6 PAGES TO-DAY.

THE RICHMOND DISPATCH.

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WHOLE NUMBER, 12,259. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1890. THREE CENTS PER COPY.

TUESDAY'S VERDICT.

Returns from the Remoter States.

COMPLETE RETURNS FROM OTHERS.

Democratic Gains in the State of Washington.

The Official Count Necessary to Determine the Result in Minnesota—In Illinois the Democrats Have Certainly Won—Republican Congressmen Payson and Hill Join the Defeated—Other Election News.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, ILL., November 7.—The *Tribune's* (Republican) figures give the standing of the next State Legislature on joint ballot as follows: Republicans, 102; Democrats, 99; Farmers' Alliance, 3. The *Inter-Ocean* (Republican) makes it Republicans, 101; Democrats, 101; Farmers' Alliance, 2. The *Daily News* (Independent) figures it: Republicans, 101; Democrats, 100; Farmers' Alliance, 3. The *Times* (Democratic) adds the Farmers' Alliance men to the Democratic list with the following result: Republicans, 100; Democrats, 104. The *Herald* (Democratic) has it: Republicans, 101; Democrats, 102; Farmers' Alliance, 1. The full official returns will probably be necessary to determine the exact standing of the Legislature.

CHICAGO, November 5.—At last the returns from the State of Illinois have become sufficiently complete to announce decisively the result on the State ticket. The Democrats have won, and Edwin S. Wilson, of Olney, is elected State Treasurer by 11,426, and Henry Raab, of Belleville, Superintendent of Public Instruction, by 3,614. No compilations have been made yet on the trusteeships of the University of Illinois, but the indications are that the three Democratic nominees have been elected by a slight majority. Complete returns leave no doubt that the entire Democratic State ticket is elected. The returns which furnish this result are official from all the counties except eight. These have been carefully estimated, and, as they have heretofore generally given Democratic majorities, there can be no doubt that the vote announced is substantially correct.

CONGRESSMEN PAYSON AND HILL DEFEATED.

Full returns to-day show that in addition to the Democratic gains heretofore announced Congressmen Payson and Hill have also been defeated and Snow and Stewart (Democrats) elected. In response to a request for information both Messrs. Hill and Payson have telegraphed the Associated Press conceding their defeat, the former by 650 and the latter by 500 to 700. This makes the congressional delegation from Illinois stand 14 Democrats and 6 Republicans.

CONNECTICUT.

Morris (Democrat) Ahead for Governor—Counting the Prohibition Vote Out.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

HARTFORD, CONN., November 7.—The official vote of the State by the first returns, which cast out the Prohibition vote in many towns, show that Morris has 57 plurality. With the Prohibition vote in he is defeated.

MORRIS HAS THE MAJORITY.

HARTFORD, CONN., November 7.—A comparison of the newspaper election figures with the first of the two sets of returns at the office of the Secretary of State shows numerous petty changes. The result is that Morris (Democrat) for Governor has an apparent majority. The Republicans will claim that the Waterbury votes should be counted, and that 126 Republican votes not counted in Bridgeport should be counted.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate is Democratic, the House Republican, joint ballot Republican.

Some observers think the present administration may hold over at least for a while until the General Assembly in January decides the question. Nothing is likely to be determined formally and officially until after the meeting of the Board of Canvassers, which occurs this month. On the face of the returns, not counting the votes reported as rejected, Morris has a majority.

INDIANA.

The Democratic Majority About 18,000—Only Two Republican Congressmen.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 7.—Returns from the State at large are just beginning to come in. The Democratic majority will be about 18,000. The only Republicans elected to Congress are Waugh in the Sixth and Johnson in the Ninth district. The Legislature is Democratic in both houses, and the Democrats have 60 majority in joint session. In Marion county the entire Democratic ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 1,782 to 4,602.

KANSAS.

The Congressional Delegation Stands Two Republicans and Five Alliance Men.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

KANSAS CITY, MO., November 7.—The official canvass of the votes cast at the late election in Kansas is being made to-night at Topeka and has progressed far enough to show that the entire Republican State ticket has been elected, with the exception of Kellogg, who is defeated for re-election as Attorney-General by Ives, the Farmers' Alliance candidate. The Republican majority is placed at about 10,000. The vote on congressmen is not changed by the official count. The Kansas delegation will stand two Republicans and five Farmers' Alliance. The Legislature is still believed to be Farmers' Alliance.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Another Democrat Comes Out a Winner—The Senate Evenly Divided.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BOSTON, November 7.—Errors have been discovered in the returns for senator in the First (Plymouth) district, by which Oakman's plurality of three is changed to a plurality of 433 for Thomas Alden, of Duxbury, the Democratic candidate. This makes the Senate evenly divided—20 Republicans and 20 Democrats.

