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SATURDAY.....APRIL 9, 1887.

Blaine and Sherman.

Not in Virginia only, but all over the Union, BLAINE and SHERMAN are pitted against each other. Indeed, they have succeeded in almost persuading the public that there are only two aspirants to the Republican nomination for President of the United States in 1888 whose names are worthy of being mentioned in that connection. It will not be an easy matter to keep the peace between the Shermanites and the Blaineites next year if we may judge from the tricks which their friends have already begun to practice the one set upon the other.

It was announced in Washington a few days ago that WHITELAW REID, the editor of the New York *Tribune*, the leading BLAINE organ in the United States, had written a letter to MURAT HALSTEAD, the editor of the Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette*, stating that he (REID) was ready to come out for SHERMAN as soon as he could be satisfied that SHERMAN could and would go into the National Convention with a solid delegation from Ohio. As we read both the papers regularly, and knew that the statement was destitute of even probability, we were not misled by it. But it caused a stir amongst the devoted friends of BLAINE and SHERMAN. Accordingly Mr. HALSTEAD in his own paper wrote on the 7th instant as follows;

"The statement telegraphed over the country, originating in Washington, that Mr. Halstead, of the *Commercial-Gazette*, had received a letter from Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York *Tribune*, about Blaine and Sherman as presidential candidates, is untrue altogether. There has been no correspondence resembling even remotely that reported."

Mr. REID also denied all knowledge of any letter from himself to MURAT HALSTEAD betokening a purpose to abandon BLAINE and espouse JOHN SHERMAN'S interests for the next presidential nomination.

And with what result were these denials made? Read the Washington *Post*:

"Since Mr. Halstead's vigorous denial has been sent out it has been learned that such a letter was written, but that it was not sent to Mr. Halstead, but to his partner, the 'truly good' Richard Smith. Whether the letter was really written by Mr. Reid or is a forgery is, of course, not known."

Of course there is no more truth in the latter report than in the former. Mr. REID has written such a letter to nobody. His fortunes are bound up with those of BLAINE, and they twain will sink or swim together from now until the time of the assembling of the Republican National Convention of next year.

There was a significant qualification in the alleged letter to HALSTEAD. The doubt implied or expressed as to whether SHERMAN could get all the delegates even from his own State was a Blaineite's suggestion most assuredly. It has been SHERMAN'S misfortune to fail to go into National Conventions backed by the whole Ohio delegation. It seems likely that he will have better luck next time. But we are not sure of it. HALSTEAD is a JONAH. Whatever vessel he embarks upon is almost sure to be wrecked. His ship never outrides the storm of a National Convention. What with HALSTEAD as a JONAH and SHERMAN as a foot-ball for fortune it would seem probable that BLAINE will kill SHERMAN next year as he killed GRANT in 1880.

Rhode Island—Again.

The news from the Rhode Island election grows better. The Democratic victory was even more sweeping than we had at first supposed. An analysis of the Assembly returns shows that ninety-three members out of the one hundred and eight that compose the Legislature were elected, and that of these forty-seven are Democrats and forty-six are Republicans. The election for members still to be chosen will, it is thought, give the Republicans a small majority on joint ballot, but the House will be Democratic. The last Legislature stood:

	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep. Maj.
Senate	30	7	0	23
House	64	7	1	56
Joint ballot	94	14	1	79

The New York *Times* thinks the Rhode Island revolution and the completeness of the smashing of the BRAYLON machine are simply amazing. We agree with the *Times*, and hope our Republican contemporaries will not ring a bell upon us for remarking that Rhode Island has turned her face to the morning.

A Mischief-Maker.

The New York *Sun* is a MEPHISTOPHELES. It pursues Mr. CLEVELAND day in and day out. It does him no harm, perhaps; but it must be that it annoys him. It sticks pins into him upon the slightest provocation, or rather in the absence of all provocation. Its utterances are, we must concede, notwithstanding the malice that prompts them, so ingeniously invented and worded and guarded that we cannot but admire the skill of the man or men who pen them. They remind us of the gravels with which Mr. DANA pelted HENRY WARD BEECHER for so many years. He treated General GRANT in like manner for a long time. DANA is full of envy and all uncharitableness. He is indeed a "good hater."

