You're Not So Warm

that an Overcoat would not make you warmer. We shall offer to-day

85 English Kersey Overcoats,

in Brown, Blue, Black, and Oxford, with satin yoke and sleeve, lined with serge and Farmer satin, all lengths, not a garment in the aggregation that does not show a clear value of $12. They're yours to-day for

$8.75 EIGHT SEVENTY-FIVE $8.75

If You're Suit Hunting.

we want to call your attention to our $8.50 line of Worsted and Scotch Cheviot Suits. We want you to compare them with the $12 values offered elsewhere. Styles—double- and single-breasted, frock, and cutaway.

JACOBS & LEVY,

707 east Broad street.

[de 8-W&F]

BUT THREE OPINIONS.

DECISIONS HANDED DOWN YESTERDAY IN A TRIO OF CASES.

THE CITY CIRCUIT COURT AFFIRMED.

Its Ruling in the Napier Habeas Corpus Case Sustained by the Supreme Court of Appeals—An Arbitration Passed Upon.

Of the three cases decided in the Supreme Court of Appeals yesterday one was of local interest, and in that the City Circuit Court was affirmed. Following are digests of the opinions:

Coons vs. Coons. Reversed. Opinion by Keith, P.

The parties submitted matters to arbitration on the usual terms. Arbitrators unable to agree and Umpire S. chosen, to whom J. W. C. objected, when N. was selected. Of his selection J. W. C. denies that he was ever notified, and there is no proof of the fact; it does appear that about 1 o'clock of the day on which award was made he was informed that the arbitrators were in session, and at 4 o'clock the award was made. While greatly dissatisfied, he appears to have intended to accept the award, and the necessary papers were prepared, which were not approved by H. C. C. and his counsel. Delay resulted in investigation as to the conduct of the arbitrators, and thereupon conclusion to resist award. H. C. C. brought covenant on award, and J. W. C. filed his bill attacking award and enjoining the prosecution of the action at law.

Answer by H. C. C. denying all equities of the bill, praying to be treated as a cross-bill; answer by J. W. C., and bill of J. W. C. dismissed by the court, and appeal.

Held: 1. No man can be divested of his rights without the opportunity of being heard, and on a judgment against him without that opportunity the proceedings are as utterly void as they would be if the matter were without the jurisdiction of the court. Bloom vs. Burdick, 1 Hill (N. Y.), 139. Jurisdiction of the cause and parties being essential, it is necessary that defendant be notified in some appropriate way of the pendency of the suit. If it appear from the record that no such notice has been given, the judgment or decree is void. Wilcher, &c., vs. Robertson, 78 Va., 616; Dorr's Administrator vs. Rohr, &c., 82 Va., 363; Staunton Perpetual Building Association vs. Haden, 32 Va., 391. While this rule has been somewhat relaxed as to arbitrations, the cases are not approved. The parties are always entitled to a hearing before arbitrators, unless the hearing be waived; and if an umpire be called in the same rule as to the right of rehearing applies, and the waiver must be distinct and unequivocal. If an umpire decides without having appointed a time for hearing, and without giving notice to a losing party, the award is a nullity. The umpire as well as the arbitrators ought to hear and see the witnesses, unless there be a waiver of that right. He must pursue the same regular course as if he were commencing the case; must examine such witnesses as the parties choose to produce, though examined already on the same points by the arbitrators; and he may not take the evidence, nor any part of it, from the notes of the arbitrators unless there be a clear agreement in the submission to such a course. The general rule deducible from the authorities is that where two arbitrators who differ have authority to appoint a third, who may decide between them, it is necessary to inform the parties of his appointment and give them a reasonable opportunity to produce evidence before them touching the matters in controversy. Day vs. Hammond, 57 N. Y., 479; Elmendorf vs. Harris, 23 Wend., 628; Salkeld vs. Slater, 12 Adol. & Ellis, 767.

J. W. C. was never informed of the appointment of the third arbitrator, N., and while casually informed that the arbitrators were in session the day the award was made, the facts are insufficient to charge him with a waiver of an opportunity to introduce witnesses in his behalf.

2. There was no ratification of the award which would cure any error or imperfection in it. While J. W. C. was disposed at first to abide by it, and papers were drawn looking to its execution, nothing was consummated, and nothing done which compromised or affected the right of H. C. C. What was done falls far short of a ratification, nor does it invite a court to apply the doctrine of estoppel.