MONTANA.

The Election of Dixon to Congress Conceded—The Senate Democratic.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

HELENA, MONT., November 7.—The *Journal* (Republican) now concedes the election of Dixon (Democrat) to Congress. The State Senate is Democratic by one majority.

MINNESOTA.

Republican Loss of a Congressman—The Governorship Still in Doubt.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MINNEAPOLIS, November 7.—The election of Halvorson (Alliance) to Congress from the Fifth district is now conceded. Corrected returns (mostly complete) and a few estimated from 76 out of the 79 counties in this State give Merriam (Republican) a plurality of 1,290. The corrections received to-day are mostly in favor of Wilson (Democrat), and an official count will probably be necessary to decide.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

A Specimen Plan of Republican Trickery Being Concocted.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BOSTON, November 7.—A special to the *Globe* from Nashua, N. H., says there is no doubt that the Republicans will have a special session of the present Legislature called for December. It is now Republican by thirty-five majority, and the terms of the members do not expire until January. They will then officially recognize the new census returns and will admit new members, giving them a majority in the Legislature. A conference of leading Republicans is being held on the matter at Concord to-day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Pattison's Plurality Grows—Republican Loss in Congressmen and Legislators.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 7.—Some slight changes discovered in computing the official count in several counties bring the plurality for Pattison (Democrat) for Governor up to 17,258. Watres (Republican), for Lieutenant-Governor, has 18,675 plurality, and Stewart (Republican), for Secretary of Internal Affairs, 19,120 plurality.

Official returns from all the counties show the election to Congress of 17 Republicans and 11 Democrats. For the State Senate 10 Republicans and 16 Democrats were elected, which, with the hold-over Senators, will give the new Senate 30 Republicans and 20 Democrats. In the lower branch of the Legislature there will be 122 Republicans, 80 Democrats, and 2 Fusionists, making a Republican majority of 50 on joint ballot—a Republican joint-ballot loss of 52 as compared with the present Legislature. The new Legislature will elect a United States Senator to succeed J. Donald Cameron, whose term will expire March 4, 1891.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

An Alliance Victory There—Republican Senator Moody Defeated.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., November 7.—The latest returns from South Dakota show the result to be an alliance victory, and that Loucks is elected Governor. The Legislature will also be alliance, the Republicans conceding the defeat of Senator Moody.

TENNESSEE.

Snodgrass's Majority Over Evans—A Gain of 1,000 Votes.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHATTANOOGA, November 7.—Snodgrass's (Democrat) majority over Evans (Republican) in the Third Tennessee congressional district is 756.

WASHINGTON.

Democratic Gains Even in that Far-Away Radical State.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

PORTLAND, ORE., November 7.—Complete and incomplete returns from all but three counties in the State of Washington give Wilson (Republican), for Congress, 18,030; Carroll (Democrat), 13,021. As the vote throughout the State was light, this is thought to be considerable more than half of the total vote. Wilson's majority in the State will probably be between 7,000 and 8,000. In 1889 Wilson's majority was 9,947.

The Legislature now stands: Senate—Republicans, 31; Democrats, 2; doubtful, 1. House—Republicans, 61; Democrats, 17.

WISCONSIN.

Only One Republican Congressman Left, and He in Doubt.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MILWAUKEE, November 7.—Official returns from the First district to-day show the election of Clinton Babbitt (Democrat) over H. A. Cooper (Republican). This leaves only one Republican congressman in Wisconsin—Haugen in the Eighth district, who has 1,000 majority, and Bailey, the Democratic candidate, threatens to make a contest.

The Republicans suffer the loss of six congressmen, and will probably elect ex-Secretary Vilas to succeed Senator Spooner, although other candidates are springing up. Peck (Democrat), for Governor, has a majority of about 30,000.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

A Few More Official and Unofficial Returns of the Result.

First District.

The following is the vote of Middlesex county: T. H. Bailey Browne, 839; W. A. Jones, 676—Browne's majority, 163; James M. Stubbs, Jamaica, 1; Newmarket, 1—total, 2.

Third District.

CHESTERFIELD.

Following is the official vote of Chesterfield county for Wise: Tucker's Shop, 176; Tucker's Store, 125; Winfree's Store, 67; Eyler's Store, 30; Hayward's Store, 87; Klevershall Store, 219; Hancock's Store, 35; Midlothian, 155; Goode's Store, 93; Clover Hill, 119; Courthouse, 199—total, 1,305.

Eighth District.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, November 8, 1890.

