NO NOMINATION.

The Caldron Still Simmering at Chicago.

ADJOURNED TO MONDAY.

This a Surprise to All Sides.

THE SITUATION UNCHANGED.

A Lassitude in the Crowds at Hotels.

A CONFERENCE.

The Policy of the Blaine Men.

TWO BALLOTS TAKEN.

Harrison Booked to Be On the Ticket—Expecting to Get Through Monday.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, June 23.—The adjournment this evening was a surprise to all sides and a source of disgust to many, but it was the result of the conviction of Blaine's more conservative friends that every possible opportunity should be given the other candidates to develop their fullest strength. The situation to-night is absolutely unchanged, and there is a lassitude in the crowds around the principal hotels, which augurs a foregone conclusion. Harrison is booked as certain to be on the ticket with Blaine, and no one expects even this most deliberative of bodies to prolong the session beyond Monday.

CALLED TO ORDER.

The Morning Session—Two Ballots Taken.

[By Associated Press.]

CHICAGO, June 23.—The convention was called to order at 10:08, but it was not until two minutes later, when the proceedings were formally opened by Chairman Estee calling upon Senator Warner Miller, of New York, to preside over its deliberations.

Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, delivered the invocation.

Mr. Lewis, of Kentucky, rising to a question of privilege said he had been announced as voting on the third ballot yesterday for Alger, when, as a matter of fact, he voted for Gresham. The Chair said that correction would be made.

The Pennsylvania delegation came into the hall and yielded, after a long wrangle, to Quay's desire that they should hold on to Sherman for two more ballots. A great majority of the delegation also proposed to vote for adjournment after the second ballot.

THE BALLOTING.

The convention proceeded to ballot. When Connecticut was reached one vote was cast for McKinley, of Ohio. As soon as the announcement was made Mr. McKinley was seen to rise in his seat, and amid most impressive silence proceeded to make a statement. He was greeted with a storm of applause. He said:

"I am heroic one of the chosen representatives of my State. I am here by a resolution of the Republican Convention passed without one dissenting voice commanding me to cast my vote for John Sherman and use every worthy endeavor for his nomination. I accepted the trust because my heart and judgment were in accord with the letter and spirit and purpose of that resolution. It has pleased certain delegates to cast their votes for me. I am not insensible to the honor they would do me, but in the presence of the duty resting upon me I cannot remain silent with honor. I cannot consistently with the credit of the State whose credentials I bear and which has trusted me—I cannot with honorable fidelity to John Sherman, who has trusted me in his cause and with his confidence—I cannot consistent with my own views of my personal integrity consent or seem to consent to permit my name to be used as a candidate before this convention.

"I would not respect myself if I could find it in my heart to do, to say, or permit it to be done, that which could even be ground for any one to suspect that I wavered in loyalty to Ohio or my devotion to the chief of her choice and the chief of mine. I do request—I demand—that no delegate who would not cast reflection upon me shall cast a ballot for me."

Mr. McKinley spoke earnestly and with emphasis. He was evidently sincere, and the convention at the conclusion of his little speech graciously applauded.

The ballot was then proceeded with without further incident until Illinois was reached, when a break of three votes from Gresham to Harrison created a sensation, and was received with mingled demonstrations of hisses and applause.

When New York was reached the galleries hissed. After the vote of the State giving Harrison fifty-nine votes one of the delegates demanded a poll of the delegation. The poll showed no change in the vote.

As the ballot proceeded there was shown, in addition to the expected gain for Harrison, a very decided growth in Alger's vote, which comes chiefly from the South. The Pennsylvania vote stuck by Sherman, he getting 53 of the 60 votes from that State. This was a part of the Quay programme to beat Harrison. Wisconsin's votes swung to Harrison.

The ballot resulted as follows [official]: Alger, 135; Allison, 88; Gresham, 98; Harrison, 217; Sherman, 255; Blaine, 42; McKinley, 11; Lincoln, 1; Douglas, 1; Foraker, 1.

THE SECOND BALLOT.

The convention then proceeded to another ballot.

When the State of Virginia was called a call of the roll of delegates was demanded, which resulted as follows: Mahone, O'Connor, Wise, Houston, Hines, Brown, and Bryant for Harrison; Watts, Allen, Harris, Foster, Lee, Gee, Langston, Wood, and French for Sherman; Libbey, Riddleberger, and Lewis for Allison; Scott, Pettibone, and Jackson for Alger, and Frazier for Blaine.

The second ballot resulted as follows: Sherman, 224; Harrison, 213; Gresham, 87; Blaine, 48; McKinley, 14; Allison, 99; Alger, 142.

A RECESS TAKEN.

After the second ballot had been taken Governor Foster, of Ohio, moved a recess until 4 o'clock this afternoon, and his motion was seconded by Mr. Duffield, of Virginia.