3. As to the prayer of the cross-bill for relief. Every party in interest is before the court upon a bill to set aside an award upon grounds which unquestionably give a court of equity jurisdiction. "A court of equity having obtained jurisdiction of the cause for the purpose of an injunction may decide the whole controversy and render a final decree, even though all the issues are legal in their nature, capable of being tried by a court of law, and the legal remedies therefor are adequate." (Jesus College vs. Bloom, 3 Atkyns's Rep., 262; Armstrong vs. Gilchrist, 2 John. Chan. Cases, 431; Miller vs. Wills, decided at the present term of this court; 1 Pom. Eq. Juris., section 236.)

STATUTE CONSTRUED.

Napier vs. Prison Association of Virginia. Affirmed. Opinion by Harrison, J.

Napier was convicted in the Mayor's Court of Manchester of a misdemeanor, and was ordered to be placed in charge of the Prison Association. Appealed to the Hustings Court, where, on motion of Napier, by counsel, and by consent of his aunt, the court being of opinion that because of his youth and other circumstances of the case he was a proper person for the custody of the Prison Association, ordered accordingly. Napier contends that he was entitled to a trial in the Hustings Court, as if he had been indicted therein; that he has never been legally convicted of any crime by said court, and that being without parent or guardian to consent to his commitment before conviction, he cannot be lawfully committed until after conviction.

Held: Under the act of 1895-'96, page 658, it was in the discretion of the Court to commit before conviction, the proviso of the statute limiting the court only, in case of minors having a parent or legal guardian; in such case the consent of the parent or guardian must be obtained in order to commit before conviction. Where there is neither parent nor guardian to consent, the general provisions of the act prevail, and the court may commit before conviction.

CORPORATE SEAL.

Bradley Salt Company vs. Norfolk Importing and Exporting Company. Affirmed. Opinion by Buchanan, J.

An action of covenant upon an agreement in writing for the purchase of salt. Demurrer, on the ground that the agreement was not a sealed instrument. Sustained, and appealed.

The corporate seal of each of the parties was affixed to the writing, but there was no recognition of it in the body of the instrument.

Held: The law has been long settled that a scroll affixed by way of a seal must be recognized as a seal in the body of the instrument. (Baird vs. Blairgrove, etc., 1 Wash., 170; and many cases down to Gover vs. Chamberlain, 83 Va., 286.) It is claimed that where there is an actual seal the rule is different, and no recognition is required. It was not required at common law, and if the common law rule had been followed no such recognition would have been necessary in the case of scrolls, which were in common use long before the statute of 1788 (now section 2814 of the Code). Jones vs. Temple, 1 Wash., 42. In Dinwiddie Co. vs. Stuart, etc., 28 Gratt., 526, 530, and 531, where the seal of the County Court was affixed, it was held that though the seal affixed were an actual seal it must be recognized in the body of the instrument in order to constitute it a specialty. There is no reason why such recognition should be required in one class of seals that does not equally apply to the other; and as the doctrine is firmly settled that there must be recognition as to scrolls it is better that the same rule shall apply to actual seals as well.

SUMMARY.

Judge James Keith, P.: Coons vs. Coons. Circuit Court of Culpeper county. Reversed.

Judge John A. Buchanan: Bradley Salt Company vs. Norfolk Importing and Exporting Company. Court of Law and Chancery, city of Norfolk. Affirmed.

Judge George M. Harrison: Napier vs. Prison Association of Virginia. Circuit Court city of Richmond. Affirmed.

Ramsburg vs. Kline. Circuit Court of Rockingham county. Writ of error allowed. Bond $150.

Turner vs. Nelson. Circuit Court of Fauquier county. Appeal and supersedeas. Bond $200.

People's Building, Loan and Savings Association vs. Tinsley. Hustings Court city of Radford. Appeal allowed. Bond $300.

Wise vs. Roller. Circuit Court of Rockingham county. Appeal refused.

Yancey, trustee, vs. Blakemore and als. Petition to rehear. Petition refused.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company vs. Chambers. Argued by Judge A. K. Leake for plaintiff and F. C. Moon and Daniel Harmon for defendant and submitted.

The next cases to be called are Peticolas vs. City of Richmond, No. 23, and Southern Railway Company vs. Torian, No. 24.

