# MAHONE A TRAITOR.

## SAYS THE RADICAL "KICKERS" OF THE STATE.

**Call for a Convention at Roanoke October 14—No Prepared Resolutions, No Secret Conferences" Promised.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 16.—The committee appointed at the meeting of Virginia "kickers" here last night to work bright and early to-day and completed the formal call for a convention, which was at once signed by the following gentlemen's signatures, of which were authorized by telegraph: H. C. Parsons, Major William General John E. Roller, Colonel Hopkins, Charles K. Lee, Colonel Jacob Yost, George E. Bryant, C. L. Hine.

MAHONE A TRAITOR.

The call entirely ignores General Mahone's leadership of the Republican party, and refers to him as being responsible for an act of political treachery in his Republicans to support the candidate of another party. The Mahonites are denounced as the enemies of the party, and no attention is given to Governor Lee's candidacy.

WHO ARE THE STRONGEST.

The call begins as follows: "Never in the history of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the Executive Committee declares on behalf of the Republican party, has a gubernatorial election been so clearly established and the vote of the contending parties so distinctly divided on the platform on which they stand.

THE "KICKER" INCIDENT.

"The Chairman to call a party to consider so important a question only after a disorder and contemptuous scene in which believe that the party has surrendered nor shall its dreary farce obscure the clear his purpose to the destruction his ambition of local control, and directly to him, and for State control.

[illegible]

[illegible] Republican political election, however, that, all Republicans in the State convention.

[illegible] NO PRETTY POSES

[illegible] who in duty is accomplishment of the convention, [illegible] no [illegible] by this unjudgment is [illegible] a new name or [illegible] to do so.

[illegible]

[illegible] Machine Works, on [illegible] used by G. [illegible] of elastic-web [illegible] fire by the po[illegible] morning, and [illegible] the building being [illegible] been used [illegible] years past, it [illegible] the hardest [illegible]

[illegible] arrest two men, [illegible] John Rosser, on [illegible] suspicion of [illegible] fire.

[illegible] a popular young [illegible] will be married [illegible] Mr. Reeves [illegible]

[illegible] CARTER MARRIED.

Amanda Totwiler—Dead Baby—Hail-Storm.

[illegible] 16.—A beautiful [illegible] at 8 A. M. to-day, [illegible] pastor of the Presbyterian [illegible] was united in [illegible] H. Lewis at Clifton Forge, the home of the bride's [illegible] Rev. Walter [illegible] Warrenton, officiating, [illegible] present.

[illegible] immediately for [illegible] they are to take the [illegible] Washington, D. C., [illegible] Northern cities, and [illegible]

[illegible] DEAD BABY.

[illegible], whose condition [illegible] a month or more, [illegible] from heart-failure [illegible] o'clock, in the [illegible] her age. She had [illegible] resident member of the [illegible]

[illegible] HAIL-STORM.

[illegible] hailstorm in Buckingham [illegible] that destroyed enough of tobacco which [illegible] for the knife. Among [illegible] William Baird, C. J. Taylor, Charles Glover, and [illegible] four or five miles [illegible] They immediately [illegible] with the plow ready [illegible]

[illegible] LOVED DARK BEFORE HIM.

[illegible] Himself Dead—His Farewell [illegible] Wife and Children.

[illegible] September 16.—Just before [illegible] Police Officer Ames Patterson died in the Mayor's [illegible] this State. There is [illegible] for his suicide. A letter [illegible] written was addressed [illegible] and said things looked [illegible] dark, though he did not [illegible] intend to do so. He bade farewell [illegible] for little children, saying: [illegible] God bless you all and take [illegible] I am gone. Pray that the [illegible] you better than they have [illegible]

Commander Book Goes to Court.

[illegible] September 16.—Lieutenant-Commander George M. Book, United States navy, has filed a petition for a writ [illegible] on the Secretary of the Navy [illegible] the Secretary to restore his [illegible] the navy register. The officer was dismissed by court-martial to suspension [illegible] duty for a time and to retain his [illegible] on the register as a result of [illegible] the ship—the Pinta—without authority. Before the sentence expired it was remitted by the President, but the officer had in the mean time been passed in the matter of promotion by two other officers. He now seeks to be placed above them, holding that the remission amounted to a pardon and undid what would otherwise be a continuing hardship from which he would suffer.

