# THE RICHMOND DISPATCH.

WHOLE NUMBER. 12,797. RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1892. THREE CENTS PER COPY.


## FROM WASHINGTON.

### A Dull and Oppressive Day at the Capitol.

### BARE QUORUM IN THE HOUSE.

**The Inquiry Into the Watson Charges—Overwhelming Evidence in Exoneration of Mr. Cobb—Notes.**

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, August 1.—It was a dull and oppressive day at the Capitol—a genuine sort of blue Monday—and nothing was accomplished of general interest. The House, contrary to expectation, had a bare quorum. Many members left town Saturday evening, but others returned, and yet the dead-lock over the World's-Fair bill continued. It became evident early in the day that it was useless to go on with tedious roll-calls and filibustering, so an early adjournment was reached and a caucus of Democrats arranged for this evening, the idea being to endeavor to patch up a compromise and try to reach an adjournment.

All day yesterday the Democratic leaders tried to fix up a compromise on the World's-Fair matter, but they did not succeed, and the tangle was as bad this morning as it was when the House adjourned Saturday.

The Senate passed some bills of a private character to-day, and then a discussion of the tariff was resumed. General Hawley and Mr. Hiscock made speeches in behalf of the protective system with a view to having their utterances circulated in Connecticut and New York.

#### SENATE AND HOUSE.

**The Joint Resolution Extending Sundry Civil Appropriations Adopted.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1.—SENATE.—The attendance of senators this morning was not indicative of any great success having crowned the telegraphic summons having the Vice-President recalling the absentees. The Vice-President stated, however, that no less than thirty-one such telegrams had been sent out, and he laid before the Senate four telegrams received by him, alleging sickness as the cause of absence. These were from Messrs. Wilson, Casey, Dolph, and Faulkner. Leaves of absence were granted besides to Mr. Platt for the remainder of the session and to Mr. Gibson, of Louisiana, for to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Hawley the invitation of the Executive Committee having in charge the reception of the Grand Army of the Republic at the encampment in September was accepted on the part of the Senate and a committee of five senators provided for.

PROBABLY NO QUORUM.

No question came up that required ascertainment of the fact whether there was a voting quorum present or not. If it had been necessary to test that point the result would probably have been a demonstration in the negative. But there was nothing in to-day's proceedings that required any formal vote.

The joint resolution extending till next Thursday last year's appropriations for the government bureaus covered by and included in the sundry civil appropriation bill (still pending in the House) was passed without a word of remark and without any division. Almost all that occupied the attention of the Senate were speeches on the tariff question by Mr. Hawley and Mr. Hiscock, advocating and defending the policy of protection, and a statement by Mr. Frye respecting the profits of the Arlington Woolen-Mills.

**House of Representatives.**

Mr. Holman moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution extending until August 4th the appropriations made by the sundry civil bill last year. The joint resolution extending the appropriations until August 4th was passed without opposition, but its passage was preceded by a rather spicy discussion.

The House also passed the bill changing the date of the dedication of the buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition from the 12th to the 21st of October.

NO QUORUM.

It had required a call of the House before yesterday's journal could be approved, and now after the passage of the sundry-civil extension resolution, and the bill changing the date of the dedication of the World's-Fair buildings, the quorum vanished.

Mr. Holman moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill appropriating $50,000 for the relief of the Mississippi flood sufferers. Mr. Kilgore raised the point of no quorum, and but 158 members responding, the House adjourned.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

A Democratic caucus was announced for this evening at 8 o'clock.

The galleries of both houses were filled in the early part of the session with employees of the Government Printing-Office, but as soon as the sundry civil extension resolution passed the printers hurried away to their posts.

#### POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

**Democratic Campaign Work Commenced. Farmer Edmunds—Virginia's Sick-List.**

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Senate to-day passed the House bill of Representative Crawford for the relief of the eastern band of Cherokee Indians in North Carolina. It gives them the right to sell a portion of their timber, and also credits them with money due them under the Indian fund.

THE CAMPAIGN OPENED.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee have commenced work in earnest. They have magnificent headquarters here in the large new building erected at the corner of Ninth and F streets by the Washington Loan and Trust Company. Good campaign documents are being scattered all over the country, and the voters are to be well posted on the issues of the day.

PRIVATE ALLEN O. K.

There is great rejoicing among the congressional friends of Hon. John M. Allen, of Mississippi, over the news to the effect that he has carried every county in his district but one, thus assuring his nomination and another term in the House. "Private" Allen has defeated a strong man in the person of Colonel Muldrow, who formerly represented the District for several years in the House, and who was First-Assistant Secretary of the Interior from 1885 to 1889. "Private" Allen, as has been remarked before, is the sunshine of the House, and he cannot yet be spared. He is not only a man bubbling over with kindly humor, but he is a good lawyer, and as a campaign speaker few men can entertain a big crowd as well as he.

