD.

Tickets 50c.; CHILDREN 25c.—UNDER FIVE YEARS FREE. R. T. OWEN, Jr.

jo 30-ts for Committee.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 10.—The stock market recovered to-day from the tight-money scare, although it is believed that the readjustment of loans will be the disturbing element for some days to come. The prompt reaction from depression was, however, principally due to the renewed buying of Vanderbilt, Louisville and Nashville, Texas Pacific, Kansas and Texas, and some other stocks for London account, and Erie for German account. The conclusion that money will command higher rates in the future and trouble between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania caused a disposition to sell in the early trading, but the effect of the latter influence was short-lived, and the market quickly recovered. Texas Pacific was the feature of trading. On various rumors of pending changes in management the first prices showed irregular changes, but were within ½ to ¾ per cent. of yesterday's closing figures. After some hesitancy the whole list advanced, with Texas Pacific and New York Central as leaders. Moderate business was transacted until the afternoon, when a dull and featureless market was had, followed in the last hour by moderate advances, and the market closed firm. Closing prices show decided gains for almost everything on the active list, Pacific Mail being the only exception, with a loss of ¾. Jersey Central is up 1½; Omaha preferred, New York Central, Kansas and Texas, and Erie each ⅞, and others smaller fractions. Sales, 198,000 shares.

BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET.

BALTIMORE, MD., August 10.—Virginia 10-40's, 41⅛; do. new 3's, 69¾. North Carolina 6's, old, 127. Bid to-day.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, August 10, 1886.

SALES—FIRST BOARD.—10 shares Petersburg railroad at 63¾.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asked
United States 4½'s	112	...
United States 4's	125⅝	...
United States 3's	100	...
United States 6's	125	...
STATE SECURITIES.		
North Carolina 4's	99	...
North Carolina 6's	125	...
Virginia 6's, consols	50	...
Virginia 6's, peelers	42	...
Virginia 3-4-5 10-40's	42	...
Virginia new 3's	69½	69¾
Virginia consol coupons, old	60⅝	...
Virginia consol coupons, July, '85, January, '86	43	45
CITY SECURITIES.		
Lynchburg city 6's	111	...
Lynchburg city 5's	...	105
Richmond city 6's	144	148
Richmond city 6's	124	124½
Richmond city 5's	104	108
Richmond city 4's	102⅝	...
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's	125	...
A. and C. guaranteed 6's	106	107
Cape Fear and Yak. Val. 1st 6's	97	98½
C., C. & A. 1st mort. 7's	114	120
C., C. & A. 2d mort. 7's	114	120
Ches. and Ohio 1st 6's, B. gold	80	...
Ches. and Ohio, 2d 6's, curr'cy	82⅝	...
Col. & Greenville 1st 6's	113	...
Col. and Green. 2d 6's	103	105
Georgia Pacific 1st 6's	109	110½
Georgia Pacific 2d 6's	54	58
Petersburg 1st mortgage 8's	116	...
Petersburg Class A, 5's	107	109
Petersburg Class B, 6's	110	111
R. and D. consol 6's	105½	...
R. and D. debt, 6's	110	114
R., Y. R. and Ches. 1st 8's	118⅝	120
R., Y. R. and Ches. 2d 6's	103	...
Rich. & Meckl'g 1st 6's	106¾	...
R. and A. 1st mort. 7's	76	78½
Virginia Midland income 6's	93	95
Western N. Carolina 1st 7's	107	...
Western N. C. 1st 6's	101	103
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Par.	
Atlanta and Charlotte	100 97⅞	98
Char., Col. and Aug.	100 33	36
Georgia Pacific	100 ...	15
North Carolina	100 106¾	106½
Petersburg Railroad	100 63	63½
Richmond and Petersburg	100 100	104
BANK STOCKS.		
City	25 28	...
Merchants National	100 122	125
INSURANCE COMP