## THE FEDERAL TREASURY

**Not Yet Bankrupt, Says Secretary Foster, Contrary Reports Notwithstanding.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 16.—Secretary Foster to-day, when asked by a reporter about the financial condition of the Treasury, said: "There seems to be a determination on the part of certain parties to insist upon the bankruptcy of the Treasury. It has been recently charged that at a meeting of the Cabinet an agreement was reached to hinder, delay, and postpone the payment of money for all public purposes where such a policy was possible; that the Secretary of the Treasury has adopted a plan of pinching economy in the matter of reducing the amount of cash placed to the credit of disbursing officers; in short, that the Secretary had found it necessary to resort to unusual expedients in all directions to pay the non-extended 4½ per cents, in many quarters the Secretary is given much credit for the means employed to maintain a bankrupt Treasury."

Commenting on these charges Secretary Foster said that no such Cabinet meeting as that alluded to has been held, and that no instructions have been given to delay the payment of appropriations for any purpose, nor indeed is there occasion to do so. It is true, the Secretary added, that he felt that it would be good policy to restrict disbursing officers to their actual needs, and he has directed a close study of each case with this end in view. Four months since he found over $40,000,000 in the hands of disbursing officers, when probably twenty-to-twenty-five millions would have been an ample supply. Less than $20,000,000 is now held by them, and he hopes in the time to reduce this sum to a minimum.

Secretary Foster insists that the Treasury has all the money required to maintain a position of perfect ease without adopting a policy of delay or resorting to any action that is not based on perfectly sound principles, but he admits that there is less money in the Treasury now than there has been for many years heretofore. The tariff legislation of the last Congress will, he says, probably effect a reduction of the revenue to the extent of fifty or sixty millions, while the liberal appropriations will just about consume the revenues. Money paid into the Treasury, the Secretary declares, is flowing out daily, as it ought to, thus leaving all money not actually needed in the Treasury in the hands of the people, where it belongs.

## THE McDANIEL FAMILY DISEASE.

**Doctors Say Now It Is Spinal Meningitis—Another Death, Making Six.**

KNOXVILLE, VA., September 16.—Since my telegram of several days since in regard to the number of deaths in the family of Mr. McDaniel of Beadle Tavern, the physicians have decided that the disease is spinal meningitis. One of the prominent doctors said he had never seen a case of it in Virginia before, and had heard of it but very rarely in the United States, although he thought it was epidemic at certain periods in Europe. No cause for its outbreak in the present case is apparent thus far.

ANOTHER DEATH.

Since my telegram another member of the family has died, making in all six deaths in the family in two days. Another one of the family is sick with the disease, but hopes are entertained for his recovery. The disease has been fearful for the rapidity of its advance. Two of the family died one night and a third one the next day.

MARRIAGE.

Mr. Henry M. Mead, of Chicago, who has been visiting his old home near Keswick, returned to that city a day or two since.

Mr. Isaac Long, Jr., of Washington, is visiting at "East Belmont."

Miss Nannie Jones, of Rapidan, who has been on a visit to Miss Mary Bowcock, of "La Fourche," returned home on Monday.

One of the farmers near Keswick had four sheep killed and two badly hurt by dogs on Monday last. It takes a dog to stand this sort of thing.

## NEW LODGE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

**Thirty-Two Members Installed in Winchester—Officers Elected.**

WINCHESTER, VA., September 16.—A very promising lodge of Knights of Pythias was instituted here last night by Colonel J. A. Walton, of Winchester, an officer of the Grand Lodge of Virginia. He was assisted by a delegation of eleven Pythians from Staunton, including Grand-Chancellor Olivier and Chancellor-Commander Long; also by a delegation of four from Winchester, including Past-Chancellor Schneckner.

The Woodstock Lodge starts with thirty-two members, whose officers are as follows: M. L. Walton, chancellor commander; James C. Baker, vice-chancellor; Rev. George E. Hendelt, prelate; R. H. Martin, keeper of records and seal; M. H. Hottle, master of finance; D. H. Walton, master of exchequer; D. Belogan, master-at-arms; L. Bargett, inside guard; L. B. Irwin, outside guard, and J. C. Van Heft, past chancellor. The initiatory ceremonies were protracted late in the night and the lodge didn't adjourn until 3 A. M. Pythianism is on a boom in Virginia under the present active administration.

## THE FARMERS AND LABORERS.

**Their Convention Against Political Action by the Alliance.**

ST. LOUIS, September 16.—The Farmers' and Laborers' Convention reassembled this morning at 10 o'clock. The first order of business was the question on the resolutions which were up yesterday, and they were carried by a good majority. Another to make the vote unanimous revealed two negative votes, and those did not relish the resolution censuring Macune. The Committee on Permanent Organization, with W. Polk Yeadon as chairman, then made its report, which provides for the appointment of a committee of seven, which is authorized to submit to the next Supreme Council, which meets at Indianapolis in November, "the objections of this convention to certain parts of the demands which were adopted by the Supreme Council at the Ocala convention. Also, that the committee be authorized to file the unalterable and undying objections of this convention to the passage of any resolutions whatever binding the individual membership of the Alliance to any political course of action, and we hereby protest against such action of any previous meeting infringing upon the individual political rights of any member of the order."