FARMER EDMUNDS CONGRATULATED.

Farmer Edmunds, of the Virginia delegation, is being congratulated by his friends in assurances that his way to a renomination seems to be clear, and the fact that he is to have another term in the House.

COLONEL O'FERRALL BETTER.

A letter received from Hon. Charles T. O'Ferrall, written at his home, in Harrisonburg, states that he is feeling somewhat better than when he left the city, but he is still quite unwell. He remained here attending to his duties until he was advised by his physician to go home at once or he would have a very severe spell of illness.

MESSRS. LAWSON AND TUCKER.

Messrs. Lawson and Tucker, the other members of the Virginia delegation, who are absent on sick leave, are reported to be recovering.

WATSON IN BAD ODOR.

The committee to investigate the charges made against the House by Congressman Tom Watson, of Georgia, will probably conclude to-morrow, but action on their report will hardly be taken this session. Watson has stirred up a great deal of feeling, and he is in bad odor among congressmen.

#### A DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

**The World's-Fair Matter to Go Over Till December—Chicagoans Desperate.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Democrats of the House held a caucus to-night for the purpose of consultation and if possible agreement on some plan by which the present dead-lock can be broken and an adjournment of Congress brought about.

The last caucus held under circumstances similar to the present condition of affairs in the House resulted in a decision to lay over until December the direct-tax bill, against which the filibustering at that time was directed. A similar plan of campaign was pursued in the caucus to-night, and the debate to a large extent proceeded upon a resolution offered by Mr. Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, proposing to lay over until December next a vote on the proposition to appropriate $5,000,000 in aid of the World's Fair.

There were, it was said, about 100 members present, with Mr. Holman as presiding officer.

The resolution offered by Mr. Mutchler was in three parts, and in substance was as follows: That the sundry civil bill shall be passed, and that there shall be a vote on a separate World's-Fair bill appropriating $5,000,000 in aid of the World's Fair on the 7th of December next, after six hours' debate, and that only three amendments shall be in order, this provision being intended to prevent continued filibustering through the offering of numerous amendments.

The second part of the resolution provides that the House shall lay the motion of Representative Bingham, of Pennsylvania, on the table, vote to reconsider its concurrence in the Senate amendment and insist on its disagreement thereto.

The third branch of the resolution provides for the continuance of the Dockery sub-Committee on Appropriations, which investigated the World's-Fair management, with authority between now and December to look into the financial condition of the fair, a report on the needs of the fair enterprise to be made to the House on the first Monday in December.

The resolution was much debated in a calm manner, most of the members present being unusually quiet.

The first vote was taken on a resolution offered by Mr. Reilly, of Pennsylvania, and intended as a substitute for the resolution of Mr. Mutchler. Mr. Reilly's resolution was as follows:

*Resolved*, That it is the sense of this caucus that the House shall be allowed to vote on the pending motion to lay on the table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House agreed to concur in Senate amendment No. 398, without the interposition of any further dilatory motion.

The chairman, Mr. Holman, expressly stated that the vote would be persuasive only, and would not be binding. The vote resulted in the defeat of Mr. Reilly's resolution by 69 nays to 31 yeas; then the Mutchler resolution to lay over the fair appropriation until December was carried by practically the same vote, whereupon the caucus adjourned.

The result was received with manifestations of displeasure by the World's-Fair men, and expressions of feeling between the two sides became quite warm at the close of the caucus.

The result of the caucus is not decisive in any way, but the adoption of the resolution places the World's-Fair men at a disadvantage, and is clearly a gain for their opponents. General St. Clair and other friends of the fair were at the Capitol and were not in good humor over the result. They announce that they will keep up their fight if it takes till the 4th of March, but it is evident that the struggle on their part is becoming desperate. They may still carry their point and get the appropriation, but the probabilities are that they will be compelled to accept a compromise of some sort or make the best terms they can.

The opponents of the appropriation do not regard the action to-night as final but said that they believed it would force the World's-Fair men to compromise by showing the determination of the opposition, and the fact that the Democratic party in the House is opposed to them. It is expected that the Chicago members, and some of the most zealous of their friends, will be inclined to keep up the fight, but there are Democrats who have voted for the fair appropriation who it is thought the caucus action will influence. While Democratic caucuses have ceased to be really caucuses, some persuasive influence, to use Mr. Holman's phrase, still follows their decision.

It is probable that the House will continue to-morrow in the same listless state as heretofore. It is the policy of to-night's majority to give an opportunity for the feeling to subside and then an effort will be made to bring about an agreement and a final adjournment of Congress.

