VIRGINIA CAMPAIGN.

M'KINNEY ADDRESSES A BIG MEETING AT CHATHAM.

The Issues of the Canvass—The People Against Mahoneism—The Negro—Other Speeches.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CHATHAM, VA., via DANVILLE, September 16.—According to appointment Captain Philip McKinney, the Democratic standard-bearer, addressed the people of Pittsylvania to-day. The large court-house at Chatham was filled with an audience representing the best and most substantial element of her people. McKinney's speech consumed about two hours, and although the weather was excessively hot not a man was seen to leave the court-room, and the most profound attention was accorded him. Captain McKinney declared that questions of State policy and a comparison of the positions of the two political parties and their records in the administration of the Commonwealth in the past were the great issue of the canvass. Tariff and other Federal questions were but minor concerns as compared to our domestic affairs. He boldly challenged the declaration of the Maine platform that widespread disaster attended Governor Lee's administration.

A TRIBUTE TO FITZ.

McKinney said that brilliant as were Fitz Lee's achievements in arms the brightest page in his history would be that which portrays his services as Governor of Virginia. But for the constitutional prohibition he (Lee) would occupy his McKinney's place to-day, and would be returned to the Governor's chair with even greater triumph than that which crowned with success his memorable canvass of four years ago.

The speaker accepted the assurances of the Mahone platform that the public might take the Republican practices in the past as an indication of what would be their performance in the future, and proceeded to show up the iniquitous measures that were attempted by the Mahone legislation of 1881 and 1882 and what would be the ominous policy of that party if it should triumph in November or if Mahone should secure a majority in the next Assembly. He also used strong language in portraying what would be the tyrannical rule of Mahone if he should be elected Governor of Virginia and secure the passage of his numerous measures for the creation of new offices, the appointment of all of which would be in his (Mahone's) hands.

THE NEGRO.

Captain McKinney declared that without the negro vote there would be practically no Republican party in Virginia, and that Mahone's hopes of election to-day depended upon the consolidation of that vote and leading it blindfold to the polls as one man against the Democratic party. He stated that it was for the best interest of the negro and essential to good government and the preservation of our civilization that the white people of this State should dominate in the government of the State. He said, however, that his feelings for the negro was of the kindest character, and that if elected Governor he would see that they were protected in the enjoyment of every right secured them under the Constitution. He gave a very cheering account of the prospects of the party, but warned the people of the danger ahead resulting from over-confidence.

THE PEOPLE AGAINST MAHONE.

He said that the great fight in this campaign was not one for the supremacy of political principles, but a struggle between the people and Mahoneism and the tyranny and corruption which that name implies, and that Mahone would wreck the Democratic or the Republican party alike if thereby he could elevate his importance or power one foot higher.

Captain McKinney's speech was delivered with all the grace of oratory for which he is so justly noted. His manly appearance and frank blue eyes seemed to impress his hearers with a sense of his honesty and sincerity, while his impassioned appeals in behalf of his party aroused the stalwart Democrats of Pittsylvania to great enthusiasm. When he left the stand numbers of voters crowded around him, grasping his hand and pledged their most hearty support.

OTHER SPEECHES.

At the conclusion of his speech the Democratic nominees for the House of Delegates made brief but very acceptable addresses.

Loud calls were then made for the Hon. R. B. Munford, of Richmond, who was present attending court. He received quite an ovation from his old constituents. He responded forcibly, presenting the issues of the campaign. His speech was pronounced by McKinney one of the best speeches that he had heard during the canvass.

By prominent politicians in the county the *Dispatch* man was told that the campaign had opened under the most favorable auspices. The Democratic candidates for the House, Messrs. James, Anderson, and Davis, are all popular men.

TYLER AT CULPEPER.

A Ringing Speech to an Enthusiastic Crowd.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CULPEPER, VA., September 16.—Major J. Hoge Tyler addressed a large audience in the Opera-House here to-day, speaking for nearly one hour and a half. He was gracefully introduced by Mr. George D. Gray, who was chairman of the meeting, and who in his remarks paid a high tribute to the Democratic nominee, and assured the audience that Major Tyler would ably and interestingly discuss the political issues of the day.

Before getting down to what he termed solid, hard facts, Major Tyler indulged in pleasantries and told several highly-amusing anecdotes, which put his hearers in a fine humor and caused a general pushing toward the stage in order to hear every word uttered.

A COMPARISON.

Major Tyler then drew comparison between the records of the Democratic and Republican parties and went as far back as Jefferson's day to show that the Democratic party had always been the friend of the people. He scored the Republicans unmercifully, proving that extravagance if not plunderers, sectional hate, and unjust legislation had brought the country to what it is to-day in the matter of trusts, monopolies, and combinations against the people. He was especially strong in showing the farmers how the public lands had been voted to gigantic corporations by Republican Congresses, and that these corporations, in violation of right and law, had organized in the western States and formed combinations in the cattle business which had literally ruined that industry, so far as Virginia was concerned.