**Commander Kellogg Unfitted for Duty.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 16.—Commander A. G. Kellogg, United States navy, and lately on duty at the League Island navy-yard, has lately developed some brain trouble which a board of physicians says unfits him for active duty, and to-day he was removed to Washington to be cared for at St. Elizabeth's Asylum. Commander Kellogg was in command of the vessel in Haytien waters that forced the release of the merchant vessel which had been captured by the authorities of Hayti. The intense heat of the climate in that latitude, it is believed, is responsible for his present trouble. It is believed that he may soon recover under proper treatment and relieved of all professional duty.

**Fassett Fires the First Gun.**

NEW YORK, September 16.—The first gun of the campaign in this State was fired to-night by J. Sloat Fassett himself at the Union League Club house, in Brooklyn. The Republican candidate for Governor first addressed a crowd of about 15,000 people, who had assembled outside the club-house, while a dinner given in honor of Mr. Fassett was being eaten within. Later Mr. Fassett spoke to 2,000 people within the club-house. Both speeches were enthusiastically applauded.

**Association of Travelling Auditors.**

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., September 16.—The Association of Travelling Auditors of America was organized here to-day, representing a large number of railroads. The following officers were elected: S. V. Corvine, of Cincinnati, president (with the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific road); F. E. Brevard, of Knoxville, secretary (with the East Tennessee road); A. H. Plant, of Memphis, treasurer (with the Memphis and Charleston road). Circulars were sent out to all travelling auditors of the United States. The next meeting will be held at St. Augustine in January.

**The Wandering Presidente Pinto.**

HAMBURG, GER., September 16.—Forty-five seamen and stokers of the crew of the wandering Chilean war-ship Pinto have deserted. The Pinto managed to get up steam and put to sea considerably short-handed. She is bound for Havre, where she expects to be able to complete her crew and armament.

**Smoke the "Nickleby."**

Best Cigar on the market.

Hickok's No. 1, H. D. C., Fig, and Caroline Sun-Cured are Pure, Clean, and Choice Sun-Cured Tobaccos. Try them.

# SPAIN'S DISASTER.

## HARROWING PARTICULARS OF THE TERRIBLE FLOODS.

**How Everything Was Overwhelmed Suddenly—The Struggle for Life—Nearly a Thousand Bodies Recovered.**

MADRID, September 16.—Further distressing particulars in regard to the flooded provinces continue to be received at intervals, each additional report showing that the extent of the disaster has in no way been exaggerated. The latest information is from Jaen, capital of the province of the same name. The Governor of that province telegraphs that the whole commune of Aubeda is submerged, that the damage done is enormous, and that there has been considerable loss of life. The depth of the flood at Consuegrus can be gauged from the fact that the water rose sixteen feet in the church of St. John the Baptist.

TWO MILLIONS AND A HALF THE LOSS.

An estimate of the damages to property in and about Consuegrus places the loss at $2,500,000, not including the money and valuables buried everywhere in the ruins. The survivors of the disaster are only able to give vague and confused accounts of the flood. They say, however, that though the river was noticed to be rising steadily, no serious apprehension was felt until the waters seemed to make a sudden rush, overwhelming everything. Then came

A WILD RACE FOR LIFE,

the people running in all directions. Many climbed upon the roofs of their houses, but the buildings gave way beneath them. Numbers of people were to be seen struggling in the muddy-colored waters, clinging to planks, beams, pieces of furniture, trees, or anything that could lay hold of that would sustain them above water, and so they struggled from place to place until they either reached a secure refuge or sank exhausted to rise no more. Some idea of the force of the rushing waters can be gathered from the fact that the flood lifted from its foundations and carried almost intact a large frame situation dwelling a distance of eight miles.

The majority of the dead have been buried without awaiting for identification as a sanitary precaution.

BURGLAR GOSSIP.

At Consuegrus sixteen robbers have been caught ruling the district of Consuegrus. So far 95 dollars have been recovered. The national relief fund has reached $100. Students are collecting money for the sufferers in the streets of Madrid. The town of Lanjeroque, province of Leoda, has been converted into an island by the flood, and communication with the town is almost impossible. Two storm wrought removal damage in Murcia, Saragossa, and Malaga. The railway services at Ronda were greatly damaged. Several photographers have started for Consuegrus.

The Queen publishes by royal authority a request to Spanish agents abroad to receive contributions for the flood sufferers.