But all the *Sun's* insinuations and "insinuendoes" and direct charges will fall harmless at Mr. CLEVELAND'S feet. He is thrice-armed.

The following paragraph from a MAHONE organ will perhaps enable the persons concerned in it to understand that it would have been an inexcusable blunder for our Legislature to have chosen outsiders to agree upon a plan of settling the State debt. The *Page Courier* says:

"A gratuitous indignity is offered the people of Virginia by the proposition that while their own commission to treat with us in regard to our debt shall be composed of their own men, the commission on the part of the State shall be made up of men who live without the State. For cool impudence we put this against anything that has yet happened in connection with our debt embroglio."

The general manager of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company recently wrote to State Senator AMASA J. PARKER, of New York, requesting the return of his pass, but added:

"You will therefore please designate points wholly within any one of the States wherein we operate, between which you particularly desire to travel."

So the passes will probably soon be about as numerous hereafter as heretofore.

The names of nine of the twenty-two Presidents of the United States end with the letter "n," and it is said that Mr. BLAINE claims that he would have been elected President but for the final "e" in his name.

Mr. BLAINE, we take it, concedes that, for the reason stated, Mr. TILDEN was elected in 1876.

HENRY GEORGE'S paper says as to the law forbidding railroad companies to issue inter-State passes to any persons but its own employés:

"Isn't it easy enough to make them employés of the roads that want to favor them and pay their salaries in tickets?"

We have *The Southern Clinic* for April, C. A. BRYCE, M. D., editor and proprietor, Richmond, Va.

BRIEF COMMENT.

We would respectfully inform the Republican leaders that it was the Providence *Journal* that "flung dat brick" that smashed the machine in Rhode Island Wednesday.

"The author of 'A Fool's Errand,' Judge TOURGEE, is said to have a yearning to return to North Carolina." It would be a fool's errand for TOURGEE to return to a State in which he is universally despised.

"Ex-Governor CHAMBERLAIN, of South Carolina, desires to inform the dear public that he never said that President CLEVELAND wanted him in his Cabinet." We sincerely hope, Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, that you never did.

The Philadelphia *Enquirer* says: "Hereafter even the gas-meter [of Philadelphia] will be expected to tell nothing but the truth." Draw it mildly, friend; draw it mildly. There are some things that cannot be reformed.

The Omaha *Republican* says: "It is reasonably plain that there never was a time in his political career when Senator SHERMAN was as near the presidential nomination from the Republican party as he is now." Yes. So near—and yet so far that JOHN will never reach it.

New Books.

Philadelphia, 1681—1887. A History of Municipal Development. By EDWARD P. ALLINSON, A. M., and BOIES PENROSE, A. B., of the Philadelphia Bar: Baltimore and Philadelphia. 1887.

This book comes from the Johns Hopkins University, which promises to do much valuable work not only such as the book before us, but in every department of scholarly undertakings.

For sale by RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

Baltimore and the Nineteenth of April, 1861. A Study of the War. By GEORGE WILLIAM BROWN, Chief Judge of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore, and Mayor of the city in 1861. Baltimore: N. MURRAY. 1887.

Johns Hopkins University is responsible for this book also. It treats an interesting subject.

For sale by RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

Charles Reade, D. C. L., Dramatist, Novelist, Journalist. A Memoir, Compiled Chiefly from His Literary Remains. By CHARLES L. READE and the Rev. COMPTON READE. New York: HARPER & BROTHERS. Price in paper 25 cents.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSTON & Co.

Knight Errant. A Novel. By EDNA LYALL. New York: HARPER & BROTHERS. 1887. Price in paper 20 cents.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSTON & Co.

Rhode Island's Governor-Elect.