General Lee's majority in this (the Eighth) congressional district has run up to something over 3,200 by the increase in the majorities given by Fairfax and Culpeper counties. He has been the recipient of many warm congratulations from his friends here. This is the largest majority received by any candidate since the State was redistricted in 1881.

Ninth District.

BUCHANAN'S MAJORITY.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ABINGDON, VA., November 7.—Returns from all the counties in the Ninth district give Buchanan (Democrat), 3,364 majority over Mills (Republican)—a gain of 2,889 over the vote of 1888.

Tenth District.

BATH.

WARM SPRINGS, VA., November 6.—Official vote of Bath: H. St. George Tucker, 338; A. J. Tayloy, 26; Tucker's majority, 312.

ROCKBRIDGE.

BUENA VISTA, November 7.—The official vote of Rockbridge county shows that 1,488 votes were cast last Tuesday. Tucker (Democrat) received 1,444, Taylor (Independent) received 40, scattering 4.

HON. W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE.

He Expresses Himself Wisely with Respect to the Speakership.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

LEXINGTON, KY., November 7.—Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge, in an interview with a reporter of the *Morning Transcript*, was asked if he would become a candidate for the speakership, and said:

"If the Fifty-second Congress does not meet until December, 1891, it might be well to remit this question to that period, and I presume that very few members of the House will be disposed to commit themselves until they are called upon to act. The elections next fall in New York, Ohio, Iowa, and other States will demonstrate whether this revolution is permanent or whether there is danger of reaction, and until those elections are over the Democratic party will not have proper information as to what may be most wise for the House to do. I am not, therefore, now a candidate for Speaker, and I do not think I will be until after those elections. I do not wish to be understood to criticise the actions of my friends and colleagues who have announced or may announce themselves as candidates."

Mills for the Speakership.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, ILL., November 7.—The Associated Press is in receipt of the following dispatch from Roger Q. Mills in reply to an inquiry whether he would be a candidate for the speakership of the next House of Representatives:

"CORSICANA, TEX., Nov. 7, 1890.

"*To William Henry Smith, Chicago:*

"To your telegram of yesterday I answer I shall be a candidate for the speakership of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-second Congress.

"ROGER Q. MILLS."

NOT WORN TO CALL IN.

"Peabody" Coats Cause Embarrassment to Hosts and Guests.

The latest thing in coats for some people is the long, double-breasted Peabody with rough, shaggy nap. These coats are so heavy that an overcoat, except in very cold weather, is superfluous.

The other evening two young men happy in the possession of brand-new Peabodies called on some young ladies on the South Side, says the Chicago *Mail*. One of the hostesses took the gentlemen's hats and stood as if expecting to receive some other articles of their apparel. An awkward and embarrassing pause was finally broken by the lady, who said:

"I hope you both intend to spend the evening with us?" They did, and they frankly said so. The hats were laid aside and conversation was undertaken. But it lagged. The ladies appeared nervous and ill at ease. After a few minutes one of them said:

"It must be uncomfortably warm here for you. Won't you take off your coats? Do take them off; I'm sure you would be more comfortable."

The thunderstruck callers were unable to speak for full half a minute; then the two heart-broken young men explained that their faultless Peabodies were not overcoats, and peace again reigned.

Foreign Naval News.

The British torpedo-boat catcher Spanker was recently given a three-hours' full-power trial of her machinery with forced draught. The run was made off Plymouth. It is reported that for over two hours the trial proceeded very satisfactorily, a speed of nineteen knots being accomplished and the vessel developing 3,800-horse power. Then the contractors tried to run the horse-power up to 4,000, but the additional pressure was so great that the boiler tubes began to leak. They leaked at such a rate that in a very short time the boiler was emptied, and there were quite three inches of boiling water running over the stokehold. The engine-room force pumped salt water into the boiler from the sea, and it was only in this way that a serious disaster was averted. The trial at once stopped, and the Spanker returned to harbor.

The British cruiser Barham is waiting in Portsmouth until her sister ship, the Bellona, has gone through her trials with some of the tubes removed from her boilers. The Barham was designed to develop 6,000-horse power under forced draught, but hitherto her boilers have been made to Admiralty design, and are similar to those locomotive boilers which, in the Sharpshooter class, failed to produce steam under forced draught. After the Bellona's trials the Admiralty will decide what to do with the Barham's boilers. These ships have good forecastles and poops, and if they succeed in getting boilers which will produce sufficient steam it is thought they will be fast, as they have fine lines, but in their construction insufficient space was devoted to their boilers.

