

CZOLGOSZ ON TRIAL.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

could not follow the further course of the bullet, and as the President's temperature was rising, it was advised by the physicians present that no further search was advisable at that time. The stomach was replaced, and the opening closed with sutures. On the advice of the physicians the President was removed to Mr. Millburn's house.

Dr. Myer then described the period of favorable symptoms shown by the patient, his relapse, and his death. Dr. Myer gave the names of all the doctors who were associated with him in the case, and described the result of the autopsy, saying that it proved—first, that there was no inflammation of the bowels; second, that there was no injury to the heart; third, that there was a gunshot wound in the stomach, and that there was a large amount of blood in the stomach as large as a silver dollar.

"What was the cause of death?" asked Mr. Phenny.

"The cause was blood poisoning from the absorption of poisonous matter caused by the gangrene. Primarily, it was the gunshot wound."

"Cross-examination by Mr. Titus was directed to the possible presence of microbes in the intestines."

"Have you any idea that there may have been microbes in the intestines of the President?"

"Oh, yes," was the reply. "You have seen them, and so have I."

"Was the pancreas broken?" asked Mr. Titus.

"No."

"How could the fluid escape from the organ, if it was not punctured?"

"By deterioration of the tissues surrounding it."

"How far, as you traced the line of this bullet, did this gangrenous substance extend?" was asked by Mr. Titus.

"It existed along the whole tract as far as I could see."

"WHY BULLET WAS NOT LOCATED."

"Why did you not continue and locate the bullet when you made the autopsy?"

"I did not make the autopsy."

"You were present, and were consulted?"

"Yes, Dr. Gaylord performed it. They tried for four hours to locate the bullet."

"Why did they stop then?"

"The family of the President would not allow me to continue any longer, or to injure the corpse any more. They would not permit anything to be removed from the body for bacteriological examination."

"What was the cause of death?"

"The wound made by the bullet that passed through both walls of the stomach and lodged in the muscles of the back."

DR. MANN.

Dr. Matthew D. Mann, another of the physicians who attended President McKinley, was the next witness. He went over the ground covered by Dr. Myer, and described the operation performed at the Exposition Hospital.

"To find the track of the bullet back of the stomach," Dr. Mann explained, "it would have been necessary to remove the bowels from the abdominal cavity. That operation would have probably resulted fatally, as the President had already grown weak as the result of the first operation."

"Were you present at the autopsy?" asked District-Attorney Penney.

"Yes."

"WHAT AUTOPSY SHOWED."

"Raising the stomach, we found a large cavity, the walls of which showed evidence of gangrene. In the cavity was a quantity of pancreatic fluid. The tissues around the cavity were as large as a silver dollar were affected."

"What caused Mr. McKinley death?" asked District-Attorney Penney.

"The gunshot wound in the stomach, that resulted from the bullet that passed through both walls of the stomach."

Dr. Mann's testimony was not concluded at the hour set for adjournment. Justice White addressed the jury, giving them the usual formal instructions in regard to talking of the case. Court adjourned at 4:30 o'clock to-day.

BEAUTY.

Not every one can be beautiful. Yet all can be less attractive. Give. Natural, healthy, clear skin, a brilliant complexion, clean, lustrous hair, and a beautiful smile. Justus hair can be produced at your home. Use the hair restorer. Sold by all druggists. DERMATOLOGIST WOODBURY, 25 West 24th St., N.Y. (By 15-Th. Sun & Tu)

Newport visiting their daughter, were photographed yesterday, and are expected here to-day.

DEATH OF AN AGED LADY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wehrich Died Suddenly on Sunday—Obituary.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wehrich died suddenly at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Eugene Robinson, No. 143 Floyd avenue, Sunday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. She was aged 72 years.

Mrs. Wehrich was taken ill on Friday night. She was regarded as quite sick, but no one thought her seriously, or at least dangerously, ill. Her death, therefore, was a surprise, and was a shock to all her friends.

Deceased was born at Marburg, Germany. She came to America about fifty years ago. She was twice married. Her first husband was John Miller and the last husband Samuel Wehrich. Six children were born of the two unions. Those that live in Richmond are Mr. William Miller, Mr. Charles Miller, Mrs. Thomas Valentine, Mrs. Eugene Robinson, Mrs. Rosa McConnell, and Miss Elizabeth Wehrich.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the First Baptist church, Rev. C. A. Marks will conduct the service, assisted by Dr. J. B. Hawthorne and Rev. J. Calvin Stewart.

