THE RICHMOND DISPATCH.

WHOLE NUMBER, 11,405. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1888. THREE CENTS PER COPY

LATE WEATHER REPORT.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, January 21—1 A. M.—FAIR. For Virginia and North Carolina, colder, fair weather, followed by snow, light to fresh winds, becoming northerly.

THE WEATHER IN RICHMOND YESTERDAY was fair, warmer, and clear at night.

Range of Thermometer Yesterday:

6 A. M.	25
9 A. M.	30
Noon	41
3 P. M.	44
6 P. M.	42
Midnight	36

Mean temperature 36¾

What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

GREAT SALE.

BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILKS, BLACK SATIN RHADAMAS, AND BLACK FAILLE FRANCAISE, ALL WARRANTED TO WEAR.

We have sold this popular make of SILK for over five years, and have yet to hear the first complaint.

BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at 85c. to $1, $1.10, $1.20, $1.50, $1.75, and $2 per yard—all warranted to wear;

BLACK SATIN RHADAMA at $1.00, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50, and $1.65;

BLACK FAILLE FRANCAISE at $1 and $1.25 per yard;

BLACK RHADZIMIR at $1.25 and $1.50 per yard.

All of the above goods are of superior quality, and are warranted by the manufacturers to wear well. We now offer a large stock of these strictly desirable goods at extremely low prices, and warrant every yard to wear well.

LEVY & DAVIS.

☞ DRESSING-GOWNS AND SMOKING-JACKETS.

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $7.50 to $5;

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $10 to $7;

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $12 to $9;

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $18 to $12;

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $19 to $13;

Gentlemen's Dressing-Gowns reduced from $25 to $16.50;

Gentlemen's Smoking-Jackets reduced from $10 to $7;

Gentlemen's Smoking-Jackets reduced from $10 to $8;

Gentlemen's Smoking-Jackets reduced from $12.50 to $9;

Gentlemen's Smoking-Jackets reduced from $15 to $10.

This is a great opportunity to purchase a first-class garment at less than cost.

LEVY & DAVIS.

Great bargains in Cloaks, Jackets, Sacques, and Raglans.

☞ DON'T FORGET THE GREAT SALE OF CLOAKS AND JACKETS.—We continue to sell our whole stock of Cloaks, Jackets, Raglans, and Sacques at and below cost. Every garment in our stock has been marked down. It looks now as if we will make a clean sweep, having sold over three hundred garments within the last month. We have less than three hundred now on hand, and our low prices ought to make them move before the 15th of next month.

LEVY & DAVIS.

BLANKETS VERY CHEAP.

☞ CARPETS ARE GOING FAST.—Low prices will tell. Every piece of Carpet has been reduced in price. We must sell every yard before March 1st, as we are going to show an entire new stock next fall.

ja 18 LEVY & DAVIS.

WILBUR'S COCOA-THEIA

Easily digested; of the finest flavor. A hearty beverage for a strong appetite; a delicious drink for the sensitive. Thoroughly tested; nutritious; palatable; uncovelled in purity; no unpleasant after-effects. Requires no boiling.

Marion Harland, Christine Terhune Herrick, Jean A. R. Thomas, M. D., pronounce it the best of all the powdered chocolates. No other equals it in flavor, purity, and anti-dyspeptic qualities.

Sold by grocers. Sample mailed for 15 stamps. H. O. WILBUR & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa.

This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.

This exact Label is on each Pearl Top Chimney. A dealer may say and think he has others as good, BUT HE HAS NOT. Insist upon the Exact Label and Top.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

DRUNKENNESS, OR THE LIQUOR HABIT, POSITIVELY CURED BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES'S GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken GOLDEN SPECIFIC in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the SPECIFIC, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For sale by

T. ROBERTS BAKER, Druggist, 919 east Main street, Richmond, Va.

ja 17-eod1y

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.

Liebig Company's

EXTRACT OF MEAT.

PINEST AND CHEAPEST

Meat-Flavoring Stock

FOR

SOUPS, MADE DISHES, AND SAUCES.

ANNUAL SALE, 8,000,000 JARS.

GENUINE ONLY WITH FAC-SIMILE OF BARON LIEBIG'S SIGNATURE IN BLUE INK ACROSS LABEL.

To be had of all storekeepers, grocers, and druggists. jy 23-3m52t

VIRGINIA GAME LAWS

AN IMPORTANT BILL REPORTED TO THE HOUSE YESTERDAY.

Limitations On the Killing of Deer, Partridges, Turkeys, Pheasants, Woodcocks, &c., &c.