Vice-Admiral Watson, commanding the British naval forces in North American waters, has paid $2,500 salvage to the American schooner which recently picked up a disbanded torpedo-boat off Halifax. The torpedo-boat was towed into Sydney, Cape Breton, by the American schooner. To this port the British cruiser Buzzard was dispatched to tow the torpedo-boat to Halifax. On her return a terrific storm was encountered. The torpedo-boat broke away from the cruiser, while a heavy sea swept over the Buzzard, doing much damage. The torpedo-boat foundered. Her crew had been previously brought to Halifax by the British cruiser Pelican.

During the recent stay of the German training squadron at Southampton, England, the first-class cutters of the Kaiser (flagship) and Prenssen were fitted with the Hill disengaging hooks at the special request of the German Admiralty in Berlin. This invention, though only lately patented, is reported as in use in the Italian and Argentine navies and fitted to several boats in the mercantile marine. None of the vessels of the British navy has as yet adopted the device.

An improved form of air-tight buoyancy cases for life-boats are being introduced into the British market, it is reported, by a Newcastle firm. The copper with which the old form of case was made is so thin, to secure buoyancy, that a considerable amount of staying is necessary to prevent the cases bulging in. The firm in question got over this difficulty by using corrugated sheets for constructing the cases and thus obtaining the necessary rigidity.

The British report Natal coal as realizing the expectations formed of it. A trial of 100 tons on a steamer was deemed eminently satisfactory. Forty-four and a half tons were consumed in 84 hours at full speed, being 1½ tons per day more than Welsh coal, which is very much dearer, costing 65 shillings per ton.

The Haytien gunboat Jacmel, of which so much was heard during the trouble between the United States and Hayti, has been sunk in a collision off Cape Haytien with a merchant vessel.

The British battle-ship Sans Pareil at Chatham, England, has received the second of her 110-ton guns. Her armament is now complete.

Strike of Railway Switchmen.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, ILL., November 7.—A dispatch from Freeport, Ill., says: The switchmen in the employ of the Illinois Central road there went on strike last night, causing considerable delay to trains. They want an increase of wages. The Chicago officials say the strike is a small matter; that only nine men went out, and that their places will be filled.

A Democratic Jollification.

CHATTANOOGA, November 7.—A monster jollification-meeting is being held to-night by the Democrats. The meeting was preceded by a torchlight procession and a magnificent display of fireworks all along the line of the parade. Governor Taylor, Congressman-elect Snodgrass, and others are addressing the meeting.

All of us in this world have a great many things to be thankful for, but most of us persist in spending our time looking instead at something else.—*Somerville Journal.*

WASHINGTON CITY.

WILL THE SCALPING-KNIFE BE APPLIED TO LYMAN AND RAUM?

Disastrous Effect of Secretary Noble's Letter to Gov. Hill—Ingalls and Spooner Retired to the Shades of Obscurity.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, November 7.—Unless President Harrison and others in the Republican party who at present are in the possession of the principal executive offices have become so utterly despondent as to have given up all interest in public affairs it would seem that they will in the near future apply the scalping-knife to two bad fellows who have helped to heap odium upon the present Administration. These two men are Lyman, the president of the Civil-Service Commission, and Raum, the Commissioner of Pensions. A special committee of the House appointed to investigate Lyman made a report to that body months ago condemning this man Lyman, and he ought to have been kicked out speedily, but he has been allowed to hold on until he really begins to think that he can remain permanently at the head of the humbug that he has been helping to drag deeper into the mire year by year. It was proven conclusively that Lyman disgraced the service, and no amount of explanation on the part of "Teddy" Roosevelt and Thompson could save him from the exposure that he deserved.

CAN RAUM BE WHITEWASHED?

Raum is in equally as bad a box, if indeed, he has not been guilty of the worst form of dishonesty in administering the affairs of the big bureau over which he presides. The committee who investigated Raum have not made a report yet to the House, or rather the Republican or majority members have not. The minority members gave out their report before Congress adjourned, and it was a severe condemnation of Raum; and it does not seem possible in view of the evidence that the Republicans can whitewash Raum. He admitted on the stand under oath that George E. Lemon, of this city, the leading pension-claim "shark" of the nation, had loaned him money; and it is a well-known fact that an order was made at the Pension-Office that will put many thousand dollars into the pocket of Lemon. The money was borrowed one day, and in a very short while the favorable order was forthcoming. It was Congressman Cooper, of Indiana, who demanded the congressional investigation, and Mr. Cooper has been the prosecutor. For this Raum and Lemon have been hounding Cooper. They did their level best to defeat Cooper for re-election to Congress. Raum went out to Indiana and stumped the district against Cooper. Lemon is declared to have poured money into the district with the hope of defeating Cooper, and the *National Tribune*, of this city, a paper that Lemon prints in the interest of his pension-claim business and which has a tremendous circulation among the ex-soldiers, has been abusing Cooper ever since he started the investigation. It was only last week that the *Tribune* had a most scurrilous attack upon Cooper. It was boastfully claimed that Cooper would be defeated for Congress. But he was not. On the contrary, he has been re-elected by a large majority. Several days before his campaign closed in Indiana he made the statement in a speech that he would be successful, and then and there he proclaimed his intention of still further exposing Raum and Lemon, whom he denounced in language that would be libellous if printed in a newspaper and not proven.