Stood Him Thirty-Five Years.

Seth Flournoy, a white man, who had been married thirty-five years, was before the Police Court yesterday morning, charged with cursing and abusing his wife, Margaret E. It was his better-half who swore out the warrant, she saying to the Court that she had stood his maltreatment as long as she could. However, she was not willing for him to go to jail, and there was nothing else for Justice John to do but dismiss the old man, which he did.

Arthur Cauthorn was charged with fast driving on the street, and was fined $10 and costs.

The remaining cases were drunks, some of them amen-corner members of Justice John's temperance society.

IS IT A TRIFLE?

THAT COMMON TROUBLE, ACID DYSPEPSIA, OR SOUR STOMACH.

Now Recognized as a Cause of Serious Disease.

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called heartburn or sour stomach, is a form of indigestion resulting from fermentation of the food. The stomach being too weak to promptly digest it, the food remains until fermentation begins, filling the stomach with gas, and a bitter, sour, burning taste in the mouth is often present. This condition soon becomes chronic, and being an every-day occurrence, is given but little attention. Because dyspepsia is not immediately fatal, many people do nothing for the trouble.

Within a recent period a remedy has been discovered prepared solely to cure dyspepsia and stomach troubles. It is known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and is now becoming rapidly used and prescribed as a radical cure for every form of dyspepsia.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been placed before the public, and are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. It is prepared by the Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich., and while it promptly and effectually restores a vigorous digestion, and at the same time is perfectly harmless, and will not injure the most delicate stomach, but on the contrary, by giving perfect digestion, strengthens the stomach, improves the appetite, and makes life worth living.

Send for free book on Stomach Diseases, by addressing Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich.

ON THE SOUTH SIDE.

DR. ROWLAND TO BE BURIED IN BLANDFORD CEMETERY

The Injunction Against the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Railroad Dissolved—Cockade City Tobacco Receipts Heavy.

PETERSBURG, VA., December 9.—(Special.)—The remains of Dr. D. T. Rowland, of Prince George county, whose sad death as the result of accident has been announced, will be brought to this city to-morrow morning, and interred in Blandford Cemetery. The deceased was a member of an old and prominent family in Prince George county, and had built up a large practice in his profession. He was in the habit of frequently carrying his gun with him during the hunting season, in his rides to visit patients, having opportunities at times to get a shot at a deer or a wild turkey. It was to this habit that he owed his death, he receiving his fatal wound by the accidental discharge of his gun while seated in his buggy.

INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.

Hon. William R. McKenney received a telegram from Boydton this morning stating that Judge Coleman, of the Circuit Court of Mecklenburg county, had dissolved the injunction against the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Railroad Company, which has been before the Court for several days. This injunction was sued out several months ago by the Richmond, Blackstone and Southern Railroad Company, of which Dr. Peter Arlund is president, and restrained the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Railroad Company from operating upon a portion of the old roadway of the Virginia and Carolina railroad in Mecklenburg, which it was claimed had come into possession of Dr. Arlund's company.

The injunction against the Richmond, Blackstone and Southern Railroad Company, awarded some time ago on petition of the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Company, now pending in Judge Coleman's court, has been continued until the May term. The way now seems clear for the latter company to prosecute its work; indeed, work has already commenced.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.

It is rumored in tobacco circles here that headquarters for the inspection of tobacco purchased for the Austrian Government may be removed from Richmond to Petersburg. The Austrian Consul at Richmond is the contractor for this tobacco, and the report here is that he is considering the matter of having the tobacco to be purchased under his contract inspected in Petersburg. This will be a matter of importance to our city, and it is said will save in expense.

GENERAL NEWS.

Sister Cecilia, one of the Sisters of Charity of St. Joseph's Catholic School in this city, is quite ill. She was suddenly taken with a fainting spell several days ago. Some uneasiness is felt as to her condition.

The receipts of tobacco yesterday and to-day were far beyond the ability of the auctioneers to sell.

NEWPORT NEWS.