The following will be the pall-bearers: Active—Charles Seleser, William Myer, Charles Euker, Andrew Krause, C. Gross, G. Gross, William Kess, and W. H. Knackstedt.

Honorary—Bernard Brauer, Louis Packer, William Reuger, M. Glazebrook, and Homer.

Miss Besse Gooch.

Miss Besse Gooch, of Louisa Court-house, died yesterday morning at the Virginia hospital. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stapleton Gooch and a sister of Judge W. S. Gooch.

The deceased suffered with rheumatism for many months and was brought to the hospital in quest of relief. After she entered the hospital she grew weaker gradually, and although everything possible was done for her, she passed away at the time indicated. Her family were telegraphed for and they were present when the remains of the young lady were interred in the family burying ground at Louisa.

Mr. J. S. Ashwell.

Mr. John S. Ashwell, one of the oldest and best known printers in Richmond, died at his home yesterday morning about 4 o'clock, after a long and painful illness. He had been connected at various times with most of the leading papers of Richmond. He was 62 years of age and had been a resident of the city almost all of his life. When the war between the States commenced he was a member of the Richmond Grays, and left Richmond with that gallant company. He is survived by a wife, two daughters, and three sisters.

The funeral will take place from his residence, No. 617 north Fourth street, at 4 o'clock P. M. The interment will be at Hollywood.

Be Interred Here.

The remains of Mr. Henry Clay Watkins, Jr., who died in Norfolk on Sunday, will arrive in this city at noon to-day over the Norfolk and Western railway for interment at Hollywood. The interment will be immediately upon the arrival of the train.

Funeral of W. T. Thompson.

The funeral of Mr. W. T. Thompson, who died at Jetersville, Amelia county, on Saturday, will be held at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon at Hollywood. The deceased was a member of the Oley Battery during the war between the States. The funeral will be held from No. 1111 West avenue.

DR. HATCHER RETIRES.

Duties Compel Him to Resign as President of Baptist City Conference.

Rev. W. E. Hatcher, D. D., yesterday resigned the presidency of the Baptist Conference. Dr. Hatcher announced to the body that his new duties in connection with the Richmond College would frequently take him out of the city. This would prevent him from being regularly in attendance upon the meetings of the conference, and he thought another should take his place who could be present at each meeting. Dr. Hatcher has presided over the conference many years, and his retirement is a great loss to the ministers. His successor will likely be elected at the first meeting in October.

RETURN OF MR. WILLIAMS.

President of S. A. L. Again Out of Town, Though, in New York.

Mr. John Skelton Williams, president of the Seaboard Air-Line, returned Sunday from Europe, after a trip of about six weeks. Mr. Williams had a fine trip in the company of Mr. J. William Middleton, of Baltimore, one of the largest stockholders in the Seaboard Air-Line. Mr. Williams returned to New York last night on business.

Their trip included Great Britain, France, Germany, and Switzerland. A cablegram conveyed to Mr. Williams in Edinburgh the tidings of the shooting of the President, and he was in London when the death of McKinley was announced. Mr. Williams says that the death of the Chief Magistrate created the most profound sensation in the British capital.

Air Valve Blew Out.

An air-valve on one of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac trains blew out Sunday night at Belvidere and Main streets. Traffic on the Main-street line was stopped for nearly twenty minutes.

New Ambulance Drivers.

Messrs. Ben Layman and W. H. Dillard, employed as drivers at the city ambulance, have been discharged for breaches of discipline, and their places have been filled by W. A. Jackson and J. Ford.

Secretary of State Power Dying.

JACKSON, MISS. September 23.—Physician attending Secretary of State Power, who has been ill ten days, of pneumonia, announce that he can live only a few hours. Colonel Power was born in Ireland sixty-seven years ago, and leaving the printer's trade at Lockport, N. Y. He has lived in Jackson fifty years, and was publisher of the Clarion until elected Secretary of State, six years ago.

WAS INJURED UNDERGROUND.

Workman Received Painful Injuries at Sixth and Broad Streets.