NOTHING TO SAY.

The *National Tribune* in its issue for the current week has not a word to say about the result of the elections. The sweeping Democratic victories have knocked the life out of the managers of the vile sheet. All through the campaign the dirtiest abuse was heaped upon the Democrats, and upon Mr. Cooper in particular. Any man who was not in favor of opening the doors of the Treasury to the looters who are bleeding the country in the name of the soldiers was villified.

Ex-Boss Quay passed through Washington this morning. He has gone to Florida to poultice his injured heart. Never was a man of Quay's prominence so unmercifully jumped on by the sovereign people of a great State.

NOBLE'S BIG BLUNDER.

The Republicans are very mad with Secretary Noble for writing that letter to Governor Hill about the recount that has been demanded of the population of the city of New York. It was a gratuitous insult to the Chief Magistrate of the Empire State, and having been given out on the morning of election had a disastrous effect upon the result for the Republicans in the metropolis. Republicans as well as Democrats take a pride in having the correct enumeration of that great American city, and the Governor pleaded in their behalf without regard to partisan politics.

PAYSON'S DEFEAT.

The defeat of Payson (Republican) for Congress in Illinois has nipped a man who talked one way and voted the other in the House during the session that recently closed. It will be remembered that Payson was wild for the free coinage of silver, but was whipped into line by the gold-bugs. He pretended that he would raise a row if the farmers were not given free binding-twine, but when the real test came he allowed old Boss Reed to whip him into line as if he had been a little child instead of the statesman that he professed to be. It is a grand and glorious thing to be able to swing the scalps of such Republicans as Payson on the Democratic belt.

Another victory that is sweeter than honey in the gourd to the Democrats is the retirement of that bitter, malignant Kansas jayhawker, John James Ingalls. The South never had a more determined enemy than this spider-legged spouter.

SOME THAT GOT BACK.

Spooner, of Wisconsin, is another fire-eating little Radical who has gone to join the great army of Republicans sent into the shades of obscurity. He has been dreadfully rampant for the passage of the infamous force bill. Hangen, Julius Caesar Burrows, "Hartford-Convention" Lodge, the "Moon-faced" Reed, Blatherskite Boutelle, ranting Dave Henderson, of Iowa, and a few more of the worst men in the party managed to get back, but the glorious Democracy got in its work to such an extent in the recent election that most of the Radicals have been buried out of sight, and there never has been such loud rejoicing before over the result of the elections in this land. The Republicans will have enough members in the next House to be able to order a roll-call, and they cannot even do that unless they keep their men here steadily.

REED'S PROSPECTS.

The life will be worried out of old Tom Reed during the remainder of the present Congress, and the chances are that Rogers, of Arkansas, will make it so disagreeable for him that Reed will not feel like presiding except every now and then. Judge Rogers drove him from the chair repeatedly during the past session, and the general Democratic sentiment is that the Radicals must be opposed and fought at every turn during the winter session in order to prevent them from doing any deviltry while their short lease of power lasts.

BLACKBURN'S INTERVIEW.

The interview printed here this morning with Senator Blackburn, in which he once more tells what Secretary Blaine said last summer about the disastrous effects that would come to the Republican party if the McKinley bill was passed, has created a profound political sensation. Senator Blackburn gave out this statement in August just after Mr. Blaine wrote his celebrated letter to Senator Frye, but the Republicans then laughed at the warning given them by the Secretary of State. Blaine is regarded as the greatest living Republican, and the revival by Senator Blackburn of the Premier's warnings sounded in the summer has sent cold shivers up the spines of the Republicans. Senator Blackburn's references to the Democratic leadership in the future have also created a mighty stir in political circles here.

POSTMASTERS.

Postmasters appointed for Virginia: Florence Fulton, Bonden, Halifax county, *vice* J. S. Buiton, resigned; S. H. Reynolds, World's, Pittsylvania county, *vice* J. T. Reynolds, resigned; J. H. Mead, Welchburg, Scott county, *vice* W. F. Welch, resigned; Jack Johnson, Tower Hill, Appomattox county, *vice* A. H. Abitt, resigned; F. L. Linkinhoker, Lithia, Botetourt county, *vice* J. T. Obenchain, deceased; T. B. Stone, Chestnut Level, Pittsylvania county, *vice* R. L. Dodson, resigned; Mary L. Ivie, Cascade, Pittsylvania county, *vice* C. R. Jefferson, resigned; Hannie L. Higginbotham, Bryant, Nelson county, *vice* H. Plinkett, resigned.