Mr. Ingalls Interviewed—Takes a Bright View—Briefs.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., December 9.—(Special.)—President M. E. Ingalls, accompanied by General-Superintendent C. E. Doyle and other officials of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, arrived in the city last night on Mr. Ingalls's private car No. 100. To a representative of the Dispatch President Ingalls, in speaking of the general condition of the Chesapeake and Ohio road, said it was never in better shape. "This revival of business activity throughout the country," said the railroad magnate, "is not a mere spurt. Industries are resuming operations, farmers are getting good prices for their products, and a general good feeling prevails. The year 1898 will witness a greater era of prosperity. More factories will be in operation; we will mine more coal and iron, and our export trade will be the largest in the history of the country. Whenever a country is selling more than it buys it is making money. That is what we are doing to-day." Referring to Newport News, President Ingalls said: "This port is destined to be a great commercial centre. It has the natural advantages, and will forge to the front."

After inspecting the wharf and the property of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company this morning Mr. Ingalls left on the steamer Louise for Norfolk, returning in time to leave on the afternoon train in his special car for Richmond.

There is a movement on foot in this city which has as its object the formation of a citizens' union or reform league. It is the purpose of the promoters of the movement to form a non-partisan organization to make a fight in the municipal election next spring for the city officers. If organized, the union or league will be composed of some of the most influential citizens of Newport News.

The Farmers' Convention, which will be held in this city next Wednesday for the purpose of discussing the beet-sugar industry will be largely attended.

Rev. Bernard F. Lipscomb, the new pastor of Washington-Avenue Methodist church, arrived in the city last evening from Danville.

A telegram received from Washington announces that Mr. James P. Baxter has been appointed keeper of the bonded warehouse, which was recently established here by the government.

BANK CASE CONCLUDED.

Stearns Not Guilty—The Suit Against the U. S. Express Company.

LYNCHBURG, VA., December 9.—(Special.)—The case of Thomas F. Stearns, ex-cashier of the defunct Traders' Bank, charged with making false returns to the State Auditor, came to a conclusion in the Corporation Court to-day, the jury returning a verdict of not guilty, after being out only 2 minutes. There are three other indictments against Mr. Stearns, which will no doubt be nolle prosequied.

The second trial of the case of F. M. Threadgill against the United States Express Company, for alleged breach of contract in handling certain shipments of cigars, has been in progress in the United States Court for several days. In the former trial Threadgill obtained a verdict for about $56,000. Counsel for the express company, however, alleged action on the part of the plaintiff that tended to prejudice the jury, and succeeded in obtaining a new trial. While Mr. Threadgill was being cross-examined to-day a question arose as to the liability of the common carriers to which the United States Express Company delivered the cigars in the course of shipment. A motion was made by counsel for the company to cut out from the bill of particulars all allegations respecting the express companies connected with the United States Express Company in the shipment of the cigars. This is a matter of vital importance in the case, as the goods shipped by Mr. Threadgill were handled in course of shipment by various express companies. Mr. Threadgill's counsel asked for time in which to prepare their argument against the motion, and their request was granted by the Court.

General Tracy and Mr. Kimball, of New York, and Mr. Beverly T. Crump, of Richmond, are counsel for the express company. The general superintendent of the company, Mr. C. E. Topping, of New York, and Colonel John Byrne, of Buffalo, a special agent, are also present.

THE SCHOONER BRIGGS.

Her Case Set for Trial Before Judge Hughes To-Day.

NORFOLK, VA., December 9.—(Special.)—The case of the alleged filibustering schooner David F. Briggs has been set for trial before Judge Robert W. Hughes, in the United States Court, to-morrow. The schooner has been detained in this port for several months past, and it is alleged that she participated in two Cuban filibustering expeditions. If these charges are substantiated, proceedings will probably be instituted against Captain Gurney, owner of the vessel, and if he does not appear to defend the case the Briggs will likely be seized and sold by the government.

BABY HUMORS

Instant relief for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. The only speedy and economical treatment for itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors of the skin, scalp, and blood.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston. "How to Cure Every Baby Humor," mailed free.

BABY BLEMISHES Prevented and Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSINESS CENTRES OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Money, Bonds, Stocks, Grain, Tobacco, Cotton, Cattle, Country Produce, &c., Foreign and Domestic.

NEW YORK, December 9.—The bull element met with some formidable obstacles in their efforts to advance the prices of stocks to-day, and the greater part of their success was achieved with the Industrial specialities. The manipulation in the case of these stocks was very open and palpable, but some substantial gains were shown by railroad stocks, on the firm basis of increased earnings. There were a number of stocks also which were persistently heavy in tone, and required vigorous support to prevent the spread of weakness through the whole market. This was notably true of Sugar, which ruled for some time below yesterday's closing price, and fell at one time to the extent of a point.

