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SUNDAY FEBRUARY 10, 1901.

Dispatch mail subscribers receiving their papers irregularly would do us a favor by making complaint to this office.

THE LONE WOMAN.

In the news columns of the Dispatch yesterday accounts were given of two young negro men being sentenced to the penitentiary for eighteen years each.

It is to be hoped their forbearance will be appreciated and that we shall hear no more of such crimes. If the leniency thus extended should prove unavailing, our juries will be tempted hereafter to enforce the death penalty.

No leader of the negro race has yet come out with a sensible explanation why crimes, and attempted crimes, against white women on the part of black men, which were seldom or never heard of in the time of slavery, are now of such appalling frequency.

There is some evidence which goes to show that they think many of the charges are trumped up charges; that members of their race are falsely accused. But so far from that being the fact, the Dispatch has reason to believe many accusations which could be brought are not brought from motives which always must influence modest women.

What we have always longed to see is the creation of a robust public sentiment among the colored people to frown down and aid in punishing the crimes of their men against our women. Nothing that we know of would have so much influence in checking the ever-widening gulf between the younger generations of whites and blacks in the South.

A constitutional convention is to be held in Virginia soon. Our colored people are deeply concerned as to what it may do. They are fearful that the school funds will be divided upon the basis of contributions made by the tax-payers of each race.

So, taking all things together, we must say there never was a time when the colored people of Virginia had greater reasons for showing their abhorrence of the crimes to which we refer. They cannot afford to be idle. They must become active agents in supporting the law and in removing the terrors which so many of our country women suffer—or it will be worse for their race.

It is to be hoped that the disagreeing votes of the two houses of the General Assembly on the subject of the penitentiary commission will be reconciled. The commission should be appointed; it should have enough members to organize needful sub-committees and members should be paid their actual expenses while on this duty.

It is out of the question to think of asking the Legislature for an appropriation for the improvement of the penitentiary building at this session. The most that can be done is to order a committee of legislators to investigate the subject in its entirety and report its conclusions to the Legislature at its regular session in December.

A statement made upon the floor of the House of Delegates a few days ago by Mr. Folkes must broaden the scope of inquiry very much indeed. To the surprise of most persons who heard him, he said the United States House of Representatives had passed a bill, which, in effect, made it a crime to ship manufactured goods from one State to another. It is not believed that that bill will pass.

The United States Senate at this session; but it has twice at least, passed the House, and we may presume it will pass that body again, and the probabilities are strong that Congress will meet in extra session in March. It is known that many labor organizations are actively engaged in pushing forward the bill. If it should become a law, the effect might be disastrous upon the system of working convicts now in vogue in the Virginia Penitentiary. It would be for the Legislative Commission, if appointed, to inquire what would be the effect of such legislation upon our penitentiary. So there is a contingency ahead which makes it prudent to inquire whether the convicts should be worked in factories, or upon farms, or upon public roads, or otherwise; and that can be done only by a committee, or a commission, which has months and months of time at its command.

It is inconceivable to us that the two houses should forego the appointment of this commission upon any matter of detail involving an expense of a few hundred dollars. Next to providing for the meeting of the constitutional convention, the Legislature has before it no other subject of so much importance as this. The welfare of the prisoners and the financial interests of the State alike, cry aloud for prompt and sensible action upon this subject.

As the United States Government closed the last century with the betrayal of one ally, so it opens the new century with a proposition to betray another. And the worst sign of it all is, that the arrangement for the new crime is hardly attracting so much as partisan criticism, a form of that art which is generally keenly alive. We have just read in a Republican paper, of such standing as to demand accuracy from its Washington correspondent, a brief outline of what "prominent Republicans" think is a solution of the certain perplexity. It is in effect this: The President did not suggest nor favor the congressional declaration of 1898, disclaiming any interest to control Cuba and asserting our intention to give it independence; that he is known now not to favor it, and that if Congress will adjourn without any action on the Cuban Constitution, and leave it all to the President, as has been done in the case of the Philippines, he will not feel bound, morally or otherwise, by the declaration of 1898, and when Congress assembles again it will find Cuba one of our Colonies!

Just how the President is to accomplish this, the correspondent does not say; but we should think that a President who, in a single night, could convert a nation that had never owed allegiance to the United States, into "rebels" against their authority, would have little trouble in arranging a "prestige change" that would fill Cuba with the same description of "rebels." Just how the country would like to have another endless war against liberty on its hands, we cannot say; but a people that has voted for imperialism, must expect to get with it its invariable accompaniment, innumerable wars. But it brings in, to train something else as bad as war, and that is a lower standard of morality. It sets a nation to figuring out escapes from moral obligations, after the manner of which we have given an example above, and with governments it invests a polished and plausible rascality with the robes of the statesman—a new twentieth-century morality.