## NORWICH'S WATER-FILTERER.

**Council Committeemen Beasley and Hagan Speak Highly of Its Merits.**

[Philadelphia Press]

Select-Councilman C. Oscar Beasley and his colleague in the Water Committee of Councils, James Hagan, returned yesterday afternoon from a trip to Norwich, Conn. The two councilmen took the jaunt for pleasure, although their object was to investigate a water-filtering process at the little Nutmeg State town. Mr. Beasley says that the trip was even more pleasant than he had anticipated, because it was so instructive. His companion returned with a like mind.

The water-filter used in Norwich is the same which Mayor Stuart, by ordinance pending passage in Councils, will be authorized to enter into a contract for its establishment at the Lardner Point waterworks on the Delaware river, at a cost not exceeding $150,000. The Lardner Point works supply Kensington mostly, the output being 10,000,000 gallons. The ordinance in question is now in the hands of the Water Committee, which will meet tomorrow to consider its value.

Mr. Beasley and Mr. Hagan are both impressed enthusiastically with the merit of the filtering process. They spent the entire day on Saturday studying its mechanical construction and the method of its operation. So confident is Mr. Beasley, who was interviewed by a *Press* reporter yesterday, of its exceeding merit that he will favor the passage of the ordinance. He takes the position that the water supply of this city should be filtered, and that while not the advocate of any one process above any other he will agitate the matter of the city providing itself with some good system of filtration. The process at Norwich is the best he has seen.

HAS NO WEAK FEATURES.

"I am most favorably impressed," said Mr. Beasley, "with it because it has no weak features, according to expert chemists. It is better than the Anderson filterer, used at Antwerp, which is very good. With Mr. Hagan and myself on this trip were Professor Doremus, the celebrated New York chemist, and Colonel Church, chief engineer of the New York aqueduct. The filterer is at a big manufactory which makes Government paper and paper for the great New York publishing houses. In order that the paper may be good the purest water has to be employed in the manufacture. The filterer has given great satisfaction to the big paper-manufacturing firm, which has the largest business of the kind in New England.

"Mechanically the process is very simple. There is a cylinder as high as an ordinary room and about eight feet in diameter. This is the size of the Norwich filterer. At the bottom of the cylinder are several iron tubes whose ends are covered with wire screens. Above the tubes is a bed of broken quartz a foot and a half in depth. Broken quartz is much better than sand because the grains are pointed. Being pointed they grapple with polluted water and retain the pollutions on their surface. Sand grains are globular, and their roundness allows the water to creep through more quickly. Above the quartz bed is a big beam from which hang a lot of iron spikes. This beam runs diametrically across the cylinder and is revolved around an axis. The spikes stir up the quartz bed.

PHILADELPHIA NEEDS A SYSTEM.

"Now, to show the merits of the filtering process, a tank of water was polluted with petroleum oil, the acid of wood pulp, and other things. In this way the water was made foul as one could imagine. Then, by pipes it was allowed to run into the cylinder of the filter, and the bed of quartz was stirred. When the water came out of the filter it was pure as spring water—delicious. There was no petroleum or wood-acid taste in it.

"I contend that Philadelphia should have her water supply filtered. Water by subsidence in big reservoirs is not pure. Only brickbats and the like drop to the bottom. Microbes are left in the water. For $2,500,000 the entire water supply of the city can be purified by a splendid system of filtration. That filtration purifies water is a scientific fact. It is not wise that $2,750,000 should be spent upon another reservoir, in which the purification depends upon subsidence. The city enjoys a yearly profit of $1,000,000 from water rents. That money should be spent for improvements in the Water Department and in no other. People pay water rents for water.

"The cost of maintenance of a complete system of filtration would not exceed $50,000 yearly at the utmost. General Wagner says it costs twice as much for repairing our reservoirs as it would to main a system of filters. Personally, I intend to agitate matters for the adoption of filters for the entire water-supply of the city. They are needed for the better health of the city."

## TRAIN-ROBBERS IN THE TOILS.

**How the Savannah Plunderers Were Captured—They Confess.**

SAVANNAH, GA., September 16.—A Madison (Fla.) special to the *Morning News* to-night says the Southern Express Company's robbers who held up a Central railroad train five miles from Savannah last Friday night were captured at Mosely Hall, seventeen miles from Madison, at daybreak this morning. The detective's posse, headed by District-Superintendent Myers, of the express company, and Detective Jackson, who captured the outlaw Reub Burrows, reached Mosely Hall on horseback at 4:30 o'clock, and after surrounding the house where the robbers were waited for the day. At daylight the officers entered the house and surprised the three robbers—J. M. Perkins, J. A. Turner, J. E. Delaughter—in bed. They were sleeping with their hands on their revolvers, but were covered with Winchesters and ordered to put up their hands, which they did. Eight 44-calibre pistols were found on them. They were taken in irons to Madison jail, where they were held until the departure of the train for Savannah. They confessed the robbery. It was supposed only two men were in the robbery, but Perkins, the third man, stood guard while the train was held up. The prisoners will reach Savannah to-morrow morning. Their capture was effected through three women with whom the robbers had been living in Savannah and who were arrested as accomplices. The total amount of money lost by the Southern Express Company through the robbery is a little over $830. F. L. Cooper, Savannah agent of the company, has devoted his entire time to working up and directing the case, which resulted in the capture of the robbers.

## CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.

**May Not Start Up Now—Cost of Opening the Street—Personals, &c.**

In addition to the injunction mentioned in yesterday's Dispatch Judge Witt, of the Hustings Court of Richmond, has granted an attachment against the Richmond Ice-Machine Company in favor of W. S. Hollins, who states in his bill that he believes the company has reduced its property to avoid certain assets with the intent to hinder and delay its creditors, and that, although the obligations given by the company are not yet due, the fact that the company is insolvent and that its property has been attached will place it out of the complainant's power to collect himself or to recover any of the amount due him without the intervention and protection of the Court.

These legal proceedings will probably prevent the starting up of the works at one time this month, as was expected. When operations will begin is now regarded as uncertain.

WANT THE APPARATUS.

The members of the Alert Fire Department are exceedingly anxious to secure the apparatus which they have petitioned the council for.

Their petition is now in the hands of the Finance Committee.

The next annual session of the Virginia Methodist Conference will be held in November. This is his Dr. Palmer's last year at Central church, he having been here four years, which is the limit that any minister can serve one church continuously.

The Misses Mason, T. P. Pettigrew, H. H. Vaughan, and Sam Carrell, appointed to report upon the petition looking to the paving of the Jefferson road through New Town, have made their report. They say it will take about $1,200 to pave the street as proposed. This, of course, does not include the cost of the improved street within the corporate limits of Manchester.

STREET-CAR SERVICE.

The work of pulling up the trolley-wires for the horse-cars on the Broad street line is progressing rapidly, and the company will carry the last passenger on the horse cars, but the people are anxious to see electric cars on Broad street.

The Richmond and Manchester Railway Company are pushing along the work on their new line up the south side of the James from Manchester to Bon Air Park. Some of the track has been laid about a quarter of a mile probably—and it will not be many days now before the line will be completed. The tracks of this new line are mostly along or so near the present road bed, and there is a little controversy going on between some of the railway men and some of the property-owners, the latter claiming that the company is trying to do a little more than its charter allows, the property-owners claiming that they are doing what the County Court authorized them to do.

FUTURE OF RICHMOND.

Dr. John W. Brooke has put completed another beautiful water-color picture of Richmond from an old points made in 1824. It gives a view from Haywood to Rocketts and takes in a stipple-road along the river road and the lower end of Jackson ward. He replies to "Inquirer" in "Notes and Queries"—the paper in which appears the view above noted.

A negro man discovered a small pocket of coal recently as he was digging a well on the premises of Mrs. Jacob Wirt, of Swansboro. The coal was found about fifteen feet under the ground. It was a very small quantity, and may have wandered there a distance from some one Chesterfield coal vein.

CHURCH AND PERSONALS.

The Manchester Tobacco Company has put in a bid for a large Government contract, soon to be awarded.

The case of Joseph Bauch and John Bauch (both colored), charged with assault and battery, is set for trial in the County Court of Chesterfield to-day. Mr. Meade Haskins is counsel for the prisoners.

Between the August and September terms of the Chesterfield Court fifty-one deeds were admitted to record in the office of the County Court clerk.

Miss Mamie Coleman, of Chester, left Tuesday for Hollins Institute to complete her course in music and languages.

Work on the new bank building is progressing very nicely. In a few days the roofing will be completed.

Mr. S. R. Perdue, president of the City Council, has gone to New England to spend about ten days.

Mrs. F. T. McFarland and son have returned home from the Rockbridge Alum Springs.

Mr. Edward Speer, of New York, is visiting Mr. George E. Robertson at Chester.

Miss Lavinia Valen, of Buck Hill, is visiting in Fairfax county.

Mrs. D. E. Lipscomb has returned from a trip North.

**What Is Russia's Object?**

LONDON, ENG., September 16.—The Russian Government has requested the European Danube commission to permit Russian naval cadets to take passage on board the vessel belonging to the commission in order that these young officers may be instructed in the pilotage of the Danube and become familiar with the navigation of that river. This strange request, following close upon the Dardanelles incident, has caused considerable astonishment in official circles and a good deal of conjecture as to Russia's ultimate object.