FIGURES.

Major Tyler produced figures to prove that the Republican party was doing all it could in its national control to oppress Virginia, and scored Boss Mahone terribly for being in the league with Virginia's oppressors. Incidentally only did he touch upon race issues in Virginia.

CONFIDENT.

Major Tyler predicted the election of the Democratic ticket by a good majority and sat down amidst a ringing burst of applause. His speech was pronounced one of the finest ever heard in Culpeper.

The large audience was made up of farmers chiefly, but there was a considerable sprinkling of laborers and others, including many kickers against Mahone as well as colored Republicans. Kickers are numerous in this county, and Culpeper will show a handsome Democratic gain in November.

ANOTHER SPEECH.

General W. R. F. Lee made the closing speech. He dwelt more heavily on State issues than did Major Tyler. He said that trouble could be avoided, but plainly declared that if Mahone carried out his threats the white race in Virginia would meet any emergency and would rule the destinies of the Commonwealth, come what would.

To-day's meeting was not only largely attended but an intense interest was felt and the people of Culpeper were highly pleased with Major Tyler, who is looked upon as the champion of the farmers.

BOYKINS AND COLEMAN.

They Address a Large Meeting at Courtland.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

COURTLAND, VA., September 16.—Mr. R. S. Boykins, the Democratic candidate for the House, and Hon. Samuel Coleman, of Cumberland county, addressed a large and enthusiastic audience here to-day.

The Republicans were addressed by A. W. Harris, of Dinwiddie.

The Democrats are being thoroughly aroused and will carry Southampton by a handsome majority.

AMELIA AND NOTTOWAY.

The Democratic Convention—No Nomination.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

NOTTOWAY COUNTY, September 16, 1889.

The Democratic Convention for Amelia and Nottoway called to meet at Burkeville on the 14th to nominate a candidate for the House of Delegates met according to notice and organized with Dr. O. M. Knight in the chair.

In the absence of the Amelia delegates and on the grounds of expediency it was deemed impolitic to have a candidate in the field at this date, and the convention adjourned without making a nomination. It will convene again at another time.

Colonel O'Ferrall, who has kinfolks here, was in our county Saturday *en route* to Mecklenburg. He appeared in splendid trim and looks as aggressive as when in 1881 he demolished Cameron so thoroughly at Nottoway Courthouse. He is much endeared to our people. Z.

POLITICS IN PRINCE EDWARD.

The Democrats Meet and Organize—Pat. McCaull Appears and Addresses the Republicans.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

FARMVILLE, VA., September 16.—To-day was County-Court day for Prince Edward, and as there was not a single case of importance on the docket at an early hour his Honor Judge Watkins adjourned the court and the doors were opened to the politicians, speakers, etc. The Democrats held their meeting in pursuance of a notice given ten days ago and elected a county chairman and appointed one member of the Executive Committee from each precinct of the county, as follows: Chairman of the County Democratic Committee, Captain R. M. Burton, who succeeds the Hon. W. P. Dupuy, removed to Roanoke. Members of the Executive Committee—A. R. Venable, Jr., Dr. J. D. Eggleston, E. T. Clarke, T. J. Hix, E. L. Dupuy, Booker Hunt, and R. L. Redd. P. H. C. Rice was made secretary of the committee. The Democrats are thoroughly organizing in every precinct of old Prince Edward and the other "black belt" counties would better look to their laurels, else Prince Edward will bear them off in the approaching election. McKinney clubs are being organized for effective work in every quarter of the county, with memberships varying in numbers from 20 to 150.

THE REPUBLICANS.

To-day after the Democrats vacated the court-house Pat. McCaull was escorted to the rostrum by the county chairman, Captain E. Harris. Mr. McCaull was hero at the bidding of his master, and there was a very large and dusky assemblage to listen to his anecdotes and fun-making. Certain it is Mr. McCaull made not a single argumentative remark in his two hours of blustering. He claimed the settlement of the State debt by his party would be secured should it get control of affairs, but refused to enlighten his hearers as to how this settlement would be made for the reason that the Democrats would say "we will do the same." Mr. McCaull was not at all abusive as is the average Republican orator, and was complimentary to Captain McKinney in his every remark concerning him.

CAROLINE DEMOCRATS.