On behalf of New Jersey, Senator Sewall demanded a roll-call, which was immediately proceeded with.

The roll-call on the question of taking a recess resulted as follows: Alabama, 19 Ayes, 1 No; Arkansas, 14 Ayes; California, 16 Ayes; Colorado, 6 Ayes; Connecticut, 12 Ayes; Delaware, 5 Ayes, 1 No; Florida, 8 Ayes; Georgia, 23 Ayes, 1 No; Illinois, 33 Ayes, 11 Noes; Indiana, 28 Ayes, 2 Noes; Iowa, 26 Ayes; Kansas, 18 Ayes; Kentucky, 17 Ayes, 9 Noes; Louisiana, 16 Ayes; Maine, 12 Ayes; Maryland, 14 Ayes, 2 Noes; Massachusetts, 22 Ayes, 6 Noes; Michigan, 26 Ayes; Minnesota, 13 Ayes, 1 No; Mississippi, 18 Ayes; Missouri, 26 Ayes, 5 Noes.

When Missouri was reached in the call of States it was so evident that the motion would carry that Senator Sewall withdrew his demand for the roll-call and the convention adjourned until 4 o'clock.

Yesterday's Ballots in Detail.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The following is the fourth ballot (official) in detail (the first of to-day):

Alabama—Alger, 19; Sherman, 8; Harrison, 1.
Arkansas—Alger, 14.
California—Blaine, 16.
Colorado—Gresham, 6; Allison, 2; Harrison, 1.
Connecticut—Gresham, 4; Alger, 1; McKinley, 1; Allison, 6.
Delaware—Harrison, 5; Gresham, 1.
Florida—Alger, 4; Gresham, 2; Sherman, 2.
Georgia—Lincoln, 1; Gresham, 1; Harrison, 2; Sherman, 19.
Illinois—Gresham, 41; Harrison, 4.
Indiana—Harrison, 30.
Iowa—Allison, 26.
Kansas—Gresham, 8; Allison, 2; Harrison, 8; Blaine, 5.
Kentucky—Alger, 3; Allison, 2; Sherman, 10; Harrison, 6; Gresham, 2; Blaine, 1; Frederick Douglass, 1; Foraker, 1.
Louisiana—Alger, 3; Sherman, 9; Allison, 2; Gresham, 2.
Maine—Sherman,—; Allison, 4; Alger, 3; Harrison, 2; Gresham, 1.
Maryland—Sherman, 6; Harrison, 6; Allison, 2.
Massachusetts—Gresham, 1; Allison, 2; McKinley, 2; Sherman, 7; Harrison, 8; Alger, 3.
Michigan—Alger, 18.
Minnesota—Alger, 2; Gresham, 5; Harrison, 7.
Mississippi—Blaine, 1; Gresham, 3; Sherman, 14.
Missouri—Gresham, 11; Alger, 13; Harrison, 3; Sherman, 2; Allison, 1; Blaine, 1.
Nebraska—Alger, 2; Allison, 5; Sherman, 3.
Nevada—Alger, 4; Allison, 2.
New Hampshire—Gresham, 1; Allison, 1; Alger, 1; Harrison, 5.
New Jersey—Gresham, 2; Harrison, 7; Sherman, 2; McKinley, 4; Allison, 3.
New York—Alger, 3; Allison, 1; Harrison, 59; Sherman, 1; Blaine, 8.
North Carolina—Alger, 6; Gresham, 1; Harrison, 2; Sherman, 15.
Ohio—Sherman, 46.
Oregon—Gresham, 4; Harrison, 1; Blaine, 1.
Pennsylvania—Harrison, 7; Sherman, 53.
Rhode Island—Allison, 8.
South Carolina—Harrison, 2; Sherman, 6; Alger, 10.
Tennessee—Allison, 1; Harrison, 2; Blaine, 4; Sherman, 8; Alger, 9.
Texas—Allison, 9; Alger, 3; Blaine, 1; Gresham, 3; McKinley, 2; Harrison, 1; Sherman, 7.
Vermont—Harrison, 8.
Virginia—Alger, 2; Allison, 3; Sherman, 10; Harrison, 7; Blaine, 2.
West Virginia—Alger, 2; Blaine, 2; Harrison, 3; Sherman, 2; McKinley, 3.
Wisconsin—Harrison, 20; Gresham, 2.
Arizona—Alger, 2.
Dakota—Sherman, 1; Gresham, 1; Allison, 3; Harrison, 5.
District of Columbia—Blaine, 2.
Idaho—Allison, 1; Gresham, 1.
Montana—Gresham, 1; Allison, 1.
New Mexico—Alger, 1; Sherman, 1.
Utah—Allison, 2.
Washington Territory—Alger, 3; Gresham, 2; Harrison, 1.
Wyoming—Sherman, 2.
Total—Blaine, 48; Alger, 142; Allison, 99; Harrison, 213; Gresham, 87; Sherman, 224; McKinley, 14.