London was a very large seller of stocks on balance in this market, and the volume of sales on that account is estimated at 40,000 shares, embracing all of the international stocks. Union Pacific fell 11-4 on the resolution of the Senate to postpone the Kansas Pacific sale. Manhattan, Northwest, and Northern Pacific, and some other less prominent stocks showed a heavy tone during the whole of the early part of the day. These causes, together with the inertness of the Granger group, were a persistent drag on the market.

The latter part of the day saw a very animated contest between professional traders for the control of the market. In the majority of standard railway shares which were left free from manipulation, the changes are small, though gains approaching a point are shown in some southern railroads which are showing good earning capacity. Quite a number of small losses are shown. In the Specialities, on the other hand, including Manhattan, Tobacco, Leather preferred, Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan Traction, and a number of the Vanderbilts, there were gains extending from 1-2 to 2 5-8, the latter in Manhattan.

The market continues active and broad, some notable gains being shown in special cases, and the level of prices throughout the list showing a material advance. St. Louis and San Francisco Trust 5's are 7 per cent. higher, Mobile and Ohio 4's rose 2 5-8 per cent., in accordance with the rise of 4 1-2 in the stock of that company. Missouri Pacific bonds were all strong, the collateral 5's rising 3 per cent. further, the consol 5's 2, and the trust 5's, 1 1-4. The total sales reached a value of $3,800,000.

Government bonds were strong all around, both the old and the new 4's advancing 1-4 bid, and the 5's, 1-8 bid.

The total sales of stocks were 381,000 shares, including Atchison preferred, 8,855; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 17,165; Louisville and Nashville, 34,320; Manhattan, 27,890; Missouri Pacific, 18,500; New York Central, 7,600; Northern Pacific, preferred, 18,817; Rock Island, 12,600; St. Paul, 23,230; Southern railway preferred, 7,874; Union Pacific, 15,597; American Tobacco, 15,690; Chicago Great Western, 12,185; People's Gas, 8,023; Sugar, 50,500; Western Union, 5,819.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

3 P. M.—Money on call easy at 1 1-2@2 per cent.; last loan at 2 per cent.; closing offered at 1 1-2@2 per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 3@4 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85 1-4 for demand, and $4.82 1-2@$4.82 3-4 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83 1-2@$4.84 and $4.86 1-2@$4.87; commercial bills, $4.82.

Silver certificates, 57 3-4@58 1-2. Bar silver, 58 nominally. Mexican dollars, 45 1-2.

Government bonds strong. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds strong.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS

	Closing Stocks.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe	13
Atchison, preferred	30¼
Baltimore and Ohio	12
Canada Pacific	80¾
Canada Southern	56¾
Central Pacific	11¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	22⅞
Chicago and Alton	161
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	98½
Chicago and Eastern Illinois	53
C., C., C. and St. Louis	36⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis preferred	80
Delaware and Hudson	108½
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western	152
Denver and Rio Grande	11¾
Denver and Rio Grande, preferred	46¼
Erie (new)	14⅝
Erie (new), 1st preferred	27⅝
Fort Wayne	169¾
Great Northern, preferred	132
Hocking Valley	5¼
Illinois Central	103⅜
Lake Erie and Western	17⅞
Lake Erie and Western preferred	71½
Lake Shore	174
Louisville and Nashville	57½
Manhattan L	108⅝
Metropolitan Traction	119¾
Michigan Central	103½
Minnesota and St. Louis	2¾
Minnesota and St. Louis 1st preferred	88
Missouri Pacific	35¼
Mobile and Ohio	23¾
Missouri, K. and T.	13⅜
Missouri, K. and T. preferred	36½
New Albany and Chicago	9¼
New Albany and Chicago preferred	32
New Jersey Central	84½
New York Central	108½
New York, Chicago and St. L.	13¾
N. Y., Chicago and St. L. 1st preferred	73
N. Y., Chicago and St. L. 2d preferred	35¼
Norfolk and Western	13
North American Company	4⅝
Northern Pacific	9¾
Northern Pacific preferred	58½
Ontario and Western	15⅝
Oregon R. and Nav.	37½
Oregon Short Line	18
Pittsburg	167¾
Reading	21⅛
Rock Island	91½
St. Louis and San Francisco	7⅝
St. Louis and San Francisco 1st pref.	75¼
St. Louis and San Francisco 2d pref.	24½
St. Paul	95⅞
St. Paul, preferred	142
St. Paul and Omaha	70
St. Paul and Omaha, preferred	1[illegible]
St. Paul, M. and M.	123
Southern Pacific	20¾
Southern	9¾
Southern, preferred	32½
Texas Pacific	11¾
Union Pacific	24¼
U. P., D. and G.	8
Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific	7⅛
Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, preferred	18¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	2⅛
Wheeling and Lake Erie preferred	10
EXPRESS COMPANIES.	
Adams Express	156
American Express	115
United States Express	40
Wells Fargo Express	112
MISCELLANEOUS.	
American Cotton Oil	22¾
American Cotton Oil preferred	74¾
American Spirits	8¾
American Spirits preferred	20¾
American Tobacco Co.	88⅛
American Tobacco Co. preferred	111
People's Gas	97⅛
Consolidated Gas	183½
Com. Cable Company	175