#### THE GOVERNMENTAL MACHINE.

**Started Again by the Application of Appropriation Oil.**

WASHINGTON, August 1.—No time was lost, after the passage by the Senate of the joint resolution extending the appropriations, in setting in motion the wheels of the governmental machine, which had been brought to a standstill. As soon as the resolution passed the Senate it was hastily enrolled and carried to the President. At half-past 1 o'clock the President notified Congress of its signature, and at 2 o'clock the *Record* compositors, who had been laid off Saturday night, were again at work, and the business of the greatest printing-office on earth was again in full swing.

**Federal Debt Statement.**

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The usual monthly debt statement prepared by the Treasury was not issued to-day owing to the stoppage of work at the Government printing-office where it is printed. The figures were prepared, however, and will be issued to-morrow, as follows: Aggregate cash in the Treasury, $783,979,268; net cash balance, $27,050,286; increase during the month, $357,909; decrease of interest and non-interest-bearing debt, $839,905; decrease in certificates and Treasury notes outstanding, $869,501; total debt, including certificates and Treasury notes, $1,587,054,738; total certificates and Treasury notes outstanding, $619,675,802 (offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury); net debt, $967,378,935.

**The Homestead Report.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1.—Chairman Oates, of the special sub-committee of the Judiciary Committee that investigated the labor troubles at Homestead, Pa., and the action of the Pinkerton police at that place, has prepared his report and submitted it for approval to the sub-committee to-day. Inasmuch as it has not yet been definitely determined whether the investigation into the Pinkerton police share of the troubles shall be proceeded with or not, the report in its conclusion does not deal with that matter. It relates entirely to the cause, progress, and termination of the labor troubles.

**The Eight-Hour Bill a Law.**

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The President to-day signed the eight-hour law. The bill was introduced in Congress by Representative John J. O'Neill, of Missouri (Democrat), former chairman of the Labor Committee, and was prepared by the labor unions. It prohibits all employees of the government from working over eight hours per day and extends the rule to those working under government contracts.

#### TO GERMAN ADMIRERS.

**A Cleveland Acknowledgment of Election to Honorary Club Membership.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

ALBANY, August 1.—The following self-explanatory letter has been received by President Schrodt, of the German Young Men's Democratic Club.

GRAY GABLES,
BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., July 27th.

*Michael Schrodt, Esq., President of the German Young Men's Democratic Club:*

My Dear Sir,—I received your letter of July 20th, enclosing a copy of the resolutions passed by your club at Albany, and also notifying me that I have been elected to honorary membership in the club. I desire to return my thanks to the members of the club for the enthusiasm with which they endorse the action of the Chicago convention. They furnish by the resolutions which they have adopted most satisfactory proof that they are fully alive to the importance of the issues involved in the present campaign, and that their zeal in the cause is based upon a proper appreciation of the necessity of the supremacy of Democratic principles in order to subserve the good of the people.

The disposition of our German fellow-citizens to support principles which are conservative and safe, and the correct discriminations which they always make when aroused to thoughtfulness are guarantees that the action of your club, as shown in the adoption of the resolutions which I have received, is earnest and sincere. I entirely agree with your club in the opinion expressed in your letter, that upon the German voters of the State "the success of our party will greatly depend," and it is certainly cause for congratulation on the part of those who believe in the Democratic doctrine that our German fellow-citizens are inclined to organize for the purpose of enforcing that doctrine.

I also desire that you express to the members of the club the gratification which it affords me to have my name placed upon its roll of honorary membership.

Yours very truly,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

**Default on Terminal Interest.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, August 1.—In accordance with a resolution passed at a recent meeting of the Richmond Terminal Advisory Committee, default was made on the interest on the 6 per cent. bonds which was due to-day.

## THE POWER GENERAL

### HEADS OF ALL DEPARTMENTS DIRECTED TO GIVE INFORMATION.

**Proposition to Finish the City Hall by Contract Defeated After a Lively Debate—Other Council Work.**

The August meeting of the Common Council was held last night. It was expected that the heavy rains in the early evening would prevent a number of members from being present, but upon the calling of the roll it was observed that twenty-six councilmen were in their seats.

The first matter taken up were two reports of the Committee on Streets. The first recommended the granting of a number of awning and area permits, and was promptly adopted. The second submitted the grades of the annexed portion of Lee District, on Main street at the intersection of Madison, and on Beech street at a section which is flooded by water whenever there is a heavy rainfall. These grades were adopted.

MONEY FOR IMPROVEMENTS.