A Providence telegram says: "Honest John W. Davis" is the *sobriquet* which the Democratic Governor-elect of Rhode Island has worthily worn for many years in this city and Pawtucket, where he has been engaged in business as a dealer in grain. Mr. Davis was born in Rehoboth, Mass., and came to Providence in 1844. He began business in 1850, and subsequently took his two junior brothers into partnership. Later he set up two nephews in business in Madison, Wis. He has always been a Democrat and an active worker in the party, but not an office-seeker. He has repeatedly been elected member of the Pawtucket Town Council, and was twice president of that body. He was elected State senator in 1885 and 1886, resigning the office in October last when appointed by President Cleveland as appraiser of foreign merchandise for the district of Providence. He was an alternate delegate to the Chicago Convention that nominated Cleveland, and has served on the Democratic State Central Committee for a long period. He is generally regarded as a straightforward, fair-minded, and dignified gentleman, and has won the respect and confidence of citizens irrespective of party affiliation. His administration will be undoubtedly marked by conservatism, prudence, and ability. He is between sixty and sixty-five years of age, hale and hearty, with a profusion of gray hair, in which is framed a face reflecting goniality, intelligence, and dignity. His figure is erect and commanding. He speaks with fluency and marked originality, and his utterances are forcible, expressive, and fearless. Taken all in all, he is a worthy representative of the "old guard" Democracy of the State, and his election is hailed with great enthusiasm and unbounded satisfaction.

The human body is the nearest approach to perfection except Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

WRECKED NELLIE.

STRIPPING THE VESSEL AND SAVING HER CARGO.

Surprised at a Failure—The Cause—Memorial-Day Orators Elected—Robbed Her Husband.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, April 8, 1887.

The captain of the burned schooner Nellie Potter to-day noted protest of the loss of his vessel. Everything possible has been stripped from the schooner by the crew, and 250 kegs of nails and 200 barrels of fish were saved and landed on the beach. Mr. S. R. Fowle, the owner, went down to the beach to-day to see the remains of the schooner and look after what was saved. Both vessel and cargo were insured.

Commercial circles here are considerably surprised at the failure of the shoe-house of Brickhouse & Co. The liabilities are $92,000, with $42,000 preferred. The available assets are about $67,000. Mr. Brickhouse has given up even his household and kitchen furniture. Inability to collect from country customers caused the failure.

Major Baker P. Lee, of Hampton, has been selected as orator on memorial-day in Norfolk, and Mr. S. S. Dawes as poet. Both have accepted.

A survey of the Nansemond river will soon be made by United States engineers here, with a view to improvement of the river.

The United States Fish-Commission steamer Albatross is here again.

The Baptist church in Brambleton is having a fine revival season, and Rev. R. W. Cridlin is assisted by Rev. Mr. Pearson, of Isle of Wight.

The affairs of the Hogdon-Spencer Guano Company have been placed in the hands of a receiver.

Rev. R. M. Saunders left for Lynchburg this morning to lecture on the "Spectroscope."

William R. Forepaugh, one of the proprietors of the ten-cent circus exhibiting in this city, was fined to-day for beating one of the circus-men with a dog chain.

The City Council of Portsmouth last night ordered the contract for water from Lake Kilby, at Suffolk, to be renewed with the new company that recently purchased the Portsmouth Water-Works.

Rev. William H. Atwill has been selected as the orator of memorial-day in Portsmouth.

A week ago Christopher Epson married Miss Betty Eckland in Portsmouth. Yesterday the bride broke open her husband's trunk and rifled it of $180 and other valuables, and with her father, John Eckland, fled from the city. It is thought they have gone to Sweden, where they recently came from. Epson is a sailor on a Government vessel at the navy-yard.

State-Senator Stubbs, of Gloucester, is in Portsmouth engaged in a usury case in the Hustings Court. G.

Judge Bond's Recent Decisions.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