THE EVENING SESSION.

No Further Balloting—An Adjournment Till Monday Morning.

The unsuccessful balloting of this morning's session had the effect only of intensifying the interest in the proceedings of the convention when it was called to order after the recess. The galleries were filled early, and in the space reserved for delegates the hum of conversation was incessant. Hardly had the gavel of the chairman fallen upon the desk when Mr. King, of Maryland, moved that the convention adjourn until 11 o'clock Monday morning. The Chair decided that the roll of States must be called.

When it was apparent that the motion to adjourn had prevailed a delegate from Alabama arose and inquired whether railroad tickets which expired by limitation to-day would be extended. In response the chairman, whose voice is still weak, directed the secretary to state that the tickets would be good till the convention adjourned *sine die*, and when the secretary, by an inadvertence, spoke about railroad passes the convention realized the ludicrousness of the slip and applauded and laughed vigorously.

The chairman then announced the vote to stand—yeas, 456; nays, 322, and the convention accordingly adjourned to meet Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

The Adjournment Ballot.

The following is the detailed ballot on the motion to adjourn to Monday:

Alabama: 16 Ayes, 4 Noes.
Arkansas: 14 Ayes.
California: 16 Ayes.
Colorado: 6 Ayes.
Connecticut: 6 Ayes, 5 Noes.
Delaware: 2 Ayes, 4 Noes.
Florida: 8 Ayes.
Georgia: 22 Ayes, 1 No.
Illinois: 37 Ayes, 7 Noes.
Indiana: 30 Noes.
Iowa: 26 Ayes.
Kansas: 18 Ayes.
Kentucky: 4 Ayes, 16 Noes.
Louisiana: 16 Ayes.
Maine: 12 Ayes.
Maryland: 14 Ayes, 2 Noes.
Massachusetts: 14 Ayes, 12 Noes.
Michigan: 26 Noes.
Minnesota: 14 Noes.
Mississippi: 14 Ayes, 4 Noes.
Missouri: 15 Ayes, 13 Noes.
Nebraska: 10 Ayes.
Nevada: 6 Ayes.
New Hampshire: 1 Aye, 7 Noes.
New Jersey: 18 Ayes.
New York: 72 Noes.
North Carolina: 12 Ayes, 10 Noes.
Ohio: 33 Ayes, 8 Noes.
Oregon: 7 Noes.
Pennsylvania: 55 Ayes, 5 Noes.
Rhode Island: 6 Ayes, 2 Noes.
South Carolina: 18 Ayes.
Tennessee: 17 Ayes, 4 Noes.
Texas: 20 Ayes.
Vermont: 8 Noes.
Virginia: 10 Ayes, 14 Noes.
West Virginia: 1 Aye, 9 Noes.
Wisconsin: 4 Ayes, 14 Noes.
Arizona: 2 Ayes.
Dakota: 10 Noes.
District of Columbia: 2 Ayes.
Idaho: 2 Noes.
Montana: 2 Ayes.
New Mexico: 2 Noes.
Utah: 2 Ayes.
Washington Territory: 2 Ayes, 4 Noes.
Wyoming: 2 Noes.
Totals: Ayes, 496; Noes, 322.

A CONFERENCE.

The Movement Against Harrison—Blaine the Probability.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The conference committee that met at the Grand Pacific last night and remained in session until nearly 4 o'clock this morning assembled immediately after the recess to-day in Parlor 3 of the Grand Pacific Hotel. There was a large representation, comprising the representatives of the Alger, Blaine, Allison, Sherman, and Hawley forces. This meeting was originally called for the purpose of defeating the Harrison movement. To-day they really did not know the object of their meeting, as Harrison had been practically defeated by the adjournment yesterday. However, after various speakers had addressed the meeting upon the impossibility of nominating any man but Blaine, they appointed a committee to take the situation into consideration and to present to the conference committee a ticket which, if the members saw fit, they could report back to their delegations with the recommendation that they support it. A committee of ten was appointed representing different factions, consisting of Colonel Davis and Senator Farwell in behalf of Gresham, M. H. DeYoung for the Blaine movement, Hubbel and Clarkson for Allison, Duffield for Alger, and Governor Foster and Benjamin Butterworth for Sherman.

The conference then adjourned until 2:30 and the committee immediately went into session, notifying Senators Hoar and Quay to be present. Senator Quay did not immediately put in an appearance. The first action taken was by Senator Farwell who, after complimenting Judge Gresham, said for the sake of harmony he would withdraw his name. Governor Foster then addressed the meeting in behalf of John Sherman as the easiest man that the committee could report in favor of.

At the conclusion of Governor Foster's remarks Mr. Duffield addressed the committee in favor of Alger.