A Harmonious Convention—Nomination—Speeches.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

BOWLING GREEN, VA., September 16.—The delegates to the Democratic County Convention met here to-day and were called to order by Dr. Holloway at 12 o'clock. The names of Captain J. M. Hudgins, Captain Allensworth, and Dr. Quesenberry were placed in nomination. The latter moved that his name be withdrawn, which was done. A ballot was then taken and Captain Hudgins declared the nominee. On motion of Judge Welch Captain Hudgins's nomination was made unanimous. Speeches were made by Judge Welch, Captain Allensworth, Major Pentress, and Commonwealth's-Attorney A. R. Chandler. If the spirit that animated the convention is significant of the spirit of the party in the coming campaign we may look for the best results, for seldom has such a well-attended and harmonious nominating convention been held here. The speakers were enthusiastic and promised a cordial and active support to the ticket.

GOOCHLAND.

Colonel Tazewell Ellett Meets Van Auken.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

GOOCHLAND COUNTY, VA., Sept. 16, 1889.

The Democracy of this county turned out in more than usual force to-day. Notice having been given that Colonel Tazewell Ellett, of Richmond, would address the sovereigns on this occasion, much enthusiasm prevailed.

Quite unexpectedly it was announced that Mr. Van Auken would be glad to divide time with Colonel Ellett, which proposition was accepted. Colonel Ellett's speech was exceedingly eloquent, and replete with happy hits.

Mr. Van Auken reiterated the same old threadbare arguments used by the Boss and his lieutenants.

The Republicanism of the ex-Confederate brigadier William Mahone was shown up in a bold and vigorous style by Colonel Ellett.

Colonel R. O. James was unanimously re-elected chairman of the Democratic County Committee for Goochland.

A convention will be held on the 28th instant to nominate a candidate for the House for this county.

DANIEL AND BEIRNE.

They Make Telling Speeches at Roanoke.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ROANOKE, VA., September 16.—John W. Daniel and Colonel R. F. Beirne addressed a large audience to-day at Salem, comprised of representative men from every section of Roanoke county as well as from this city. They mainly discussed State issues and Mahone and his record. The speeches were among the ablest ever delivered in Salem, and gave the most unbounded satisfaction to the large number of Democrats as well as to numerous anti-Mahoneites present. It has been a field-day for Democracy.

Messrs. Johnson and Woods, candidates for the Senate and House respectively, also delivered telling speeches.

SPEAKING AT MARION.

Staples, Craig, and Slemp—A Republican Nomination.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

MARION, VA., September 16.—Judge Staples addressed a large crowd of the Democracy in the court-house to-day. It was a rousing speech and well received.

Slemp and Craig addressed the Republicans in the Opera-house. They declined to divide time with Staples.

W. A. Sprinkle was nominated by the Republicans for the House of Delegates.

HE MEANS FIGHT.

Groner Calls an Anti-Mahone Convention.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, September 16.—General Groner, the leader of the Anti-Mahoneites, has issued a call for an anti-Mahone convention to assemble in Richmond October the 2d.

ROCKBRIDGE REPUBLICANS.

Nominations for the House of Delegates.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LEXINGTON, VA., September 16.—The Republicans met here to-day in county convention to nominate candidates for the House, and nominated Colonel John A. Howe, and John P. Ackerley. J. J. Moore, of Natural Bridge, was the chairman of the convention, and Hank Shaw secretary. Colonel Gibson is a prosperous farmer and a wide-awake Farmers'-Alliance man, with a gallant war record. Mr. Ackerley is a merchant and opposed to the Farmers' Alliance and a strong Prohibitionist. He is exactly the opposite to Colonel Gibson, who is a whiskey-distiller.

The Mahone County Executive Committee met this evening, and J. Lucien Hamilton, Mahone's trusted lieutenant, resigned. This may have its significance politically. J. P. Ackerley was elected to fill the place.

THE ANTI-MAHONEITES.

Will There Be an Anti-Mahone Convention?

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, September 16.—It is stated that General V. D. Groner, the leader of the anti-Mahone forces, will issue a call next week for an anti-Mahone convention in Richmond.

Frederick County Democrats.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

WINCHESTER, VA., September 16.—Hon. John M. Silver was nominated to-day for the Legislature by a large and enthusiastic Democratic convention. Democratic clubs will be formed at each county precinct. The McKinney Campaign Club, of this city, numbers 200. Old Frederick will do her duty on November 5th.

Augusta County Republicans.

STAUNTON, September 16.—The Republicans of Augusta in county convention Saturday nominated Major E. McMahon for the Senate and Daniel Beard and George W. McCutcheon, Esq., for the House of Delegates.

Bedford Democrats.

The Democrats of Bedford yesterday made the following nominations for the House: John W. Johnston and Major R. W. Arnold.

Phlegar in Amherst.

Hon. A. A. Phlegar, of Montgomery, spoke to an immense crowd at Amherst Courthouse yesterday.