Of course no one could have expected a different decision from Judge Bond in the case of "Virginia *vs.* William L. Royall," and I do not suppose there is such a Zany in the State as can believe that Mr. Royall will ever be able to recover one cent damages from the members of the grand jury he sued. Of course they can in turn sue him, if they choose. Judge Bond's decision in regard to the injunction (*vs.* the Indemnifying Board) asked for by Mr. Royall appears to me utterly inconsistent with some of his own previous decisions, as well as with one decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. Great stress has been laid heretofore on the fact that "when a treasurer levied on property to collect the taxes due by a tax-payer who had tendered coupons in payment such treasurer was not acting as an officer of the State, but was acting on his own personal responsibility." In other words, the party making such levy acted as a private individual, and not as a treasurer of the State. I repeat that this was also one of the main reasons given by the Supreme Court of the United States why the court could grant the aggrieved tax-payer the relief prayed for. The court seemed to have decided that it would have been beyond its power to have granted relief by a verdict against a treasurer of the State, so a majority of the court "whipped the devil around the stump, by deciding that when the levy was made the party levying was not acting as a State officer but as a private individual. My impression further is that where judgments have been obtained in such suits they were rendered against men acting on their personal responsibility and not acting as treasurers of the State. In Judge Bond's late decision he distinctly recognizes that when the Indemnifying Board makes good the loss to a party that had been damaged in his efforts to collect the taxes due the State, such party is not a private citizen, but an officer (treasurer) of the State. This last decision of the Judge is, in my opinion, the correct one. Still it looks singular that a man who by one decision of a court was held to be acting in his private capacity, and at his own personal risk, should so soon afterwards be held by the same court as an officer of Virginia. If it had been really true that treasurers who levied on property acted as private individuals, and not as State officers, then it would have appeared like reason, if not of law, for Judge Bond to have granted an injunction restraining the Indemnifying Board from paying money to private citizens to whom the State did not owe one cent. As I regard Judge Bond's decision refusing to grant the injunction asked for by Mr. Royall as a decided victory for the State, perhaps my comments on it may seem rather ill-timed; but believing, as I do, that the Constitution of the United States does not give the power to any court of the United States to meddle in any sort of way with the debt obligations of Virginia, it pleases me when I see a decision looking that way, even if such decision appears to me as utterly inconsistent with former decisions of the same court.

I hope yet to live to see the day when the Supreme Court of the United States will decide that it has "no jurisdiction" whatever over the debt obligations of a State, because such "jurisdiction" is expressly forbidden in the plainest sort of language by the Constitution itself. MACON.

Judge Bond Defied.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

In Judge Bond's decision declining to enjoin the Board of Indemnity from indemnifying under the act creating the Board collecting officers for any losses resulting from their collecting or attempting to collect taxes due the Commonwealth he said: "This court has not the right to suppose that the Board of Indemnity will remunerate the treasurers of the State for a violation of the laws of the United States."

But the Judge knew the fact that the Board of Indemnity was acting as the Legislature of Virginia had itself acted, and instructed the board to act, in open and direct violation and defiance of what he and the Supreme Court of the United States and a good many lawyers to back them do hold to be "the law of the United States," but what the Legislature hold to be a set of usurping decrees in violation of the *supreme* "law of the United States." And he knew that the Board of Indemnity meant to act in open disregard of his injunction, if he had given one, and to take that action though it might have landed them in jail. It had been declared in such a manner that he might know, as he did know, that he was defied. And the Board of Indemnity still stands as the law organized it; though Mr. Royall published about the 1st of February last: "The Indemnity Board will soon be broken up by the United States court if I am any judge of law, and these officers will have to pay the damages and costs out of their own pockets." STATES RIGHTS.

Sanitary Measures—Clothing.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

The blood in health maintains a uniform temperature of 98° in all climates and at all seasons of the year. Even in the Arctic regions, where the thermometer falls to 60° below zero, the same degree of heat is kept up by the body. As the heat of the atmosphere, in most civilized countries, only reaches that degree for a few days in the summer, the necessity of clothing becomes apparent.

The general rule to be observed in regard to clothing is that it should contribute as far as possible to comfort. It should be frequently changed to meet the variations of temperature which are so common in this latitude. The most critical period of the year and that most prejudicial to health is the summer, when the system is relaxed and depressed by the extreme heat and peculiarly liable to be attacked by disease.

At this season of the year, when the heat for days together is almost unbearable, the lightest and coolest clothing should be worn. This is particularly important in the case of children. All flannel clothing, except for infants, should be removed during the season of extreme heat, to be replaced in cases of delicate children when the weather turns cooler, even if only for a day or two at a time.

It is proper to state that there is a difference of opinion, however, among medical men on this subject, some maintaining that invalids and delicate children should wear flannel during the entire summer as well as winter.

Heat annually numbers its victims by thousands in this climate, and its evils should be most sedulously guarded against. It is far more to be dreaded and far more difficult to provide against than cold.

The feet should receive particular care. They should be kept warm and dry, and their circulation should not be impeded by tight boots or shoes. The rubber overshoe, keeping the feet dry, contributes as much to health as to comfort. M. D.