The Committee on Streets also asked in report No. 2 the following amounts for needed improvements: $8,160 for the construction of a sewer on Jackson street from Second to First, and then on First street from Jackson to the alley between Broad and Marshall streets, then through this alley from First to Adams street; $807 for the construction of a sewer on Bowe street from Clay northwardly about 325 feet; $15,030 for the paving of alleys for owners; $615 for the grading, curbing, and paving with granite gutters on the south side of Main street between Beech and Morris streets; $3,203.20 for similar work on both sides of Linden street between Cary and Beverley streets; $1,539 for similar work on the south side of Ashland between Reservoir and Randolph streets; $513 for similar work on the east side of Randolph street between Ashland and Claiborne streets; $317 for the grading, curbing, and paving with granite spalls the intersection of Ashland and Randolph streets and the grading and paving of the sidewalks; $1,368 for the grading, curbing, and paving with granite gutter the west side of Randolph between Tobacco and Blair streets; $200 for the construction of a culvert for surface drainage under Randolph street; $2,000 for the construction of street basins at eleven different points in Clay Ward. The portion of the report calling for appropriations was referred to the Finance Committee.

On recommendation of the Finance Committee a resolution was adopted stipulating that the Finance Committee should provide the money for the payment of the judgment of $1,796.29 obtained by Mary L. Stephenson, administratrix of William H. Stephenson's estate, in the City Circuit Court.

THE CITY HALL FUND.

Mr. Noble, sub-chairman of the Grounds and Buildings Committee, presented on behalf of that body a quarterly report upon the new City Hall fund, giving in summary form the total appropriations and expenditures, which have already been published in the DISPATCH, and showing a balance of cash on hand to the credit of the hall fund of $28,424.78. The report was received and filed.

A resolution from the Health Committee asking that the wages of the laborers in that department be increased from $1.50 to $2 per day was referred to the Finance Committee.

A resolution from the Committee on Cemeteries asking for the appropriation of $1,000 for the improvement of Shockoe-Hill cemetery, and instructing the Finance Committee to provide the funds, was referred to the Finance Committee, notwithstanding the vigorous efforts of Mr. Grimes.

THE DAY-LABOR PLAN.

When the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform was called Mr. Guigon, sub-chairman of that body, handed in a bud yet of papers. The first read by Clerk August was a resolution instructing the Grounds and Buildings Committee to complete the new City Hall by contract.

In regard to this matter Mr. Guigon stated that after looking into the matter the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform stood as a unit in favor of completing the hall by contract. He asserted that a great deal of money had been needlessly expended in the construction of the building, and that even yet there could be a great saving of funds by employing the contract method.

In answer to a question from Mr. Noble, Mr. Guigon simply referred to the discrepances and errors alleged to have been discovered in the hall, but said these things would come before the body further on in the report of the committee.

Considerable argument followed upon a technicality as to the resolution, and Mr. Guigon offered it as an ordinance, incorporating a clause providing that all ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with it be repealed.

TOO LATE TO SWAP HORSES.

Mr. Carter said that "we were near across the stream to stop to swap horses now," after former members of the Grounds and Buildings Committee had gone out of office.

Mr. Carter said that if this work was given out under the "day-labor" plan and the laborers properly managed the city would save the difference; whereas if the structure was erected by contract the contractor would get the difference. He stated that the action of the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform was a reflection upon that of the Grounds and Buildings Committee, upon the City Engineer, and upon the workmen employed on the hall.

TOO MUCH SPENT.

Mr. Noble also took Mr. Carter's side upon this question and said he believed that the building should be completed by day labor; that he did not think there had been an unnecessary expenditure of money on account of the system employed, but owing to the management. He was, he said, in favor of finishing the work according to the "day-labor" plan.

Mr. Murphy, a member of the Retrenchment and Reform Committee, stated that he had been told by the City Engineer that fully one third could be saved in completing the structure by piece or contract work. He said it would not be necessary then to have half dozen bosses over a few men.

Mr. Epps said that he favored putting the remainder of the work out by contract, providing that the blame for reckless expenditures should fall upon whosoever deserved it, and not upon the poor workingmen.

AMENDMENT AND RESOLUTION LOST.

The vote was then taken upon Mr. Guigon's amendment in regard to changing the resolution of the Retrenchment and Reform Committee to an ordinance, and it was lost.

The resolution to complete the hall by contract was lost also by a vote of 15 to 10, as follows:

AYES—Messrs. Carneal, Glover, Guigon, Jackson, King, Murphy, Smith, Thomas, Royal White, and W. L. White—10.

NOES—Messrs. Boykin, Brauer, Carter, Curtis, Davis, Epps, Garber, Griffin, Grimes, Grooms, Mann, Noble, Seay, Stratton, and Trower—15.

MUST BE GIVEN INFORMATION.

