

FOR A GREAT SCHOOL PLAN TO ESTABLISH A SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL UNIVERSITY.

ENDORSED BY THE CHAMBER. Resolutions Adopted Commending the Idea and Promising Earnest Support--Mr. Williams's Letter of Appreciation.

A called meeting of the Board of Directors of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday evening at 5 o'clock. There were present Mr. L. Z. Morris, president, and Mr. H. L. Cabell, first vice-president; Messrs. John Stewart Bryan, Isaac Cohen, H. B. Deane, R. A. Hume, R. A. Lancaster, Jr., Robert Lecky, Jr., Deane Maury, and N. B. Savage, directors.

The president announced that the first business to be considered was the suggestion of the establishment in the South of a great industrial university, which the Chamber of Commerce had been requested to endorse. He then introduced to the meeting Dr. George J. Ramsey, of the E. C. Johnson Printing Company, who was familiar with the plans and purposes of the friends of this movement, and invited him to address the meeting upon the subject.

Dr. Ramsey, in response to the invitation, said that some time ago the importance of establishing such a university in the South had come up before the Southern Educational Association, the Southern Industrial Convention, and other bodies of business-men, and had been recognized and endorsed by them, as there was unquestionably an urgent need for such an institution in the South. He proceeded to cite some instances in which the success of enterprises had been due to the ability of the projectors to secure managers and superintendents, with sufficient technical training, and he stated that the idea of Mr. Johnson in bringing the matter to the attention of the Chamber was to secure its endorsement and cooperation, with the belief that after a sufficiently general expression of sentiment on the part of such organization throughout the South had been secured, that it would be possible to secure the necessary means for establishing such an institution. Dr. Ramsey then offered to answer any questions which might be asked him, and replied to a number, the most important of which were those to the effect that there was no university in the South as was contemplated in this movement, and that it would not in the least conflict with any of the existing industrial schools, which are highly important, so far as the present went; but were different in their scope and character.

ENDORSE THE PLAN. Upon motion of Vice-President H. L. Cabell, seconded by Mr. John Stewart Bryan, the following resolution was adopted: Whereas, great productiveness of soil, vast stores of minerals, and genial climate, have combined to give the South unrivalled material advantages; and whereas, her commercial progress and advancement now depends primarily upon the development of her manufacturing interests; and whereas, there is urgent need of education for the industrial lines, in order that they may return her great wealth of raw materials into finished products; and whereas, the Southern Educational Association, the Southern Industrial Convention, and other bodies of business-men have urged the establishment in the South of a great industrial university, for the training of skilled leaders and workers in these diversified industries; therefore be it

Resolved, that we cordially endorse the suggestions already made, and promise our active and earnest support in any practical endeavor to establish such an institution.

DELAY IN MAIL DELIVERY. The business of the Chamber of Commerce is delayed at all times by the suggestions already made, and promise our active and earnest support in any practical endeavor to establish such an institution.

THANKS TO MILITARY. In connection with the celebration of last Saturday, Mr. H. L. Cabell, in the name of the Chamber of Commerce, presented to the commanding officer of the military company, a copy of this resolution, and a copy of each of the commands, and also the thanks of the Chamber to the commanding officer of the military company, and to the officers and men of the commands, and to the members of the Chamber who had taken part in the parade.

Police Inspection To-Day. The Board of Police Commissioners will inspect the department this afternoon, visiting the respective stations, where the officers will undergo inspection, and returning to the City Hall, where the members of the whole force will be assembled.

Gordes & Mosby. SATIN STRIPED DIMITIES AND CRAPE.

Satin Striped, New, Pretty, and Stylish Real Foulard Prints, 50-cent grade, 39c. Yard.

Satin Striped Crapes and Novelty Silk and Cotton Fabric, the 50-cent grade, 39c.

in connection with the forthcoming census report of the industries of Richmond, and was instructed to communicate at once with the Chief Statistician for manufacturers of the Census Bureau, with a view to having the most complete reports possible of all Richmond industries.