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There would, he held, be no more compromises between the Commonwealth and bondsmen. He also held that the system would conduce to more accurate book-keeping on the part of officials, would prevent the "mixing of public and private accounts," which has been the cause of so much loss to the Commonwealth, and would keep out of trouble men who might have no intention of wrong-doing, when they first began to borrow public funds themselves or lend them to friends.

The late Judge John W. Riely, of the Supreme Court of Appeals, once remarked to us that what the State needed was a legislature that would study Phil. McKinney's messages and adopt some of his suggestions. Candidates for membership in the constitutional convention and future legislatures might do worse than take that hint.

It is rumored in London that a marriage has been arranged between the Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia, and the Princess Victoria Eugenie Julia Ena, of Battenberg, daughter of the Princess Beatrice, who is the youngest daughter of Queen Victoria. The Prince in question is first cousin once removed to his prospective bride, his father, the German Emperor, being nephew to Princess Beatrice. He was born in 1882, the Princess Victoria in 1887. They seem to be quite young to be made the subjects of a marriage arrangement, but not too young, as matrimonial planning in royal circles goes.

The Eastern Shore Herald hopes there will be some member of the constitutional convention who will have the will power to secure the putting into the new Constitution a provision that no man shall hold two offices in Virginia at a time, or elect himself to another office while holding a seat in the legislative assembly.

Another big Astor hotel is to be built in New York. It is situated on the site now occupied by the St. Cloud, at Broadway and Forty-second street. It is to be a twenty-story structure, and walled-off, we suppose, as usual with Astor hotels, from people who haven't plenty of money.

Mr. Kruger is reported to be rapidly failing in health, and to show signs of increasing feebleness. DeWet, however, seems to be able to get about right smartly.

A PROPOSED MEMORIAL.

There are strong reasons why it would be appropriate to carry out the suggestion of Lord Rosebery, that Lillinlthow Palace be restored as a Scottish memorial to Queen Victoria. The palace was begun by Edward I. of England, the Scottish Parliament held its sessions there, and it was rebuilt and added to by the last three Jameses. But it was fired by English dragons in 1746 and destroyed. It was left a mere shell, yet is still by general consent the finest ruin of its kind in Scotland. The plan is almost square—168 by 174 feet—enclosing a court 91 by 88 feet, in the centre of which was a fountain. The design of this was used in erecting the font in front of Holyrood Palace. The oldest portion of the ruin that is standing is probably the west side, the massive masonry of which is supposed to date back to the time of James III. The south and east sides, however—the largest part—belong to the period of James V.—about 1535—and the north side was rebuilt in 1619-'20. The James V. part is architecturally the richest.

Lillinlthow Palace was a favorite residence of the Kings of Scotland. There James V. was born, as was also his daughter, Mary Queen of Scots, the ancestress of Queen Victoria, to whom she alludes as "poor Queen Mary." We are not certain that Queen Victoria ever visited Lillinlthow, but in a printed extract from one of her earlier journals there is the record of regret that she was unable to do so, in travelling on one occasion from Sterling to Edinburgh.

There is no question that the late Queen was as much at home among her Scottish as she was among her English subjects, and that through her Stuart blood she had the strongest and warmest racial sympathy with the people of Scotland. For this, as well as for historical reasons, Lord Rosebery's proposed to turn her Lillinlthow ancestral seat into a Scottish memorial of her by restoring it, would seem to appeal irresistibly to Scotland. The work of restoration would cost an immense sum, but its completion would be a deserved tribute to one of the noblest sovereigns and women the world has ever known.

BONDING OFFICERS.

The assertion of Senator Lupton, of Frederick county, that there were three contiguous counties including his own which had recently lost \$100,000 by the shortage of their officials, is, says the Charlotte New Progress, one of the most practical arguments we have seen offered in favor of the Travelling Auditor measure.

How about Governor McKinney's idea of bonding through trust companies all State officials whose duties involve the handling of public funds? Governor McKinney's contention was that the adoption of such a system would emancipate officials from "the pull" of their friends and their friends' friends, that the bonding companies would, for their own protection, examine regularly the books of the officers, and that in cases of defaults the incorporated surety organizations could not afford not to pay up.