The second report of the Retrenchment and Reform Committee was then read and engaged the attention of the Council for more than an hour. It gave the result of the investigations made in the City Hall by that body and asked in a resolution that the City Engineer be directed to furnish to the committee the information asked by them. Mr. Guigon made a very clear, earnest, and vigorous speech in explaining the labors of the committee, the results of their tour through the hall, and those of their conference with Colonel Cutshaw.

Mr. Glover offered a substitute resolution instructing the officers of the various departments of the city government "to afford to the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform every possible facility in the examination of their respective departments and to furnish them such information in the prosecution of their work as the committee may deem just and proper."

An additional substitute by Mr. Glover provided for the appropriation of $3,000 for the employment of such stenographers and expert accountants as the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform might need in prosecuting their examinations, but this was withdrawn upon the suggestion of Mr. Carter and on the approval of Mr. Guigon.

MR. GLOVER'S VIEWS.

The President of the Council in submitting his views said that he did not feel that the body should make its resolution specific and so as to touch only one head, but to draw it in a general way and to cover not only the head of every city department, but every employee even. Mr. Glover, in continuing, stated that it mattered not what anyone said upon this question the investigation at present was that of Colonel W. E. Cutshaw, and that he did not think it fair to put that official on the stand to draw his own warrant.

"I am just as willing to examine Colonel Cutshaw," asserted Mr. Glover in closing, "as any one else; yet I am sure that I regard him as one of the most peerless men in the State of Virginia."

Mr. Guigon accepted the substitute of Mr. Glover, and speeches for and against the measure were made by Messrs. Carter, Guigon, Stratton, Noble, and others.

Mr. Glover's substitute prevailed by the vote of 19 to 6.

THE JAMES-RIVER WATER.

The Board of Public Interest reported that it held a meeting yesterday evening and recommended to the consideration of the Council the article which appeared in the *Times* on Sunday morning in reference to the water of the city. The paper was referred to the Committee on Water.

Mr. Glover's resolution to increase the salary of the President of the Board of Health to $1,800 per year was sent to the Committee on Health.

On motion a resolution instructing the Superintendent of the Water-Works to prepare an estimate of the cost to pump the water from the river instead of from the canal was adopted.

A paper requiring the Chesapeake and Ohio railway to place a night-watchman where its tracks cross Williamsburg avenue, in order to protect life, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

The Council appropriated $50 to be expended in fuel for the pumping of sufficient water into the lake at the new reservoir to prevent stagnation.

Councilman Jackson offered a resolution providing for the establishment of electric lights at Seventh and Preston, Seventh and Bates, and Third and Preston streets, which was sent to the Committee on Light.

A paper asking for the opening of Duval street from Sixth to Seventh, and the appropriation of the necessary money for the same, was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Council refused to suspend the rules in order to consider a resolution appropriating $500 to the expense account of the Third Market, and after ordering the rules of the body revised and printed it adjourned at 12:10 A. M.

**Personals and Briefs.**

Mr. Vollie Vaiden, of Lanexa, Va., is in the city.

Miss Kate O'Sullivan is summering at Drewry's Bluff.

Mrs. Nellie McDonough has gone to the White Sulphur Springs.

Mr. W. N. McVeigh, of Alexandria, arrived in the city this morning.

It is Mr. A. F. Noel instead of J. F. Noel who has leased the Bon Air Hotel.

Deputy-Sergeant McCabe has left on a southern trip of a month's duration.

Miss Bessie Gentry, of 203 east Clay street, is visiting friends in Baltimore.

Misses Daisy Bell Dean and Daisy Lee White are visiting relatives in Petersburg.

Mr. Ralph E. Brush, of New York, is in the city, the guest of Mr. Will McDonough.

Mrs. W. J. Johnson has gone to the Rockbridge Alum Springs to spend a few weeks.

Miss Lula Bethel is visiting friends in Lynchburg, and her health is greatly improved.

Mr. Lewis H. Blair and family have gone to Basic City. Mr. Blair will return in about a week.

Miss Fannie L. Bladon, of Roanoke, who has been visiting Mrs. A. R. Peacock, has returned home.

Mrs. George Fairlamb and son, Everett, will leave to-morrow for Glen Allen to spend the month of August.

Mr. W. T. Cridlin has returned to the city after a pleasant visit to friends and relatives in King William county, Va.

Miss Maggie H. O'Neil, of Baltimore, Md., who was visiting her aunt, Mrs. D. O'Neil, returned home last Thursday.

Mr. T. B. Gill and wife, of Milford, passed through the city yesterday on their way to Old Point and Virginia Beach.

Miss Kate McDonough, who has been visiting in Scotland and Claremont, Va., for the last two months, has returned home.

Mr. William Smith, of 606 west Clay street, was called suddenly to Fluvanna county by the illness of his wife's mother.