Hear Both Sides.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

Your answer in yesterday's *Dispatch* to those who object to Mr. Massey as one of the debt commissioners is very good. But the fact of such objections being made, as they have been, to Mr. Massey and others, who, it is contended, have made up their minds, prompts me to call attention to the fact that the commission of the bondholders includes men who have made up *their* minds also.

Complete evidence of this is furnished by the proceedings of their meeting held in London on the 24th of September, 1886, in which the meeting declared "its steadfast determination *not to accept the Riddleberger settlement;* which in view of the admitted ability of Virginia to settle with her creditors, and the sacrifices they have already made in her behalf, it considers *dishonest* and unjust." Whilst the temper in which they approach the question is made manifest by the fact they insulted both the Governor and the State of Virginia by transmitting this resolution to the Governor "for the official information of his government."

But I have not heard any objection made to the competency of this commission either on the ground of their bias or the insolence of their constituents.

As to any committal on the question one way or the other, it may be remarked that the people, without distinction of party, have committed themselves, and have elected men to carry out their will. ***

Chicago Carpenters and Their Wages.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, April 8.—The hall of the striking carpenters, on Fifth avenue, has been crowded all day with strikers. A number of the contractors visited the hall during the day and sought to engage the men to help them out on important work. Their appeals were invariably denied. The strikers declare that they will remain out until their union has been recognized. The carpenters claim that 260 bosses have expressed a willingness to give in, and that only about 150 are opposed to the concession. The carpenters claim that the strike will soon end, and it is thought that a meeting of master carpenters, to be held at the Builders' Exchange to-morrow, may settle the matter.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, April 8.—A special from Des Moines, Iowa, says that Edward Cummings and wife, of Davis City, who have been married ten years, recently separated on account of quarrels, the wife going to her father's. Yesterday he visited her and told her she must come home. She refused to go, and he said: "If we cannot live together we will die together." He then shot her in the back part of the neck, and she fell to the floor. He fired again, shattering her nose and hand, which she held up against her face; then he shot himself in the forehead, killing himself instantly. The physician attending the woman entertains hopes for her recovery.

Good Friday in Baltimore.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BALTIMORE, April 8.—Good Friday was more generally observed in this city to-day than ever known before. All public, State, and city business was suspended, and in the afternoon the Federal offices closed. The people generally attended church-service, which was held in most of the evangelical churches as well as in the Catholic. During the forenoon there were fewer people on the streets than on ordinary business days, and the police had little to do. Many business-houses were closed after early forenoon, and an unusually marked respect was shown to the day.

A Dull Day in New York.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, April 8.—To-day being Good Friday, all the down-town exchanges were closed, as were also the bankers' and brokers' offices, which gave the "street" quite a deserted appearance, something like that of Sunday. The State and United States courts were closed, and also all city departments that were not required to be open by law. The custom-house and post-office were open for the transaction of business, however. Services appropriate to the day were celebrated in the churches of all denominations during the day.

A Week's Business Failures.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, April 8.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during last week number for the United States 198 and Canada 25—total, 223—against 223 last week and 259 the week previous. The failures in all sections of the country are about up to the average, except in New York city, where the assignments number only six, which were unimportant.

If you suffer with pain in the back and limbs take 25 cents and buy Salvation Oil.

COCKADE CITY.

THE LICENSE TAXES—SLAUGHTER-HOUSE BURNED.

A Snake in a Letter-Box—Alleged Deserters Arrested—Personal Notes and Briefs.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

PETERSBURG, April 8, 1887.

A meeting of the Common Council was held last night, the object being to consider the license-tax ordinance for the ensuing year. Various changes in the ordinance as at present existing were suggested, and discussed until a late hour, without any definite action, and the matter was finally postponed to an adjourned meeting to be held next week. Near midnight the Council resolved itself into a secret session—excluding all persons not members of the body. It is understood that the object of this session was to consider matters relative to one of the city officials, but that nothing was done beyond incidental mention of the matter.

A slaughter-house and stable in the western part of the city belonging to York Harris, a colored butcher and member of the Council, were destroyed by fire this morning about 8 o'clock. The buildings were of little value, and the loss is light. The fire was accidental.

It is reported that a day or two ago, when one of the letter-carriers opened a street letter-box on his usual rounds to collect the mail-matter, a small snake was found in the box, which ran up his sleeve when he ran his hand in after the letters. How the snake got in the box is not known, but, as might be naturally expected, the unsuspected presence of the reptile caused considerable fright, and it was some moments before it could be gotten rid of.