North Carolina: J. W. Hodges, Bamboo, Watauga county, *vice* A. J. Penley, resigned.

THE REPUBLICAN SORENESS.

It Can't Stand Joking—An Innocent Woman Punished in Consequence.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, November 7.—Mrs. Margaret S. Watkins, a clerk in the general-delivery branch of the city post-office, was to-day temporarily suspended from her duties by order of Postmaster-General Wanamaker, pending an investigation, for alleged offensive language to Richard Quay. Quay called at the post-office to inquire for his father's mail, and while he was waiting for it some one replied "It goes to the dead-letter office now," and it is said Mrs. Watkins reiterated the statement to Quay, who at the time appeared to regard the matter as a joke. Later, however, he called on Postmaster-General Wanamaker and made formal complaint against Mrs. Watkins for her language to him. Mr. Wanamaker directed Postmaster Sherwood to investigate the matter, and meanwhile Mrs. Watkins is under suspension.

From a written statement of the matter made to-day by Mrs. Watkins it appears that she is not up with current politics. When young Quay's inquiry was made she turned to inquire within the office where Senator Quay's mail was and heard the joking response above quoted. She repeated it to Quay in perfect good faith mechanically and without comprehension of the point of the joke.

NEW YORK'S MISCOUNT.

Mayor Grant's Latest Request of the Depopulator Also Denied.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—W. J. K. Kenney, of New York, called to-day at the office of Superintendent Porter and presented a letter from W. McM. Speer, private secretary of Mayor Grant, requesting copies of the names of the persons enumerated by the Federal enumerators in the Second Ward of New York city. This request is based upon section 23 of the census act, which provides that "upon the request of any municipal government of any town, village, township, or city, or kindred municipality, the Superintendent of the Census shall furnish such government with a copy of the names," etc. Referring to the act, Superintendent Porter said to an Associated Press representative that he could not recognize Speer or any other private secretary as a legal representative of the municipal government of the city of New York, and he certainly would decline to furnish the names requested. The law, he said, did not either require or permit it. Mr. Porter is of the opinion that he should receive communications such as this direct from the Mayor. Mr. Kenny was so informed and immediately telegraphed the Mayor of the action of the office.

"DOING" THE SOUTH.

Editor McClure and Others Journey Through the "Coming" Section.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, November 7.—Messrs. McClure and McLaughlin, of the Philadelphia *Times*, with Collector Cooper, of the Delaware *American*, and several others left Washington this morning for a journey through the South. They will be in Atlanta to-morrow; go to Montgomery Sunday evening, where Colonel McClure delivers an address on Monday, which will be "press day" at the Exposition. Tuesday they will go to Mobile, and thence to New Orleans. From New Orleans they will return through the leading industrial centres of the South, including Birmingham and Chattanooga.

UNITED STATES PENSIONERS.

As Many as Three Thousand Three Hundred and Eighty-Six in Virginia.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—The annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions shows that there are 3,386 pensioners in Virginia. The greatest number is in Elizabeth City county—1,003. Norfolk county has 435 and Henrico county 1,522.

ALSO A GOOD NUMBER.

North Carolina has 1,772 pensioners in all, the greatest number (150) being in Craven county.

A Virginia Rad. Promoted.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—Captain N. M. Brooks, of Virginia, has been appointed Superintendent of Foreign Mails in the Post-Office Department, of which bureau he has been chief clerk for several years, and since the resignation of Nicholas M. Bell, early in the present Administration, has been acting superintendent.

Uncle Sam's Purchases of Silver.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, November 7.—The amount of silver offered for sale at the Treasury to-day was 1,045,000 ounces. The purchases aggregated 420,000 ounces as follows: 50,000 ounces at 1.02,2. 60,000 at$ 1.02.35, 100,000 at 1.02,45, 130,000 at 2.02.5, and 80,000 at 1.02.6.

To Visit the South.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—The Interstate Commerce Commission will leave Washington for Chattanooga, Tenn., early next week to hear cases in that section of the country in which the interstate commerce law is involved.

Birchall to Swing.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

OTTAWA, November 7.—The Cabinet Council has, after due consideration, decided that Birchall shall be executed on the 14th inst. The opinion was unanimous.

NORFOLK'S JUBILEE.

ARRANGING A ROUSING JOLLIFICATION OVER THE VICTORY.

The Census Enumerators Want Their Pay. Y. M. C. A.—A Mass-Meeting at the Sam Jones Tabernacle.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, November 7, 1890.