Miss Bertha Fitzpatrick, of Chester, has returned from Bedford City, accompanied by her friend, Miss Duncan, of Bell Haven.

Mr. George Canning Wilde, the veteran Richmond journalist, has returned from Lynchburg, where he has been for several months.

Mrs. Josephine Trevilian has gone to Buffalo Ridge Springs to spend the month of August.

Mrs. Mary Willitts, who has been quite sick, was taken to the Retreat for the Sick on Tuesday.

Misses Maggie Shea and Sena Sherer have gone to Roanoke to visit their sister, Miss Josephine Sherer.

Colonel Parsons, of Natural Bridge, and his family passed through the city yesterday on their way to Newport.

There was no improvement in the condition of either Professor Harrison or Mrs. Stringfellow yesterday. Both are critically ill.

Mr. J. W. Ennis and wife and Mrs. James E. Jones and daughter, Bertha, left yesterday morning to visit relatives near Lloyd's, Essex county.

Misses Jennie and Maggie Ryan left last Saturday for Coney Island, Hartford, and Meriden, Conn.

Messrs. Edward Stumpf and Edward Lee left the city last night for Philadelphia and Atlantic City, where they will join their wives.

Miss Carrie Heberle, stenographer for the Franklin Davis Company, has gone to Surry county to spend the present week with Miss Annie Younglove.

Dr. Hunter McGuire, Major Lewis Ginter, Mr. Tierman, and Mr. and Mrs. John Dunlop sail from New York, to-morrow in the City of Paris for Europe.

General Joseph R. Anderson has just returned from the White Sulphur and thinks of going to the White Mountains for the benefit of his health.

Mr. John T. Saunders, of the Exchange Hotel, will leave on the Old Dominion steamer to-day for a visit to New York, New London, Conn., and other places.

It is thought that the parties who paid $500 for the ninety-days' option on the Masonic property at the corner of Fifth and Main will build a magnificent hotel.

The fine of Mrs. Omega Wren, who was committed to jail on Friday upon being convicted of keeping a disorderly house, was on Sunday paid and she was released.

Mr. W. G. Williams, of Floyd avenue, has returned from a pleasant sojourn in Kansas City, Mo., and will in September enter the law class of the University of Virginia.

The Richmond Knights Templar will start on their pilgrimage to Denver at 10:45 P. M. Thursday night, instead of on Wednesday evening, as has been heretofore published.

The alarm of fire turned in from Box No. 128 at 9:15 Sunday night was occasioned by a slight burning of the dwelling of A. Francioni, corner Broad and Smith streets. Damage trifling.

Miss Laura V. Huntley left the city on last Wednesday to visit friends and relations in Amherst county. Before returning she will spend several weeks at Luray and Natural Bridge.

Mrs. A. T. Wright left the city a few days since for her old home in Fauquier county, where she was joined last week by her brother, Mr. L. A. Sampselle, wife, and two children, of Bluefield, W. Va.

An important meeting of the City Democratic Committee will be held in the Circuit-Court room to-night. The matter of electing delegates to the congressional convention will probably be taken up.

Colonel and Mrs. R. L. Maury, Miss Maury, and Miss Minor, of the University of Virginia, sailed on Saturday for Holland, expecting to spend several months in Paris and London and in Southern France.

A meeting of the Committee on Third Market was held yesterday evening, and considerable routine business was transacted. A resolution asking the Council to appropriate $500 to the current expense account of the market was adopted.

Mr. William J. Woods has returned from the Tidewater section, where he has been on a second very pleasant and successful sojourn in the collection of rare birds. He expects to exhibit his rare display at the State Exposition this fall.

The following suits were entered in the City Circuit Court yesterday: The Cohen Company against C. E. Johnston for $250; Virginia Steel, Iron and Slate Company against John O'Toole for $1,200; Rachel Myers against Joseph Heppert for $100.

Mr. John K. Fussell, superintendent of schools for Henrico county, announces that he will be at his office on Thursday and Friday of this week for the purpose of examining all white applicants, and on the 9th and 10th to examine all colored applicants, except those who now hold professional or first-grade certificates from him, who may desire to teach in the schools of Henrico for the next session. Examinations will commence at 9 o'clock A. M. and close at 3 P. M. on each day.

Mr. Charles P. Selden, long associated with the Singer Sewing-Machine Company of this city, but more recently connected with the New Home Company, has left for Memphis, Tenn., where he has accepted a position with the Singer Manufacturing Company.

Mrs. A. F. Shelton and son, Preston F. Shelton, will return to the city to-day from King and Queen, where the latter enjoyed fishing, crabbing, and frog-hunting. He also had the pleasure of meeting his little cousin, Dr. B. P. Muse's daughter, of Baltimore.