The House Committee on Propositions and Grievances—Mr. Figgat chairman—yesterday favorably reported the following bill, which is in substance the measure submitted and urged by the Virginia Field-Sports Association, and which codifies the present statutes on this subject and makes some changes and additions deemed desirable:

A Bill to Amend and Reenact Sections 2082 and 2084 of Chapter 95 of the Code of —, 1887.

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That sections 2082 and 2084 of chapter 95 of the Code of Virginia, adopted the —— day of ——, 1887, be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

Section 2082. It shall be unlawful for any person—

First. To kill or capture any deer, or chase any deer with dogs with intent to kill the same (such deer not being his own, tamed, or inclosed in a park), from the 1st day of January until the 15th day of August.

Second. To kill or capture, or offer for sale, or buy any partridges or quails or wild turkeys between the 1st day of February and the 15th day of October; or any pheasants or ruffed grouse between the 1st day of February and the 15th day of September; or to kill or capture woodcock between the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July, or at any time to take or destroy the eggs of partridges or quail, pheasant or ruffed grouse, wild turkeys or woodcocks, or catch them with nets or traps.

Third. To kill the turkey-buzzard or black buzzard at any time, or to kill at any time or to capture for sale or transportation the mocking-bird, or to kill or capture the brown thrush, cardinal or red bird, wood robin, blue bird; or to kill or capture doves between March 1st and August 1st, or to kill or capture robins between April 1st and November 1st.

Fourth. To kill any wild water-fowl (except the summer duck) between the 1st day of May and the 1st day of September or to kill any wild water-fowl, except from the land, at any time during the night, or to kill them with a gun which cannot be conveniently raised and fired at arm's length from the shoulder without a rest; or at any time to capture them in traps or nets or by other contrivances: provided, that wild geese may be killed either during the day or night; but in no case shall floating reflectors, lamps, or lights of any kind be used in shooting them in the night; and nothing in this clause shall apply to the wild water-fowl called sora; or,

Fifth. To shoot, or in any manner kill or destroy the bird known as the marsh hen, or take its eggs, later in the season than the 20th of June; or shoot, or in any manner kill or destroy the bird known as the willet, or take its eggs, later in the season than the 20th of July; or shoot, or in any manner kill or destroy the bird known as the gull or striker before the 1st day of September, or take its eggs later in the season than the 20th of July.

Section 2084. The two preceding sections shall not be so construed as to prevent the operation of the act entitled "an act prohibiting non-residents hunting, shooting, trapping, or netting partridges in the counties of Accomack and Northampton," approved March 3, 1879; an act entitled "an act to protect rabbits or hares between the 1st of March and 15th day of September in the county of Chesterfield," approved March 9, 1880; an act entitled "an act for the better protection of game in Henry county," approved February 18, 1886; and the act entitled "an act for the protection of game in the county of Halifax," approved February 27, 1886; but the said several acts shall continue in force; but said two sections shall be construed to apply to all the counties of this Commonwealth, except as the same may be modified by acts herein set forth in the counties of Accomack, Northampton, Chesterfield, Henry, and Halifax. And for the enforcement of the game law the judge of the county court of each county of this Commonwealth shall, upon the application of three or more citizens of any magisterial district in his county, appoint a game warden for such magisterial district. It shall be the duty of such game warden to see to the enforcement of this law within his magisterial district. He shall have power, either on his own knowledge or upon affidavit made before him, to issue a warrant for the arrest and apprehension of any person or persons violating the law. Such warrant shall be executed by the nearest constable, and returnable before the nearest magistrate. Such game warden shall receive no other compensation for his services than the fees usually paid to the magistrate for issuing a warrant and the attendance fee of a witness for every day occupied in the trial of any person arrested under such warrant, and one half of any and all fines recovered for violation of this law under warrant issued by himself. The judge of each County Court of the Commonwealth may, in his discretion, appoint game wardens for each magisterial district in his county without any application on the part of the citizens, and the judges of the corporation courts of the various cities of this Commonwealth shall have like power.

2. This act shall be in force from its passage.

Coupon-Tenderer's Relief Bill.

Mr. Ryan, of Loudoun, yesterday introduced a bill to afford relief to persons who tendered coupons "prior to December 5, 1887," and who now wish to withdraw them and pay in money.

The date named is the day on which the United States Supreme Court rendered its decision pronouncing "the coupon-crusher" constitutional.

This bill will be made to supplant the one on its way to the Governor, in which the General Assembly gave a latitude to coupon-tenderers not intended.

The House Finance Committee—Mr. Buford chairman—will meet this morning, and it may then pronounce on Mr. Ryan's bill.