Clarkson was then called upon, and he very strongly urged the claims of Allison.

M. H. DeYoung being called on stated to the committee that he thought they were not there to listen to the praises of the different candidates, but to decide upon the man that was most available and who could carry the country for the party; that the better plan would be to examine into the merits and demerits of the different candidates. Mr. DeYoung stated to the committee the objections urged by the representatives from the Pacific coast to two or three of the candidates, setting forth their weakness, and concluded by saying that there was no necessity of setting forth the claims and availability of Blaine, as everybody was too well acquainted with him to require that.

At this moment Senator Quay came into the room. He stated to the committee that New York decided to support Blaine, and he could not see how the nomination of Blaine could possibly be avoided. He felt that the majority of the convention would be in favor of it. The chairman (Senator Farwell) stated that in any event it was the duty of the committee to recommend the name of some candidate for the conference to support as a body, and the name of Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, was proposed. The committee was polled as to some of the candidates, and by a large majority decided that Sherman was out of the fight; that Blaine being a possibility with the convention, it was the duty of the committee to endeavor to select somebody outside of Blaine, and that he ought not to be considered by this committee. The result of this was a protracted discussion. An attempt was made to catechise the representatives present as to their second choice.

Mr. Duffield, the manager of the Alger forces, was asked who his delegation would support in the event that Alger was out of the way, to which he replied: "Blaine."

The question was put to Mr. DeYoung, who stated that his position was different from that of any gentleman present, his delegation supporting a candidate who, in his opinion, would be nominated. Therefore, it was ridiculous to ask him to name a second choice, especially in view of the fact that the candidates represented by other members of the committee were all practically out of the race.

At this stage of the proceedings Senator Hoar addressed the meeting and said that Blaine was very dear to the people of Massachusetts, that they thought very highly of him, and that he could undoubtedly carry his State. He thought McKinley could also carry it if he was placed at the head of the ticket.

The Ohio representatives, Governor Foster and Benjamin Butterworth, refused to consider Sherman out of the fight for all the committee had so decided. Repeated ballots were taken. On the first ballot in the committee no one candidate received over three votes. After repeated balloting McKinley received seven votes. The chairman asked DeYoung if he would recommend his delegation to support McKinley, and he replied that he would not; that his delegation had declared for the man who now held a majority vote in the convention, and it would simply be ridiculous to ask them when they had won their fight to refuse at that moment to vote for him.

There a great deal of discussion, and some who favored McKinley now objected to reporting him to the conference. Mr. Duffield said that if they reported a man it ought to be one strong enough to beat Blaine, which McKinley could not do. Another delegate stated that McKinley had this morning practically placed himself in the same position as Blaine when he got in the chair in the convention and stated that he was not a candidate for the presidency.

After some more discussion it was finally decided to report two names to the conference, and the second name chosen was Allison. The committee then adjourned to report to the conference.

When the conference had to some extent discussed the situation a motion was made that they adjourn the convention immediately on meeting this afternoon until Monday morning to give time for thoroughly discussing the situation, and it was agreed that each delegate in the conference be requested to urge his delegation to vote for an adjournment of the convention. It was so ordered.

REVIEW OF THE SITUATION.

Blaine Against the Field—Narrow Escape from a Stampede, &c.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The fifth day closed with the situation showing Blaine against the field. There was a narrow escape from a Blaine stampede in the convention at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Depew, who was responsible for the Harrison movement which yesterday gave such promise, to-day announced the failure of that movement and declared himself for Blaine. Instead of getting the nomination this morning Harrison was forced to the utmost of his strength and compelled to fall back confessedly beaten. Harrison's friends are very indignant at the manner in which he has been treated, and claim a mere pretence was made of giving him hearty support, and that from the first it was not intended by Elkins and his colleagues to permit the Hoosier's nomination. They are in an ugly mood to-night, and while confessing their favorite's defeat have no plans for the future. Probably they will swallow their disappointment with as good grace as possible and play for the second place on the ticket.

Elkins's programme of beating the regular candidates one after another, thus preparing the way for Blaine as a finality, which his previously been described in these dispatches, is being successfully carried out. Sherman fell by the wayside Friday and Harrison was beaten to-day.

SHERMAN RELIEVES HIS FOLLOWERS.

Senator John Sherman telegraphed the four Ohio delegates at large Friday evening that they could exercise their best judgment concerning future operations. To-day he telegraphed a more explicit relief of all pledges to him. Three men are talked of as being strong enough to beat the Elkins combination for Blaine. They are Gresham, Allison, and McKinley. The last named has made a fine impression upon the convention, but he is chairman of the Platform Committee, and for his fidelity to Sherman is pledged.

GRESHAM IN OPPOSITION TO BLAINE.