Mr. E. A. Chaon, who is employed by the Virginia Development Company, was painfully injured yesterday in a peculiar manner. Mr. Chaon was engaged at work in a manhole at Sixth and Broad streets, when the gasoline lamp he was using exploded and burned his head and face severely. The injured man was factually lifted out of the manhole and carried to Wagner's drugstore, where he was attended by Dr. Edward McGuire. The exact cause of the accident is not known, but it is thought that it was caused by a spark from the electric wires, which caused the explosion.

Circus Horses Frisked.

Three lead horses hitched to one of Wallace's largest wagons became frightened at a street-car at Fifth and Broad streets yesterday during the parade.

People were crowded around the corner as thick as it was possible for them to be. For some time it looked as though some one would surely be hurt.

ACROSS JAMES RIVER.

INTERESTING HAPPENINGS ON THE SOUTH SIDE YESTERDAY.

RESULT OF PRIMARIES DOUBTFUL.

Baker Will Have More Than Half of the 28 Delegates, However—Did not Make a Report—Police Court Docket—An Old Citizen Dead.

The result of the primary election in Chesterfield county on Saturday is not yet definitely known. It was understood yesterday evening that Captain Baker claimed at least 16 of the 28 delegates to which the county is entitled in use convention. Captain Baker thought he would possibly secure additional votes. Judge Gregory was seen yesterday evening by a Dispatch reporter. When questioned about the result, the judge said that he knew nothing as to the result. He said it was really immaterial to him as he had only announced himself in response to the earnest solicitation of his friends in the county. He thought, he had made a good showing in the county party was satisfied.

The probable result of the work of the district convention is as uncertain as it could well be. No one can be found who will attempt to forecast who would be the victor in the contest. It is stated that he had made no fight except in the city. He did not think there would be any fight made against him. He thinks he will be nominated by acclamation, and that the Baker-Gregory contest will be disposed of.

It was pointed out last night that a combination between the sixteen Baker delegates from Chesterfield and the twelve Toney delegates from Henrico would control the convention. If such a combine should be effected the work of the convention would be settled in a short time.

The City Central Committee has decided to meet at 8 o'clock to-day to arrange for the district convention, which is to convene at noon on Thursday.

Just who will be the officers of the convention is not known, but it is expected that either Messrs. Ben Bond, Owen or P. V. Cogbill will be made permanent chairman. Mr. R. S. Rives has also been mentioned for the honor.

THE SCHOOL AGE LIMIT.

The actual school age limit will probably be brought to the attention of the City School Board at its regular monthly meeting, which will be held at the public school building on Thursday night.

The committee of the Junior Order of American Mechanics councils of the city is working on the matter. Just what action the committee will take is not known. A member of the school board said yesterday that no special meeting would be called to consider the matter.

DID NOT MAKE A REPORT.

The committee of the Oak Grove Baptist church, in Marx's Addition, on the Public Supply, did not make a report on Sunday morning as was anticipated. The committee has a number of ministers under consideration, and asked for further time in which to consider the matter for report.

Rev. R. A. Moore, pastor of the church, said yesterday that he would be able to give his full time to his studies at Richmond College. His resignation is effective on October 1st.

THE POLICE COURT DOCKET.

Mayor Currier had the usual Monday's docket before him yesterday. Robert Gladman, the negro, who is charged with cutting George Washington (colored), with a knife was in court. On account of the absence of witnesses the case went over until Friday.

Ed. White and Sidney Hilton (both colored), were fined \$2.50 each for fighting on the streets.

Frank Perry was fined \$2.50 on the charge of being disorderly on the street. The case against Walter Dickinson (colored) for an assault was continued.

AN OLD CITIZEN DEAD.

Mr. Benjamin F. Riggan, one of the most respected citizens of Manchester died on Sunday evening at 7:10 o'clock. His death took place at his home, at Thirteenth and Hull streets. Mr. Riggan was 64 years of age. He had been ill for a long time, and for many months he was a great sufferer. When his health permitted Mr. Riggan was an energetic worker. For many years he was engaged at his trade with Chambers & Scott, in Richmond.

The deceased is survived by a widow and three sons. They are Messrs. Charles and C. L. of Manchester, and B. F. of Cincinnati.

The funeral will be held this afternoon at the home at 4 o'clock. Rev. J. C. Read will officiate.