Remembering Lee.

The following has been received by Treasurer Harman:

PETERS, LEE COUNTY, ARK., January 4, 1888.

To the Lee Monument Association:

Gentlemen,—Enclosed find $31 I have subscribed here from both white and colored in aid of erecting the monument to the "illustrious Lee."

I trust this small amount will be as pleasing to you to receive as it is gratifying for the givers to send.

Respectfully yours, J. H. HACKNEY.

Distinguished Visitor Expected.

Ex-Mayor William A. Courtney, of Charleston, S. C., will arrive in Richmond on Monday and remain several days. The object of his visit is to sit for a bust by the sculptor Valentine. Mr. Courtney's name is especially associated with the history of Charleston during the earthquake crisis. His power of organization, fortitude, and determination as displayed in those trying days won for him the lasting gratitude and admiration of the people of that city. The bust, which is to be of marble, was ordered by citizens of Charleston, and is designed as a testimonial of their appreciation of Mr. Courtney's services as a public officer and virtues as a private citizen. It is the third order Charleston has given Mr. Valentine. Mr. Courtney is an excellent subject for plastic portraiture, possessing, as he does, a finely-modelled head and most expressive features.

IN TEMPERANCE CIRCLES.

New District Lodge to be Organized—Other Matters.

A call has been issued by the Executive of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars for a meeting of delegates from the various lodges of the counties of Prince George, Prince Edward, Nottoway, Dinwiddie, and the city of Petersburg at Blackstone on Monday, February 6th, for the purpose of organizing a district lodge. Colonel J. R. Miller, grand chief templar, will be present to explain the system and organize the district lodge. At night a public temperance demonstration will take place.

A call has also been issued for a meeting of the Executive Committee at the office of the grand secretary, in this city, on Wednesday, February 1st. Matters of great importance to the order in the State will be considered by the committee, among them the establishment of a weekly paper as the official organ of the order. The question of the employment of a State lecturer will also be acted upon, the district lodge system throughout the State will be perfected, and plans adopted for a more thorough and complete prosecution of the temperance work in each district lodge jurisdiction. In this city a plan of visitation to the lodges has just been adopted, the first of which was held with Fulton Lodge at its last meeting with most excellent results.

On next Tuesday night the Confederate Soldiers' Home Lodge will be visited. Among those who will be present on this occasion are Colonel J. R. Miller, grand chief templar; Hon. J. N. Stubbs, and Judge J. L. Cochran. Each lodge in the city will also be represented and take part in the exercises.

Mr. Cohen's Funeral.

The funeral of Mr. Edward Cohen took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, on Broad street at the corner of Eleventh. A very large crowd of mourning friends attended, and the services, conducted by Rabbi Harris, were solemn and impressive. The order of B'nai B'rith, of which deceased was a member, and also many members of the fire department, were present. Floral tributes were beautiful. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: Active—James T. Gray, E. H. Fisher, Abram Levy, John L. Williams, R. E. Blankinship, W. R. Trigg, W. H. Palmer, Charles Winn, and William Hill. Honorary—Isaac Davenport, Jr., E. O. Nolting, John P. Branch, John S. Ellett, James B. Pace, R. E. Richardson, A. B. Goodman, N. W. Nelson, N. Ezekiel, William J. Leake, and Mr. Virginius Newton.

The remains were interred in the Hebrew cemetery.

Anderson to be Tried Again.

The Henrico County Court will be in session to-day, when the case of the negro David Anderson, charged with felonious assault upon Rev. Mr. Hall, comes up for trial. Anderson was convicted of this offence last year and given seven years in the penitentiary; appealed to the Supreme Court; was granted a new trial. It is probable that to-day nothing will be done in the case further than to fix a day for the trial. Messrs. George Bryan and William H. Beveridge are counsel for the accused. Commonwealth's-Attorney Thomas is assisted in the prosecution by Edgar Allan, Esq.

Knocked Down by a Sleigh.

Mr. J. A. Hopkins, dockmaster of Richmond, while going up Franklin street between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth night before last was knocked down by a sled and badly hurt. Dr. Garcin, who was called upon, applied prompt remedies.

This square of Franklin street is very steep, and for several days has swarmed with boys and girls coasting. Mr. Hopkins was unconscious for some time, but yesterday was reported to be doing well.

At the Chesapeake and Ohio Reading-Rooms.

A service of unusual interest will be held at the railroad reading-rooms, Chesapeake and Ohio depot, to-morrow at 3 P. M. The music, with cornet, violin, and organ accompaniment, will be a special feature. The subject will be "The Lives of Two Men." Mr. H. O. Williams, State secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, will lead the meeting. The rooms ought to be filled.