The friends of Gresham are making one last rally and are forcibly presenting his claims as the strongest man on whom the opposition to Blaine can unite. They claim he is the second choice of a larger number of delegates than any other man, and that he is the most available candidate. Wisconsin and Minnesota, which to-day wavered from the Gresham lines, have promised to come back Monday morning. With Harrison beaten, it is claimed that nearly the whole of Indiana will swing over to Indiana's second choice, and if Allison and Sherman will join the movement Blaine may be beaten.

Elkins claims a large majority of the convention for Blaine, and says Blaine can be nominated the moment he gives the word.

Other figures are not so favorable as these, and ex-Senator Platt, a Blaine man, has a list of the reliable Blaine delegates, prepared by his lieutenants after a personal canvass, and it contains the names of 423 persons—a bare majority of the delegates.

This afternoon's adjournment without a ballot was at first put down as an anti-Blaine victory, but the facts do not support this theory. There are good reasons for believing that Depew's abandonment of Harrison was arranged to be the signal for a Blaine stampede, but it is the policy of the Blaine forces to aid all efforts to secure delay. They say they are in no hurry to nominate Blaine, and want all the other candidates to have as good a chance and as much time as their friends may ask for. They take this position because it is their desire not only to nominate Blaine, but to nominate him in such a manner as will not have the appearance of riding over the other candidates.

BITTER FEELING AMONG THE DELEGATES.

There is no concealment of the bitter feeling prevailing to-night over the manner in which the convention is being juggled with by the friends of Blaine, who pretend to be giving the other candidates a fair chance, and at the same time take good care to defeat them one after another as they rise in prominence in the balloting. So much feeling is being engendered by these tactics, which the friends of Harrison denounce as a confidence game, making dupes of earnest men, that a revolt against the Blaine programme is threatened. Visitors disgusted with the manipulation of the convention, which brings on an adjournment without an attempt to transact business, are leaving the city, and if the feeling of antagonism among the delegates continues to grow another than Blaine may be nominated. Elkins has openly boasted of his ability to beat any candidate the opposition may put up, and also boasts of having defeated Sherman and Harrison. Elkins says there is no doubt of Blaine's acceptance if nominated.

THE OUTLOOK BETTER FOR BLAINE.

Vigorous efforts will be made between this and Monday morning to combine the field against Blaine, but nothing will be decided upon till to-morrow night. The present outlook is that Allison, Gresham, or McKinley will take the lead. The current prediction to-night is that Blaine will be nominated Monday, possibly after a conference with the representatives of the defeated candidates, at which a letter or telegram from Blaine will be read.

THE SITUATION AT MIDNIGHT.

CHICAGO, June 23.—At midnight Blaine's managers here are very confident that their candidate will be nominated on the second ballot taken on Monday. They say, however, that they are in no hurry about it, as they are sure that the result they desire will be brought about eventually. The subcommittee appointed by the conference of the friends of the different candidates had another meeting to-night, at which all the gentlemen named in previous reports of the meeting were present, with the exception of Senator Hoar. The situation was fully discussed, but nothing of importance was done beyond the appointment of a committee of two to confer with the New York delegation and report to the committee tomorrow evening.

NEW YORK FOR BLAINE.

At a meeting of the New York delegation to-night that State by a vote of 65 to 7 decided to vote for Blaine on Monday. The Californians are highly elated over the outlook for the success of their campaign, and the nomination of Blaine, if it be accomplished, is certainly due to their persistent efforts. This is recognized by the leading political managers here.

When the sub-committee was about to adjourn at midnight one of the members jokingly moved that after the nominations were made a member make it a point to wait on the California delegation and inquire if there was anything else they required.

SHERMAN'S REPORTED WITHDRAWAL.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Notwithstanding the efforts to the contrary on the part of that wing of the Ohio delegation led by Congressman Butterworth, ex-Governor Foster, and Mark Hanna, the principal topic of conversation in the hotels to-night was the rumor that Senator Sherman had withdrawn from the contestland instructed his friends to cast the vote of Ohio for McKinley. It was said on the best authority that Murat Halstead had been in telegraphic communication with the Ohio candidate, in which the latter had been asked to withdraw his name, and that he had complied. Several others deny the reception of any such withdrawal and insist that Senator Sherman is still in the field.

FORAKER FOR BLAINE.

Governor Foraker being interviewed said: "Senator Sherman is no longer a presidential possibility as far as this convention is concerned. I have done my full duty by him in his candidacy. I have been just as faithful, if not more so, and equally as conscientious as many members of the delegation to further his and Ohio's interests, but, as I say, he is practically out of the question, and my support ceases from now on. Almost 50 per cent. of my delegation are for Blaine, and when the convention meets Monday morning I shall vote with those delegates for Blaine's nomination. I am a free lance from now on, and I shall take care of Ohio's interest now as I have always done in the past."

"Governor, will the remainder of the Ohio delegation adhere to Mr. Sherman?"