There would, he held, be no more compromises between the Commonwealth and bondsmen. He also held that the system would conduce to more accurate book-keeping on the part of officials, would prevent the "mixing of public and private accounts," which has been the cause of so much loss to the Commonwealth, and would keep out of trouble men who might have no intention of wrong-doing, when they first began to borrow public funds themselves or lend them to friends.

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THE BIG FIVE.

In the last issue of the Rockbridge County News there is a communication urging the voters of Rockbridge to elect Hon. William A. Anderson a member of the constitutional convention.

We had supposed it was generally conceded that he would be sent to the convention—as much so as that John W. Daniel, Eugene Withers, Judge Keith, and Glass, of the body.

Without disparagement to the hundreds of other men whose services would be of the highest value in framing a new Constitution, we may say that we had come to look upon Daniel, Withers, Keith, Glass, and Anderson as the Big Five of the convention. And we think the people of the State-at-large have been looking through the same glasses.

It is rumored in London that a marriage has been arranged between the Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia, and the Princess Victoria Eugenie Julia Ena, of Battenberg, daughter of the Princess Beatrice, who is the youngest daughter of Queen Victoria. The Prince in question is first cousin once removed to his prospective bride, his father, the German Emperor, being nephew to Princess Beatrice. He was born in 1882, the Princess Victoria in 1887. They seem to be quite young to be made the subjects of a marriage arrangement, but not too young, as matrimonial planning in royal circles goes.

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DELIBERATE SUICIDE.

Purchased His Coffin and Burial Robe and Foot Strychnine. BRISTOL, TENN., February 9.—(Special.)—News of a most deliberate suicide at Childress, near here, last night has just been received. So Plomon Roller, a substantial farmer, 61 years of age, ended his life by taking strychnine. He came to Bristol on Friday and purchased the narcotic and a burial robe. He had previously given an order for a coffin to cost \$12 and to be similar to the one in which his beloved wife had been laid away only a few months ago. Prior to leaving home on this mission he told one of his daughters what he intended, but she tried to have him no today that he meant it. It is reported that the pretext for his act was a threat on the part of a neighbor to institute a damage suit against him. It is also known that he had not become reconciled to the death of his wife.

The receivers of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company issued an order to-day appointing W. R. Willis treasurer of the company, to succeed Edward C. Craig, resigned. Mr. Craig received a salary of \$10,000 per annum, but it is probably the receivers have reduced the amount with a view to economizing. The above company transferred to-day to the Homestead Company, of which George L. Carter is president, suburban lands here aggregating in value \$100,000. This includes all the company's real estate in West Bristol, except what is retained for a site for industrial purposes.

Personal and Briefs. Judge Waddill went to Washington Friday night on private business. He is expected back to-morrow. Mr. W. F. Pomroy, the drummer evangelist, will speak at the Homebound mission this afternoon on the subject of "Former Intemperance."

Mr. J. A. L. Holiday has purchased the residence, No. 315 west Franklin street, and expects after the 15th of next September to make it his permanent winter residence. Hon. R. S. Parks went to Hallsboro' with Hon. W. B. Baker yesterday afternoon, and will to-day make an address before the Sunday-school of Bethel church.

Rev. Baker P. Lee, Jr., of Virginia, but more recently of Columbia, Tenn., was instituted dean and rector of Christ Church Cathedral at Lexington, Ky., some days ago. Mr. Lee is a native of Hampton, a son of Judge Baker P. Lee, and is a graduate of the Military Institute, and the Theological Seminary of Virginia. He is also prominent member of the Kappa Alpha Fraternity.

Major Howard has received a telegram from the Chief of Police of Durham, N. C., asking him to hold Ford, a negro, who has been held here on suspicion, and stating that an officer with the proper papers would come to take him. The ladies of the Coffee-Room Committee of the Methodist Institute will be present to-morrow at noon, when the coffee-room will first be opened. Ham corn-beef, and cheese sandwiches will be sold at 2 cents, and a large mug of coffee for the same amount. A sandwich and a mug of coffee can be bought for 5 cents.

Miss Gay Ragland will, by special request, repeat King's Recessional, with music by DeKoven, at the Second Baptist church to-night. The Ladies' Auxiliary of George E. Pickett Camp will hold their regular meeting to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

Chief-Clerk Statterfield, of Superintendent J. W. Knapp's office, of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, yesterday received information of the critical illness of Mrs. Tyson, of Hanover county, who is the mother of Brakeman S. Tyson, of Fulton yard. Mr. Tyson has gone to his mother's bedside.