Officers of Virginia Historical Society.

At the meeting of the Virginia Historical Society night before last the following officers were elected: President, Hon. Alexander H. H. Stuart; Vice-Presidents, Colonel Archer Anderson, Hon. J. L. M. Curry, and Hon. W. W. Henry; Corresponding Secretary and Librarian, Dr. R. A. Brock; Recording Secretary, George A. Barksdale. The society numbers 431 members—life, contributing, and annual.

The Woman's Exchange.

Our public will be interested in the fact that the "Richmond Exchange for Woman's Work" has paid to industrious gentlewomen during the past month the sum of $394.74. Consider what an amount of womanly work this represents in the several departments of embroidery, needle-work, and cookery. The new rooms, at the corner of Franklin and Fourth streets, are very attractive, and should daily draw crowds of visitors.

Supreme Court of Appeals.

Green's administrator against Thompson and *als*. From the Circuit Court of the county of Culpeper. Reversed, Judge Richardson delivering the opinion; Judge Fauntleroy filing a dissenting opinion.

Wambersie against the Orange Humane Society. Argued by W. W. Burgess, General J. G. Field, and Judge William J. Robertson for apellees.

Police Court Cases.

Among the cases disposed of in the Police Court yesterday morning were the following:

Robert Winston (colored) was fined $5 for assaulting and beating Pattie Barnes.

Pattie Barnes (colored), trespassing on the premises of A. T. Ellis and creating a disturbance. Fined $5 and costs.

William Banks (colored), charged with assaulting and striking Edward Booker. Dismissed on payment of costs.

Robert Johnson (colored) was jailed for three months for stealing one overcoat, valued at $9.25, the property of M. Harrison.

Brook-Turnpike Case.

In the Henrico Circuit Court yesterday this case, which was fully reported in yesterday's *Dispatch*, was submitted, and Judge Wellford reserved his decision. Upon this decision rests the question whether the turnpike company shall collect any tolls until their road is put in an improved condition.

The Academy To-Day.

This afternoon and to-night "Held by the Enemy" will be repeated at the Academy. It has drawn good houses for the past two nights.

CHAMBER COMMERCE.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CALLED MEETING YESTERDAY.

Danville Railroad Offices—Compulsory Pilotage on James River—New Railroad.

A well-attended meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday evening to consider the right of railroads to remove their offices from Virginia. The following was submitted:

RICHMOND, VA., January 20, 1888.

Mr. George A. Ainslie, President Chamber of Commerce:

Sir,—Your special committee appointed to investigate the question of requiring the general offices of railroads chartered by the State to be located within the State respectfully report that, after working some days and holding several meetings on the subject, they learned that the standing Committee on Inland Trade had been working upon it for some time, so beg leave to refer the matter back to the Chamber for report from the Committee on Inland Trade, and request that your special committee be relieved from further duty.

S. D. CRENSHAW, Chairman.

The matter was discussed, after which, on motion of the Hon. George L. Christian, it was "resolved that the whole subject be referred to the Committee on Inland Trade, which now has it under investigation and consideration, for such action and report as it may deem expedient and proper."

RAILROAD MATTER.

Colonel Frank G. Ruffin appeared before the Chamber and urged that the body express its judgment against Senate Bill No. 193, proposing to grant a charter to the Richmond, Manchester, and Petersburg Railroad Company.

Referred to the Committee on Inland Trade—Mr. A. H. Christian, Jr., chairman.

PILOTAGE.

Mr. Warner S. Moore offered the following, which was also advocated by Messrs. S. D. Crenshaw and Thomas Christian:

"That in our judgment the present compulsory pilotage on vessels coming in James river should be done away with."

Referred to the Committee on Outward Trade—Mr. J. W. Cringan chairman.

NEW MEMBERS.

On motion of Mr. S. D. Crenshaw the following were elected: S. S. P. Patteson, W. C. Ervin, A. Royall & Co.

Adjourned.

THE NEWS OF MANCHESTER.

Personal and Other Items from Our Sister City.

Sheriff Gill, of Chesterfield was in the city yesterday.

The Hustings Court was in session yesterday, when only civil business was considered.

The river was falling yesterday, but will no doubt be higher in a few days when the snow in the mountains melts.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chesterfield Board of Supervisors will be held at the court-house Monday.

The intermediate examinations have been in progress in the public schools during the past week. The coming week begins the last half of the session.

One of the gas-lamps on the Free bridge has been out of order for several days. It was repaired yesterday, and gave a good light last night.