Rev. J. Spencer Smith, who has been suffering from nervous prostration for some weeks past, has been advised by his physician, Dr. J. R. Wheat, to spend some weeks at the Massanetta Springs, in Rockingham county. He and his wife will leave for the springs to-day.

The Medusa Fishing Club, made up of Messrs. Hay T. Thornton, G. H. Clarke, W. Percy Glenn, Arthur Thornton, and Charles Glenn have gone to Old Point Comfort, whence they will sail to Ocean View to camp out for a week to be spent in fishing and other seaside pleasures.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Powell Hill, with their daughter, Miss Lillie, returned from Ocean View Sunday evening, where they had spent the past week, and will leave for the Roanoke Red Sulphur, not for pleasure but seeking the restoration of the health of the latter, who has been quite ill since the early spring.

There was a reunion and pic-nic at Forest-Hill Park Sunday of quite an unusual and pleasant character. Twenty-five gentlemen, who came here at various times from Eaton Rapids, Mich., and are now engaged in business in Richmond and Manchester, went out about 10 o'clock in the morning, carrying their lunch-baskets with them, and spent a delightful day, returning to their homes about 6 P. M.

The ambulance responded to the following calls yesterday: 12:15 P. M. to Twenty-fourth and Dock streets, to a negro man suffering with an epileptic fit; the man was treated and taken home. At 5:25 P. M. to Twenty-fourth and Venable streets, to two white youths who had gotten their hands cut by being caught in machinery, and who were treated and left; 8 P. M. to the First Police Station to a white man who had received a scalp wound from a blow on the head. He was treated and left.

**The Pleasures of Ocean View.**

Captain Frank W. Cunningham and his boys (the Walker Light Guard) returned from Ocean View yesterday at noon, after spending a most delightful sojourn of two nights and one day upon the seashore. They reached the View just in time for supper, which was ravenously enjoyed by the soldiers and their friends who accompanied them.

On Sunday morning they attended Divine services in Norfolk at the Freemason-Street Baptist church. The pastor, Rev. M. B. Wharton, preached a special military sermon on the occasion and Captain Frank sang one of his sweetest songs. Rev. H. M. Wharton, of Baltimore, the evangelist, was present and occupied a seat on the pulpit with his brother. The company held a song-service Sunday night at the hotel and were tendered a banquet afterward. The trip was a most delightful one.

**Funeral of Mr. Fuerstenau.**

Funeral services over the remains of Mr. F. Fuerstenau, the gentleman from Bremen, Germany, who died suddenly at Rueger's from the effects of the heat on Saturday evening, were conducted at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Rev. Paul L. Menzel, pastor of St. John's German Lutheran church. The obsequies took place from the residence of Mr. Rehling, 104½ east Clay street, and the interment was at Hollywood. Cablegrams were received from the wife of the deceased and from the firm with which he was employed, directing that he be buried here.

#### MANY HOMESTEAD CRIMES.

**Those Who Assaulted the Surrendered Pinkertons to Be Prosecuted.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

PITTSBURG, PA., August 1.—Those who participated in the disgraceful scenes at Homestead after the surrender of the Pinkertons on July 6th, will be prosecuted for aggravated assault and battery, highway robbery, larceny, pocket-picking, and other crimes and misdemeanors.

The work of securing the necessary evidence to convict those engaged in the assault on the Pinkertons and the robbery of the surrendered men has been going on for some time, and it is now so far advanced that informations will be made in a few days and the implicated persons will be arrested. Among them are several women who were particularly active and aggressive during the time the Pinkertons ran the gauntlet, and after it, in taking the property of the men and hiding it. Assault and battery and receiving stolen goods will be the charges against the women.

The assault on the men was generally condemned by the leaders of the strikers, and especially by the Amalgamated Association, and they have aided in securing evidence against the persons engaged in the assault. There is no sympathy for them either in the Amalgamated Association or out of it, and at the time of the assault these cowards were reprimanded by those who were trying to secure a safe exit for the Pinkertons. The Pinkerton agency will take part in these prosecutions, and has sent out a lot of their men who were assaulted and from whom property was stolen.

The attorney for the prosecution is preparing informations in these cases, and as soon as they are completed the warrants will be issued.

#### THE HOMESTEAD STRIKERS.

**An Alleged Break in Their Ranks Denied. Missionary Work.**

HOMESTEAD, PA., August 1.—General Superintendent Potter claims that there was a break in the ranks of the strikers in the mechanical department last night, and that twenty-five of the skilled workmen returned to work this morning. The men had a committee at the gate when the employees went in this morning, and they assert positively that but eight of the 1,200 men in the mechanical department have broken away. They have been preparing for a break away, they say, and are highly gratified at the result of their endeavors to prevent one. It is understood that there are now several strikers in the mill influencing the non-union men to quit work. This plan was adopted with signal success in 1882, when a whole turn of strikers went back to work and soon organized all the non-unionists, taking them out on another fight.