Hon. Samuel G. Williams, of Wytheville, Va., is one of the contestants in the triangular fight for the nomination of Attorney-General, is now in this city. Aubrey, the oldest son of Assistant-Chief-of-the-Fire-Department George C. Shaw, is recovering from a serious operation performed on his throat by Dr. Dunham assisted by the movement.

A party of members of the Legislature and ladies will leave Wednesday morning on the Pocahontas for a trip to Jamestown and Old Point, leaving this city about 7:00 o'clock. They expected to leave to-morrow, but circumstances brought about a postponement.

The meeting of those interested in the works of the Anti-Saloon League of America, which was to have taken place at Centenary Methodist church Friday night, was postponed until next Tuesday night, on account of the unavoidable absence of many interested in the movement.

Dr. J. B. Hawthorne left the city yesterday morning for Lynchburg, where he will speak to-day at the First Baptist church in the interest of the Grove-Avenue Baptist church here. Next week Dr. Hawthorne will leave for Atlanta, Ga., where he will occupy the pulpit of Dr. Landrum.

Charles A. Rose on Friday sold a number of lots in Lee District, the aggregate reaching \$8,000. The names of the purchasers were not given out. Lots in Lee District are now in active demand.

Mrs. N. H. Carey, of Chicago, is visiting here, and has been the guest of Mrs. Hawkins, of east Broad street. Marshall L. Boyle, of Twenty-fourth street and Church Hill avenue, was called to Norfolk Friday by the death of his cousin, Mrs. James Jones. The funeral took place Friday.

Mrs. R. C. Carden, of West Point, and Miss Grace Chestnut, of Charles City, were the guests during the past week of Mrs. Thomas C. Cunningham.

Dr. R. L. Kerr is quite sick at his home, 62 north Twenty-fifth street. He is threatened with pneumonia. The men's meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association building this afternoon, at 8 o'clock, will be held by Rev. George W. Wiley, missionary of the Methodist Church and superintendent of the Methodist institution. His subject will be "Four L's." All men are invited to be present.

Owing to the bad weather the regular meeting of the members of the Deep Run Hunt Club was postponed. The next meeting will take place on Wednesday afternoon. The annual meeting of the Rebecca Peterkin Memorial Association will be held on Wednesday at noon at the Young Men's Christian Association. The public are invited to have information concerning the banquet on next Wednesday night, and invitations have been issued.

Commissioner Koiker has received a letter from Mr. F. H. Nagle, of Lincoln, Neb., inquiring whether he can purchase lands in the State suitable for the growing of alfalfa.

CHINESE EDICT MODIFIED.

Mohammedans Making Trouble in Peking. PEKIN, February 9.—The foreign envoys met yesterday to consider the edict presented by the Chinese plenipotentiaries regarding the suspension of examinations for five years, and also the punishment of officials guilty of not having suppressed outrages upon foreigners. They object to the wording of the edict, which made it seem that the troubles were entirely due to the actions of native Christians. The edict, as it stands, is believed to be altered to suit the views of the envoys, and was then returned to the Chinese plenipotentiaries. It is reliably reported that more than 200 Mohammedans have reappeared in Peking within the last few weeks, with the object of creating disturbances during the Chinese celebrations at New Year. The Germans have accordingly issued a strict edict that troops of no one shall walk alone and no one go unarmed. The order directs the German troops to search all Chinese suspects, and under no consideration to enter Chinese houses, upon invitation, unless in considerable numbers. The opinion is gaining ground among the generals that possibly a spring campaign against the province of Shen si will be necessary.

PREMONITORY.

I know that spring is hithering, I know the vernal glory is soon to be republishing its resurrection story.

I know it, not because I hear the organ-grinder's coming, Nor yet because I'm conscious of The woodchuck's annual summing;

Nor yet as sequence of the hint That comes from barnyard cackle, Nor father's suddenly revealed Concern for fishing-tackle;

Nor from the symptomatic signs Of such divine affluents As on its way waste-basketwards Appealingly looks at us;

But I divine the vernal reign's Contiguity is winking Our way, because it's nearing time For spring to be a-springing.

A Hint to McKinley.

"They can stop this Philippine war right flat!" Said the vital part of a cowboy hat— With a glare through flash-light overhangs And a facial flare of fulgent fangs—

"They can stop it quick as a pistol-shot, And the whole kankankorous, impious lot Of Bolomen and Tazalogs, And kindred spawn of the brakes and bogs;

Will leap from the earth's careering rim To the darkest depths of oblivion dim, If the wires are cut, and humming With a fiat of Imperial will— If Mac should happen to think of it— That Terrible Teddy's coming."

They Differed.