NEW MEMBERS ELECTED. The following new members were elected: Mr. E. W. Danner, general agent Equitable Life-Insurance Association; Mr. Allen G. Collins, attorney at law, the Richmond Passenger and Power Company, the Richmond Telephone Company, the Board of Education, at Topock, Thomas B. Hicks, livery and sales stable, proposed by First Vice-President H. L. Cabell; the Southern Paper Company, proposed by Mr. J. L. Hill, chairman of the board; Mr. Samuel H. Cottrell, proposed by Mr. S. H. Hayes, and Mr. S. B. Lucey, manager Standard Sewing-Machine Company, proposed by Mr. W. A. Crenshaw.

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS. Another Session Held Yesterday--Capitol Notes.

The Board of Public Works was in session again yesterday, considering the assessment of the railway property of the State. It will be several days before the work is completed, and it is expected that the board will have to go to Norfolk to inspect some new steamship property there.

WILL APPOINT MR. PERDUE. It is practically certain that Mr. P. V. Cogbill, Clerk of the County Court, will appoint Mr. N. Perdue, of Chesterfield, to be his deputy.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS. A called meeting of the Manchester Chapter, No. 48, Royal Arch Masons, will be held to-night at 8 o'clock at the Masonic Temple. An invitation has been extended to the brethren visiting the city to attend.

At Their Busiest Season, Can't Secure Labor at Any Price. This is the Virginia farmers' busy season, and that puts him in a predicament to deal with that has his own peculiarities. He cannot cultivate all the land they wish, because of their being unable, for love or money, to secure the labor they need.

People Who Were Hurt. The ambulance had several calls yesterday morning to people who were hurt. Richmond Biscuit Company, had his hand caught under one of the rollers about 9:30 o'clock. It was badly mashed.

Property Transfers. Richmond, H. J. Chestnut and wife to Joseph J. Freeman, 15 feet on east side St. John street between Baker and Duval streets, \$50.

Deaths and Births During May. The Richmond death roll for May reached 102, as compared with 101 deaths in the corresponding month last year. White males, 34; white females, 45; colored males, 39; colored females, 43.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate Imparts Energy. When vitality and nerve force have become impaired by illness its value is wonderful. Induces refreshing sleep. Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

BREAK OUT OF JAIL. SEVEN MEN ESCAPE FROM THE CHESTERFIELD PRISON.

LEAVE A RATHER UNIQUE LETTER. "Jail No Guarantee for Safety," and They Flee to Stop "at a Certain House Between East and West"--Mr. Perdue to Be Named.

Seven prisoners confined in the Chesterfield county jail made their escape Tuesday night or early yesterday morning. The county is being scoured for the fugitives, but so far as could be learned last night, none had been captured. One man is white; the others are negro men. The white man is named Benjamin Belcher, and he was awaiting his trial on the charge of house-breaking.

The other men are Oscar Davis, W. E. Jones, William Craig, alias "Bag Boy," Thomas Sabreze, Richard Williams, and Thomas Williams.

Two of the negroes were awaiting trial for shooting at a conductor of the Atlantic-Coast Line, and the other two on a charge of house-breaking, and the remaining negro was serving out a term of six months for a trifling offence. They would have come up for hearing at the June term of the court, which begins next Monday.

The men left the following unique, and for the county authorities exasperating, note: "To All Whom it May Concern: This is to certify that the reason we left without warning you is because your jail is no guarantee for safety. And so from this city we flee, stopping at a certain house between East and West."

"Signed by us and others, this 5th day of June, 1900." The above is an exact copy, was addressed on the back to "The Chesterfield Authorities."

SHERIFF GILL'S ACCOUNT. Sheriff Gill, of Chesterfield, came to Manchester yesterday to inform Judge John M. Clegdon that all his birds had flown.

Sheriff Gill said he was of the opinion that the doors of the steel cells opening into the corridor between the double line of cells had been by mistake left open. This allowed the four prisoners to enter the corridor, which would have made but little difference, as the corridor itself is a steel cell, had there not been other prisoners outside of this main cage, who filed the heavy lock on its door. This allowed the four prisoners to enter the main hall on the first floor of the building. Here they found the doors bolted, but lost no time in forcing the bars, and so escaped into the darkness of the surrounding forest.