#### HOMESTEAD-MILL NOTES.

**An Early Break in the Strikers' Ranks Anticipated—Guns Galore.**

PITTSBURG, PA., August 1.—The Carnegie officials look for a break in the ranks of the strikers in a few days, and by the end of the week expect to be running full. About 100 deputies are on duty in and about the mill, and this number will be increased to 300 very shortly.

Superintendent Potter reports that they are all armed, and that enough guns are now in the mill to arm every man in the employ of the firm. Every precaution will be taken to protect the employees, and, if necessary, force will meet force.

**Private Iams's Charges.**

PITTSBURG, August 1.—Informations were made this afternoon before Alderman Reilly by ex-Private Iams against Colonel Hawkins, Lieutenant-Colonel Streator, and Assistant-Surgeon Grim, of the Tenth Regiment, for aggravated assault and battery and assault and battery. Warrants were issued. The charge of aggravated assault was for tying Iams up by the thumbs and the assault and battery for shaving his head.

A civil suit will also be brought for damages, and the attorneys say they are confident of securing heavy damages for their client, and also of convicting the defendants on the charges made.

**Death of a Brilliant Woman.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Mrs. Rebecca Harlan Winchester, wife of Mr. Paul Winchester, of the *News* staff, president of the Journalists' Club, died last evening. Mrs. Winchester was the daughter of the late Dr. Richard Haran, of Philadelphia, and was in the 42d year of her age. Mr. and Mrs. Winchester were married in 1872. Mrs. Winchester was a woman of exceptional intellectual attainments.

**Richmond Visitors in New York.**

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, August 1.—Miss Ada Carrington and W. S. Carrington, Imperial; P. H. Bergheimer, Cosmopolitan; W. G. McIlain, Continental; S. Hirsh, Marlborough; A. G. Cahill, Morton.

## THE NATIONAL GAME.

### RESULTS OF YESTERDAY'S PLAYING THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

**The American Turf—Winning Horses at Saratoga, Brighton Beach, Gloucester, and Chicago—Sporting Notes.**

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

BOSTON, August 1.—Boston made four errors in the first inning, giving New York its first run. In the second inning the visitors earned two runs and looked like winners. Boston by good hitting tied the score in the fourth inning and scored the winner in the eighth on a base on balls, a steal, and a low hit. Attendance, 566. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bostons | 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 | 4 | 9 | 5 |
| New Yorks | 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 3 | 7 | 3 |

Batteries—Staley and Kelly; Crane and Doyle.

BALTIMORE WINS AGAIN.

BALTIMORE, August 1.—The Baltimores won the third straight game to-day, their victims being the Philadelphias. Weyhing's wildness in forcing a run, a few timely hits, and Hamilton's errors let in five runs in the first inning. In the seventh inning three singles, a triple, and two sacrifice hits gave four runs. Weyhing gave way to Carsey in the eighth inning. Attendance, 2,023. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimores | 5 0 0 0 0 0 4 2 0 | 11 | 13 | 2 |
| Philadelphias | 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 | 1 | 8 | 2 |

Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Weyhing, Carsey, and Clements.

THE SENATORS WIN.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The Senators did the better all-round work and won. Attendance, 1,665. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washingtons | 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 1 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| Brooklyns | 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 | 3 | 7 | 3 |

Batteries—Killen and Berger, Hart and Kinslow.

A PITCHERS' BATTLE.

LOUISVILLE, August 1.—To-day's game was a pitchers' battle. Threatening weather kept the attendance down to 750. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisvilles | 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 | 7 | 3 |
| Cincinnatis | 0 0 2 3 1 0 0 0 0 | 6 | 6 | 1 |

Batteries—Sanders and Weaver; Chamberlain and Vaughan.

CLEVELAND BATS VICTORIOUSLY.

CLEVELAND, August 1.—The Clevelands batted out a well-earned victory to-day, and went into the first place in consequence. Attendance, 1,100. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Clevelands | 1 0 0 0 3 3 0 0 0 | 7 | 11 | 3 |
| St. Louis | 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 | 2 | 9 | 3 |

Batteries—Cuppy, Young, and Zimmer; Hawke and Buckley.

A DULL GAME.

CHICAGO, August 1.—To-day's game was very dull outside of the work of both catchers, and heavy hitting by Wilmot, Decker, and Keil. The grounds were very wet and soft. Attendance, 500. Score:

| | | R. | B.H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicagos | 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 | 2 | 9 | 3 |
| Pittsburgs | 0 0 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 | 6 | 9 | 3 |

Batteries—Hutchinson and Schriver;