**The Locomotive Engineers.**

MONTREAL, CAN., September 16.—The annual session of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers commenced here this morning under Chief-Engineer P. M. Arthur. Between four and five hundred delegates are present.

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

js Su,W(w)&F1ot 10

PANTS FOR ALL PEOPLE.

Fashion changes the Trousers with some men—necessity with others. You may want a new pair before you get your Fall Suit. We've got the newest and best patterns all made up. No tailor—ourselves included, and our "To-Order Department" is as good as the best of them—can give you any greater satisfaction.

MEN'S PANTS, $2.50 to $12;
BOYS' LONG PANTS, $1.50 to $7.50;
CHILDREN'S SHORT PANTS, 50c. to $3.

FALL OVERCOATS AND SUITS for the ready ones, $7.50 to $35.

A. SAKS & CO.

# MARKET QUOTATIONS

## REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSINESS CENTRES OF THE WORLD.

**Prices for Money, Bonds, Stocks, Grain, Tobacco, Cotton, &c., and in Connection Therewith the Weather Indications.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

FAIR

WASHINGTON, September 17.—Forecast for Virginia: Fair weather; southerly winds; warmer in the northern; stationary temperature in the southern portion.

For North Carolina: Fair weather Friday and Saturday; easterly to southerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, September 17.—The stock market was more active to-day than on any other day of this year. The bullish feeling was very marked at the opening, but at the close it was rampant, and those who talk low prices are to-night in a large minority. The foreigners were moderate buyers in the early trading, responsive to higher figures from the other side, and there was an urgent demand for the long account from domestic operators. The bears and traders, however, were still in fighting trim, and notwithstanding the aid to the bulls from the foreign contingent, prices were forced off all along the line. This stubbornness of the resistance to the depression, however, was extremely disheartening to the bears, and later in the day heavy buying orders appeared which soon turned the scale finally in the direction of higher prices.

THE OLD FAVORITE READING.

These orders were most prominent in the old favorite, Reading, and dealings in that stock were run up to an extremely large figure, being second only to Atchison, which still retained its lead in that respect. Northwestern was another stock which has long been practically dormant and which received a sharp awakening, while among the specialties which have lately come into prominence Ontario and Western, Kansas and Texas preferred, Wabash preferred, and some others were joined by new stocks which advanced sharply on large trading. Among those may be mentioned the Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western stocks, and Peoria, Decatur and Evansville.

THE CLOSING RATHER IRREGULAR.

The opening was rather irregular under the opposing forces in the market, but the old strength was not long in manifesting itself with an extremely heavy trading, and while no marked improvement was seen in the early dealings the gains were spread all over the list. The pressure began to tell as the early demand was satisfied, and material concessions were scored in a few stocks, but the level of the opening was generally reached at noon. Later the volume of business again increased and an irresistible impulse forced prices upward in all portions of the list, when Reading, Atchison, Northwestern, and the specialties took the lead. Transactions in the late trading were again on an enormous scale, the covering of stocks being indulged in freely by frightened shorts, which had the effect of accelerating the upward march of values.

THE CLOSE ACTIVE AND STRONG.

The market finally closed very active and decidedly strong at the highest prices of the day. The final gains are generally for fractions, but Reading is up 2⅞, Kansas and Texas preferred 1⅝, Northwestern 1½, Ontario and Western 1½, and Rock Island, Burlington and Wabash preferred each 1 per cent. The sales of listed stocks aggregated 500,000 shares and of unlisted stocks 9,000 shares. The sales of Atchison aggregated 119,000 and of Reading 111,000 shares.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

*Evening.*—Exchange quiet and steady at $4.84½@4⅞. Commercial bills, 483@483¼. Money easy at 3@4, closing offered at 3. Sub-Treasury balances—Coin, $212,277,000; currency, $21,853,000. Governments dull and steady; 4 per cents, 117. State bonds dull and steady.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5 | 100⅞ |
| B, 5s | 101 |
| North Carolina consol 6's | 14⅞ |
| North Carolina 4's | 97⅞ |
| South Carolina Brown | 94 |
| Tennessee 6's | 105 |
| Tennessee 5's | 100⅞ |
| Tennessee settlement | 3 |
| Virginia 6's | 50 |
| Virginia 6's, consols | 35 |
| Northwestern | 134⅞ |
| Northwestern preferred | 137⅞ |
| Delaware and Lackawanna | 143⅞ |
| Erie | 31⅞ |
| East Tennessee railroad | 6⅞ |
| Lake Shore | 120⅞ |
| Louisville and Nashville | 80⅞ |
| Memphis and Charleston | 20 |
| Mobile and Ohio | 42⅞ |
| Nashville and Chattanooga | 85 |
| New Orleans Pacific 1st mortgage | 65 |
| New York Central | 111 |
| Norfolk and Western preferred | 55⅞ |
| Northern Pacific | 28⅞ |
| Northern Pacific preferred | 7⅞ |
| Pacific Mail | 39⅞ |
| Reading | 47⅞ |
| Richmond and West Point Terminal | 13⅞ |
| Rock Island | 82⅞ |
| St. Paul | 75⅞ |
| St. Paul preferred | 120 |
| Texas Pacific | 14⅞ |
| Tennessee Coal and Iron | 54 |
| Union Pacific | 43⅞ |
| New Jersey Central | 110⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific | 74⅞ |
| Western Union | 84⅞ |
| Cotton-Oil Trust certificates | 24⅞ |
| Brunswick | 11⅞ |
| Mobile and Ohio 4's | 60⅞ |
| Silver certificates (Western National Bank New York certificates) issued on deposit of bullion | 97⅞ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 25⅞ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio, 1st preferred | 53⅞ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio, 2d preferred | 39 |

## BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET.

BALTIMORE, MD., September 17.—Virginia 10s 40@52 bid; do. 3s, 64@65; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 100⅞ asked; Northern Central stock, 69@71; Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern 1sts, 106⅞@106⅞; do. 1st incomes, 74@75⅞; do. 2d incomes, 52@55; do. 3d incomes, 10@11; consolidated gas bonds, 112⅞@113; do. stock, 44⅞@44⅞.

## RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, September 17, 1891.

SALES.—31 shares Virginia Fire and Marine Insurance Company at 37½.

Closing quotations at the Stock Board:

| GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| United States 4's | 116⅞ | .... |
| STATE SECURITIES. | | |
| North Carolina 4's | 97¾ | .... |
| North Carolina 6's | 123 | .... |
| Virginia 6's, consols | 35 | 36 |
| Virginia 3-4-5 10-40's | 32 | 37 |
| Virginia 3's, new | 64 | 64½ |
| Virginia consol coupons, fundable | 34½ | .... |
| Virginia consol coupons, non-fundable | 20 | .... |
| CITY SECURITIES. | | |
| Richmond city 8's | 134 | 135 |
| Richmond city 6's | 112½ | 114 |
| Richmond city 5's 1880-'90 | 100 | .... |
| Richmond city 5's, 1921 and later | 106½ | .... |
| Richmond city 4's, 1921 | 97½ | 98 |
| RAILROAD BONDS. | | |
| Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's | 117 | .... |
| A. & C. guaranteed interest 6's | 102½ | .... |
| Char., Col. and Augusta 1st 7's | 105 | .... |
| Char., Col. and Augusta 2d 7's | 116 | .... |
| Char., Col. and Augusta 6's | .... | 104 |
| Columbia and Greenville 1st 6's | 102 | .... |
| Columbia and Greenville 2d 6's | 77 | .... |
| Georgia Pacific 1st 6's | 101 | 102 |
| Georgia Pacific consolidated 5's | .... | 62 |
| Georgia Pacific incomes | .... | 16 |
| Petersburg Class A 5's | 105 | .... |
| Petersburg Class B 6's | 107 | .... |
| Rich., York River and Chesapeake 1st 8's | .... | 106 |
| Western North Carolina 1st 7's, C, guaranteed | 96½ | 97½ |
| RAILROAD STOCKS. | PAR. | |
| Atlanta and Charlotte | .... | 82 |
| Petersburg | 100 | 75 |
| Rich., Fred'b'g and Potomac dividend obligation | 100 | 112½ |
| Richmond & Petersburg | 100 | 99 |
| INSURANCE COMPANIES. | | |
| Virginia Fire and Marine | 25 | 37½ |
| Virginia State | 25 | 23½ |
| MISCELLANEOUS. | | |
| American Tobacco Company | .... | 97 |

## RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

[Reported for the Dispatch.]

SEPTEMBER 17, 1891.

Auction offerings on 'Change to-day, 23 packages; taken in, 4. Highest, $11; lowest, 50c.—average, $4.56.

Revenue collections: Cigars and cigarettes, $550.11; tobacco, $2,850.51—total, $3,400.62.

Private sales: Smokers, 68; wrappers, 20; darks, 12—total, 100.

Registered on 'Change: W. H. Cheek, Jr., Rocky Mount, N. C.; J. B. Thomas, Tarboro', N. C.

Mr. A. W. Magee, Clarksville, Va., and a good many other North Carolina and outside Virginia tobacco people were in town to-day, with several prominent bright planters from a distance, who sold crops here. Several of the latter have been induced to come the second time with a car-load.