Mr. L. F. Tillery, who was accidentally shot at Rocky Mount, N. C., a few days since, is a brother of Rev. J. R. Tillery, and until recently resided here.

The announcement in the Associated Press yesterday that Mr. H. A. Pope had been appointed and confirmed postmaster for Manchester was evidently erroneous. Mr. Henry A. Jordan, who has for some time very efficiently filled that position, is a Democratic appointee.

The interest in the proposed formation of a permanent Young Men's Christian Association in this city is spreading.

The public meeting at the Baptist Church to-morrow night promises to be one of great interest. Mr. Williams, who is to be the speaker on that occasion, is the State secretary of the association, giving his whole time to developing of the work throughout the State. Those who have heard him say that he is a fine speaker. He is thoroughly posted with regard to the work, and those who come may expect a treat.

BUILDING AN IRON BRIDGE.

Great Undertaking of the Richmond and Danville.

Something over two years ago the authorities of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company determined to build an iron bridge across the James river between Richmond and Manchester in place of the old timber one which had done good service for many years, and which it was known would soon become unequal to the task of supporting such heavy freights as passed over it. It was decided not to establish the entire structure at once, but to build a part at the time, that the burden of so great an expense should not fall all at once.

In a short while the three spans connecting the Richmond shore with the first island was complete and the woodwork was cut out.

Work has now been begun on the long section between the Manchester canal and the first island. Much of the material has been received, and the enterprise will be pushed forward as rapidly as practicable not to interfere with the passage of trains.

When the spans referred to above were constructed they were worked in with the old structure so as not to necessitate the closing of the bridge, and as fast as the iron-work was in condition to receive the weight the old bridge was cut away. The same thing will be done, it is supposed, in the case of the work now underway.

The Richmond and Danville Company, now one of the largest corporations in the South, has, as before mentioned, recently taken the lead in introducing the process of heating cars by steam. The process has been explained in this paper. Nearly all of the passenger coaches have been fitted up with the necessary appliances, and all of the trains running between Richmond and Danville and Richmond and West Point are warmed in this manner. The stoves are retained in case of emergency, but usually no fire is made in them.

ACCIDENT AT IRON-WORKS.

One Man Loses Two Toes—Another's Back Hurt.

Yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock the city ambulance was called to the Tredegar Iron-Works to Thomas Payne, a colored operative, who while at work was struck on the back by a piece of falling timber and painfully though not seriously hurt. He was taken to his home on Pine street.

At half-past 4 o'clock the ambulance was called to the Old Dominion Iron-and Nail-Works, on Belle Isle, to a colored man named Hurt, who had his foot caught in an elevator and two of his toes partially cut off. He was taken to his home, on Twenty-fifth street between Main and Franklin, where Dr. Irvine amputated the injured toes.

Hit on the Head with a Paving-Stone.

Early last night Thomas Carter, with his head, face, and clothing besmeared with blood, walked into the Second police station and complained that while on Eighth street near Cary Charles Wooldridge struck him with a paving-block or something of that character. His head, which was quite badly hurt, was dressed and he went home. Wooldridge had not been arrested at a late hour.

Richmond Theatre.

John Howard Payne's tragedy of "Brutus; or, The Fall of Tarquin," was the play at the Theatre last night, and Mr. Warde had the satisfaction of appearing before a good house and receiving hearty applause at the end of each act.

The smoke from the calcium light during one of the acts proved very disagreeable and gave the audience a cough of about a half-hour's duration, and the cold blasts of air that came into the house whenever the curtain was raised was far from pleasant. During the storm scene, too, it became apparent that the Theatre is badly in need of a new set of thunder. The lightning was fair, but the rattling of the sheet-iron bears not the slightest resemblance to the thunder-bolts of Heaven.

The pieces at the matinee to-day is to be "Gaston Cadol" and to-night "Galba the Gladiator."

Injured in Coupling Cars.

About 1 o'clock last night Squire Guy, a colored employee at the Petersburg railroad depot, met with an accident which may cause him the loss of an arm. He was engaged in coupling freight-cars in the yard; and being a comparatively new hand he failed to use the stick which they all have to assist them in that operation with the dexterity required, and the consequence was his left forearm was caught between the bumpers and fearfully mashed. Dr. Brock was called to the assistance of the wounded man and had him removed to the Retreat for the Sick, where he received the necessary medical attention.

Death of Mrs. Duesberry.

Mrs. Mollie E. Duesberry, wife of Mr. A. B. Duesberry, died yesterday morning of consumption at her residence, No. 24 north Ninth street. Her funeral will take place at 3 o'clock to-morrow.