Mr. E. R. H. Baskett, who is employed on the bridge force of the Southern railway, had his leg broken yesterday morning by a heavy piece of machinery upon the bridge. The accident happened at Belle Isle. The injury was attended by Dr. W. P. Mathews and Mr. Baskett was taken to his home, at No. 400 West Fourteenth street.

MARRIED YESTERDAY.

Mr. Marmaduke Moxley, of Swansboro', and Miss Pearl V. Gibbs, of Manchester, were married yesterday afternoon. The bride is the daughter of Mr. Joseph H. Moxley, of Manchester. Moxley is employed at the Old Dominion Iron-Works. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. A. C. Berryman.

DEAD AND PERSONALS.

The Building and Land Committee of the City Council will meet this morning at 10 o'clock for the purpose of the annual inspection of the properties of the city. Any objections or amendments or repairs will be certified to the Council by the committee.

Many residents of Manchester were in Richmond yesterday and saw the circus. Mr. J. H. Fisher, who is visiting in Newport news this week, is accompanied by Mr. Willis C. Pulliam. They expect to return home on Thursday.

Mrs. A. W. Douthat, of Danville, is visiting at the home of Mr. William M. Willis, in Chesterfield county.

METHODIST CHURCH DEDICATED.

Dr. J. J. Lafferty Preached the Dedicatory Sermon—Mrs. Rainey Dead.

EMPORIA, VA., September 23.—(Special.)—The new Methodist church at Round Hill, about four miles from this place, was formally dedicated yesterday. The sermon of the occasion was preached by Dr. J. J. Lafferty, of Richmond. It was an able effort. An immense crowd was in attendance, not more than a third of those present being able to secure seats in the church.

Mrs. Eliza Rainey died at the home of her son, Mr. E. B. Rainey, near Brink, in this county, last night, after a long illness.

Mrs. Rainey was a woman of true Christian character, and highly esteemed in her community, where she will be sincerely missed.

The deceased leaves many relatives, among whom are Messrs. Isaac and E. B. Rainey, her sons, both of whom are men of prominence in this county.

Judge W. Samuel Goodwyn left to-day for Lawrenceville, where he will hold court for Judge Turnbull, of Brunswick county.

Mr. W. T. Tillard has returned from Buffalo Springs, and is still too sick to be able to resume his business.

Messrs. E. S. and S. W. Southall, attorneys of this place, are attending Brunswick court this week.

Fifty-one members of the Greensville Guard reported for annual inspection at Newport news yesterday. The company considered a splendid showing, and the officers and men felt very proud of it.

Improvements to Van Lew House.

The Virginia Club expect to get into their new quarters, the Van Lew place, by the middle of October. Many improvements to the grounds and buildings are being made. The house is being made to look new—inside and out.

Sick Women

Mrs. Valentine Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Happiness will go out of your life forever, my sister, if you have any of the symptoms mentioned in Mrs. Valentine's letter, unless you act promptly. Procure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once. It is absolutely sure to help you. Then write for advice if there is anything about your case you do not understand.

You need not be afraid to tell the things you could not explain to the doctor—your letter will be seen only by women. All the persons who see private letters at Mrs. Pinkham's Laboratory, at Lynn, Mass., are women. All letters are confidential and advice absolutely free.

Here is the letter:—"It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping it may induce others to avail themselves of the benefit of your valuable remedy. Before procuring Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt very badly, wasterbilly nervous, and I tired, had sick headaches, and a peevish, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything. Had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of your medicine, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person, and your medicine shall always have my praise."—MRS. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Avenue, Camden, N.J.

\$5000 will be paid if this testimony is not genuine.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

THE TEXAS PART.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

When the court reconvened, at 2 o'clock, Mr. Rayner continued his cross-examination of Commander Helmer. He asked him especially concerning the official chart of the battle of Santiago. Exhibiting the chart, The witness said he had been one of the board of navigators who had prepared the chart. He had testified that the Brooklyn was only 150 yards distant when she crossed the course of the Texas, but he stated that according to the chart the distance was about 1,800 feet when the Brooklyn was making her famous loop.

"But," he said, "we are going through a lot of matter here which is worthless."

"Oh, it is worthless, is it?" questioned Mr. Rayner. "According to to the map the two vessels were never nearer than within 2,000 feet of each other."