From naturally, the first person to discover the absence of the prisoners was Jailer W. F. Belton. He at once notified the Sheriff, and a searching party was organized. But at latest accounts that certain house between the East and the West where the men are stopping is not so certain a quantity.

It was almost bad manners on the part of the jail-birds to be so sarcastic about the Chesterfield jail. The building, it must in justice be said, is a comparatively modern prison. It was built only two years ago.

PERSONALS AND BRIEFS. Mr. G. J. Mills and bride have returned home from their bridal tour.

Mayor Maurice held court yesterday. Joe Hicks (colored) was charged with assaulting Kate Stokes. He was arrested by Officers Smith and Jones. On the way to jail he became violent, and the officers had to use their clubs. He was fined \$5.

The funeral services of Mr. Thomas Barton, whose death occurred Tuesday afternoon, took place yesterday afternoon at Maury Cemetery yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, conducted by Rev. E. V. Baldy.

Mr. George E. Suttering to Mary Ella O'Neill, 34 feet on east side of Fifth street, at northeast corner Federal street.

E. H. Spence and wife to Bijou Company, 53 feet on Broad street, at north-west corner of South street, subject to deed of trust for \$175, \$22.50.

Henrico: Julia E. Saunders to H. L. Clarke, same as recorded in Richmond Chancery Court May 18th, \$1,000.

ECLIPSE A SUCCESS. PROF. WINSTON WAS GREATLY PLEASED WITH THE RESULT.

HIS INTERESTING OBSERVATIONS. He Takes Laymen Into Confidence and Explains the Work of the Astronomers--Their Instruments, Investigations, and Disappointments.

(For the Dispatch.) I am enough of an optimist to believe that in the observation of the great eclipse of Monday, May 28th, I was in the best place on the face of the earth.

On the one hand the quiet little town of Wadesboro', N. C., and the local surroundings were just right in size and situation for the purpose; the citizens were kind and hospitable in marked degree, and all the weather conditions perfect.

On the other hand, I am persuaded of two other things--namely, that no such gathering of noted astronomers and specialists on the sun were gathered anywhere, and that never before had there been an opportunity for such an assemblage of elaborate and extensive and powerful apparatus for the study of the sun as met his gaze on the morning of May 28th in Greensboro', N. C.

Another advantage that we enjoyed was the privilege of attending a public meeting in the opera-house on Saturday evening, at which several of the astronomers spoke. They gave to the citizens some general astronomy, but the chief speaker was Professor Hale, who spoke of the eclipse, what points were to be looked after by the observing parties, and what knowledge it was hoped would be gained by the observations. This was a most interesting and profitable meeting.

Some readers of the Dispatch may recall his delivery at Richmond College about twelve years ago of the first of the now well-known "Thomas Lectures." His subject then was "The Sun," and as I remarked in my address of that day, he set the standard of excellence to which we have constantly striven to keep up the lecturers who have followed him.

Professor Hale. Another speaker was Professor George E. Hale, of the Yerkes Observatory of the University of Chicago. He is still quite a young man, but his name and fame are known all over the world. He is the inventor of the "spectrograph," by which those prominences or red lines, references to which occur in all descriptions of the eclipse, which are constantly being observed, are photographed. He is now in the city of Washington, and which could formerly be seen only in eclipses, can now be seen and photographed at any time. I have some photographs of them that were furnished me by Professor Hale, and which were taken years ago. I also saw them in one of the instruments at Wadesboro' two days before the eclipse. Professor Hale was giving himself on this occasion, however, to some more delicate work--namely, the measurement with the "bolometer" of the heat emitted by the corona itself as compared with that emitted by what may be called the back of the moon. He spoke hopefully of having gotten results of value, but time will be required to work them up.

Another well known solar specialist was Professor H. C. Langley, head of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. He is the inventor of the bolometer, just referred to. This wonderful instrument is able to detect a change of temperature of one millionth of a degree, or that produced by a candle flame off-separately, and yet true. Professor Langley's outfit included one of these also, and he will be required to work them up.