Slight Fire.

A slight fire at the residence of Mr. George W. Tisdale, 512 Mosby street, called out the department yesterday morning at 8:58. The damage was less than $20.

Personals and Briefs.

No cases were tried in the Hustings Court yesterday.

The Legislature will not be in session to-day. Both houses have adjourned to meet Monday.

Register of the Land Office Gaines has not yet made the appointments of the officials under him.

John Oliver (colored), convicted of grand larceny in Mecklenburg county, was received at the penitentiary yesterday.

Mrs. W. Y. MacPherson, of Louisville, Ky., is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Binford, at 404 east Main street.

Lafayette Royal Arch Chapter, No. 43, conferred the degrees of mark and past master on three candidates Thursday night.

At the Second Baptist church there will be a meeting at 4 P. M. to-day, and at 8 P. M. one will be held for men only. Rev. Mr. Scully will preach at night.

The British schooner Mistletoe, 160 tons, John Matthews master, cleared yesterday for Pelotas, Brazil, with 1,955 barrels of flour, valued at $9,069.63, shipped by the Gallego Mills.

It is stated that Mr. Thomas, the general manager of the Richmond and Danville railroad system, has resigned to accept another position and that he will be succeeded in office by Major Randolph.

Last night Joseph Murry and John Ward, whose actions aroused the suspicions of the police, were arrested as suspicious characters and locked up in the Second police station. They were arrested near a jewelry store on Main street above the post-office.

At the call of its recently-elected chaplain, Rev. George E. Johnson, the First battalion Virginia colored volunteers will parade to-morrow in full uniform and then march to Ebenezer church at 2½ o'clock to hear a discourse, which will be delivered by Rev. Richard Wells.

There is every indication of a rush for seats at the Talmage lecture. The committee have been asked for the privilege of marking off seats before the time advertised, but have declined to do so. The box-sheet will be opened Monday and no seats will be reserved until then. All will have an equal show.

As compared with the records of western thermometers our climate is delicious and spring-like. While we hear of 30° to 60° below zero out there, the mercury in this section has not fallen lower than 11° above zero (December 11th) this winter, and on only two other days has it fallen as low as 14°.

Mercury Dropping.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., January 20.—A Brown's Valley (Minn.) special says: "We have been blockaded for three weeks. Unless a train comes in with fuel within two days there will be serious suffering here and all about. There is no wood or coal in the market. There is more suffering in the country than in the town. The opinion is general that the railroad authorities have been very remiss in thus delaying the opening of the road. Men are working towards us from Morris, but none are put on at this end of the line."

LINCOLN, NEB., January 20.—At 7 o'clock this morning the mercury was 16° below zero, the sky clear, and no snow. A hundred miles west there was a local snow-storm that delays the trains somewhat. No usual suffering accompanies this dip.

QUINCY, ILL., January 20.—The mercury took another sudden tumble last night, and at 6 o'clock this morning was 8° below zero. Trains are running regularly on all the railroads, and there has been but little delay to-day. Thus far there have been no fatalities from cold in this locality.

MUSCATINE, IA., January 20.—The mercury dropped to 10° below zero this morning. There is no storm as yet and trains are running on time.

NOT A GENUINE BLIZZARD.

ST. PAUL, January 20.—Specials to the *Pioneer Press* indicate that yesterday's storm in Southern Dakota and Minnesota, while severe and accompanied by extreme cold, is not to be classed as a genuine blizzard, and is not likely to be followed by the disastrous consequences of its immediate predecessor. It has, however, had the effect of again filling up cuts and temporarily suspending railway traffic just beginning to be resumed.

A Heavy Loss in Shipping.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BOSTON, January 20.—Captain Samuel Watts, of this city, one of the heaviest owners of shipping in the United States, has been especially unfortunate in the past few weeks, having lost three fine ships in rapid succession—the Alfred Watts, from Philadelphia for Hiogo, with twenty-seven men; the Alfred D. Snow, lost on the Irish coast while bound for Queenstown, with cargo and crew; and the ship John T. Berry, from Philadelphia for Hiogo, burned at sea, eleven men being missing. The cost of these vessels was not less than $10,000 each.

THE SECOND DAY

OF THE WAGE-WORKERS' CONVENTION AT STAUNTON.

Inspection of Fish and Flour—Convict Labor—The Blair Bill—Election of Officers.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

STAUNTON, VA., January 20.—The Labor convention reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Tucker presented a resolution recommending to the Legislature the continuation of the laws requiring the inspection of fish and flour.