"There is no doubt about it's being being winter now, eh, my friend?" said the cheerful pedestrian as he stooped to assist a wayfarer who had slipped upon the icy walk.

The unfortunate citizen, straightening himself out, after many grimaces and contortions, deliberately replied: "In the light of circumstance, my dear sir, I am led to think it the fall of the year."

Isolated Faith.

Wife: It seems to me, John, that you are altogether too reckless of the laws of health; if you continue your disregard of such ordinary obligations of life you will pay for it some day.

Husband: I wish, my dear, that I could impress my creditors with the faith that you have so comfortingly implied.

Motherly Wisdom.

Adult Son (as if awakening from unpleasant reflections): I wish I could learn some reliable method of improving the memory.

Mother: The best way to attain improvement in that line, my son, is to so live that your memory will not be haunted by anything that needs improvement.

An Unappreciated Truth.

Doctor: Let me tell you this, my friend; you seem to look upon infirmity as something designed for your punishment alone. You forget that it is the lot of all.

Had Something to Learn.

Mamma: I am not surprised that you caught cold, Harry; I was almost certain such would be the result when I saw you standing on the corner so long talking to Tommy Wilkins.

Epitomized.

Lady of the House (to tramp): Well, what do you want? Tramp: Well, madam, to tell the truth, I can't really say just what I want, but if you've got it, I'd like very much to have it.

A Vicious Verdict.

Amateur Actor: How did you like our performance of "Hamlet" last evening? Local Critic: "Hamlet," did you say? It seemed to be more like "Much Ado About Nothing."

FALLING HAIR



Save Your Hair with Shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP. And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP. Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor. THE SET, \$1.25. Both at work.

A Pretty Practical Denial of a Robbery Story. NORFOLK, VA., February 8.—(Special.) Both the men alleged in a dispatch sent out from here to have been arrested at government property were at work to-day.

Tansill Happy. Price of Mosby Legacy is Going Up. (Fredericksburg Free Lance.) Officer Tansill, of this city, who sold his interest in the Baron von Massow probable legacy to the members of Mosby's command for 4 cents, and then got released, has received several letters on the subject. In one there is an offer of \$75 and another of \$10, and still another of \$5 cents. Tansill is happy at his release, refuses all offers, and is "standing pat" on his hand.

He has also received an inquiry as to the whereabouts of W. E. Broadbuss, of Company F, of Mosby's command. If he is alive or dead, The Free Lance will be pleased to have information concerning him and the name of his native county.

The Jefferson Series. The Jefferson Hotel Company have arranged a very attractive series of six popular entertainments to be given on the Roof-Garden. The entertainments are enumerated in a very artistic folder, which may be had at the Jefferson. A limited number of series tickets will be booked at \$3 each. These tickets admit two persons to each of the six entertainments, with reserved seats.

The first of the course will take place Monday, February 12th, and will be given by the John Thomas Concert Company, comprising John Thomas, humorist; Annie Webster Thomas, violinist; Miss Mabelle Waite, soprano, and Miss A. Louise Wood, pianist. The entertainments will each be augmented by the Jefferson Orchestra. Tickets are now on sale at the Jefferson Hotel, T. A. Miller's, Board street, and Branch R. Allen's, Main street.

Joseph Feldman a Bankrupt. Joseph Feldman, of Prince Edward county, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday. His liabilities amount to \$2,000.

Henrico County Mail Carriers. Messrs. E. L. Kellam, George Gordon, and L. L. Fussell, who have been appointed

pointed mail-carriers for Henrico county have been notified by Postmaster Knight to report for duty on March 1st.

A Harriman Southwestern System. CHICAGO, February 9.—The Tribune says: "A scheme is under consideration whereby the Missouri Pacific, the two Rio Grande roads, the Colorado Southern, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, and the St. Louis and San Francisco are to be grouped into a system. The proposed plan would mean the formation of a Harriman southwestern railroad system."

For the weakness and prostration following grip there is nothing so prompt and effective as One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation is highly endorsed as an unfailing remedy for all throat and lung troubles, and its early use prevents consumption. It was made to cure quickly.

PERSONAL. YOUR BEST ENLARGED 6 INCHES. Failure impossible. 10,000 testimonials. Full particulars sent by return MAIL. MEDICINE COMPANY, Department 186, Chicago.

FRECKLES. Moth, tan, liver spots and all permanent discolorations removed. Special home treatment, and the special complexion clearing treatment, with book free. Full information with book free. DERMATOLOGIST WOODBURY, 26 West 23rd Street, New York.