The liver and kidneys must be kept in good condition. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a great remedy for regulating these organs.

MAHONE'S TOUR.

BUSY SCENES AT REPUBLICAN HEAD-QUARTERS IN PETERSBURG.

Several Deaths—General and Political News—Visitors to the Little Boss.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

PETERSBURG, VA., September 16, 1889.

General William Mahone will leave here on Saturday next for Abingdon, where he is to make his opening speech of the campaign on the 23d instant. As had been heretofore stated in this correspondence he will make a thorough canvass of the Southwestern section of the State. He will remain up there until about the 15th of October, and will return to Petersburg about the 17th of that month, where will "rest" two or three days and then go to Southampton and the other counties east and south of Petersburg. His schedule of appointments places him in Richmond on the 1st of November.

CONSTANT WORK.

I use the word "rest" in connection with his return to Petersburg, but really the General is not given to rest, except during the few hours that he devotes to sleep. His residence is a constant scene of business activity. He works incessantly himself, and so do all who surround him.

Mr. Lurty, the Republican candidate for Attorney-General, is billed to speak in Petersburg on the 25th of September. Great stress is apparently laid on the fact that Mr. Lurty is "first cousin to Stonewall Jackson."

NOTES.

Congressman Bowden, of the Norfolk district, spent Sunday with General Mahone and left for his home this morning. Mr. E. H. Lindsay, another prominent Republican of that section, was also at "headquarters" yesterday.

Indications point to the nomination of Mr. George W. Hall as one of the candidates of the Republican ticket in this city for the House of Delegates.

DEATHS.

Mr. James V. Holland, for many years an employe of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company, died yesterday at his home in this city.

Mr. V. R. Jones, cashier of the Bank of Crewe, is reported to have died yesterday.

Information has been received here of the death, at his home in Lunenburg county, of Hon. J. W. Overby, late member of the Legislature; also of the death of Mrs. Judge W. H. Perry, of Lunenburg county.

GENERAL NEWS.

Mr. Willie Andrews, employed at one of the bag-factories in this city, had two fingers of his left hand nearly cut off this morning while working at a card-machine.

A telegram received this morning announced the death in Louisville yesterday of Mr. David A. Bissett, aged about seventy years. Mr. Bissett lived for many years in Petersburg, where he leaves a large circle of friends. The remains will be brought here to-morrow for interment in Blandford cemetery.

ALEXANDRIA.

Excitement—A Robbery—Charged with Forgery.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA., September 16.—Considerable excitement prevailed to-day over the allegation that a negro boy—somewhat of a dude—named Stephen Baker had assaulted a little white girl thirteen years of age. The girl was passing outside of town near the poor-house when the boy took hold of her arm and said he was going along with her, but she beat him off with her parasol. Her father undertook to bring the negro into town, but was stopped by a gang of negroes and compelled to give the boy up. Baker was arrested by the police and brought into town, and to-night he was fined $10 by the Mayor.

The bakery of Hill & Co. was broken into last night and robbed of a small amount of money.

J. H. Rudd was brought from Washington this morning on a charge of having forged the name of his sister, Mrs. Laura Hall, to a check for a small amount.

Robinson, the colored man who was found injured on the Midland track on last Saturday, is expected to die to-night of his injuries.

The electricity was turned on from the dynamos to the street lights to-night by the hand of Mayor Downham, and by 8 o'clock forty-eight of the sixty-two lamps were alight. The residue will be lighted to-morrow night.

CRITICAL ILLNESS OF A TEACHER.

A Serious Cutting Affray—Skull Fractured by Falling from a Horse—Barbecue.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LEXINGTON, VA., September 16.—A private telegram from McDonough, Md., announces the critical illness of Colonel A. M. Allen, at that place, where he is president of McDonough Classical School. Colonel Allen is known all over the South as Lee's commander of reserve ordnance, and later as professor of applied mathematics at Washington College.

Information reached here to-day announcing that John Crist, a prosperous farmer, got into a difficulty with Nimrod Patterson, another farmer on North river, Saturday night, and in the fight Crist was badly cut about the face. He may lose one of his eyes. The cause of the difficulty is not stated.

William Davidson fell from his horse at South River Sunday night and fractured his skull, and his injuries are thought to be dangerous.

The Democrats will give a grand barbecue at Brownsburg Wednesday, when Hon. John T. Harris, Senator C. E. Jones, and the Democratic candidates for the Legislature will deliver addresses.

Dr. R. J. McBryde is home from Buchanan greatly improved in health.

Rev. Henry A. White, of the chair of history in Washington and Lee University, preached his initial sermon in the Presbyterian church Sunday night. It was a scholarly-finished theological effort of great power, and has created widespread comment of a favorable nature.