Mr. Leftwich, of Lynchburg, made a long speech referring to the adulteration of goods, and citing special brands of flour made for the wealthy in which there was no adulteration, whilst the poor, who had to buy cheap flour, were imposed on. He knew a firm that had shipped three thousand barrels of flour to Europe which was returned to them and rejected because it contained barytes. He had much to say of the ways in which food was adulterated.

The resolution was adopted.

A number of resolutions were adopted asking for legislation, as follows:

By Mr. Chappel, of Richmond: To regulate the employment of children in factories and workshops. Mr. Leftwich wanted tobacco factories excepted, and asked a colored delegate if it was not best for them that it should be so, as children in tobacco-factories worked under the supervision of their parents. The colored delegate replied that he preferred the resolution as presented. Also, by Mr. Chappel, to require all goods manufactured by convict labor to be stamped as such.

By Mr. Conway, of Henrico: To require chartered organizations to pay their labor in currency twice monthly.

By Downing, a colored delegate: For establishing high schools in each county to which pupils can be sent after passing through the common schools and receive a more advanced and practical education.

Resolutions were adopted approving the Blair educational bill and invoking the aid of the Virginia members of Congress in securing it as a law. Congress is to be memorialized for the purpose of establishing a Government telegraph system; to prohibit Mongolian and restrict pauper labor of all countries settling in our country.

A committee was appointed to prepare a constitution and by-laws for the State organization adopted yesterday and to report at the next meeting. This was turned over to Nos. 84 and 92 Assemblies of Knights of Labor, in Richmond.

A resolution of thanks to the members of the Legislature who were siding workingmen in bettering their condition was adopted.

The officers for the State organization were then elected, as follows: L. Clarke Leftwich, Lynchburg, president; B. M. Smith, Staunton, first vice-president; J. W. Hill (colored), Manchester, second vice-president; L. A. Tucker, Richmond, secretary; W. R. Beeton, Lexington, sergeant-at-arms; J. A. Shuey, Staunton, treasurer.

The next session will be held in Lynchburg the first Tuesday in August. The plan of organization adopted yesterday admits farmers and all wage-earners.

It was provided that a committee should take charge of all the subjects for legislation and put them in shape for this purpose.

On motion of Mr. Duncan, of Richmond, thanks were returned to the citizens of Staunton for their courtesies and to the press for attention received from its representatives.

PETERSBURG.

Hustings Court Proceedings—Personal and News Notes.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

PETERSBURG, January 20, 1888.

In the Hustings Court to-day the grand jury found two indictments against Mr. James E. Justice for running a game of chance called "the miniature race-course." Hon. John S. Wise is counsel for Mr. Justice, and it is understood that when the case comes up for trial next week the "race course," which has for some time been held in the custody of the High Constable, will be brought into the court-room and operated for the edification of the court and jury to enable them to decide whether or not it comes under the law prohibiting gambling.

Instead of bringing in a presentment against the city the grand jury to-day submitted to the court a paper calling the attention of the proper authorities to the bad condition of the streets, street-crossings, &c., and also to the condition of the track of the street railway in many places, which is so much washed and worn between the rails as to prevent the crossing of vehicles. The Common Council will, of course, take the hint.

Among the latest additions to the Bar of Virginia is ex-Congressman James D. Brady. The Colonel has of late been living quietly at his home on High street, but it is learned that he recently went before three of the Supreme Court judges and passed a highly successful examination.

On dit, that a prominent and popular citizen of one of the neighboring counties—well known all over the State—is to be married early in the coming month to a lovely young lady—resident of an adjacent State. Among the many friends of the gentleman the report has excited a great deal of interest.

As showing the increasing popularity of the electric light here some seven or eight drugstores are now using it exclusively. In fact the demand exceeds the ability of the company to supply the light.

Freights to and from the northern cities continue heavy. The usual January dulness with the railroads is "conspicuous by its absence." It is conceded that the general trade of our city up to date exceeds by double that of any previous January.

It was hoped that Frederick Warde, who is very popular in Petersburg, would give us one night of tragedy, but it seems he is to give our new theatre the "go by" on this campaign.

The tobacco receipts continue light. The roads are so bad that the farmers cannot haul it to market. Most of the weed now coming in arrives by railroad.

For What It is Worth.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA., January 20.—The *Item* this evening published an interview with Colonel David A. Windsor, ex-postmaster and Mahoneite. Among other things it says: "In referring to the presidential election he said Blaine would be the Republican and Cleveland the Democratic candidate. When the reporter suggested that Mahone was a Sherman man, Colonel Windsor said General Mahone would be for the man that the Republicans of Virginia preferred. He said he had written to General Mahone and told him to drop politics and go into a business enterprise which would pay better than politics, and in this connection, he said, General Mahone and himself would go to Mexico in February and start their machinery, which is now there, for the reduction of silver ore, and which they expect to make a big thing out of."