To-day's prices were paid with spirit at full rates, with a fine turnout of buyers thoroughly interested in our loose sales. Tobacco was of very good quality and sales largely over 20c.

Mr. W. T. Newby, of South Carolina, sold at highest prices yet paid for new—as follows: $34, $30, $25, $23, $23, $20, $15, $15, $14, and $14. His lowest was $8.75 on lugs. This was all modern barn-cured, by which, Mr. Newby states, he saved his crop from total ruin by burning up.

Davenport's Warehouse, the best in the State, is being fitted up for loose sales as a result of the Planters Warehouse's success, and Crenshaw's Warehouse will soon be ready also. Our leading tobacco-men are all in the new motion.

To-morrow there will be doubly the largest sale we have had—about 35,000 to 40,000 pounds of old and new—which requires the presence of all of our home buyers promptly. This is a fine lot of leaf.

On account of a further rise in western lugs a factor in Richmond made a large sale to a Petersburg party of such to-day.

## GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1891.

OFFERINGS.

WHEAT.—4,234 bushels.
CORN.—2,102 bushels.
OATS.—2,000 bushels.
RYE.—94 bushels.
MEAL.—500 bushels.
HAY.—17 tons.

SALES.

WHEAT.—2,032 bushels.
CORN.—475 bushels.
RYE.—94 bushels.

QUOTATIONS.

WHEAT.—Longberry, 99c@$1.04. Mixed, 97c@$1.00. Shortberry, 95c@$1.03. No. 2 red, $1.01@$1.02.

CORN.—White (Virginia), 70c; No. 2, 70c. Mixed, 68c@70c.

OATS.—No. 2, 37c; No. 3, 35@36c. Winter (for seed), 40@50c.

RYE.—90@97c.

FLOUR.

Wheat.—Fine, $3.75@$4; superfine, $4.25@$4.50; extra, $4.75; family, $5@$5.25; patent family, $5.50@$6.

## RICHMOND MARKETS.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1891.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

*Butter, Eggs, Fowls, Lard, Corn Meal.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter, now: | |
| Choice, creamery | 21@22c. |
| Choice family packed | 20@22c. |
| Choice store packed | 20@22c. |
| Good to prime | 17@18c. |
| Common | 12@15c. |
| Eggs: Fresh | 18@19c. |
| Live hens: fat and large | 25@30c. |
| Live roosters | 22@23c. |
| Chickens, spring per pound | 19@30c. |
| Lard, Country | 7c. |
| Corn Meal | |
| Per bushel for country | 75c. |
| For city mills | 80c. |
| *Vegetables.* | |
| Cabbage: Per barrel | $1 50 |
| Potatoes—new: | |
| Choice, per barrel | $1 50@$1 60 |
| Medium, per barrel | $1 |
| GREEN FRUITS. | |
| Apples Green, choice, per barrel | $1 75@$2 25 |
| *Miscellaneous.* | |
| Beeswax, per pound | 22@23c. |
| Bark: | |
| Black-oak, rossed, per 2,240 pounds | $11 00 |
| Black-oak and chestnut, rough, per 3,000 pounds | $5 00 |
| Feathers: | |
| Prime live goose | 40@42c. |
| Common | 25c. |
| Flaxseed, per bushel | $1 35 |
| Hay: | |
| No. 1 timothy | $15 00@16 00 |
| No. 2 | $12 00@13 00 |
| Mixed clover and timothy | $10@12 00 |
| Clover, nominal | $9 00@10 00 |
| Mill-Offal: | |
| Brownstuff, per ton | $10 |
| Bran, per ton | $10 |
| Shipstuff, per ton | $20 |
| Oats: | |
| Black spring | nominal. |
| White spring | nominal. |
| Winter | [illegible] |
| Baled | $11 00@$12 00 |
| Roots: | |
| Ginseng, per pound | $2.75 |
| Seneca, free of tops, per pound | 25@30c. |
| Peanuts | 3@4c. |
| Extra hand-picked | 4@4½c. |
| Shell | 3@3½c. |
| Active, as to quality. | |
| Rye, per bushel | $1@$1 05 |
| Shucks | 55@55c. |
| Baled straw | 37½@40c. |
| Tallow, per pound | 4@4½c. |
| Wool: | |
| Washed | 30c. |
| Unwashed | 22c. |
| Burry will bring from 3 to 5c. per pound less than the above rates. | |

CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, &C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cement: | |
| Rosendale, per barrel | $1 35 |
| James River | 1 35 |
| Lime: | |
| Anchor brand, per barrel | $1 05 |
| Agricultural, per bushel | 8@10c. |
| Rockland, per barrel, according to quantity | $1 10@$1 15 |
| Virginia | $1@$1 05 |
| Plaster: | |
| Nova Sc