Professor H. H. Clayton has been for some years at the head of the "Luna Hill Observatory," near Boston. This is not strictly an astronomical, but a meteorological institution, and one of the most noted and valuable in the country. He observed for the Smithsonian, the temperature and its changes, the wind, the changing colors of the sky, etc., and the strange "shadow bands."

I may say a word as to the batteries of instruments gathered on the field. The most important of these were not telescopes, in the strict sense of the word, but cameras. Photography with its permanent records, is largely taking the place of simple eye seeing. The camera can see what is invisible to the eye, and mainly for this reason--if you cannot see anything at once you can never see it; straining the eye and prolonging the gaze will not help. But the effect in a camera is cumulative; an exposure of half a second may produce no effect, but exposure for a second, a minute, an hour, a day, or more and the effect will increase in the same proportion.

So each exhibit had huge cameras stretching themselves out over the fields. One was 50 feet long, one was 62, and two were 100 feet long. There was a multitude of shorter ones. If one asks why they should be so long, the answer is easy. The size of the image of an object bears the same proportion to the size of the object as the distance of the image from the lens (that is, the length of the camera) bears to the distance of the object from the lens. On this principle the size of the sun's image is about one hundredth of the length of the camera. So that the 100 feet camera would, after all, make a picture of the sun about one-fifth of an inch in diameter, and a short camera, such as photographers use, would only make a picture one-eighth or one-tenth of an inch in diameter. I have seen several of these already, and they are obviously of no scientific value.

These great cameras were simply long tubes of black paper, and cloth on a wooden framework, say 4 or 5 feet in diameter and 100 or more feet long. They were just laid down on the ground generally; the lens, a foot or two in diameter, was at one end, and the plate-holder, in a house built for the purpose, at the other; the image of the sun was thrown in on the lens by a large perfectly plain mirror, that was run by elaborate clock-work, so as to keep the image constantly in exactly the same position. The exposure was from one-half to two or three seconds, according to the purpose in view.

THE THING PHOTOGRAPHED. I should add that the thing to be photographed was not, as in the amateur's attempts, the sun itself, but the corona mainly, and its spectrum and the spectrum of the prominences and other surroundings of the sun. Some cameras of shorter lengths were grouped or bunched together, so as to cover the space for some distance around the sun, to catch, if possible, any small planets, one or more of which are believed by some to exist close to the sun and inside of the corona. This latter planet, by the way, glittered like a jewel just about where the streamers of the corona on the western side ended, say five or six diameters of the sun, several millions of miles off.

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It changes from year to year, and it seems to have some connection with the sun's mysterious, eleven-year period of sun-spots.

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Respondents to Women. After repeated and fruitless efforts to secure relief from female complaints from doctors' treatment and worthless remedies, women often become despondent. You see multitudes of women, hopeless, but determined to bear their afflictions in silence. But they are letting their discouragement bar their way to health. There are few suffering women who could not get quick and permanent relief by using a simple remedy called Wine of Cardui. The Wine is not a new and untried remedy. Its record includes a century of remarkable cures. Menstrual troubles of all sorts at their inception are easily relieved by Wine of Cardui. But if neglected they speedily become chronic and are frequently complicated with consumption or some other form of hopeless invalidism.

Hollandale, Miss., May 15, 1890. Mrs. M. O. T. BRENTINE, Marianna, Miss., July 19, 1890. Mrs. MATTIE TEEL, Portersville, Ala., Dec. 5, 1896. I owe my life to Wine of Cardui. Mrs. SALLIE SLAY

Having tested the merits of Wine of Cardui I can truthfully say that it is a blessing to suffering women. In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

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VIGOROUS RUBBING with Dixie Nerve and Bone Liniment will cure Rheumatism, Pains in the Back, Sides, and Muscles. There is no better liniment known than the "Dixie Nerve and Bone." Read! read!

Dear Sirs: About a year ago, having arranged to go on a hunting trip, I found myself unable to raise my arms, having an attack of Rheumatism. I went into your store and asked if you could help me out, as I did not want to be disappointed. You sold me a bottle of your "Dixie Nerve and Bone Liniment," which I used freely, rubbing vigorously. The next morning, when getting up, I found myself cured, and my arm perfectly well. I am glad to say I have had no return of rheumatism since.