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS

	Closing Stocks.
Col. Fuel & I.	23¾
Col. Fuel & I., preferred	80
General Electric	33⅞
Illinois Steel	47
La Clede Gas	4⅝
Lead Trust	35⅝
Lead preferred	104
National Linseed Oil	10¾
Oregon Improvement Co.	1½
Pacific Mail	31¾
Pullman Palace	172½
Silver Certificates	57¾
Standard Rope and Twine	4⅛
American Sugar Refinery	140½
American Sugar Refinery, pref.	114
T. C. and Iron	26
U. S. Leather	7¾
U. S. Leather preferred	64¼
U. S. Rubber	15⅝
U. S. Rubber preferred	60¾
Western Union	9¾
Northwestern	122¾
Northwestern, preferred	165¼
St. Louis and Southwestern	4¼
St. Louis and Southwestern 1st preferred	10⅝
Rio Grande Western	22
Rio Grande Western, preferred	56
Chicago Great Western	16
BOND LIST.	
United States 4's, new, registered	129
United States 4's, new, coupons	129
United States 4's, registered	112⅜
United States 4's, coupon	114⅛
United States 2's coupon	99
United States 5's registered	114⅛
United States 5's coupons	114⅛
District 3 65's	109¼
Alabama (Class A)	108
Alabama (Class B)	108
Alabama (Class C)	100
Alabama Currency	100
Atchison 4's	83⅝
Atchison adj. 4's	58⅝
Canada Southern 2's	106½
C. & N. P., t. r. 5s	4⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio 5's	112
C. H. & D. 4½'s	104⅝
Denver & R. G. 1sts	108¾
Denver & R. G. 4's	90¾
East Tennessee 1sts	109½
Erie general 4's	71⅞
F. W. & D. 1sts, t. r.	68½
General Electric 5's	99
G. H. & S. A. 6's	104
G. H. & S. A. 2's	100
H. & T. Central 5's	112⅛
H. & T. Central consol 6's	105
Iowa C. 1sts	98½
Kansas Pacific consols, t. r.	89
Kansas Pacific 1sts (Den. Div.), t. r.	112
Louisiana new consols, 4's	101
L. & N. Uni. 4's	87¼
Missouri 6's	100
M. K. T. 2d's	64¾
M. K. T. 4's	86⅝
New York Central 1sts	119
New Jersey Central 5's	112
North Carolina 6's	128
North Carolina 4's	104
Northern Pacific 1sts	119
Northern Pacific 3's	69⅞
Northern Pacific 4's	94¼
N. Y. C. & St. L. 4's	106¼
Norfolk and Western 6's	120
Northwestern consols	143½
Northwestern deb. 5's	116½
Oregon Navigation 1sts	116⅝
Oregon Navigation 4's	92¾
O. S. Line 6's, t. r.	123½
O. S. Line 5's, t. r.	99¾
O. Improvement 1sts, t. r.	101½
O. Improvement 5's, t. r.	93½
Pacific 6's of '95	102⅝
Reading 4's	85½
R. G. W. 1sts	83
St. L. & I. M. consol 5's	88¾
St. L. & S. F. general 6's	119
St. Paul consols	140
St. P., C. & P. 1sts	121
St. Paul C. & P. 5's	117½
South Carolina non-fund	¼
Southern Railway 5's	94¼
Standard Rope and Twine 6's	59½
Tennessee new settlement 3's	91¼
Texas Pacific L. G. 1sts	98
Texas Pacific registered 2's	30¼
Union Pacific 1's of '96	102⅝
U. P., D. & Gulf 1sts	51
Wabash 1st 5's	103⅞
Wabash 2ds	81⅛
West Shore 4's	111
Virginia Centuries	68¼
Virginia deferred	3
Pacific 6's of '99	103
Mobile and Ohio 4's	77⅞
Philadelphia and Reading g. m. 5's	85½
Norfolk and Western consol 4's	77¾
Norfolk and Western preferred stock	44½