RAILROADS SUFFER.

Two Washouts—A Wreck on the Richmond and Alleghany.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA., September 16.—The Richmond and Danville railroad had a big washout late Saturday night above the city, which blockaded the road until late yesterday afternoon.

The Richmond and Alleghany also had an accident Saturday night about four miles above the city, which was similar to the one on the Norfolk and Western. Heavy rains washed out the supports of the trestle over Judith creek near the rolling-mills and eleven coal-cars plunged into the creek and were totally wrecked. The engine and several cars passed over the trestle safely and none of the trainmen were injured. The track was repaired yesterday and trains are running through.

THE NAVY-YARD.

The Battle-Ship Texas—The Dry Dock.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, VA., September 16.—Naval Constructors Hughes, Taylor, and Armistead, the board appointed to investigate and report upon the plans of the battle-ship Texas, reported for duty at the navy-yard to-day and started to work. The length of the Texas, according to the present plans, will not be altered or the lines of the ship altered, but the coal-carrying capacity of the ship will be reduced and possibly the machinery and armament made lighter.

The Board of Naval Officers appointed to inspect the new dry dock arrived to-day and will commence work to-morrow.

ARRESTED.

The Murderer of Colonel Goodwin Lodged in Jail.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., September 16, 1889.

Charles Pendleton, the murderer of Colonel Goodwin, an account of which appeared in the *Dispatch* of yesterday, was arrested yesterday morning about sunrise at the residence of his brother Oscar, near Ripper's mill, by Sheriff Norris. When arrested he was lying across the bed, with two double-barrel shot-guns loaded near by, but did not offer any resistance, as the sheriff pounced down on him before he knew the Sheriff was around. He was taken to the county court-house, where he was placed in jail and a guard put over him. The citizens of the county are very much incensed over the brutal affair.

ON THE DAN.

Amputation Found Necessary—The North Danville Colored School.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

DANVILLE, VA., September 16.—The doctors have found it necessary to amputate the arm of Doran Atkins, the young man who was injured the other day by falling through an elevator way. He is somewhat better to-day, though is not yet out of danger.

The negroes in North Danville still refuse to patronize the public school because, as already stated, the colored teacher is a Democrat.

Dr. Fisher's Condition.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

STAUNTON, September 16.—Dr. E. C. Fisher, assistant physician at the Western Lunatic Asylum, whose illness has been previously referred to in the *Dispatch*, has so far recovered as to be able to travel. He left this afternoon for the White Sulphur Springs.

Supreme Court of Appeals.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

STAUNTON, VA., September 16.—In the Supreme Court of Appeals to-day the case of Geiger, &c., vs. Blackery, &c., from Augusta, was further argued by C. E. Kemper, Esq., for appellee, and by Captain James Bumgarder, Jr., for appellant, and submitted.

Paxton vs. Steel's administrator, from the Circuit Court of Rockbridge, was argued by S. H. Letcher, Esq., for appellant, and Colonel E. Pendleton for appellee, and continued for further argument.

THE CRONIN MURDER CASE.

The Work of Securing a Jury Drags Slowly Along.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, September 16.—When the Cronin trial was resumed this morning Lawyer Forrest, for the defence, on behalf of Daniel Coughlin, challenged the special venire of jurymen on the ground that the regular panel had not yet been exhausted. He said that the trials of McDonald and McGarrigle, in the celebrated boodle trial which resulted in their conviction, that every two weeks they had a regular panel which was used up before the special venire was resumed.

"We are entitled to have a regular panel every two weeks," said Mr. Forrest, "and I demand it."

After a brief discussion Judge McConnell said: "So far as Mr. Forrest's suggestions are concerned I see nothing in them whatever. I believe that this court is sitting as a separate court and controlled independent of all other cases. A particular judge of the Criminal Court has undertaken to find a jury in this case, and, having no panel at that time, he has undertaken to get a jury by special venire. It is proper for him to continue to the end with the summons by special venire upon the citizens of the county for jury service. At the same time, if the regular panel were in here I would not hesitate for a moment to tender them to you, gentlemen, for selection. At the same time it would only be proper. I think without any doubt that we have a right to proceed to the end and get a jury by special venire. But I am so anxious to get a jury that I will proceed to any end in order to do so." [Laughter.]

The State's Attorney: The only question, Your Honor, is whether this special venire was issued and properly served. If it was, then their motion should be overruled.

The Court: I will overrule the challenge; but if later on the defence wants that panel brought from the other room they can have it.

Mr. Forrest: Very well, Your Honor. At the same time I wish to save an exception.