The Democrats of Norfolk are arranging for a rousing jollification in honor of the sweeping victory won by the "unterrified" in Virginia and throughout the country. The demonstration will take place about the 19th, and prominent speakers from a distance have been invited to be present. A torchlight procession, with banners and transparencies and mounted men from the county, will precede the speaking. Last night the Democracy of Berkley had a jollification and fired one hundred guns in honor of the victory in the Second district.

The census enumerators for this section have as yet received no pay for their work, and are anxious for the Government to "shell out."

UNITED STATES GRAND JURY.

The United States Circuit Court is in session with a grand jury representing the whole Tidewater Virginia. E. W. Holloman, of Nansemond county, charged with violating the revenue laws, was discharged, the jury failing to find a true bill. The trial of Frank E. Manning, the soldier who killed a comrade at Fort Monroe, will be tried on Monday. He is in jail in Norfolk.

The Young Men's Christian Association will hold a mass-meeting at the Sam Jones tabernacle on Sunday afternoon and a series of meetings lasting one week, conducted by Rev. C. P. Williamson, of Lexington, Ky. The State secretary of Virginia, Mr. H. O. Williams, will be here in the interest of the International Committee.

CALLED TO THE PASTORATE.

Rev. Frederick V. Lors, of Higginsville, Mo., will probably be called to the pastorate of the Church of the Disciples. He is a son of President C. L. Lors, of Kentucky University, and will be here next Sunday to preach.

Mr. Francis Murphy commenced his ten-day meeting in Portsmouth last night and had 2,000 people to hear him at the South-Street Baptist tabernacle. Mr. Murphy was presented with $484 and his expenses for his services in Norfolk and thirty-five hundred persons signed the pledge. His work in Porthmouth promises excellent results. A number of ministers of the Gospel were on the stand with Mr. Murphy last night.

Mr. A. J. Smith, a well-known citizen, died at his home on Clay street last night.

COLONEL BREMOND RESIGNS.

Colonel L. Bremond, agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway in Norfolk, has sent in his resignation to President Ingalls.

The venerable Captain C. B. Poindexter, of the old navy and Confederate navy, is recovering from the severe fall he received a few weeks ago.

MARRIAGE IN ALEXANDRIA.

Mr. R. M. Green Happily Wedded to Miss Nannie Yoke.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, November 7, 1890.

Mr. R. M. Green and Miss Nannie Yoke, daughter of Mr. Charles Yoke, and one of Alexandria's pretty young ladies, were married in Christ church yesterday by the Rev. Dr. Sutor, the rector. A large throng of the friends of the happy couple witnessed the ceremony. They left for a trip through the North.

It is more than probable that the Democrats of this city will hold a grand jollification-meeting to make merry over the recent election some time early in next week. Already efforts are on foot to get it up, and it is more than probable that they will be successful. If the meeting is held old Alexandria will be "painted red" by the rejoicing Democrats.

THE MT. VERNON AVENUE.

There is a plan on foot to organize the Mt. Vernon Avenue Association into a stock company for the purpose of building the avenue anyhow, without the aid of Congress. It is proposed to take what is known as the eastern route through this city and to lay the avenue from the south end of the new bridge over the Potomac, through Alexandria county to this city, thence along Washington street into Fairfax county, and through it to the Tomb of Washington at Mt. Vernon. A meeting of the Avenue Association will be held here to-morrow and the plans for the proposed changes will be discussed, and if found feasible will doubtless be acted upon.

Should the new road be built it will prove of great value to this part of Virginia.

PROSPEROUS FAIR.

The union fair now being held by the different churches of this city for the benefit of the Alexandria Infirmary will close to-night. The fair has had a most prosperous run of five nights and will put a goodly amount of money in the treasury of a most deserving institution.

A FRAUDULENT DIVORCE.

Brawley Marries His Wife's Cousin—The Former Claims There Was No Divorce.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CHARLESTON, W. VA., November 7.—At a recent special session of the Circuit Court of this county a decree of divorce was granted in the case of Mrs. D. A. Brawley against her husband. Mr. Brawley is one of Charleston's most prominent merchants, and had been married eight years and was respected by all who knew him. There were no charges brought except that the two did not like each other and had agreed to separate. Five days later Mr. Brawley went to Ohio with his wife's cousin and married her.

NO DIVORCE.

Now his first wife has instituted a suit to set aside the decree of divorce, and filed a bill of complaint, in which she states that she never sued for a divorce, and never knew of the suit having been brought until after the adjournment of the term of court when the divorce was granted, and never consented to have such a suit brought.

OBTAINED BY FRAUD.