"As to that I could not say, but I don't believe they will. They may for the first ballot, but of their course after that I am unable to speak."

"How about the candidacy of Mr. McKinley?"

"I don't believe McKinley is as yet in business for himself. He is for Sherman."

"Will you support McKinley in case he becomes Ohio's candidate?"

"Well, I'll have to see McKinley first and before Ohio presents him as its candidate I'll be around with a suggestion perhaps."

AUGUSTA COUNTY.

Staunton Democrats—A New Church—Crops.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

STAUNTON, VA., June 23, 1888.

There is no want of unity nor lack of enthusiasm with the Democrats in this city and county as the time arrives for organization and full preparation for the canvass just opening. Whilst the old men are zealous and full of fire, it is remarked on all sides that the young men never were in finer trim. Many who will cast their first vote this fall have manifested a desire a become actively engaged, and that spirit is exercising a good influence with all. The party is united to a man, and indications point very clearly to the desire of some who have been in the Republican camp to come over on the other side.

Last night the Democrats were out in force for the purpose of forming a club, which was organized as the Staunton Democratic Club. The plan is to concentrate for our city work in one strong organization that will be complete for thorough effort in every detail, and that plan was fully mapped out last night. The leadership was given to young men. Mr. Allen Caperton Braxton is president and Mr. John Harmon is secretary, both enthusiastic young men who are supported by other officers and committees who will do their whole duty. Mr. Braxton, I was about to remark, is one of our most rapidly rising young members of the bar, but it had better be said he is already in the front rank of his profession. Personally and in enlisting others for the work in hand, by his ability as a speaker, popular manners, and genial intercourse, the president of the club is the right man in the right place, and the result of the canvass will prove it.

On Sunday the 8th of July there will be an occasion of church interest in the county which will draw a large assemblage together. Lyndhurst station, on the Shenandoah-Valley railroad, is five miles south of Waynesboro', in the picturesque and fertile valley of South river. The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, denomination have erected in the growing village a new and very pretty church, and the dedication of it will come off at the time named. Rev. Samuel K. Cox, D. D., the stationed minister of that denomination at Harrisonburg, will deliver the dedicatory sermon at the morning services and also preach in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Heretofore the churches at Washington and Baltimore have claimed the whole time of this eminent minister, but at the last session of the Baltimore Conference he was stationed at Harrisonburg.

Clover-hay making is going on vigorously. The wheat harvest has commenced, but next week it will be general, and according to prospects there never was before a larger or finer average crop in Augusta county and the Valley generally. CAXTON.

DANVILLE.

Did Not Appear—The Tobacco Market.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

DANVILLE, VA., June 23.—The Danville *Watchman* failed to make its appearance this afternoon and will not be published again. C. F. King, the editor, left town several days ago and has gone to Greensboro'.

A meeting of the school trustees was held to-day, and teachers for the coming session were elected. A meeting of citizens will be held Monday to organize a humane society.

The weather is still very hot here, and no rain of consequence as yet.

There was a notable falling off in the price of leaf tobacco during the closing days of the week. All went well until Wednesday, when prices on all grades except fine wrappers dropped, and the market was several points lower to-day than a week ago. Tobacco-men do not think the decline in prices permanent, but attribute the decline to local causes, and believe the market will rally next week. The manufacturers have had another good week, and report sales of 110,000 pounds. Sales of tobacco-stamps, $7,658.

Encampment of the Third Virginia Regiment.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., June 23, 1888.

Eight companies of the Third Virginia regiment, numbering about 350, will go into encampment here Monday the 25th. The Stonewall Brigade Band, of Staunton, will arrive in this city on Monday morning at 11:40, and they with the resident company (D) will escort the visiting companies to the camp. All of the companies are expected to arrive at the Virginia Midland Junction by 1 P. M. Monday. They will assemble in a grove near by, when the address of welcome will be made by Hon. James L. Gordon. They will then be marched to camp where a dinner will be served them by the City Board of Improvements.

The camp and drill-grounds are situated just outside of the city in a beautiful and shady grove.

Our citizens are very busy decorating; the houses and store fronts will soon be literally covered with flags, banners, streamers, buntings, bandanas, &c. Pictures of Cleveland and Thurman can be seen everywhere. W.

Hampton Happenings.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

HAMPTON, VA., June 23, 1888.

Mr. H. O. Williams, State secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, was in town on last Thursday in the interest of an organization for this town, and made an earnest appeal in that direction at the Baptist church at night. Much interest seemed to be manifested and a committee of prominent gentlemen were appointed to solicit funds for the worthy object. Another meeting is to be held at the same place on next Thursday night.

Mr. S. R. Donohoe, of the *Fairfax Herald*, is in town, also Dr. W. R. Vaughan, who is in bad health.

Dr. J. T. Boutelle is visiting in Boston.