Messrs. Donahoe and Forrester also formally made the same motion on behalf of their clients, O'Sullivan, Kunze, and Beggs. It was overruled and the customary exception taken. The examination of talesmen was then resumed.

Some interesting matters were developed in the examination of Cyrus M. Davis. He was asked:

"Have you conscience scruples against the death penalty?"

He answered: "I have on circumstantial evidence."

"Suppose the circumstantial evidence was strong enough to convince you beyond a reasonable doubt of the guilt of parties, would you still object?"

"Yes, sir."

State's Attorney: I challenge the juror for cause.

Mr. Forrest: I object.

The Court: The question is if in a case of that kind you should find the defendant guilty, supposing the evidence is in that direction, would you be opposed to capital punishment?

Answer: No, sir.

The Court: I take the position that the statute does not contemplate a difference between the kinds of evidence. If a man is conscientiously opposed to the infliction of the death penalty in any case he is an incompetent juror, but if he is opposed to it simple because the evidence was entirely circumstantial it does not come under the statute. Without passing upon that question now I will ask the juror a question: You seem to have considered the difference between positive and circumstantial evidence?

Answer: Yes.

Question: What would you do independently of this question if sitting upon a jury and all the evidence was circumstantial; would you consent to the verdict of guilty if you were convinced beyond all reasonable doubt of the guilt of the defendants and that verdict involved the death penalty?

Answer: Yes, sir, if I understand the question, provided it did not contain capital punishment.

Question: Would you be unwilling to find a verdict involving imprisonment?

Answer: I should be in favor of life imprisonment.

The Court: I am going to sustain the challenge on the ground that I do not think a man is a competent juryman in a criminal case who is willing to come to a verdict upon a certain sort of evidence which may involve a certain penalty and which in the minds of many men is more severe than the death penalty, when in his own mind he distrusts his judgment on the evidence itself and is unwilling to inflict the death penalty, where evidence convinces his mind beyond all reasonable doubt. I do not think he ought to be a juryman in this case, and I excuse him for that reason.

Another case of precisely a similar character came up in the afternoon and brought out a long discussion. At its conclusion the Court ruled as before, sustaining the challenge for cause. An exception was taken.

A Peaceful Ending of One of the Greatest Strikes on Record.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, September 16.—Most of the strikers resumed work this morning. It is expected that work on all the docks will be in full swing to-morrow. A thousand unemployed dock-laborers are waiting at the gates of the docks. They threaten violence against the men who were employed to take the places of the strikers, and who the directors of the companies now refuse to discharge.

At the opening of court to-day in the Old Baily the recorder in charging the grand jury referred to the recent strike in London. He said that though a great number of men had been out of work for weeks and had suffered great privations, there was not a single case on the calendar arising from the strike. The peaceful behavior of the men, he declared, was a subject for national pride.

Much ill feeling exists between the dock laborers and the "black legs," a name applied to the men who took the place of the strikers and the former refuse to work with them. Several encounters have already occurred between them. Many of the dock laborers protest that the leaders of the strike had no right to agree to the proposal that the strikers should work hand in hand with the "black legs." The officials of the dock companies have made a strong complaint to the Lord Mayor against the action of the returned strikers and he has promised to do his utmost to compel the men to live up to the terms of their agreement. Meanwhile the situation is regarded as being as serious that a meeting of the joint docks committee, the Conciliation Committee, and the leaders of the strikers has been called to convene immediately at the Mansion House.

A deputation of ship-owners arrived at the Mansion House while the meeting was in progress. Mr. Burns spoke concerning the situation and the causes which led to it, and instanced several cases where unreasonable preference had been given to the "black legs." It was finally agreed by all those present at the meeting to endeavor to have an agreement kept intact by all parties interested.

At a meeting at Poplar to-night Mr. Burns said that the treaty with the workmen had been broken by the subordinate officials of the dock companies. Some of the wharfingers also had tried to get the men at the old terms, but had failed. Unless the agreement with the men was kept there would be another strike. The directors of the dock companies, however, had assured him that they would prevent any unfair preference being shown, and the ship-owners had advised the directors to pay the fares of the "blacklegs" and send them back to their homes.

Hamilton Conspiracy Indictments.

NEW YORK, September 16.—The grand jury today examined witnesses and papers in the Hamilton case, and afterwards found two indictments, one for grand larceny and the other for conspiracy, against Mrs. Swinton, Josh Mann, and Eva Hamilton. The indictments were handed to the court in Part 1, General Sessions. The principal witness before the grand jury was Inspector Byrnes.

An Alleged "Boodler" Returns.

CHICAGO, September 16.—Johnny Hannigan, ex-county commissioner, accused of "boodling," who ran away from Chicago two years ago to escape prosecution, has returned from Canada.