I told the above to a friend suffering the same way, and he tried your "Dixie Nerve and Bone Liniment" and was speedily cured. Very truly yours, J. THOMPSON BROWN. Large bottle, 25 cents; small bottle, 15 cents. Everywhere.

for Richmond, where, as secretary of the Business Men's Association, he is superintending the printing of a "book of facts" about Williamsburg.

A party, composed of President G. W. Stevens, General Passenger Agent H. W. F. Fulkerson, and others, will visit Williamsburg this month, the object being to examine closely into the immigration movement to this section, and to meet personally some of those who have located here. Mrs. Virginia Morecock, widow of William H. E. Morecock, is dangerously ill of heart trouble.

Mrs. E. T. Lamb and children, of Norfolk, are visiting in the city. Captain and Mrs. L. W. Lane, of Walker street.

Miss Lula Lee, of York county, is spending the week here. Mrs. S. J. Brooker and little daughter, of Manchester, returned home this morning, after a visit to relatives here. They were accompanied by Mrs. M. Brooks.

Mr. L. W. Roberts, of South Dakota, has purchased the Mahone farm for \$300. He will move here next fall.

NORTH STATE HEROES. Their Memory Honored in Winchester--Monument Unveiled.

WINCHESTER, VA., June 6--(Special.) In the presence of one of the largest throngs ever assembled here, the monument to the Confederate soldiers from North Carolina, who are buried in Soldiers Cemetery, was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies. Present were a thousand people lined the streets of the town and filled the cemetery, where the services were held. The monument is perfect, and no mishap occurred. In the morning a parade of Veterans and Sons of Veterans from Woodstock, Strasburg, Luray, Front Royal, Lebanon, Berryville, Charlottesville, Martinsburg, and other points, headed by Turner's Camp, took place. The parade was in line the entire Winchester Fire Department, the Fire Department of Charlottesville, and the Fire Department of Staunton, from Martinsburg, besides the local Confederate and other organizations. Upon arriving at the cemetery, the procession halted at the North Carolina monument, where the unveiling took place.

The unveiling ceremony was performed by Mr. C. E. Graves, County Superintendent of Schools, assisted by Professor C. L. Denston, of Raleigh, N. C., delivered the oration. The monument is of the granite of the State, assisted by Mr. Charles B. Rouse, of New York, who contributed one half of the cost.

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The Magic City. PANOKE, VA., June 6--(Special.) Nesbitt Cox, of Hagerstown, Md., was married to Miss Bessie V. Renner, of Sharpsburg, Md. The marriage took place at the residence of Mr. Renner, brother of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. G. M. Miller, pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran Church, Hagerstown, Md. The bride and groom will reside at Hagerstown, Md.

William Noffinger, a locomotive engineer, and Miss Anna Morgan, of Bel-Springs, Pulaski county, were married yesterday at the home of the bride. They will make Rome their home.

Councilman J. C. Graves, of the Third Ward, in this city, tendered his resignation to the Mayor, and was elected his successor, J. C. Garland, was elected office at Cape Charles of 125 1/2-cent stamps, 12 1/2-cent stamps, and \$27.71 in money, a total of \$35.41. The men were arrested at Crisfield, Md., after a hot pursuit, and are now in jail here. The robbery occurred on June 1st.

Williamsburg. Council Proceedings--Personal and General Notes. WILLIAMSBURG, VA., June 6--(Special.) The City Council last night considered an application from General Superintendent C. E. Doyle, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, for permission to raise the overhead bridge at the foot of Walker street, so as to give a clear elevation of twenty feet above the rails.

The Council, having an intimation that damages would be claimed by adjacent property owners, the matter was referred to the Street Committee, with instructions to ascertain what amount of damages would be satisfactory to these persons.

It may be stated that if the railroad company will protect the city from damage suits liable to grow out of the grading necessary to raise the bridge, the privilege, as requested, will be immediately granted.

The Council elected Mr. H. D. Cole a member of the City School Board for a term of three years, from July 1, 1900. Mr. John S. Charles left this morning



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