A letter from Sussex county states that the candidates for office there are very numerous, and that great interest is felt in the nominations to be made the latter part of this month by the party conventions.

The police to-day arrested four persons—named Aug. Aspland, Yehull Alsay, William Martell, and Albert Johnson, respectively—charged with deserting from the schooner E. G. Irwin, leading at this port with wood for New York. They were lodged in jail to await an examination. They formed the greater part of the crew of the vessel, and, it is said, left after having been paid off.

Rev. Mr. Dargan, of the First Baptist church, and Rev. Mr. Rosebro, of the First Presbyterian church, the former of whom has been preaching in Charlottesville this week and the latter in Atlanta, Ga., are both expected home to-morrow. ROBIN ADAIR.

NELSON COUNTY.

Circuit Court—Suit for Damages.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

LOVINGSTON, April 6, 1887.

Our Circuit Court has been in session since the 29th ultimo—Judge John D. Horsley presiding—and has transacted a large amount of business. The court yesterday and to-day has been engaged in trying the suit of Mrs. Dora P. Ayres against the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company for $10,000 damages for the killing of her husband, Robert H. Ayres. Ayres was a brakeman on the Midland division, and was killed on the 12th of last October while coupling freight-cars at Montreal, a station in this county. The jury has rendered a verdict for the full amount claimed, but the case is now being argued on a demurrer to evidence.

Local politics are now very active. From present indications there will be no party nominations. A new organization is being formed among the farmers whose avowed object is to support workingmen only for office.

There is a general complaint of hard times. X.

KING AND QUEEN.

Political Notes—A Residence Burned.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

WALKERTON, April 7, 1887.

It had been generally thought that the Republicans of this county would take some definite action at court to-day with regard to placing in the field candidates for the county offices. After consultation among themselves, the leaders decided to make no nominations, and the Democratic County Committee decided that they would not call a convention to nominate their men, at least for the present, but let the different candidates fight it out among themselves.

On the 5th the residence of Judge James M. Jeffries was burned. None of the family were on the premises, and scarcely anything was saved. There was an insurance of $1,500 on it, but the loss will be heavy. The fire is supposed to have been accidental. The old judge bears his loss bravely and philosophically.

The weather continues cold, and it is feared that there will be but few peaches, pears, or cherries left. OBSERVER.

Alexandria Notes.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA., April 8.—Mr. James Ennis, whose attack of paralysis has been noted in the *Dispatch*, died this morning; aged sixty-one. He was originally from Westmoreland, but had resided here since the war.

Richard Logan, a well-known and respected colored driver, while hauling coal to the gas-works this afternoon, fell from his cart and expired.

The stockholders of the Virginia Iron Ship-Building Company assembled here to-day and elected officers, and also ratified the lease of the "Upper" shipyard to the Norton Company.

West Hanover Presbytery.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

HAMPDEN-SIDNEY, April 6, 1887.

The Presbytery of West Hanover met at this place to-night at 8 o'clock, and was opened with a sermon by the last moderator, Rev. J. L. Sherrard, of Afton, Va. After the sermon the Presbytery was constituted with prayer. The calling of the roll revealed the presence of 11 ministers and 9 ruling elders. The Presbytery consists of 23 ministers and 31 churches.

The Rev. S. L. Wilson, of Appomattox Courthouse, was elected moderator, and Rev. M. B. Lambdin and Elder J. W. Rison were elected clerks.

Other members are expected to-morrow, and the services will continue through the week and on Sabbath.

CAN CONSUMPTION BE CURED? Yes. One man only discovered the laws of gravitation. One man only discovered the virtue of vaccination. And one man, after years of study and reflection, has discovered the cure for consumption. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" *is its specific.* Send two letter stamps and get Dr. Pierce's pamphlet treatise on consumption. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

"SWEET MAUD MULLER."