RICHMOND STOCK MARKET.

RICHMOND, December 9, 1897.

SALES.—Virginia-Carolina Chemical Preferred—10 shares at 106¼; 20 shares at 106¼; 8 shares at 106¼.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asked.
United States 4's, 1907	114	...
STATE SECURITIES.		
North Carolina 4's	105¾	106¼
North Carolina 6's	129	...
Virginia 3's (new)	78	...
Centuries	68⅝	68⅝
CITY SECURITIES.		
Richmond city 8's	132	...
*Richmond city 6's	115½	...
Richmond city 5's	112½	...
Richmond city 4's R, 1920-1929	102½	...
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's	121	...
Atlanta and Charlotte g'r'd In. 6's, R. 1900	103	...
Char., Col. & Aug. 2d 7's	110	...
Columb. and Greenville, 1st 6's C.	117	...
Georgia Pacific 1st 6's	122	...
Georgia, Southern and Florida 5's	99½	100
Petersburg (Class A) 5's	110½	...
Petersburg (Class B) 6's	114	...
Richmond & Mecklenburg 1st 6's	...	80
Southern Railway 1st 5's	94	...
Virginia Midland G. M. 5s	...	103
Western N. C., 1st 6's, C. 1914	114	...
Georgia & Alabama pref. 5's	101¾	...
Georgia and Alabama consols	80¼	81½
Richmond Traction 5s, 1925	104	105
Norfolk and Western 1st mort. con. 4 per cent	77½	...
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Par.	
Atlanta and Charlotte	100	97½ 98½
Chesapeake and Ohio	100	22¾ 23¼
North Carolina	100	120 ...
Norfolk and Western pref.	100	44¼ ...
Petersburg	100	114 115
Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Potomac Div. Obligt'n	100	111 ...
Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Potomac 7 p. c. g'r'd	100	156 ...
Richmond and Petersburg	100	119 ...
Southern Railway, pref.	100	52 ...
Southern Railway, common	100	9½ 10
Georgia and Alabama preferred	...	24½ 25½
Georgia and Alabama common	...	8¾ 9½
BANK STOCKS.		
Citizens Bank	25	... 24
City Bank	25	... 28½
First National	100	... 169
Metropolitan	25	26 ...
National Bank of Va.	100	... 101
Planters National Bank	100	... 250
Petersburg Savings and Insurance Company	20	33½ ...
Security	100	103 105
State Bank of Virginia	100	138½ ...
Union Bank of Richmond	50	114½ ...
Virginia Trust Company	100	110 111
Savings Bank of Richmond	25	35 ...
INSURANCE COMPANIES.		
Virginia Fire and Marine	25	35 36
Virginia State	25	23 25
MISCELLANEOUS.		
American Tobacco Company (preferred)	100	111 ...
American Tobacco Company (common)	50	87½ 88½
Va.-Carolina Chemical pref.	100	106½ 107
Va.-Carolina Chemical com.	100	51 54

*Quotations are for bonds maturing in not less than ten years.

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

Richmond, Va., December 10, 1898.

Quotations: Wheat—Longberry, 92 to 98c.; mixed, 91 to 98c.; shortberry, 90 to 98c.; No. 2 red, 98c. Corn—White Virginia, bag lots, 34c.; No. 2 white, 33 1-2c.; No. 2 mixed, 33c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 27 1-2c.; No. 3 mixed, 27c.; winter seed oats, 30 to 35c. Rye—No. 2, 53c.

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

Richmond, Va., December 9, 1897.

Private sales to-day were: Wrappers, 1 hogshead; fillers, 18 hogsheads; smokers, 9 hogsheads; scrap, 9 hogsheads; Burley, 1 hogshead. Total, 38 hogsheads.