The witness replied that he considered the map inaccurate.

Mr. Hanna interposed to say that if the points intended to be made were that the chart is inaccurate, the government would concede at once that this was true.

STOPPAGE OF THE TEXAS.

The witness was asked by the Rayner concerning the stoppage of the Texas when the Brooklyn appeared in front of her.

"The signals," witness answered, "were to slow, stop and back—one right on top of the other."

"Does anything appear in your log about that?" asked Mr. Rayner.

"Nothing," answered the witness. "It was not on the log. I can tell you why it was not—because Captain Phil said he would not put it in his official report."

"Do you recollect, as you brought up this statement of Captain Phil's, the statement he made about the danger of collision?"

"No. He spoke to me sometimes about it."

Mr. Rayner: Here are his own words. Mr. Hanna: Mr. President, we object to reading from magazines.

Mr. Rayner: I don't think the Century Magazine would credit any article to Captain Phil that was not written by him. I do not intend to read from the magazine, except for my own information. Do you recollect Captain Phil's ever saying you recollect Captain Phil's statement seemed to be imminent, even if it was not, was averted?"

"No, I do not recollect it," replied the witness.

"Do you see any signals on the New York on the day of the battle?" asked Mr. Rayner.

"We did not receive any signals from that vessel on that day until in the afternoon," replied the witness.

The witness also stated that the New York did not come up until after the last Spanish ships had come out of the harbor.

SCHLEY-SAMPSON COMPARISONS.

Captain Lemly here interposed to ask the purpose of these inquiries, and Mr. Rayner stated that it was to enable counsel to make comparisons between Schley's blockade and Sampson's, because, if it could be shown that Schley's blockade was equal to Sampson's, it would not be considered censurable. He also stated that it would be shown that the Colon was visible when Admiral Sampson came up.

Captain Lemly objected, not only to the line of questions, but to the line of argument.

Replying, Mr. Rayner said that, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of Captain Lemly to keep Admiral Sampson out of the controversy, he would eventually be brought into it for the purpose of showing that Admiral Schley had merely obeyed the orders of his superior officer, who was Admiral Sampson, in doing what he had done.

Continuing, Mr. Rayner said that Admiral Schley wanted to prove three things. These were:

WHAT SCHLEY WISHES TO PROVE.

1. It is his contention that the blockade as maintained by Commander Schley was the same, so far as distances were concerned, as that maintained by Admiral Sampson.

2. The failure to engage the Colon further on May 31st was in the line of Sampson's policy, as developed after his arrival on the June 1st, when the Colon was still in sight.

3. That the Brooklyn had her place in the line of blockade assigned by Sampson, when the Spanish fleet came out on July 3d.

Having made this presentation, Mr. Rayner, at the suggestion of Judge Wilson said the subject would be brought up when there was a witness on the stand who could testify as to the facts.

Mr. Hanna responded by saying there would be no objection to any proper reference to Admiral Sampson's connection with the battle, but that so far, all efforts were clearly outside of that description.

The Commander's testimony for Commander Helmer said that the squadron had made no effort to destroy the Spanish fortifications on shore at Cienfuegos.

Commander Alex. B. Bates, who was chief engineer on the Texas during the Santiago engagement, July 3d, was then called. He testified concerning the work of the engines on that day. He said they were operated on signals, and that the starboard engine was reversed. The port engine had also, he thought, been reversed. He thought at the time that probably a torpedo-boat had gotten into the track of the Texas.

VIGOROUS PROTEST FROM PARKER.

The Commander Bates was examining the steam log of the Texas, Lieutenant Henry H. Ward, of the Bureau of Navigation, approached him, and leaned over his shoulder, Captain Parker declared that he had never seen the log, and he directed to go away, saying that he had no business there, and his presence was not wanted. Admiral Dewey replied that Lieutenant Ward was there on duty, and that the Navy Department. Lieutenant Ward did not change his position.

The court adjourned at 4 o'clock.

ADMIRAL SAMPSON RELIEVED.

He Gives up Boston Command on Account of Ill Health.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 23.—Rear-Admiral Sampson has requested the Navy Department to relieve him of his position as commander of the Boston navy-yard, on October first, on account of the bad condition of his health. Rear-Admiral Sampson's resignation was accepted by the Navy Department. Lieutenant Ward did not change his position.

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