She further says that the attorney who brought the suit has never been employed by her in any capacity, and to her knowledge she has never seen him. The divorce, she says, was obtained by fraud, and she therefore prays that it be annulled. The disclosure of this will create a sensation in Charleston, where Brawley and his wife have been always held in the highest regard.

Sale of Forfeited Lands.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., November 7.—Hon. John W. McCreery, commissioner of school lands for Raleigh county, has sold 62,500 acres of land lying in Kanawha, Fayette, Boon, and Raleigh counties, to C. H. Read, of New York, who represents other parties, for the sum of $7,646. The land was forfeited to the State in the name of Charles Gould for the non-payment of taxes.

The Washington Races.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—Weather and track fine, but the sport rather poor.

First race—selling, five furlongs—Silence won; Pericles second, Blanche third. Time, 1:05.

Second race—five and a half furlongs—Sir David won; Virgie second, Bertha B. third. Time, 1:10.

Third race—handicap, six furlongs—Mabel won; Ofalece second, Alarm Bell third. Time, 1:16¼.

Fourth race—free handicap, one mile and a furlong—Gypsy Queen won; Prather second, Iceberg third. Time, 1:55¼.

Fifth race—six furlongs—St. John won; Golden Reel second, Corticelli third. Time, 1:16.

WRECKED BY ROBBERS.

A Train Derailed—Nobody Killed, However—Few Seriously Injured.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

KANSAS CITY, MO., November 7.—A special to the *Star* from Sedalia, Mo., says: Train No. 3, west bound, on the Missouri Pacific was wrecked by train-robbers three miles east of Otterville, near the notorious Robbers' Cut, at 2:40 this morning. The train consisted of seven coaches, including mail-, express-, and baggage-cars. The robbers had removed the spikes, bolts, and fish-plates for a distance of three rail-lengths and placed crowbars under the rails so that they would spread. When the engine touched the loosened rails it jumped the track, broke loose from the tender, ran fifty feet on the ties, and turned over. Fireman Lyons jumped and escaped injury. Engineer John Boyd stuck to his post and received a severe wound on the back of his head and had his hand badly cut. The tender turned across the track, throwing the mail-car thirty feet to one side of the track. There were four postal clerks in the car and all were slightly injured. J. D. McCarty, one of them, received a severe injury to his right leg. The baggage- and express-cars were completely wrecked. The smoker, which was filled with passengers, was turned upside down and the car was badly smashed. Strange to say, not one of the occupants was severely injured. The two chair-cars jumped the track, but did not turn over. The Pullman was the only coach to remain on the track. The engineer had stopped the train a short distance from the wreck to make a repair on his engine, and the train was moving only at the rate of about eighteen miles an hour when the engine struck the loosened rails, to which fact is no doubt due the miraculous escape of the passengers.

WHAT NOW REPUBLICAN COURSE?

A Republican Paper Says the McKinley Act Must be Changed.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

CHICAGO, November 7.—The *Evening Journal*, for many years on of the staunchest of Republican papers, in the course of a double-leaded editorial on the political situation this afternoon says: "What now shall be the Republican party's course? Simply this: That it must live up to what are its real principles. The McKinley act must not stand unchanged. It must be modified in almost its every feature. The national caucus of the party has been held and its leaders must obey the dictates of that caucus. There is no occasion for delay until a Democratic Congress has assembled and a Republican Senate given assent to the changes required. The Republican party is a party of the people and one of reform within itself. It has now its opportunity."

ALABAMA ITEMS.

Death of Ex-Governor O'Neal—The Southern Exposition—Trial of Chief Gerard.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 7.—General E. A. O'Neal, who was Governor of Alabama from 1882 to 1886, died this morning at his home in Florence. He was State Solicitor in 1841 and a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1875. During the war between the States he rose to the rank of brigadier-general in the Confederate army.

The Southern Exposition is drawing great crowds from all over Alabama and adjoining States. The attendance to-day was about 10,000. Next Monday is Editors' day. Colonel A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, will deliver an address.

The preliminary trial of Chief-of-Police Gerard for killing ex-Mayor Cottrell, of Cedar Keys, Fla., has been going on all day and has not yet been concluded.

RETALIATION FROM PERU.

A Prohibitive Tax on Imported Lard—A Blow to Our Trade.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, November 7.—Peru has imposed a prohibitive tax on imported lard. The news of this move created quite a stir in the Produce Exchange, as Peru takes $300,000 of the best quality of lard from this city yearly. The information was received from Peru by William R. Grace. From a member of this firm it was learned that the Peruvians had passed a new tariff law to take effect February, 1891. A tax of 15 cents per pound (Peruvian silver), or 5 cents in our money, is imposed on all fo