Nearly all of the dry goods, clothing, and shoe stores in town now close at 7 P. M., so as to give their employés a breathing spell this hot weather. PAUL.

Hot Weather in New York.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, June 23.—The thermometer registered at 3:30 P. M. to-day 88°. There were thirty prostrations from the heat, six cases being fatal. In Brooklyn there were ten cases and one death.

Get rid of that tired feeling as quick as possible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives strength, a good appetite, and health.

FOR GETTYSBURG.

A LARGE CROWD TO GO FROM NORFOLK.

New York Printers on an Excursion—Overboard and Could Not Swim—Personal Notes.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, June 23, 1888.

A much larger number of Confederate veterans from this section will go to Gettysburg to the approaching reunion than went last July. Pickett-Buchanan Camp, of this city, and Stonewall Camp, of Portsmouth, will go as camps in uniform. Quite a number of other persons of this vicinity will avail themselves of the reduced rates to visit the historic battlefield.

A party of twenty-five compositors of the New York dailies will be here to-morrow on an excursion trip, and will be entertained by Norfolk Typographical Union and taken to Virginia Beach.

The large iron bridge across the Southern branch for the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company is now being erected by the Phœnix Iron-Works, of Baltimore. Two of the workmen who could not swim were thrown overboard yesterday, and were only saved by planks being thrown to them.

This week's was the largest week's shipment of Southwest Virginia coal ever made from the Lambert's Point piers, being 11,244 tons. The total amount shipped from the piers since September 1st is 631,582 tons, which is an immense increase this year, and shows that the coal trade of this port is advancing steadily and substantially.

The British bark Harvester, which was blown ashore at Ocean View and gotten off and brought to Berkley and again blown ashore in the March gales, is again afloat.

The negro Andrew Cotten, arrested for killing Freeman Williams at Wood's Ferry, in Bertie county, N. C., was examined before Justice Cooke and committed to jail to await the action of the North Carolina authorities.

An active sanitary inspection of the city by the police is being prosecuted by the Mayor.

Professor Thomas M. Colston, of Texas, is here visiting his sister, Mrs. C. R. Howard, on Freemason street.

The truckers continue very apprehensive that drought will materially injure the maturing crops. The tomato crop is seriously suffering, and was already one half short.

AUCTION SALES—Future Days.

By Sampson & Adamson,
Real Estate Auctioneers and Insurance Agents,
813 Hull street, Manchester, Va.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF A DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT FRONTING ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF DECATUR STREET BETWEEN SIXTEENTH AND SEVENTEENTH STREETS, MANCHESTER, VA.—By virtue of a deed of trust from Helen Richards and her trustee, dated December 26, 1885, and duly recorded in Deed-Book 96, page 498, in the clerk's office of the Hustings Court of the city of Manchester, default having been made in the payment of a certain bond secured thereby, and being so required by the Mechanics' Building-Fund Company of said city, we will sell at public auction, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888,

at 5 o'clock P. M., that certain HOUSE AND LOT, being No. 28 in plan of Percival's addition, fronting 47 feet 2 inches on the south side of Decatur street as above, and running back between parallel lines 75 feet. This is a good chance for any one wanting a small home.

TERMS: Cash sufficient to pay costs of executing this trust and to pay the amount of $617.85, now due on said bond; the balance upon such terms as will be made known at sale.

C. C. MCRAE,
H. FITZGERALD,
E. W. WEISIGER,
Trustees.

SAMPSON & ADAMSON, Auctioneers. je 24

By George W. Mayo, Auctioneer,
(Jno. E. Laughton, Jr., Salesman,)
No. 24 Ninth street.

SEVEN-HORSE-POWER HORIZONTAL ENGINE, STEAM PUMP-SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, BAND- AND JIGSAW, AND OTHER MACHINERY AT AUCTION.—On

TUESDAY THE 26TH INSTANT

at 10½ o'clock I will sell at No. 1002 west Broad street, where it is stored, the following MACHINERY, which is in first-class order and ready for immediate use:

1 7-HORSE-POWER HORIZONTAL ENGINE,
1 3-INCH JUDSON GOVERNOR,
1 No. 2 EARLE STEAM-PUMP,
1 H. B. SMITH 3-SIDE MOULDER;
24 feet of 1 15-16 SHAFTING, with 5 ADJUSTABLE POST-HANGERS and 2 24-INCH PULLEYS (7-inch face), complete;
2 48-INCH PULLEYS, 2¾-inch bore, 9 and 10 inch face;
4 18-INCH PULLEYS, 1 13-16 bore, 4-inch face;
1 COMBINED BAND- AND JIG-SAW (Frank & Co. make)—used but very little.

All of this machinery is well worthy the attention of those needing it.