United States internal revenue collections for the city of Richmond, Va., to-day were as follows: Cigars and cigarettes, $122.40; tobacco, $2,074.11. Total, $2,196.51.

Shockoe Warehouse had a good sale of leaf tobacco to-day. The highest price paid was $12.25. There were 29,170 pounds of the weed sold at this warehouse. There is a good outlook for a fine sale to-morrow. The wagons are numerous in coming in.

Crenshaw's Warehouse had a good sale to-day, selling 63,645 pounds of leaf, the highest price being $11.75. This warehouse is crowded with wagons this afternoon; therefore, they will have another good sale to-morrow.

At Davenport's Warehouse there was a good sale to-day, stiff prices prevailing on everything sold. Nothing fine was offered. Another good sale will be held to-morrow.

Planters' Warehouse had a nice sale to-day. The highest price for brights was $45. Another good sale to-morrow.

Stonewall Warehouse had a good sale to-day. Common wrappers sold at $27. Lugs brought $15.

This warehouse is preparing for the sale of dark leaf, and will be ready to handle the dark grades by Tuesday of next week. A large door is being placed in the west corner of the warehouse, so as to enable the farmers to drive their wagons into the building.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, December 9.—Flour—Firm and higher, but not active; Minnesota patent, $5.65@$5.10; winter straights, $4.50@$4.70; rye flour steady; buckwheat flour steady.

Buckwheat—Quiet.

Cornmeal—Firm; yellow western, 65c.; city, 65c.

Rye—Firm; No. 2 western, 51 3-4c., c. i. f., Buffalo.

Barley—Firm; feeding, 28 3-4c., c. i. f., Buffalo; barley malt firm.

Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red, $1.00 1-8, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, $1.03 1-4; options opened strong, and were generally very firm all day, on a stampede among December shorts in Chicago, prompting active covering in the local market. The final prices were 1 1-8@1 3-8c. net higher; No. 2 red, January, 97 7-8@98c.—closed 98 5-8c.; May closed at 94 3-4c.; December closed at 98 5-8c.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 34c., f. o. b., afloat; options opened firm, with wheat, but were dull all day, closing 3-8c. net higher; May closed at 34c.; December closed at 31 3-4c.

Oats—Spot stronger; No. 2, 26 3-4@27 1-2c.; options firm and moderately active, with the other markets, closing 1-8@3-8c. net higher; February closed at 27 1-2c.; May closed at 27 1-2c.; December closed at 27c.

Beef—Quiet.

Cut-Meats—Steady; pickled bellies, $5.75@$7.

Lard—Firm; western steamed, $4.55; December, $4.50, nominally; refined firm; Continent, $4.85; South American, $5.25.

Pork—Steady.

Butter—Steady; western creamery, 14@24c.; do. factory, 11 1-2@14c.; Elgins, 24c.; imitation creamery, 17c.; State dairy, 13@20c.; do. creamery, 14@23c.

Cheese—Very steady; large white, September, 8 1-4@8 1-2c.; light skims, 6@6 1-2c.; part skims, 4 1-2@5 1-2c.; full skims, 3@4c.

Eggs—Steady; State and Pennsylvania, 21@25c.; western, fresh, 21@24c.

Potatoes—Steady; New York, $2.12 1-2@$2.25; sweets, $1.75@$2.

Cottonseed-Oil—Steady; prime crude, 18 1-2c.; do. yellow, 22c.

Petroleum—Dull.

Rosin—Steady.

Turpentine—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Quiet.

Cabbage—Long Island and Jersey, per 100, $3.50@$4.50.

Coffee—Options opened steady at unchanged prices, ruled inactive and featureless, with only local trading, and exceptionally narrow variations, in the absence of Rio and Santos cables, on account of Brazilian holiday, while European accounts were indifferent. Selling arrested by liberal warehouse deliveries in the United States. Close firm and net unchanged to a 5-points advance; sales, 9,000 bags, including December, $5.85@$5.90; January, $5.90; May, $6.05@$6.10; spot coffee—Rio firm; No. 7, invoice, $8.62 1-2; No. 7, jobbing, $7.12 1-2; mild steady; Cordova, $8.50@$8.62 1-2.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3 3-8c.; centrifugal (96-degree test), 3 15-16c.; refined firm.

NEW YORK DRY-GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, December 9.—Dry goods are without special inter