Refused to Give Them Up.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CHARLESTON, WEST VA., January 20.—Kent Dodd and R. W. Brown, who were arrested here last week charged with having run away with $1,700 which they won at a game of cards in Jeffersonville, Va., were released from custody to-day. Governor Wilson refused to honor the requisition of Governor Lee, on the grounds that the prisoners were not wanted by the Virginia authorities for prosecution, but that they were to be taken back in order that proceedings might be instituted for the recovery of the amount won. Evidence was submitted proving this. Considerable interest was manifested in the case, as this is the first requisition from the mother State which Governor Wilson has refused to honor. District-Attorney C. C. Watts and others were counsel for the prisoners; Kenna and Chilton for the Virginia officers.

STRONG-ARMED MISS LESLIE.

How She Captured Mr. Lawson's Thirteen Silver Dollars.

[New York World.]

A novel case came before Justice White at the Jefferson-Market Court yesterday. On Tuesday last a tall, fine-looking young man applied to the Justice for a summons to compel Frank D. Lawson and Amanda Leslie to appear in court. He told the Justice that these people had swindled him out of thirteen dollars. The papers were issued and were made returnable yesterday.

Soon after the court opened Frank D. Lawson and Amanda Leslie were called. A well-built, respectable-looking young man answered to the former name. With him was a pretty blonde-haired girl. This was Miss Leslie. A neatly fitting dress displayed her shapely figure. She seemed perfectly self-possessed. The man who had asked for the summons came forward at Justice White's bidding. He said:

"My name is David E. Duclose. I have an office at 795 Broadway, which is also occupied by Mr. Lawson. One day last week I offered to bet Mr. Lawson that he could not hold thirteen silver dollars in his outstretched hand for twenty-five minutes. He said he could not, but Miss Leslie could. She took the money, held it out for a few minutes, and then put it in her pocket. I have not seen it since."

"Well, what have you got to say to that?" said the Justice, smiling, as he looked towards Lawson.

"Your Honor, the facts of the case are these: Miss Leslie is employed by my mother and myself as a knitter. The exercise has made her strong in the arms. On the day mentioned by Mr. Duclose he had just received some money by express. Some of it was in silver. He took a number of silver dollars and, holding them out, said: 'I will give these to any one who can hold them for twenty-five minutes in their outstretched hand.' I had seen Miss Leslie hold out her hand one day in fun for twenty-four minutes and thought she could do it, so I turned round and said, 'Miss Leslie, there's a chance for you to make some money.' 'Do you mean it?' she said to Duclose. 'Yes, certainly,' he replied, and he counted the thirteen dollars into her hand. He took out his watch and began to time her. About eight minutes passed by and then another expressman came in. Mr. Duclose signed the book and then walked over to Miss Leslie and took hold of her hand and pulled it down. 'Oh, you can't hold it,' he said."

"He took hold of her hand?" asked Justice White.

"Yes, and then I said: 'Hold on; that's not fair. The money is hers.' When I said that she put it in her pocket and Mr. Duclose got mad. He said he would get square, and the next thing I knew I got a summons."

Miss Leslie corroborated Mr. Lawson's story, and said that afterwards, to see how long she could hold the money, she took it in her hand and held it out twenty-seven minutes.

"I shall have to dismiss the complaint," said the Justice to Duclose. "If you want redress you will have to institute a civil suit."

Miss Leslie smiled and courtesied to the Judge as she left the court. The tall complainant walked after her with a gloomy countenance.

Mr. Lawson, who is studying medicine in addition to assisting his mother to run the knitting business on Broadway, lives at No. 209 Ninth street. To a *World* man last night he said: "I was surprised at Mr. Duclose's action. He has always been friendly to us. It was his own proposition that he was beaten at, and he takes his defeat with poor grace. I claimed that Miss Leslie had won the money fairly and was entitled to it."

"Yes," chimed in Mrs. Lawson, a gray-haired lady, "Frank did right, I think, in telling Miss Leslie to keep the money after winning it. Why, Miss Leslie would have gladly returned the money, as she dislikes notoriety, but Mr. Duclose has taunted her about it, and she intends now to keep him to the letter of his bargain."

Both Mrs. Lawson and her son declared last night that they would see justice done to Miss Leslie.

SARAH'S DANGEROU