Bonds Accepted.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—Bond offering to-day aggregated $288,450. Accepted $269,800 at 128 for 4's and 105¾ for 4½'s.

For Seasickness

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. W. W. Blackman, Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I am very much pleased with it in seasickness. Several cases have been brought to my attention where it afforded prompt and entire relief."

A FEARFUL WRECK.

TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE KILLED AND WOUNDED IN A RAILROAD COLLISION.

Fire Adds Its Fury to the Appalling Scene—Roll of the Dead and Injured.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

TIOGA JUNCTION, PA., September 16.—About 7:05 the train from Elmira South, carrying seven coaches, ran into a Fall-Brook engine at this station, causing a fearful wreck, killing and injuring in all about twenty-five persons. The train was coming down a heavy grade, and owing to the slippery track and the refusal of the air-brakes to work the engineer was unable to stop the train at the station and it rushed by, crashing into one of the Fall Brook heavy jumbo engines, completely demolishing both. The engineer and fireman jumped and escaped with slight injuries.

A smoker and three passenger-cars were smashed into kindling wood. The wreck caught fire, and it was with difficulty that some of the passengers were rescued from the burning wreck. The flames lit up the heavens miles around, and people rushed in from all parts to render what aid they could. A message was sent to Elmira asking for medical aid, and a train was made up in a very short time. In the mean time doctors from Lawrenceville and Tioga had arrived and given all possible assistance. Stretchers were quickly improvised and the wounded were carried to the neighboring houses.

The names of the dead are E. Dilarge Asbury and Harry Oliver, of Union, N. Y.

The wounded are Edward Bostwick, Lawrenceville, ankle sprained and hands scalded; W. Walker, Leona, Bradford county, Pa., badly scalded and scalp wound; William Asperoothy, Scranton, Pa., scalded; John Samepool, Lamb's Creek, Pa., nose broken and injured on the head; George McNamie, Tioga, Pa., nose broken and back injured; Mrs. G. N. Wright, Spokane Falls, Wash. Ter., left leg broken; J. B. Judd, Blossburg; conductor, wounded on the head and left shoulder broken; Charles Pierce, Pine City, N. Y., left leg broken; Mrs. Wallace Pryor, Lawrenceville, slight contusion; Miss Estelia Kyon, head slightly injured; Emeline Darling, Lawrenceville, slightly injured; Alfred Seeley, Trowbridge, contusions; Herbert Campbell, Mansfield, Pa., scalded.

Marshal Nagle, who Killed Judge Terry, Released.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 16.—Judge Sawyer in the United States Circuit Court this morning rendered a decision in the habeas-corpus case of Deputy-Marshal David Nagle, and discharged Nagle from custody. The bill of exceptions filed by counsel for the State was allowed by the Court, and pending an appeal to the United States Supreme Court Nagle was ordered to be released on his own recognizances with bonds fixed at $5,000.

The announcement that the decision would be rendered in the habeas corpus case of Deputy-Marshal Nagle drew many people to the United States Circuit Court-room to-day. Justice Field occupied a seat in the jury-box. Judge Sawyer and Judge Sabine were on the bench. The decision was a very long one. Judge Sawyer stated that "after mature consideration we have reached the conclusion that the homicide in question was justified by the circumstances while acting in the discharge of the duty imposed on him by the Constitution and laws of the United States."

The Candidates for Commissioner.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 16.—Major Warner returned this afternoon from Deer Park, whither he went last night to see President Harrison. It is understood he will remain several days in Washington. Major Warner declines to talk for publication, but his friends say he has made up his mind not to accept the offer of the position of Pension Commissioner. The knowledge of this determination has created a considerable surprise among the politicians, as their unanimous belief last night was that Major Warner would accept. Business reasons are said to have influenced him to decline the office. Speculation as to Mr. Tanner's successor under changed conditions of affairs includes a number of names, two or three of which have not heretofore been named. The list of possibilities so far as known is as follows: George S. Merrill, of Boston, ex-commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; Judge John P. Rea, of Minnesota; General Fred. Knefler, ex-pension agent at Indianapolis; Ex-Pension-Agent Poole, of Syracuse, N. Y.; General Charles E. Brown, of Cincinnati, and Colonel A. W. Doane, of Ohio.

Poisoned Ice-Cream—Many People Made Sick.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, September 16.—A dispatch from Birmingham, Ala., says: The opening of the handsome new armory of the Woodstock Guards, of this city, Saturday night—a society event—coincided in a most disastrous manner. A delicious supper was served during the evening, of which all the guests partook freely. About midnight all of them, between sixty and one hundred in number, were seized with violent pains in the stomach. The ice-cream had been poisoned. Stomach-pumps and emetics of various kinds were used, but for a while it looked serious. As yet none of them are dead, but a number are still quite ill.