Whittier's beautiful ballad contains a touching allusion to the many cares and sorrows which wear upon the "heart and brain" of a wife and mother. Thousands of weary suffering women have found Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" a marvellous recuperator of wasted strength, and of sovereign efficacy in all those derangements and maladies peculiar to their sex, by reason of which the vitality is gradually sapped and the cheek robbed prematurely of its bloom. Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

* * * * Young or middle-aged men suffering from premature decline of power, however induced, speedily and radically cured. Illustrated book for ten cents in stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

CONCORD POULTRY YARDS—THREE FARMS. Also, LAND and WATER FOWLS, HOLSTEIN CATTLE, POLAND CHINA HOGS, for sale. Send for catalogue. Address JOHN BELL, New Concord, Ohio. ap 8-2t*

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.

In Town and Hamlet

the seeds of intermittent and bilious remittent fever germinate and bear evil fruit. No community has altogether escaped it. In populous wards of large cities bad sewage causes it, and in their suburbs stagnant pools in sunken lots breed it. There is at once a remedy and a means of prevention. Its name is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is, without peradventure, the most potent antidote in existence to the malarial virus. Fortified with this incomparable, saving specific, miasmatic influences may be encountered with absolute impunity. Disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, begotten by miasma-tainted water, or any other cause, succumb to the beneficent corrective named, and rheumatic, kidney, and bladder troubles are surely removable by its use when it is given a persistent trial. ap 7-Th(w)Sa&Tu

CENTENARY METHODIST CHURCH (Grace street between Fourth and Fifth streets)—Rev. WILLIAM E. EDWARDS, D. D., and Rev. GEORGE W. WRAY, Pastors.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. by Rev. H. W. BROWN, the evangelist. Services at 4 o'clock P. M. on SUNDAY AFTERNOON *for men only* conducted by Rev. H. W. Brown.

BROAD-STREET METHODIST CHURCH (Broad and Tenth streets)—Rev. S. S. LAMBETH, Pastor.—At 11 A. M. Easter song service by the Sunday school led by the newly-organized choir, and an address by the pastor. At 8 P. M. sermon by the pastor on the resurrection, and the choir will render the Easter anthem, "Arise, O Lord!" The public cordially invited. Seats free.

PARK-PLACE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (west Franklin street).—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. W. E. EVANS, at 11 A. M.—subject, "Hope Born of the Resurrection of Christ." 8 P. M., "The Soul's Immortality." The "Easter offering of silver" at the morning service.

UNION-STATION CHURCH (corner Twenty-fourth and N streets).—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. JAMES C. MARTIN.

LAUREL-STREET METHODIST CHURCH (corner of Laurel and Albemarle streets)—Rev. WILLIAM P. WRIGHT Pastor.—Sunday school at 9 A. M. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The seats are all free.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (corner of Twentieth and Broad streets)—Rev. J. C. REED, Pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor.

METHODIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the Methodist Sunday-School Society will be held at Clay-Street Methodist church SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock. A. L. WEST, President. *C. P. Rady*, Secretary.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (corner of Grace and Madison streets)—Rev. R. P. KERR, Pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by Rev. GEORGE D. ARMSTRONG, D. D., of Norfolk, Va. Communion after the morning sermon. Sunday school and Bible classes at 9:30 A. M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN.—Until further notice the hour of afternoon service in this church will be 5 instead of 4 o'clock, as hitherto.

Dr. HOGE will preach To-MORROW at 11 A. M., 3 P. M., and in the Old-Market Hall at 8 P. M.

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. Rev. R. R. HOWISON, pastor, at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Seats free.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (on west Grace street).—Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M. by Dr. W. F. RICHARDSON. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. All welcome.

GRACE-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Drs. READ and DREW, Pastors.—Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M. Preaching in the morning by Rev. A. A. LITTLE, and at night by Dr. DREW. Gospel services every FRIDAY NIGHT at 8 o'clock at No. 735 Fifth street. A cordial welcome to all.

SEVENTH-STREET CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Rev. R. C. CAVE, pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

ST. JOHN'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH (Broad and Twenty-fifth streets)—Rev. LEWIS W. BURTON, Rector. EASTER SUNDAY: Morning prayer, sermon, and Holy Communion, 11 A. M. (Easter offerings for church repairs.) Festival service of the four Sunday schools addressed by Rev. PIKE POWERS, D. D., 3:30 P. M. (Collection for Wedell-Memorial chapel.) Infant baptism, 5 P. M. No service at night.

EASTER MONDAY: Parish meeting, 7:30 P. M.