TERMS: At sale. GEORGE W. MAYO, Auctioneer.
je 24

By George W. Mayo, Auctioneer,
John E. Laughton, Jr., Salesman,
No. 24 Ninth street.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A LARGE STOCK OF DESIRABLE LUMBER AT AUCTION.—By virtue of a deed of trust from Joseph F. Wingfield to the undersigned as trustee, the stock having been only partially sold at former sale, I will sell at auction on

WEDNESDAY THE 27TH INSTANT,

at 11 o'clock at the lumber-yards corner Laurel and Hull and corner Henry and Broad streets, the stock of about 250,000 FEET OF DESIRABLE MERCHANTABLE LUMBER, which is too well known to builders and the trade to require any detailed description.

Fine lot of SQUARE AND ROUND CEDAR POSTS.

Also, two fine MILCH COWS.

TERMS: Cash or negotiable notes at sixty days, satisfactorily endorsed, for all sums over $100; under that amount cash at sale.

je 24 EDGAR ALLAN, Trustee.

By George W. Mayo, Auctioneer,
(John E. Laughton, Jr., Salesman,)
No. 24 Ninth street.

SPECIAL SALE OF EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SUPERB SILVER-PLATED ITEMS, CARPETS, REFRIGERATOR, &c., AT AUCTION.—On

TUESDAY THE 26TH INSTANT,

at 10½ o'clock, I will sell, for account of the family, who are removing from this city, at the residence No. 1009 east Broad street, between Ninth-teenth and Twentieth streets, an assortment of excellent HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of

1 WALNUT CHAMBER SUIT of excellent quality, with Wardrobe and Patent Spring Mattress;
1 WALNUT PARLOR SUIT, in striped repe;
WALNUT EXTENSION-TABLE ten feet long, square legs;
2 BRUSSELS CARPETS, with RUGS and MATS;
1 PORCELAIN-LINED WALNUT REFRIGERATOR;
WALNUT HALL-RACK, with large Mirror and Marble;
WALNUT MARBLE-TOP BUFFET, with Mirrors;
1 WHEELER & WILSON NO. 8 SEWING-MACHINE, as good as new;
RECLINING CHAIR, CLOCK, VASES, FIRE SCREENS, &c.
Several HANDSOMELY-BOUND BOOKS of value;
1 FRENCH PLATE MANTEL MIRROR, in walnut frame;
A large and desirable collection of FIRST-CLASS TRIPLE SILVER-PLATED WARE, consisting of 1 extra large Soup Tureen, Oval and Round Waiters, Sugar and Ice Tongs, Castors, Tea-Set complete, Pickles, Covered Bakers, Spoons, Forks, and Ladles;
CHINA, GLASSWARE, TABLEWARE, &c., &c.

The above articles are all of first-class quality and will be sold without reserve, and must be removed on day of sale.

je 24 GEORGE W. MAYO, Auctioneer.

By J. Thompson Brown & Co.,
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
1113 Main street.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—A LOT WITH A BRICK CARPENTER'S SHOP THEREON NEAR MONROE PARK, ON HENRY STREET BETWEEN MAIN AND FRANKLIN STREETS, AND ALL THE PERSONAL PROPERTY ON SAID PREMISES—WAGON, HARNESS, HORSE, TOOLS, LUMBER, HARDWARE, OFFICE FURNITURE, IRON SAFE, &c.—By virtue of a deed of trust executed to the undersigned trustee, and duly recorded in the clerk's office Chancery Court city of Richmond, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1888,

at 5 o'clock P. M., all the PROPERTY described in said deed, being a VALUABLE BUILDING LOT on the west line of Henry street between Main and Franklin streets, fronting thereon 48 feet, with a depth of 70 feet, having alleys on both sides of said lot, and on which lot is erected the substantial brick carpenter's shop of Messrs. Bell & Bowles.

After the sale of the lot I will proceed to sell all the PERSONAL PROPERTY on the premises belonging to the said Bell & Bowles, being CARPENTER'S TOOLS, A STOCK OF LUMBER, A QUANTITY OF HARDWARE, OFFICE FURNITURE, a new IRON SAFE, An excellent WORK-HORSE, A light SPRING LUMBER-WAGON, HARNESS, &c.

TERMS OF SALE: As to realty, one third cash; balance in six and twelve months, interest added, and secured by trust deed. As to personal property, all amounts under $50 cash; all over that amount a 60-day negotiable note with interest, satisfactorily endorsed.

A. R. COURTNEY, Trustee.

J. THOMPSON BROWN & CO., Auctioneers.
E. B. COOK, Salesman. je 24

By Chewning & Rose,
Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers,
No. 5 north Tenth street.

NORTH ADAMS-STREET PROPERTY.

By request of the owner we will sell by auction, upon the premises, on

THURSDAY THE 28TH DAY OF JUNE, 1888,

at 6 o'clock P. M., that FRAME DWELLING No. 519 north Adams, between Clay and Leigh streets