The Cyclone Moving Westward.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., September 16.—A Key West special to the *Times-Union* says: The weather here is rainy, stormy, and very threatening. The centre of the cyclone is expected to pass near here after midnight. All shipping has gone up into Hurricane harbor for more secure anchorage.

The people are very uneasy. All the buildings and other outside property are being secured. The only safety is in veering off the wind to the south, which will throw the cyclone centre to eastward.

At 6 P. M. Havana reports indicated that the cyclone centre was south of the city moving westward.

Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd-Fellows.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

COLUMBUS, O., September 16.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd-Fellows convened in annual session at noon to-day with representatives present from every State and Territory and from Canada and the British provinces. The delegates were welcomed by Hon. Boyd Winchester and to the city by Mayor Brock, and on behalf of the Ohio Odd-Fellows by Grand-Master McKinley and Grand-Patriarch Frost. The Sovereign Grand Lodge holds its sessions in the House of Representatives Hall. Grand-Sire Underwood presided, and all the grand officials were present.

Killed by an Engine.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, September 16.—At the Western-avenue crossing of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, at Eighteenth street, last evening, a milk-wagon was struck by an engine. Five persons were in the wagon. William Bedel was thrown out upon the track and the engine passed over him, killing him instantly. The other four got off with slight bruises. Three switchmen who were standing on the foot-board of the engine when the accident occurred were thrown to the ground, but were not seriously hurt.

Cigar-Makers in Convention.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, September 16.—The eighteenth annual convention of the Cigar-Makers International Union assembled at Tammany Hall this morning, 135 delegates from all parts of the United States and Canada being present.

A Vessel in Distress.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, September 16.—The Russian bark Arvie, from Mobile for Holland, put in at this port to-day in distress. She was water-logged, and her deck cargo had been swept away in the recent storm.

Appointed Pardon Clerk.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, September 16.—Charles F. Scott, of West Virginia, has been appointed pardon clerk for the Department of Justice, vice Judge Boteler, resigned.

Condensed Telegrams.

The Reichstag will reopen on October 22d.

Most of the London strikers returned to work yesterday.

The hotel at Warm Springs, Georgia, has been destroyed by fire.

It is officially stated that the Independence of Bulgaria will be proclaimed next Friday.

Della Walker, aged nineteen years, committed suicide by drowning at Langdon, N. H., last Friday night.

The steamer Cairngorm arrived at New York quarantine Sunday with John Wood, a fireman, who died at 6 A. M.

M. S. Belknap, general manager of the Georgia Central railroad, has resigned to become manager of a bank in the City of Mexico.

A famine prevails throughout Tigre, in the State of Abyssinia. Bands of starving peasants are ravaging the country around Scoa.

The total loss by the Bamberger, Bloom & Co. fire, in Louisville, reaches $1,250,000. Five Firemen were killed and two fatally injured.

A high-bred and valuable stallion, The Clown, died at Ash Grove Stud yesterday. He was a son of George Wilkes, and was valued at $10,000.

John A. St. John, the backer of Jake Gaudaur, arrived in Boston yesterday. He said he would have nothing to do with Teemer in the boat-racing line hereafter.

The Cronin trial was resumed at Chicago yesterday. Most of the day was spent in discussing a challenge by the defence of the special venire and of individual jurymen.

Durnovo, the successor of Count Tolstoi as Minister of the Interior of Russia, is unwilling to urge upon the Council of State the adoption of the reforms advocated by his predecessor.

Coupons of State bonds which were supposed to have been destroyed in Louisiana are found to be in circulation. The treasury has been robbed by this means of several thousand dollars.

An Erie passenger train on the Tioga River branch ran into a Fall Brook freight train at Tioga Junction, N. Y., yesterday. About twenty passengers are reported injured. Some fatally. All the passenger coaches were burned.

The stage between Forest Hill and Auburn, Cal., was stopped this morning by one masked man, who demanded Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box. It was given to him and he escaped. It is not known how much is contained.

The *Evening News*, of Chicago, says: "The latest story in the Cronin case relates to an alleged plot to make it appear that Dr. Cronin was murdered in London on the ground that he was a British spy. It is said that the police are in possession of evidence to show that the conspirators made arrangements to have found in the Thames river a mutilated and disfigured corpse arrayed in the clothes which Dr. Cronin wore on the night he disappeared, together with his watch and other trinkets."

At a meeting of the Polish National Alliance, which concluded its convention at Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday, George Kennan was elected an honorary member on account of his articles upon Siberian prisons published in the *Century*.

The city of Chattanooga is in holiday attire and is dressed from centre to limits in gay national colors preparatory to the coming of the Society of the Army of Cumberland