MONUMENTAL CHURCH—Rev. JOHN B. NEWTON, Rector.—Divine service and holy communion at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M., and at chapel at 5 P. M. No service at night at the chapel.

EMMANUEL CHURCH (Henrico county)—Rev. B. M. RANDOLPH, Rector.—EASTER SUNDAY, divine service and communion at 11 o'clock. Sunday-school celebration at 4 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (Twelfth and Broad streets)—Dr. GEORGE COOPER at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Bible school at 9:30 A. M. Strangers and all made cordially welcome.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH (corner of Main and Sixth streets).—Rev. W. W. LANDRUM, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

GRACE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Grace and Foushee streets)—Pastor, W. E. HATCHER, D. D.—Sunday school at 9 A. M.; preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Free seats and a welcome to all.

Dr. W. E. EVARTS, of New York, will preach at 11 A. M., and at 4:30 P. M. a mass-meeting under the auspices of the Woman's Baptist Missionary Society of Richmond will be held in the interest of Foreign Missions, and Dr. GOODWIN, Rev. Mr. BELL, and others will address the meeting.

PINE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Pine and Albemarle streets)—Rev. J. B. HUTSON, Pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Seats free. All welcome.

CLAY-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner of Clay and Graham streets)—Rev. S. C. CLOPTON, Pastor.—Worship at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

At the night service Rev. S. A. GOODWIN, D. D., will preach the anniversary sermon of the Ladies' Aid Society.

LEIGH-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner of Twenty-fifth and Leigh streets)—Rev. Dr. S. A. GOODWIN, Pastor.—Services at 11 A. M., sermon by the pastor; at 8 P. M., sermon by Rev. S. C. CLOPTON, pastor of Clay-Street Baptist church. Seats free. All welcome. Men's prayer-meeting every TUESDAY NIGHT at 8 o'clock, to which all men are cordially invited.

VENABLE-STREET CHURCH (corner of Venable and Eighteenth streets). Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. Preaching by Rev. R. H. PITT at 11 A. M. and at 7:30 P. M.

BEECHENBROOK BAPTIST CHAPEL.—Preaching at 11 A. M. by Rev. R. L. MOTLEY and at 8 P. M. by ——. Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday at 9 A. M.

TWENTY-EIGHTH-STREET CHAPEL.—Preaching at 11 A. M. by Rev. JOHN POLLARD, D. D., and at 7:45 P. M. by Rev. I. T. WALLACE. All are cordially invited to attend.

CLOPTON-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, MANCHESTER.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and at 7:30 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. DECATUR EDWARDS. All welcome.

THE QUARTERLY MEETING of the BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION OF RICHMOND AND MANCHESTER will be held at the Fulton Baptist church To-MORROW AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. All who are interested in the Sunday-school work are requested to come.

Dr. THOMAS P. MATHEWS, President. *Robert A. Gary*, Secretary.

CHRISTADELPHIAN ECCLESIA (Central Hall.)—At 3:30 P. M. a review of Mr. William Baxter's theory of "Prophetic Events" (recently delivered at the Richmond Theatre) by JAMES LUXFORD.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE.

HENRICO COUNTY.

ELECTION OF COUNTY OFFICERS, MAY 5, 1887.

FOR TREASURER: WILLIAM TAYLOR for re-election. (Without spot or blemish; public money safe in his hands, as four years' trial fully attests.)

FOR CIRCUIT-COURT CLERK: GEORGE W. CARTER for re-election. (One of the best and most experienced court clerks in the Commonwealth.)

FOR COUNTY CLERK: SAMUEL P. WADDILL for re-election. (Unsurpassed in the discharge of the duties of his office.)

FOR SHERIFF: WILLIAM H. TAUBER. (Well known to the people of the county, and will make an excellent sheriff.)

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY: WILLIAM H. BEVERIDGE. (Young and intrepid lawyer, and will make a good Commonwealth's attorney.)

COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE, UPPER DISTRICT: ROBERT T. CROUCH. (Many years' experience as commissioner well qualified him for its duties.)

COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE, LOWER DISTRICT: J. C. REDWOOD for re-election. (Competent and obliging, and makes a first-class commissioner.)

The above well-known names will be supported at the election on the 29TH DAY OF MAY NEXT, without regard to party and for the best interests of the people of the county. ap 8-2t "SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS."

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast-tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every